

Shreveport Daily News.

OL. 2.

SHREVEPORT, LA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1861.

NO. 33

The Shreveport Daily News,

Published every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday morning.

Office, on Texas Street,

three Springs, near the Mayor's office.

TERMS:

Per year in advance, \$8.00
 Delivered by carrier, 20 cents per week.
 Weekly (Monday) in advance, 2.50

ADVERTISING RATES FOR THE WEEKLY:

For each square of twelve lines or less for the first insertion, \$1.00
 For each additional insertion, per square, 50

FOR THE DAILY:

No. of lines	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000
1 square	5	7	9	10	12	13	17	20		
2 squares	9	12	14	16	17	18	25	30		
3 squares	12	15	18	21	23	25	35	40		
4 squares	15	19	22	25	27	30	40	50		
5 squares	18	23	26	30	33	37	45	55		
6 squares	20	25	29	33	37	41	50	60		
7 squares	23	28	33	37	41	45	55	65		
8 squares	25	31	36	41	45	50	60	70		
9 squares	28	34	40	45	50	55	65	75		
10 squares	30	37	43	49	54	60	70	80		
11 squares	33	40	47	54	60	67	75	85		
12 squares	35	43	51	58	65	72	80	90		
13 squares	38	46	54	62	70	78	85	95		
14 squares	40	49	58	67	76	85	90	100		
15 squares	43	52	61	71	80	89	95	105		

For professional and business cards, (including the Daily paper,) not exceeding 10 lines, for 12 months, \$15—without per \$10.

The privilege of yearly advertisers is strictly limited to their own immediate and regular business; and the business of an advertising firm is not considered, as including that of its individual members. Advertisements published at irregular intervals, \$1 per square for each insertion. Announcing candidates for a District or County office, \$10; for a Parish office, \$10; for a State office, \$5—to be paid in advance. All advertisements for strangers or transient persons, to be paid in advance. Advertisements not marked on the copy with a specified time, will be inserted till paid, and payment exacted. Marriages and deaths will be published, news, obituaries, tributes of respect, and funeral invitations as other advertisements.

DENTAL SURGEONS.

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
 Office nearly opposite the Post Office,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

GEO. W. KENDALL,
DENTIST,
 Office, corner Market and Milam sts.,
 Opposite the Bank,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

MEDICAL.
DR. A. F. CLARK,
 Office at T. H. Morris' Drug Store,
 Residence,
 Corner of Spring and Farrin Sts.,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

SMITH & LEWIS,
 DEALERS IN
 Oils, Paints, Oils, Varnishes &c.
 OF THE GOLDEN MORTAR,
 Shreveport, Texas St.
 No 9—dly

D. D. O'BRIEN,
Newspaper Advertising
 AND
 COLLECTING AGENT,
 corner Canal St. and Exchange
 Place, No. 6.
 NEW ORLEANS, LA.
 Weekly City Correspondence in
 English, French, German and Spanish
 languages, furnished on moderate
 terms.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fine lot
of Dried Buffalo Beef from Texas
which will be sold cheap for cash
 [no] 22—tf **L. BAER.**

ATTYSORNE AT LAW.

LEON D. MARKS. THOS. G. POLLOCK.
MARKS & POLLOCK,
 Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
 Shreveport, La.

PRACTICE in copartnership in all the courts held in the city of Shreveport, and in the parishes of De Soto and Bossier.
 Office on Market street near Milam.
 n3-d-y.

ROBT. J. LOONEY. SAM'L WELLS.
LOONEY & WELLS,
 Attorneys & Counsellors at Law.

WILL practice in the Courts of Caddo and surrounding parishes, and in the Supreme Court at Monroe and Alexandria. Office on Market street, near the Postoffice, Shreveport, La.
 4-lyd

JUDGE & AUSTIN,
Attorneys at Law,
 Office over Childers & Beard's Store,
 Cor. Texas and Spring sts.,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

J. C. MONCURE,
Attorney at Law,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.
 Office with L. M. Nutt, corner of Milam and Market streets. n34d-ly

EMMET D. CRAIG,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
 Office, opposite Post Office,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

Will practice in the Courts of Caddo, DeSoto, and Bossier. 1dly
L. M. NUTT,
Attorney at Law,
 Office, corner Milam & Market Streets,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

ASSOCIATIONS.

