

**OUR FLAG.**



**Choice of the People of the Confederate States.**

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**JEFFERSON DAVIS,**  
OF MISSISSIPPI.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
**A. H. STEPHENS,**  
OF GEORGIA.

**HOME MANUFACTURE.**

**Shreveport Daily News.**

**J. N. DICKINSON**  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Friday, - September 20, 1861

Job Work must be paid for on delivery.

**AGENTS.**

Mr. JOHN W. TABER, is our authorized agent in Natchitoches.

Mr. D. D. O'BRIEN, No. 6, Exchange Place, New Orleans, is our authorized agent for that city.

MR. H. C. CLARKE, Bookseller, is our authorized agent for Vicksburg and Natchez.

Mr. J. H. LOFTON, is our agent at Bellevue, Bossier Parish.

Mr. A. L. HAY, of the News Depot, is our authorized agent in Jefferson, Texas.

**To Correspondents.**

We will be pleased to receive contributions from our friends, in and around Shreveport. An occasional article from our planters, relative to the crops, will be very acceptable. In fact, we desire correspondence from every section of the States.

Personal articles will not be published, either as communications or advertisements.

Those friendly to our undertaking, who may hear of any local, or other items, that will prove of interest to our readers, will favor us by handing in the same at the office of the News.

In writing, be brief and concise, bearing in mind, that lengthy communications are seldom appreciated by newspaper readers.

The curtains of the heavens were lifted, and a refreshing shower fell at noon. It was much needed, and for the time being cooled the atmosphere. Last evening we were visited by a very heavy rain.

Our cotemporaries of the Camden (Ark.) Herald, are determined not to be behind the age, they are willing not only to receive Confederate and State Bonds, for subscription, but also rags, and waste cotton. If this does not insure to our friends a large list of subscribers, what will?

We will take clean rags, ourselves, but they must be in the shape of pants, coats, shirts, etc.

**A Liberal Subscription.**—C. F. Vance, agent of the government, informs us that the most liberal subscription yet made by our merchants for Confederate bonds, is that of Messrs. Meacham & Galbreath, who subscribed five hundred tierces of rice for the army, amounting to about \$15,000. With such illustrations of patriotism and duty to our government we need not fear the character of our city will be fully maintained as a true, patriotic southern city.—Memphis Appeal.

**The Effect of the War upon Papers.**—What sad havoc the war has made among the newspapers? The Suffolk (Va.) Sun, in commenting on this subject, says:

When the war commenced we had forty-four exchanges on our mail book. Of that number, twenty have been discontinued, ten were cut off by the blockade, six come to us printed on a half sheet, and only eight of the number appear as before. Of our religious exchanges only two come to us filled as before the war.

**Kentucky's Course.**

As much as much as has been said about the part that Kentucky would act in the present disturbed state of affairs, it is evident that she intends endeavoring to remain neutral—this however, she will discover to her sorrow, is impracticable. Missouri, we had supposed, would be a warning to her, but it seems to the contrary.—That she can be so blind to the welfare of her citizens, appears a mystery to our mind. The houses of her citizens have been entered and robbed, while the occupants were thrust out of their own doors. Atrocities of every character have been perpetrated by subjects of Lincoln, on her soil. In the face of this proclaims her desire to remain neutral, instead of extending a cordial welcome to the aid offered by the Confederate troops, and joining them in hurling their enemies to everlasting damnation. Is this "Old Kentucky?" Sadly then has she changed.

Our offers having thus failed—for so do we consider it,—our attention should now be turned in another direction. Kentucky has traced her course,—let her follow it in her wisdom, for the consequence will rest only on her. We approve of the efforts made to secure her co-operation with the South, but entirely disapprove of any further overtures on our part. We consider her irretrievably lost.

**Extract from a Private Letter.**

By permission we take the following extract from a letter written by a member of the Shreveport Rebels, it bears date of 9th instant, and was written at Columbus, Ky.

Yesterday morning one of Lincoln's gun boats came from Cairo, and stopped about four miles from our Camp and batteries. Ours, the Eleventh Louisiana Regiment, opened fire and shot about eight times at her, she returned the fire with Bomb Shells, but no side could do any harm. She departed for Cairo.

Our scouts yesterday evening reported that Fremont, with 15,000 troops were coming to whip us last night, and that they had seven boats, and contemplated coming both by water and land. We were up all night ready to receive them, and making batteries all the time.

We have a large number of cannons, and at least 12,000 troops, and will defend this place against any army.

