

# SHREVEPORT SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNING.

Number 19.

SHREVEPORT, TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1862.

Volume I

## ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

**HODGE & AUSTIN,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
Office over Childers & Beard's Store,  
Cor. Texas and Spring sts.,  
n1-lyd  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

**J. C. MONCURE,**  
Attorney at Law,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Office with L. M. Nutt, corner of  
Milam and Market streets. n3-d-19

**EMMET D. CRAIG,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Office, opposite Post Office,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Will practice in the Courts of  
Caddo, DeSoto, and Bossier. 1d1v

**L. M. NUTT,**  
Attorney at Law,  
Office, corner Milam & Market Streets.  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Practices in Caddo, Bossier and  
DeSoto. n10-1yd

**LEON D. MARKS. THOS. G. POLLOCK.**  
**MARKS & POLLOCK.**  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law.  
Shreveport, La.

**P**RACTICE in copartnership in all  
the courts held in the city of Shreve-  
port, and in the parishes of De Soto  
and Bossier.  
Office on Market street near Milam.  
n3-d-y.

## PRIVATE BOARDING.

Travis street, near Baptist Church.  
**BEING** located in a retired and agree-  
able part of the town, affords unusual in-  
ducements to boarders, transient or perma-  
nent, will find it a comfortable home. Fam-  
ilies or single gentlemen can obtain pleas-  
ant rooms, and day boarders will be accom-  
modated. s99v9 Mrs. A. B. TAINTOR.

## COMMISSION MERCHANTS

**J. E. PHELPS. J. V. ROGERS.**  
**Phelps & Rogers,**  
(Successors to T. H. Etheridge)

**Grocers & Commission Merchants**  
Cor. Commerce and Milam sts.,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Keep constantly on hand a large as-  
signment of *Staple and Fancy Gro-  
ceries, Hay, Corn, Oats, etc.*  
Advances made on consignments to  
our friends in New Orleans. n18d1y

**J. R. SIMPSON. G. M. CALHOUN.**

**Simpson & Calhoun,**  
**WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS,**  
Receiving and Forwarding Agents,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

Having leased the popular and commodi-  
ous Warehouse of Messrs. Howard, Tully  
& Co., and having had long experience in  
business, we hope to receive a share of the  
public patronage, and pledge ourselves to  
do all in our power to give entire satisfac-  
tion in all business entrusted to our care.  
All we ask is a trial. no25

## ASSOCIATIONS.

**I. O. O. F.**  
The regular meetings of  
**NEITH LODGE, No. 21,** are held  
on Wednesday evenings, at 7 o'clock,  
at their Lodge Room on Texas street.  
N. SELIGMAN, N. G.  
F. W. SPILKER, Secretary. n10

**MASONIC.**  
**SHREVEPORT LODGE OF F.**  
and A. M. No. 115, meets  
every Friday at 7 P. M.  
JOHN W. JONES, W. M.  
J. H. Brownlee, Sec'y.  
Shreveport Chapter of R. A. M. No. 10,  
meets on the 2nd and 4th Monday of each  
month, at 7 1/2 P. M. J. G. McWILLIAMS,  
T. C. Waller, Recorder. H. P.  
Shreveport Council, R. and S. M. No. 5,  
meets on the 1st and 3d Saturday of each  
month, at 7 1/2 P. M. EMMET D. CRAIG,  
Henry Levy, Recorder. T. G. M  
Place of meeting, at the Masonic Hall  
on Texas street, over Mayor's office. no24

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS

Is published every Tuesday and Fri-  
day Morning.

Office, on Texas Street,  
Above Spring, near the Mayor's office.

**TERMS:**  
Per Annum, (in Advance,) \$4.00  
Six Months, " " 2.00  
Three " " " 1.00  
Ten Cents per Week, Delivered.  
3 Copies One Year, \$10.

The above low rates are for the "War  
times and size," which places our paper  
within the reach of every family.

## SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.

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For each square of twelve lines or less  
for the first insertion, \$1.00  
For each additional insertion, per  
square, 50

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strictly limited to their own immediate and  
regular business; and the business of an  
advertising firm is not considered as includ-  
ing that of its individual members.  
Advertisements published at irregular  
intervals, \$1 per square for each insertion.  
All advertisements for strangers or transi-  
ent persons, to be paid in advance.  
Advertisements not marked on the copy  
for a specified time, will be inserted till  
forbid, and payment exacted.  
Marriages and deaths will be published  
as news; obituaries, tributes of respect, and  
funeral invitations as other advertisements.

We will be pleased to receive as  
contributions, good chaste romances,  
poetry, etc., if original, also well writ-  
ten articles on any subject.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

Nashville, Jan. 8.—Gentlemen di-  
rect from Louisville report the Fed-  
eral army between Louisville and  
Bowling Green 100,000 strong.  
Twenty-five thousand of them are  
unfit for service, in consequence of  
sickness.

They are pushing forward the work  
on the Green river bridge, which, it  
is thought, will be completed in a few  
days, when it is probable a movement  
will be made towards Bowling Green.

Gentlemen who have just arrived  
from Paducah say it was reported  
that the Federals intend concentra-  
ting a force of 100,000 at that place.  
It is reported here this evening  
that the enemy are crossing Green  
river in considerable number.

Richmond, Jan. 7.—H. C. Wayne,  
at present Adjutant-General in Geor-  
gia, has been appointed a Brigadier-  
General in the Confederate service.

There was vigorous skirmishing  
last week above Winchester and to-  
wards the Potomac. Several Federal  
prisoners were taken, and a few killed  
and wounded. Virginia and Arkan-  
sas regiments were principally en-  
gaged on our side.

Intelligence from Camp Alleghany,  
to the 5th, says fears were entertained  
of the Yankees cutting off the sup-  
plies of our troops. Reports were  
current that the Federals were at  
Huntersville and Monterey, where  
large quantities of Confederate stores  
were stored. Further intelligence is  
anxiously looked for.

Memphis, Jan. 8.—A mercantile  
firm here has received a letter from a  
friend in South Kentucky, stating  
that the Federal government had  
made clandestine arrangements to  
pardon the convicts and desperate  
characters in the North, and scatter  
them through the South, to set fire to  
and burn everything, especially the  
manufactories and machineshops.—  
The Government promises to pay  
them and their accessories for every  
fire. This they believe will be a  
good way to cripple the South.

The information was received from

a party in the employ of the govern-  
ment, and communicated to a man in  
the South to a sympathizer.

Twenty Federal officers resigned at  
Cairo and have returned home.  
Nashville, Jan. 8.—The Louisville  
Journal of the 3d denies that the  
Northern bank of Kentucky has sus-  
pended.

The St. Louis Democrat says or-  
ders have been received from Wash-  
ington directing the suspension of  
coin payments. The demand for  
United States Treasury notes has  
been received at the Sub-Treasury in  
this city and obeyed.

A dispatch from a leading New  
York Banker to a leading house in  
St. Louis, on the 30th, says United  
States Treasury notes are not redeem-  
ed, and that they cannot be received  
on deposit until provision has been  
made for their payment.

The Cincinnati Commercial of the  
31st, says it is reported that Gen.  
Buell writes to Washington that his  
army in Kentucky is an armed mob,  
and that he must have time to get them  
in proper trim before advancing.

Richmond, Jan. 8.—The statement  
published that the Treasury Depart-  
ment had purchased gold at a large  
premium to pay the January and  
March interest on the funded debt,  
is unfounded. The gold had been in  
the Treasury some time to meet this  
payment.

Confederate bonds of fifteen mil-  
lions, payable in March are quoted  
at 102, with interest off.

The dispatches received recently  
from Europe by the Department  
were written prior to the reception  
in England of the news of the cap-  
ture of Mason and Slidell. They  
represent the feeling in France and  
England as being very favorable to  
the cause of the Confederate States.