I. O. O. F.
 The regular meetings of **NEITH LODGE, No. 21,** are held on Wednesday evenings, at 7 o'clock, at their Lodge Room on Texas street.
JNO. DICKINSON, N. G.
N. SELIGMAN, Secretary. n10

MASONIC.
SHREVEPORT LODGE OF F. & M. No. 115, meets every Friday at 7 1/2 P. M.
JOHN W. JONES, W. M.
J. H. Brownlee, Sec'y.
 Shreveport Chapter of R. A. M. No. 10, meets on the 2nd and 4th Monday of each month, at 7 1/2 P. M. **J. G. McWILLIAMS, T. C. Waller, Recorder.** H. P.
 Shreveport Council, R. and S. M. No. 5, meets on the 1st and 3d Saturday of each month, at 7 1/2 P. M. **EMMET D. CRAIG, Henry Levy, Recorder.** T. G. M
 Place of meeting, at the Masonic Hall on Texas street, over Mayor's office. n024

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

J. E. PHELPS. J. V. ROGERS
Phelps & Rogers,
 (Successors to T. H. Etheridge)
Grocers & Commission Merchants
 Cor. Commerce and Milam sts.,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.
 Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of *Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hay, Corn, Oats, &c.*
 Advances made on consignments to our friends in New Orleans. n18dly

J. R. Simpson. G. M. Calhoun.
Simpson & Calhoun,
WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
 Receiving and Forwarding Agents,
 SHREVEPORT, LA.

Having leased the popular and commodious Warehouse of Messrs. Howard, Tally & Co., and having had long experience in business, we hope to receive a share of the public patronage, and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to give entire satisfaction in all business entrusted to our care.
All we ask is a trial. n025

It should be borne in mind that the *Daily News* contains the latest intelligence received at this point. The paper does not go to press until after the arrival of the mail. It is delivered by Carrier for \$3 per year or \$4 for six months. n1

"OFFICIAL ORDER."

The following, says that excellent paper, the N. O. Bee, is supposed to be an order from Abraham Lincoln, "L. L. D.":

Right quickly lend your aid,
 For I am sore afraid
 Of hateful Baltimore.
 Seize every print that shows
 The brow, the mouth, the nose
 Haunting Potomac's shore.

Take ev'ry vile cravat,
 On neck of man or brat,
 That emblems "treason" bold;
 And grab the infants' socks
 Which speak of cruel knoeks
 Manassas Plains unfold.

O do this noble work,
 Nor for a moment shirk
 The duties I demand!
 Lest my distressing fears
 Should bathe with scalding tears
 My countenance so bland.

Heed not the many sneers,
 The multitude of jeers
 The "rebels" will disply;
 But let the urgent need
 Persuade you to proceed
 And act this very day.

Because my shatter'd brain
 Is tortur'd by the stain
 Whose ghosts in legions throng,
 And I shall die of fear,
 Unless my nerves you'll cheer
 By efforts prompt and strong.

Then start my noble boys:
 Destroy the children's toys
 And smite secession sore;
 Let nothing red and white
 Survive another night,
 On Chesapeake's great shore.

A Refractory Witness.

I have seen men, who, if they were bribed to speak the truth, who, if convinced that the plain statement of a fact as it had occurred, would be as conducive to their interests, as any prevarication or exaggeration concerning it, would yet equivocate and lie, in a manner truly astonishing. I will give an example of this class, which will also serve me to illustrate the free and easy manner that prevails in such of our courts as are, with considerable pleasantry, denominated, Justice Courts (lucus a non lucendo.) Old Joshua Banes, familiarly called "Uncle Josh," by the youngsters of the neighborhood, and "Epitaph Josh," (from the fact of his lying like a tomb-stone,) by the legal wags of the vicinity, is the person to whom I refer. One day at one of these courts, it became necessary for the identification of an individual to ascertain whether, at a certain place, he had turned to the right or the left, and as the point had arisen incidently, it was unavoidable, to swear the only individual present in court, who was known to be acquainted with the circumstances, and that person was "Epitaph Josh." With much trepidation, and after considerable consultation with his client, Josh was put upon the stand, by the attorney for the plaintiff, who, after the old man had taken his place, accosted him thus. "Well, Uncle Josh, the boys around here say that you can't tell the truth but by accident, but I know you better, don't I, old fellow?" "Yes, Billy you've known the old man too well, to believe all the lies on him. I've kissed the good book, my son, and I'll tell the truth as a shingle." "Well, you see there was a pretty smart shower of old

