

Kaytesville, Mo., Saturday, Nov. 23, 1878.

St. Louis claims a population of 503,000.

OVER 14,000 people died of yellow fever during the late scourge.

P. T. BARNUM has been elected to the Connecticut legislature.

THE postal order business of the last year amounted to \$81,000,000.

Will the Times-Journal insist that the Grant movement is a boomerang?

It is said the government is exchanging greenbacks for gold in Denver.

THE National Grange met in its 12th annual session in Richmond last Monday.

COL. CRITTENDEN is spoken of as chief clerk of the next house of congress.

THE Chicago Times says the Democrats can win in 1880 if they wait to.

It required four days to complete the count of the vote cast in Columbia at the late election.

In the next Missouri legislature greenbackers will have a majority over the Republicans.

Gov. HAMPTON is rapidly recovering from injuries received while out hunting a short time ago.

THERE are in Boston 40,000 dwellings, 115 hotels, 3,000 stores, and 4,500 miscellaneous buildings.

COL. HATCH's majority in the 12th district is 1,851 over Capt. London, who ran on the Greenback ticket.

THE October yields of the precious metals on the Pacific coast is estimated at \$2,250,100—the lightest yield for years.

MADISON county, New York, Thursday repudiated her railroad indebtedness of \$103,000. Verily, the world moves.

THE K. C. Times says Chicago is howling about a custom house fraud, and adds that Kansas City is "another Chicago."

A HAVANA dispatch says the coming sugar crop promises to be excellent. It is estimated that the yield will reach 700,000 tons.—Ex.

THE second annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian association, of this state, will convene in St. Louis next Thursday.

Gov. FREMONT, writing to Secretary Schurz, favors the policy of having the management of the Indians of Arizona transferred to the military.

THE Warrensburg Press, a greenback paper published by H. Martin Williams, has suspended publication. Fiat money wouldn't "make the mare go."

FULL returns from 83 counties and the city of St. Louis show the following vote: Norton, 156,395; Denny, 75,593; Gilstrap, 52,823; total, 285,811.

A NUMBER of government clerks, who secured positions by the influence of Ben Butler, have been discharged. Ben is no good with the administration.

D. B. STURGEON, chairman of the National committee of the National party, has issued a call for a meeting of the committee in Washington, November 30th.

DURING the past thirty days seventeen whalers have arrived at San Francisco with 7,700 barrels of oil, 60,800 pounds of whalebone, and 28,000 pounds of ivory.

THE St. Louis Republican calls attention to the fact that the jetties have been left three months now without dredging, and there is a better channel in the pass than ever before.

THE more radicals study the returns of the late election the less confident they find in them. Election figures are not quite so favorable to Republicans as the Associated Press.

THE London (Eng.) Times thinks Senator Bayard will be the Democratic candidate for president in 1880, counting Hendrix and Thurman out of the race, which show that the Times is not posted.

HENRY WARD BEECHER delivered a sermon in New York recently, in which, it is said, he made a very strong argument to the effect that Christians might with consistency indulge in dancing.

HAYES, following the example of Grant, undertook to run the courts of justice the other day, when it transpired that Judge Gresham of the Indianapolis district court was a "bigger man than old Hayes."

THE Glasgow Journal says that the Missouri river is threatening to wash away the bank and take a near cut opposite Glasgow, and if something is not done it will not be long before that city will be two miles from the river.

THE Paris Mercury is a "mighty" good paper, but it will get things mixed a little sometimes. Rothwell's majority over Pollard was not 5,919, but 3,915, and we gained nearly 1,500 over vote of 1876 to make it that much.

ST. LOUIS is a great city; it is becoming famous, and will probably some day be the metropolis of the United States. Not very long ago St. Louis had its "Voiled Prophets," and the other night a St. Louis servant girl had twins—one white and one black. The "Future Great" is certainly moving.

BILL EVERTS and Lord Salisbury are doing a deal of quarrelling over a little Halifax fishery award of five and a half millions. If either of these emblems will just come over on the Chariton we will furnish them all the fish they want for half that amount, and thus put a stop to the controversy.

THE President association of St. Louis spent \$19,500 35 in charitable purposes last year. Assistance was furnished 2,010 families, 1,104 of which were foreigners, and 906 Americans. These 2,010 families were composed of 7,048 persons, 5,188 of whom were foreigners, and 1,860 Americans.