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—To-day  
has been appropriately celebrated as  
a State holiday, commemorative of  
the valor of our forefathers, but not  
exulting over the defeat of Great  
Britain in that memorable battle.—  
The military was reviewed by Gens.  
Ruggles, Lovell and Lewis, and also  
by Gen. Jeff. Thompson, of Missouri,  
by invitation.

Richmond, Jan. 9.—No business  
of importance was transacted in Con-  
gress to-day, so far as known.

Heavy firing was heard last night  
at Aquia Creek. The Yankee ves-  
sels engaged our batteries. No body  
was hurt on our side, and nothing is  
known of the damage to the Federals.

The Green Briar raid, it is con-  
ceded, was by a Yankee plundering  
party, who took off horses, cattle, and  
other property. The Yankees, it is  
believed, escaped into Ohio.

The Lynchburg Republican has  
intelligence from Winchester stating  
that some little skirmishing had oc-  
curred, with only a few casualties.

The Confederates burned the bridge  
over Capon river and destroyed dam  
No. 6 of the Chesapeake canal, and  
bridges of the Baltimore and Ohio  
Railroad, and then returned in the  
direction of Winchester. The Con-  
federates lost in the expedition about  
ten.

On Monday, about fourteen miles  
below Romney, the Confederates, in  
small force, were attacked by 4,000  
Yankees. We lost three or four kil-  
led, a few prisoners, two cannon, three  
baggage wagons. The enemy des-  
troyed the property.

Several Southerners near Romney  
were captured.

In one of our expeditions, we cap-  
tured two cannon, thirty or forty  
thousand dollars worth of clothing  
and military stores.

Capt. Alexander, of an Arkansas  
regiment, in a letter from Camp Al-  
leghany, dated the 6th, says no at-  
tack had been made on that camp or  
on Monterey. The enemy, after de-  
prelating at Huntersville, double-  
quickened away.

Richmond, Jan. 10.—Northern pa-  
pers of the 7th, report the French  
frigate Catina in Hampton Roads and  
an English frigate at Annapolis.

A resolution has been adopted in

the Federal Senate authorizing an  
exchange of the prisoners from the  
privateer Jeff. Davis for Federal pris-  
oners.

The Bohemian has arrived at New  
York from Liverpool with dates to  
the 27th ult.

Two French fleets, one for Mexico,  
and the other for America, were about  
sailing from Liverpool.

It was reported that an English  
frigate was cruising off Gibraltar  
searching for Federal privateers.

The officers of the French frigate  
Catina, at Norfolk yesterday, reached  
Richmond to night. The Catina  
brings dispatches to the British Con-  
sul at Charleston.

It is believed the Australia has  
been wrecked. She had on board  
one thousand English soldiers.

Utah has asked admission as a  
Yankee State.

A large portion of Burnside's ex-  
pedition left Hampton yesterday,  
bound southward.

Nashville, Jan. 9.—Col. Lubbock,  
of the Texas Rangers, died here this  
morning. He was yesterday elect-  
ed Colonel, having previously been  
a Lieutenant Colonel. His remains  
left this evening, en route for Texas.

## Charleston Harbor Barricaded.

The Lincolnites succeeded, on the  
night of the 19th ultimo, in sinking  
fifteen of their stone hulks on  
the Charleston bar. The Courier  
observes that, if placed in a single  
file, and allowing the large amount of  
200 feet obstructing capacity to each  
vessel, the whole will blockade about  
3000 feet. In connection with the  
above the Mercury remarks:

Charleston harbor has a water front  
—from the Rattlesnake Shoal to  
Folly Island beach—of about six  
miles, with numerous passages to  
and from the sea. On the occurrence  
of the first heavy northeaster, after  
the sinking of the wrecks, the force  
of the wind, the heave of the sea,  
and the action of the quick-sands,  
will, according to all previous experi-  
ence, dissipate the Yankee obstruc-  
tions with a rapidity nearly as great as  
that of the late terrible conflagration.  
We have known new and first-class  
ships, of nearly 1000 tons capacity,  
loaded with railroad iron, stop on the  
bar, in mid channel, and in a few  
weeks there would hardly be a trace  
of them, and what could be found  
had worked upon the shallow part of  
the bar. The permanent closing of  
Charleston harbor by sinking vessels  
at the entrance, we consider an im-  
possibility; and nothing but a Govern-  
ment mad with folly and revenge  
would attempt it. This attempt of  
the Yankees, however, will have one  
good effect, in tending to quiet the  
nerves of any excitable citizens who  
may have supposed that the Lincoln-  
ites intended an attack on our city  
from the sea.