We expect to have hard fighting to do in Kentucky, and at every moment, therefore we cannot write very often. I assure you that it is getting very cold now at night, and if we are not aided in some way, will suffer much this winter.

[Since the above was written we presume that our forces have been removed from Kentucky soil, in obedience to the published resolution adopted by the General Assembly of Kentucky, on the 12th inst., three days later than the date of the above letter.—Ed. News.]

**The Secessionists in England.**

The news of the battle at Bull Run fell like a spark on gunpowder among the Secessionist agents here, and startled them into a supernatural activity. While our credit sinks lead, these busy hands are writing money articles for the Times, and pumping their ideas into the brain of that journal's city article. They are in the markets all over the country, bidding furiously against our Government for arms, and, as seems to be thought, not without success. They have got money—ready money—of that

there can be no doubt, though from whom, and at what awful discount, I do not undertake even to guess. They are sanguine as ever of recognition, and very likely have their reasons for being so. Nor is all this the worst.

Within the last few days, it is rumored that they have succeeded in equipping and sending off an armed steamer with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Southern States, which has been for some time past quietly receiving its stores, under the direction of a Liverpool firm in the American trade. Of the particulars of this affair I am not informed; but it is said, still further, that the British Government, when called upon to prevent the departure of the vessel, declined to interfere—on what grounds I have not heard.

If these stories are true; and whether they are so or not must soon be known, all talk of the good-will of this Government towards us, and all the talk of the English press about our ingratitude, will receive a quietus.

But even if the story were not true, it must soon become so, for there is more than one armed vessel fitting out in British ports, and intended to be run under the British flag till they have escaped the blockade and landed their cargoes. Then they will become ships of war, no doubt, and cruise as the Southern national fleet. The English Government, true to its neutral ground, will not interfere to prevent the fitting out of these vessels until its own interests begin to suffer.

**Telegraph Received this Morning.**

Richmond, Sept 16—L. P. Walker Secretary of War, has resigned. It is understood to-day that Attorney-General Benjamin will temporarily attend to the duties of the War department. Several names are mentioned as successor to Walker, among which is Gen. (Bishop) Polk.

Passengers by the cars report a sharp engagement on Friday last, 13th. A detachment of the Washington Artillery and a portion of Winder's regiment, attacked Hill's House and burnt it. The federal loss is four killed, and seven taken prisoners, and many wounded. The Confederates had none injured so far as heard from.

Two persons have been put to death in St. Louis, agreeably to the Proclamation of Fremont.

The correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch, writing from Fairfax on the 12th, says the action took place on the 11th near Munson's Hill. The Washington Artillery with two rifled cannon, two howitzers, and supported by two companies of infantry, done great execution. The Federals were in strong force but became panic stricken and fled, leaving their guns, hats, haversacks, and coats behind. The Confederate force was only four hundred, while that of the Federals was near four thousand. No Confederates were hurt.

The New York Herald of Friday, gives a circumstantial account of the total wreck of the privateer Sumter, on the island of Trinidad, on the 12th of August. One of the crew deserted, says the vessel was most probably wrecked intentionally by the crew, who were dissatisfied.

The Herald urgently calls on Gen. Dix to declare martial law throughout Maryland.

The Yankee telegrams from the State of Missouri, are in a happy condition of bewilderment. One represents McCulloch as falling back upon Arkansas, and another reports Hardee doing the same thing; and another again tells us that Price, Rains and Churchill are advancing with a large force upon Jefferson City.

The enemy will probably ascertain the truth in the course of time.

**A Rich Lead Mine in Alabama.**—A writer in a late number of the Mobile Register, says the Memphis Appeal, alludes to a fact not commonly known, and which, though very important, might otherwise have sunk into oblivion, that a rich lead mine exists on the Warrior river, above Tuscaloosa. The information was originally derived from reliable Cherokee Indians, more than twenty-five years ago. At that time, says the writer, "they were very jealous of the whites knowing of the lead;" but they had furnished Gen. Jackson with a large quantity when he was at Turkeytown, whence he moved upon Talladega. He had the marks accurately given by the Cherokees, whose entire confidence he had inspired; and he has no doubt sufficient marks are visible to this day to indicate the exact spot. He offers the notes to any one who will undertake the exploration, or go himself as soon as pressing business will not interfere.

We (Editor News) also know of a mine in this Parish, not twenty miles from our office, this we presume is not known to many. The ore we have been informed by a gentleman who had the curiosity to test its qualities, is the purest that he ever saw.