THE St. Joseph Gazette establishment was sold last Wednesday. The sale was made under deed of trust, and was bid off by Mr. C. B. Wilkinson, at \$10,300, for eastern parties. Mr. Wilkinson has for some time been managing editor of the paper, and it is understood that he will continue to control its columns.

THE New York and Boston clearing houses have united in a plan to demonetize silver. If congress does its duty it will administer a rebuke to those arrogant bankers of the East, who have assumed to run this government, that they will not forget soon. The people of this country demand free coinage of the silver dollar of 412 grains, and they propose to have it.

A TERRIBLE coal mine explosion occurred at Sullivan, Ind., Thursday. The explosion was caused by the ignition of lamp flames with gas, and a terrific velocity was added by the fact of there being eight kegs of powder below. There were 30 men in the mine at the time. There were 18 killed outright, and eight or ten wounded, and many of the others sustained painful injuries.

CONGRESS will convene a week from next Monday. The president, it is understood, has his message already prepared, which will recommend that the amount of silver in a dollar as now coined be increased, or that the coinage be limited to a less amount than at present. Hayes might have spared himself this trouble, for, in the language of the poet, or some one else, the people "won't have it."

WE guess there isn't any aristocrat in this section who will turn up their noses at the poverty of the newspaper men in Chariton county now, for there is not a one of us that doesn't own from 700 to 2,000 acres of land, and it's paid for, too. Yes, we are rich now, but our land may be sold next year for taxes, for we don't know of one in the set who has any "tin;" as it is usually called—our assets are made up of real estate.

THE constitution of this state provides that "the general assembly shall meet in regular session once only in every two years, and each meeting shall be on the first Wednesday after the first day of January next after the election of the members thereof." As the first of January, 1879, occurs on Wednesday, the first Wednesday after the first day of January next will be the 8th, on which day the general assembly will convene.

MR. E. D. GILES ran for prosecuting attorney of Mercer county on the Republican ticket. The Princeton Advance, being a Democratic paper, of course opposed him, and published some statements reflecting on Giles' character. Giles was defeated, and on the Friday following his wife became so indignant over the matter that, armed with a cowhide, she entered the Advance office, and proceeded to horsewhip the editor.

THE land sales last Wednesday by the sheriff, under execution for back tax, proves that under the present law tax can be collected on land that is worth anything. But it is plain from the proceedings that it is foolish to spend time and money trying to sell land that is no more valuable for agricultural, or any other purpose, than the ground at the bottom of the Atlantic ocean. There is no sense in assessing land at \$3 or \$4 an acre when it would not sell for 25 cents an acre.

By telegraph we learn that James A. McKinney shot and killed his wife in Sherman, Texas, last Tuesday. McKinney was formerly a prominent farmer of Livingston county, but by dissipation reduced himself to very low circumstances. Mrs. McKinney will be remembered by many of our citizens as Miss Hattie Doss, daughter of John Doss, a merchant in Brunswick years ago. The cause of the murder was jealousy. The murderer escaped.

The comptroller of the treasury reports the number of national banks and private bankers in the United States as 6,538, with an aggregate capital of \$675,776,000 and aggregate deposits of \$1,919,953,000. During the past year 29 new banks have been organized. The government has collected thus far, since the inauguration of the national bank system, taxes from those institutions, as follows: on circulation, \$39,775,817; on deposits, \$80,328,256; on capital, \$6,929,580; total, \$47,033,653.

In looking over the vote of this county at the late election, we see that Keytesville township came nearer polling her Democratic vote of 1876 than any other township in the county. The third-parties worked hard here, and the Democrats met them on open ground, the result being the grandest victory won by any township in the county. Notwithstanding the fact that a number of our citizens did much in forwarding the cause, as elsewhere, the COURIER feels justified in expressing its commiseration with a fair

LATE dispatches from London give a terrible picture of the distress entailed upon the poorer classes in Great Britain by the extreme commercial depression and financial stringency now prevalent there. Hundreds live in tenements without clothing or furniture, everything having been sold or pawned to procure food. Notices of further reductions of wages in various centres of industries are given, and indications point to still further suspension of operations in mills, mines and factories. The situation is regarded as appalling, and the authorities are seeking to devise some means of relief.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER, who has just been re-elected by the Democrats in the 12th Illinois district, recently expressed the following to a Washington Post reporter: "The road to victory is clear enough. We must nominate a man for president who can carry Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. These three states, together with Oregon and the Southern States, will give us more than a majority of the electoral votes, and we can carry them all with anything like proper management. We must leave New York, New Jersey and Connecticut out of the calculation. The old combination which secured Tilden's nomination is broken, and the next Democratic nominee will be chosen from the West." So say we, all of us.