men at Joe White's 'entertainment,' and we got talking about old times and the like, and after we had taken a dram or two, may be three, I started up the road, and as I walked along pretty brisk, I saw a man ahead of me, whom I first took for Jim Sikes, and when I looked again, I allowed it was Bill Thompson; and so he kept up the road—"Stop, uncle; tell us now, you know that road, don't you?" "Well, I reckon I do; I travelled it before you were born; I've walked man and boy, these sixty years, and I've never been a squirrel's jump from it: there ain't a shrub or an old stump on it that I don't know by heart." "Very well, now go on with your story." "And so the man kept up the road, until he came to the forks, and when he got there, he took the right—" "Huzza! I said so," exclaimed the enthusiastic attorney, "I said Uncle Josh would tell the truth when it came to the push; the old man is the genuine thing af-all; you see, gentlemen of the jury, as he turned to the right, it must have been Sikes." During this outbreak of feeling, Uncle Josh had received a wink from the opposing counsel, and without noticing the interruption, proceeded with his evidence. "Well, as I was saying, when he got there, he turned to the left—" "Hallo, stop there old man, none of your tricks upon travellers; you said just this minute that he took to the right." "No, I didn't." "Yes, you did," exclaimed a score of voices. "Well, children, don't crowd the old man so, give him time. Memory ain't picked up like chips. So I did say the right: your right as you stand to me, Billy, and my left as I stand to you; you know, my son, that there are two rights—" "Which neither makes one wrong, nor one left you villain! Now, listen to me. The road that leads up from Joe White's tavern is straight, until it comes to a fork: the right-hand side of the fork leads to Jim Sikes' house, and the left-hand side to Bill Thompson's. Now, no more of your rights and lefts, but just tell me, did the man you saw go up Sikes' or Thompson's road? That's the question?" "I disremember." "You disremember! you hoary-headed old scoundrel! Have you travelled that road all your life? Have you ever been as far as a squirrel's jump from it? Don't you know, every green bush, and every old stump on it, by heart, and yet you can't tell which road the man took, no longer ago than last week?" "No, Billy, my son, the old man is no chicken, he is getting old now. I was born in the revolution, and when the British—" "Sit down you grey haired alligator!" vociferated the exasperated attorney, "sit down. You have perjured yourself from the word 'go,' you have equivocated from Dan to Beersheba; you have lied from Joe White's tavern to the forks of the road, and if the jury believe one word you've said, they are greater rascals than either you or the justice there—takes them them to be!"

Among the prisoners in Fort Lafayette, hailing from New Orleans, are D. C. Lowber, F. M. Fisk, and Midshipmen H. B. Claiborne and Hillary Cenas.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Memphis, September 20.—Quartermaster Phillips, who has just arrived here from Muldrough's Hill, after stores, reports that that point fell into the hands of the Confederates, without meeting with any opposition. The Confederate force, 4000 strong, he says, are busily occupied in throwing up fortifications to repel attack.

It is reported that Gen. Rousseau is not in Louisville; and, also, that Guthrie and other prominent Kentuckians, who have heretofore upheld the Lincoln Government, have declared themselves for the South.

Green River, Ky., September 20.—A number of Southerners passed here this afternoon from Louisville, in various conveyances. They reported that ex-Governor Morehead had been arrested and sent to Bastille Lafayette.

The Kentucky Legislature, now in session at Frankfort, calls the Kentuckians and Tennesseans invaders, and that they must be expelled; that the Federalists only came to Kentucky to preserve the tranquility of the State. The Legislature requests the Governor to place Thos. L. Crittenden in command of the State Guards.

Mr. Underwood was unable to suppress his emotion, and spoke against the passage of such infamous resolutions. These proceedings are taken from yesterday's Louisville Journal.

The Louisville Courier has been suppressed for advocating the Southern cause.

Rousseau, yesterday morning, was crossing Rolling Fork in flats. Not liking the mustering of the Hardin county boys, he suddenly recrossed the six hundred that had got over.

Muldrough's Hill is not occupied. [As the information given in the Memphis report was brought by an official, this statement is likely to be incorrect.]

Richmond, Sept. 20.—E. A. Banks, formerly of the Montgomery Confederation, has been appointed Quartermaster at Yorktown.

The body of Col. John A. Washington, aid to Gen. Lee, reached here this afternoon.

The stage this morning failed to bring any later news than was published already in our columns.

The Richmond Examiner understands that the Secretary of the Treasury has succeeded in arresting the parties engaged in circulating counterfeit Treasury notes. It seems that a few sheets of impressions of tens and fives were stolen from the bundle, while on the way from New Orleans to Richmond, in charge of the express company, and were signed in a very bungling manner, with fictitious names. All parties the Examiner says, engaged in the matter are in custody, and the notes in their possession have also been secured, so that no apprehensions need be entertained of the further circulation of counterfeits.

The proprietor of a faro bank (say Washington dispatch of the 8th inst.) was arrested to day, it being reported that a paymaster in the navy, who is detained here in custody, has been patronizing his establishment by large adventures. The other gambling houses principally on the avenue, were closed early last night, probably for fear that their business would be interrupted or suspended by the Government.