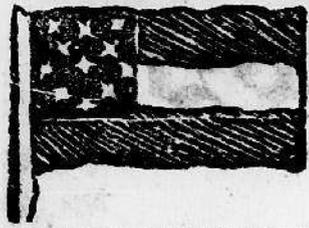


OUR FLAG.



Choice of the People of the Confederate States.

FOR PRESIDENT.

JEFFERSON DAVIS,
OF MISSISSIPPI.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

A. H. STEPHENS,
OF GEORGIA.

HOME MANUFACTURE.

Shreveport Daily News,

J. N. DICKINSON
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Thursday, September 26, 1861

Job Work must be paid for on delivery.

AGENTS.

Mr. JOHN W. FABER, is our authorized agent in Natchitoches.

Mr. D. D. O'BRIEN, No. 6, Exchange Place, New Orleans, is our authorized agent for that city.

Mr. H. C. CLARKE, Bookseller, is our authorized agent for Vicksburg and Natchez.

Mr. J. H. LORTON, is our agent at Bellevue, Bossier Parish.

Mr. A. L. HAY, of the News Depot, is our authorized agent in Jefferson, Texas.

To Correspondents.

We will be pleased to receive contributions from our friends, in and around Shreveport. An occasional article from our planters, relative to the crops, will be very acceptable. In fact, we desire correspondence from every section of the States.

Personal articles will not be published, either as communications or advertisements. Those friendly to our undertaking, who may hear of any local, or other items, that will prove of interest to our readers, will favor us by handing in the same at the office of the News.

In writing, be brief and concise, bearing in mind, that lengthy communications are seldom appreciated by newspaper readers.

At a meeting of the Nashville Typographical Union an ordinance dissolving all connection with the National Union, was adopted by a unanimous vote.

Talking with the editor of evening journal, Quilp inquired.—“What’s the use of your extra coming as it does, so soon after the regular issue?” “Use,” replied the candid editor, “why to contradict the telegraph dispatches in the first edition!” Quilp caved incontinently and confessed that he saw it.

Since the battle of Manassas Junction, to aggravate us, they have sent two small boats across with papers, and the news of the battle, with our defeat. Also, a dog, with a bottle tied around his neck, with papers and letters to Col. Wilson, telling him to take good care of their dog (which they call Manassas,) as they would be after him before long.—[Fort Pickens Cor. New York Herald.]

Says the New Orleans Delta: “A correspondent writing to us on the subject of the Presidential election, suggests that no electoral ticket should receive the vote of the people unless pledged for Davis and Stephens and recommends the following names:

STATE AT LARGE.

Gov. Alexander Mouton (d), Lafayette. Judge James G. Campbell (w) Natchitoches.

First District—Charles Derbigny (w) of New Orleans.

Second District—J. C. Ricks (d), of New Orleans.

Third District—George S. Guion (w), of Lafourche.

Fourth District—Wm. Ruffin Barrow (d), of West Feliciana.

Fifth District—B. Egan, Sr. (d), of Bienville.

Sixth District—John Routh (w), of Tensas.

Martial Law.

This subject we notice by an article in the N. O. Bee, is supposed to be under serious advisement in the city of New Orleans, and will, in all probability, be proclaimed in a short time. On different occasions in the columns of the respective journals of that city, we have noticed allusions made in reference to the matter, and expected ere this to have received intelligence of this law going into effect. As a general thing Martial Law is not put into force, unless an immediate invasion from a foe is apprehended. The city of New Orleans may be looked upon as in danger at present, or she may not—though likely she will be. And we, taking into consideration the many objectionable and favorable grounds for argument on such an important step, must admit of our hearty approval of this course, should it meet with favor.

That we expect an “immediate” invasion in that direction, is neither here nor there (excuse the phrase); for things of far more import direct our attention in that channel. The detection of enemies in the midst of a loyal people, who know they are surrounded by persons engaged in treasonable practices, will be much facilitated. In fact, it would prove beneficial in almost every respect. As it is, free ingress and egress is permitted every one; spies and enemies can go there without fear, accomplish their designs and escape unmolested, while, on the contrary, this state of things would not exist—at least not to such an extent. The undrilled citizen, would also be compelled to submit to military instruction, and in case of necessity could be of service in defending his property and country, and establishing the independence for which we are battling. Let it, by all means, be enforced, and prompt measures taken to ferret out every rascal who is against us; then we can feel more secure.

For the News.

MARRY.