HERETOFORE newspaper men have not stood much chance of securing office, but the rule, it seems, is undergoing a little change. In the recent election the press was represented on the state ticket in the person of Mr. Sevier, and now we see two more "Knights of the quill" brought prominently to the front, in the persons of Mr. T. J. Lingle, of the Henry County Democrat, and "Tom" Carter, of the Sturgeon Leader, who are very favorably spoken of as chief clerk of the next house of representative. We have not the honor of a personal acquaintance with either of those gentlemen, but we notice our exchanges have mentioned them in most complimentary terms in connection with this position.

HON. A. H. STEPHENS, in a recent interview with a St. Louis Republican reporter, in regard to the campaign of 1880, said: "I am very sure that the money question in its present shape will be dead. My own views are positive enough. I believe in honest money and plenty of it. At present we evidently have not enough for the demands of trade, not enough to start up the industries of the country. I think it would have been well for the house to have passed the bill we matured in the committee of coinage, weights and measures, which provided for the issue of silver certificates to be used in the place of bullion. We cannot turn out the bullion fast enough. Three more mints are required. France to-day is the best fiscal nation on earth, because she never allows the currency to fall short of the demand."

THE St. Louis Times, a partisan Democratic paper, and the Journal, a partisan Radical sheet of the same city, have consolidated, and the paper is now issued under the caption of "Times-Journal," and claims to be non-political. We have read several copies of the paper, and, politically, we term it a "What is it." Each of the two papers have been struggling for existence for lot' these many days, and it is probably well that they should consolidate. It will take them both to make one good paper. We are unable to tell whether one swallowed the other, or the other swallowed one, and we should not be surprised to hear of a volcanic eruption of political lava from the corner of Fifth and Chestnut soon, should the new "What is it" fail to maintain its non compos mentis condition, politically. From the mechanical appearance of the sheet we would suppose the Journal had swollen the bowels of the Times, but from its editorial management we conclude that Times has (ex)Hume(d) the brain of "Gene Field. However this may be we wish the paper success.

BOB. INKERSOLL, in a recent address, said: "I sympathize with every honest effort made by the children of labor to improve their condition. This is a poorly governed country in which those who do the most have the least. There is something wrong when men are obliged to beg for leave to toil. We are not yet a civilized people. When we are pauperism and crime will vanish from our land. There is one thing, however, of which I am glad and proud, and that is, that society is not in our country, petrified; that the poor are not always poor. The children of the poor of this generation may and probably will be the rich of the next. The sons of the rich of this generation may be the poor of the next, so that, after all, it is rich fear and the poor hope. It is the glory of the United States that the poor man can take his boy upon his knee and say: 'My son, all the avenues to distinction are open to you. You can rise. There is no station, no position to which you may not aspire. The poverty of your father will not be a mill stone about your neck. The public schools are open to you. For you there are education, honor, fame and prosperity.'"

At a meeting of Pelee Grange No. 1383, held November 8, 1878, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: WHEREAS, an alwise and merciful Father in His dispensation, has seen proper to remove from our midst, our sister, A. C. Adams, who died October 28, 1878, therefore,

Resolved, that in the death of our sister we have lost a true and worthy member of our order, her family of orphaned children a kind and affectionate mother, and the neighborhood a zealous, christian friend. May God protect her truly orphaned children in this, their saddest affliction.

Resolved, that a copy of this be sent to the family of the deceased sister, and to the Journal of Agriculture and Farmer, for publication, also to the Keytesville COURIER for insertion.

BEN'S COGUE, LUCILLA F. KELSO, Committee.

From Mendon. MR. EDITOR.—In response to your generous invitation to the friends of the COURIER, to write the local news and happenings to its columns, I now proceed to give you a few items from Mendon.