The following paragraph we clip  
from the Crescent's Talk on Change:

There was some New York intelli-  
gence received yesterday. We ob-  
served in some of our exchanges a  
few days ago that the captain, officers  
and crew (thirteen in number) of the  
Royal Yacht, which was used as a  
guard boat off Galveston and captured  
in a night attack by two boats and  
crews (forty men) of the Hessian  
squadron, were put in double irons  
and so delivered to some Bastille in  
New York. These men were doubly  
ironed because they defended their  
vessel; they are treated as pirates,  
and yet our little Secretary of War,  
Mr. Benjamin, coolly requests our

soldiers, in defending their lives and  
property against vandals, plunderers,  
invaders and house-burners, to treat  
them as prisoners of war, that is, we  
must stand by and let them plunder  
and murder us, put us in irons, but  
we must not shoot them down. We  
don't think our soldiers will follow  
Mr. Secretary Benjamin's request.—  
How do our Texas friends relish the  
treatment their citizens are receiving  
in New York?

*Jim Lane Again on the Stump.*—  
The notorious Jim Lane, of Kansas,  
who is furiously for stealing negroes,  
as well as for Cameron's policy of  
arming them, in a speech at Wash-  
ington City the other day, illustrated  
his position as follows:

I won quite a reputation when I  
went to school, as a fighting boy.—  
Every Saturday night we "fought  
out." I was within one of the head,  
but the champion, Joe Darrah, was a  
great hulk of a fellow, weighing  
twice as much as I did, and as strong  
as an ox, I couldn't whip him at fair  
play. Ours was the rough and tumb-  
le style. I knew I could whip if I  
waited to grow, but my reputation  
demanded that I should do it then.  
So I watched for a bile to come, or  
something to happen that would give  
me the advantage. One day I heard  
that Joe had been in swimming, and  
had cut his leg below the knee. So  
I went up to him and got him to show  
me the exact spot. I kept quiet, and  
when Saturday night came, I was  
ready to fight him. Joe struck out  
at me; I dodged his heavy blows,  
and went in and kicked him on the  
shin. (Great laughter.) He bellow-  
ed like a calf and cried enough!—  
(Laughter.) We are now at war  
with the South, and I am in to whip.  
(Voice, "Hit him on the bruise!")—  
Immoderate laughter long continued.)

The Cincinnati Commercial pub-  
lishes the above and then puts it to  
Jim Lane in the following pertinent  
style:

But, Senator Lane! is the rebellion  
"a great hulk of a fellow, weighing  
twice as much" the as Government?  
Would you have kicked Joe upon the  
bruise if you had been "a great hulk  
of a fellow, twice as big as he was!"

Says the Bowling Green Courier:  
We still have glorious, charming  
weather. It seems to be made for  
the special purpose of inviting and  
urging the Yankees onward towards  
Bowling Green. But they won't  
come. They feel safer at a respecta-  
ble distance from Buckner's "Indians  
and negroes."

The Memphis Avalanche says:  
The wheat crop is said to be among  
the most promising for years. A  
larger extent of land has been sown  
than usual, and the prospect now is,  
according to the observations of the  
well informed, that it will be most  
abundant. A portion of it may be  
expected in market in May.

*The Efficient Blockade.*—The Aug-  
usta (Ga) Constitutionalist, of the  
3d inst., says:

Three arrivals have taken place in  
a Confederate port, this week. One  
a ship, we understand; the second,  
a schooner, with 700 sacks of coffee  
and 16 casks of sperm oil, &c., and  
the third, a steamer. It is not neces-  
sary to mention the port.