When in France, Dr. Franklin upon hearing that a vessel was about to set sail for America, sent the following message: “Tell my countrywomen to marry and rear children to make soldiers to fight for our country.” The philosophic statesman saw that a nation’s reliance was her resources, and that these must be ever producing. A few years ago, this advice might have been received by our people with some squeamishness—now, not so. We are now to look to the rearing of children in the same practical light that we do of raising stock, grains, and other supplies for an army. We are to exist as a nation 20 years hence; government will have to be sustained; armies raised, and battles fought. But where are the men to come from? We now have near 400,000 men in the field—this vast army is rapidly melting away by battle and disease. When they are gone—who will fill their places? Of these, perhaps 100,000 are betrothed. It might have been better for the country had they married before leaving for the war. As it is, should any return to marry, and then refuse to go back to the army, they ought to be discountenanced by their wives, and disgorge by the community.

There is another way of supplying this demand. We have a great many superannuated widowers and bachelors; they are not able to take the field; but in one way they can serve their country—by marrying.

Sirs, by all means get married. Don’t complain of “hard times,” unless we rear more men, times will be harder a few years hence. Times are never too hard to marry—indeed marrying makes times easier. Don’t say “no lady will have me,” somebody will. There is no excuse for you; old bachelors and widowers; so get married forthwith. A. C. G.

Position of our Forces in the West.

—We have late intelligence from our army in Western Virginia, giving the position of its several divisions, which every day grows more critical. Since the battle at Cross Lanes Gen. Floyd was waiting for supplies. In addition to the ninety-six Yankee prisoners who had been captured since the rout of the enemy at Cross Lanes. They were taken straggling through the woods, where they had been lost in the complete rout and dispersion of Tyler’s command. The attack was made on Tyler’s troops while they were eating breakfast, and at the first gun the Colonel accompanied by all his field officers, fled with the utmost dispatch from the field. Col. Tyler barely escaped through the wings of our forces.

Gen. Floyd’s position, at last accounts, was across the Gauley river, about one mile and half beyond it.—the enemy were were in full force, under Gen. Cox, at Gauley’s Bridge. On the other side of the river Gen. Wise was strongly posted in the vicinity of the Gauley road. He had occupied Hawk’s Nest, which had been abandoned by the enemy after a skirmish of pickets. Above the Kanawha and beyond its forks the enemy had been outflanked by Gen. Chapman, who held his position with 2000 militia. The enemy under Gen. Cox, was thus surrounded by these three several divisions, and all hopes of his retreat being cut off—the only fear being that Rosecranz might yet make a junction with him, and thus reserve the relative position of the two forces by cutting off Floyd’s command.

The present critical position of the two armies in the West is quite characteristic of the resources and expedients of strategy in which the campaign in this portion of the country has been almost exclusively conducted. A rapid and brilliant movement on one side or the other seems to furnish now the only means of terminating the present complications. [Richmond Ex.]

Rebellion in Green County—Andy Johnson’s Home.

Blood has been spilled in Greene county, the home of Andy Johnson. The Lincolnites have been keeping up the excitement there—drilling companies under the stars and stripes of the United States, and threatening death to Southern Rights men. Among the leaders of these rebellionists was a Capt. David Fry. An order was issued for his arrest, and a detachment of Capt. James Fry’s company, stationed at Midway, under his command, went to make the arrest.

The Greene county Lincolnites connived at Dave Fry’s escape. Capt. Jas. Fry arrested several men implicated in the escape of his Lincolnite namesake, and it is supposed still he has them in custody. In retaliation, a party of near fifty Lincolnites attacked a force of twelve or fifteen Confederate soldiers, stationed at Cedar Creek, killing one of them, named James Henegar, after which they retreated to the bushes, and after firing several rounds, escaped. This is the legitimate fruit of Andy Johnson’s treason. It is time that his coadjutors in East Tennessee were brought to justice. [Knoxville Register, 10th.]

Affairs in Kentucky.

—Private advices indicate quiet, but serious and extensive movements towards the separation of Kentucky from the Lincoln Government. “It is not generally known that Congress, at its last session, before the adjournment, passed an important bill, on the secret calendar, for the extension of the aid of the Confederate Government to the movements towards independence in Kentucky, on the terms analogous to those offered to Missouri. This wise and timely measure of comfort to Kentucky promises the early realization of the results contemplated by it. [Richmond Ex.]

Branch of the Citizens’ Bank,

SHREVEPORT, 23d Sept., 1861. THIS BANK will, hereafter, pay and receive at its counter, *at par*, the Treasury Notes of the Confederate States, and the Notes of the other Banks of New Orleans. Owners of paper deposited in this Bank for collection, unless willing to be governed by this regulation, are requested to withdraw the same. ULGER LAUVE, Cashier.

Patronize Home Industry.