We deeply regret to learn that our fellow citizen, Hon. John M. Landrum, met with a serious accident yesterday. While riding in his buggy the horse ran away, and Mr. L. jumped out, breaking a leg, as our informant tells us. The injury received we trust, will not prove as serious as reported.

**MARRIED.**

At the residence of Dr. Wader, Mansfield, La., September 18th, by Rev. S. B. Surat, J. PINCKNEY HARRIS, Esq. to Miss ABELIA ROGERS.

**PRIVATE BOARDING.**

Travis street, near Baptist Church. BEING located in a retired and agreeable part of the town, affords unusual inducements to boarders, transient or permanent, will find it a comfortable home. Families or single gentlemen can obtain pleasant rooms, and day boarders will be accommodated. s12v2 Mrs. A. B. TAINOR.

**RICHMOND TYPE FOUNDRY.**

THE ONLY MANUFACTORY OF TYPE ON SOUTHERN SOIL SOUTH OF BALTIMORE.

The Proprietors of the above Foundry have also united with their Foundry a complete

Printers' Furnishing Warehouse, having on hand, or furnishing to order, every article requisite for a Printing office, from a BODKIN to a TEN-CYLINDER PRESS.

Type and Printing Material from any Foundry North when required. We can and will manufacture in Richmond as good an article, and at the same specimen prices, as any Foundry North. We respectfully solicit the patronage of the South. aug30-1m HENRY L. PELOUZE & Co.

**Restaurant.**

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport and vicinity, that he has opened a RESTAURANT on Texas street, near Market, where he is prepared at all times to satisfy his friends and customers, from 7 o'clock, A. M. until 11, P. M., with warm or cold meals. To Boarders by the month or week, a liberal deduction will be made. v1n54-6m J. A. JEHLE.

**Confederation Restaurant.**

(Formerly Gaiety.) Adjoining the Confederation Coffee House, Shreveport, La. THIS well known and popular establishment has been removed as above, and is open for the accommodation of the public. There will be found the best of game fish, oysters, and everything that the Shreveport and New Orleans markets afford.—Meals furnished at all hours day or night. Families and parties will have their orders promptly attended to. no37v3y

**CANDIDATES.**

We are authorized to announce GEORGE H. CHILDERS, for the LOWER BRANCH OF THE LEGISLATURE, for this Parish. paid

We are authorized to announce the name of R. White, Esq., as a candidate for re-election, to the Legislature, for the Parish of Caddo. paid

We are authorized to announce DR. W. W. GEORGE, as a candidate for a seat in the lower branch of the Legislature, of Louisiana, at the election in November. [paid]

We are authorized to announce T. H. PITTS, as candidate for re-election, for the office of RECORDER of Election, on the first Monday in November.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. S. CROOM, for the office of RECORDER. Election 1st Monday in November. paid

We are authorized to announce M. T. J. ALSTON, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce M. THOMAS R. SIMPSON, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce ISRAEL W. PICKENS, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce L. R. CRISP, the present incumbent, as a candidate for reelection to the office of ASSESSOR, at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce Prof. W. H. N. MAGRUDER, of Baton Rouge, as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Education.

We are authorized to announce PETER H. CROCKER, as a candidate for the office of Assessor, at the ensuing election, in November next.

**L. BAER.**

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FAMILY & FANCY GROCERIES.

**Liquors and Tobacco, CIGARS,**

BOAT & BAR STORES. TEXAS STREET,

Shreveport, La. A good assortment of the above named articles constantly on hand. No 6—dly.

**D. LE ROSEN.**

**Daguerrean Artist.**

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport, that he will remain in their place a few days, for the purpose of taking Pictures upon Glass, Silver, Iron, Paper, Patent Leather, etc., etc., in the highest style of art.

**Ambrotypes taken for 8¢** Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

Rooms at the Art Gallery, over Sour & Newburger's Store, where he invites an examination of specimen Pictures.

**THOMAS W. JONES.**

(2 doors below E. & B. Jacobs.) Texas Street, Shreveport, Louisiana DEALER IN

**Hardware, Iron, Castings, Belting, Packing, Mechanics' & Machinists' Tools, &c.** Castings of all kinds constantly on hand or made to order. at-y-d

**EDWARD CONERY.**

**Wholesale Grocer,**

AND DEALER IN

WESTERN PRODUCE,

No. 2 Front and 10 Fulton Streets NEW-ORLEANS. nt-ly