SIMON EIRMAN, LADIES’ SHOEMAKER. Market street, near Post-office. WILL give special attention to making Shoes for Ladies and Misses, and hopes to receive a liberal patronage in this new enterprise. Repairing neatly executed at short notice. s24-1f

PRIVATE BOARDING.

Travis street, near Baptist Church. BEING located in a retired and agreeable part of the town, affords most inducements to boarders, transient or permanent, will find it a comfortable home. Families or single gentlemen can obtain pleasant rooms, and day boarders will be accommodated. s12v2 MRS. A. B. TANTON.

Confederation Restaurant.

(Formerly Gaiety.) Adjoining the Confederation Coffee House, Shreveport, La. THIS well known and popular establishment has been removed as above, and is open for the accommodation of the public. There will be found the best of game, fish, oysters, and everything that the Shreveport and New Orleans markets afford.—Meals furnished at all hours day or night. Families and parties will have their orders promptly attended to. no37v1y

Restaurant.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport and vicinity, that he has opened a RESTAURANT on Texas street, near Market, where he is prepared at all times to satisfy his friends and customers, from 7 o’clock, A. M. until 11, P. M., with warm or cold meals. To Boarders by the month or week, a liberal deduction will be made. v1n54-6m J. A. JEHLE.

For the Benefit of the Soldiers.

The ladies of the Military Aid Society will be pleased to receive wool and yarn or socks already knit. Pay will be given for the same if desired. MRS. ROLAND JONES, President.

EDMONSTON’S BATTALION COMPANIES

will receive their arms and equipments, ready for muster, at Headquarters, 36 Natchez street. Reference E. & B. Jacobs.

Particular Attention.

Items or advertisements intended for the Daily News, must be handed in prior to four o’clock, P. M. otherwise they will not appear in our issue of the following morning.

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

P. F. L. FRANK, Agent for J. LITTHAUER.

Dealer in Fine Watches, Jewelry,

Diamonds, Brazilian, Pebble Spectacles, etc. All good Watches warranted for one year. Job work neatly executed. Texas Street, opposite Childers & Beard’s, SHREVEPORT, LA. Vol. 1 no-56-ly.

V. SHIDETS

Watchmaker, JEWELER, AND DEALER IN FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND DIAMONDS, TEXAS STREET, Between Spring and Market. SHREVEPORT, LA. Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted. nl-1y

CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce **GEORGE H. CHILDERS**, for the LOWER BRANCH OF THE LEGISLATURE, for this Parish. paid

We are authorized to announce the name of R. White Esq. as a candidate for reelection, to the Legislature, for the Parish of Calde. paid

We are authorized to announce **DR. W. W. GEORGE**, as a candidate for a seat in the lower branch of the Legislature, of Louisiana, at the election in November. paid

We are authorized to announce **T. H. PITTS**, as candidate for reelection, for the office of RECORDEUR, Election on the first Monday in November. paid

We are authorized to announce the name of C. S. CROOM, for the office of RECORDEUR. Election 1st Monday in November. paid

We are authorized to announce **M. T. J. ALSTON**, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce **THOMAS R. SIMPSON**, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce **ISRAEL W. PICKENS**, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. paid

We are authorized to announce **R. CRISP**, the present incumbent, as a candidate for reelection to the office of ASSESSOR, at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce **Prof. W. H. N. MAGRUDER**, of Baton Rouge, as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Education.

We are authorized to announce **PETER H. CROCKER**, as a candidate for the office of Assessor, at the ensuing election, in November next.

L. BAER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FAMILY & FANCY GROCERIES.

Liquors and Tobacco,

CIGARS,

BOAT & BAR STORES.

TEXAS STREET.

Shreveport, La.

A good assortment of the above named articles constantly on hand. No 6—dly.

D. LE ROSEN,

Daguerrean Artist.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport, that he will remain in their place a few days, for the purpose of taking Pictures upon Glass, Silver, Iron, Paper, Patent Leather, etc., etc., in the highest style of art.

Ambrotypes taken for \$1

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

Rooms at the Art Gallery, over Saur & Newburger’s Store, where he invites an examination of specimen Pictures.

THOMAS W. JONES,

(2 doors below E. & B. Jacobs.)

Texas Street, Shreveport, Louisiana

DEALER IN

Hardware, Iron, Castings,

Belting, Packing,

Mechanics’ & Machinists’ Tools, &c.

Castings of all kinds constantly on hand or made to order. nl-y-d

EDWARD CONERY,

Wholesale Grocer,

AND DEALER IN

WESTERN PRODUCE,

Nos. 2 Front and 10 Fulton Streets

NEW-ORLEANS.

nl-1y