This village is situated on a high rolling prairie, about ten miles north of Brunswick, and is the center of quite an active trade. The crops in the vicinity are passably good, and the corn is being harvested and stock taken to all the friends of the COURIER, to write the local news and happenings to its columns, I now proceed to give you a few items from Mendon.

Messrs. Shupe and Zimmerman are buying corn. Both these gentlemen are feeding large herds of cattle and hogs. There is but little happening that would interest you and your readers, but I will report anything that may turn up, not being willing to monopolize a good thing.

The church property here has passed into the hands of the two branches of the Methodist church, who own it jointly, and who propose to go to work and fit up the building in good shape.

From the Forks BY PHILLIPS. MR. EDITOR.—Now that we are done gathering corn, and have had no tobacco season, our farmers are free to attend circuit court.

On Tuesday night, the 12th, one Mr. Corbett, assisted by Rev. Craig, came very quietly and unexpectedly into our midst and carried off one of our loveliest gems. They were married at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. H. Brill's, and left early Wednesday morning for Howard county. May joy and peace be with them.

Big times down in the Forks; who ever heard of so many spellings, and dances, and frolics, and lib. Applagate, both and each of them, were down in the Forks, on a hunting trip, last week.

Miss Phoebe Hayes, in company with her brother, Ben, and wife, visited friends near Brunswick the first of the week.

Three cheers and many thanks to the five young ladies and three young gentlemen who were out last Tuesday night on a grand jollification, jollification serenade, charivari, &c., &c.

The young gentleman of Keytesville who went out recently to water his cattle, and was detained so long his father went to hunt him, and found him at one of the neighbors, waiting for the moon to rise, was down in the Forks last Sunday, on a visit to relatives.

WANTED.—About 75 good, first-class, well-fellows, separate. We want them for some boys who are running after the girls and wanting to be called Mr., who have scarcely shifted their feet. Well I've forgot what you call it.

proportion of the work that resulted this year. We entered the campaign a stranger in the county, and of course were at some disadvantage. We have tried, however, to pursue a liberal, consistent course in support of the principles and nominees of the Democratic party, at all times recognizing the fact, as we believe the principles of the party to do, that this is a free country, and men have a right to differ in opinion, even with the Democratic party. In looking back over the field we are more than ever convinced that our course was wise—the vote in the township where the paper is published proves that its course resulted in good to the Democratic party. Now, that the election is over, we will deal but little with politics until another campaign, and devote our time to local, and matters of general interest, at all times, however, keeping our readers posted as to the general run of political matters.

THE NEXT CONGRESS. A footing up of the election returns shows that there will be in the senate of the forty-sixth congress, commencing with the 4th of March next, 42 Democrats, 33 Republicans, and 1 independent. In the house there will be 148 Democrats, 132 Republicans, 8 Independent Greenbackers, and 1 in the 11th Pennsylvania district, where both Democrat and Republican have received certificates of election, doubtful. Thus the Democrats will have a majority of 10 when Davis, of Illinois votes with them, and 8 when he votes against them in the senate. In the house the Democrats will have 26 majority when the Independent Greenbackers vote with them, and 8 majority when the Greenbackers vote with the Republicans. We believe 4 of the independent Greenbackers elected to congress have been Republicans, and 4 Democrats. Should they divide up with the old parties this way the Democrats will then have 16 majority. This reckoning leaves the contested case in the 11th Pennsylvania district entirely out, as also the California delegation which will be elected in April, and which is now equally divided.

For list of members elect see first page of this paper. It will be seen by reference to note following the list that the 9th Kentucky district, the 2d North Carolina district, and the 2d Florida district, accredited to the Republicans, have, by latest returns, elected Democrats.

On Thursday, and after the above was in type, the supreme court of Florida had decided the contested case in the 2d Florida district in favor of Bisbee, Republican, thus giving the party one more vote.

In Memoriam. At a meeting of Pelee Grange No. 1383, held November 8, 1878, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: WHEREAS, an alwise and merciful Father in His dispensation, has seen proper to remove from our midst, our sister, A. C. Adams, who died October 28, 1878, therefore,

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Mr. Y. C. Blakey, and his son-in-law, W. Johnston, with their families, returned last week from California. They were formerly

citizens of the Forks and expect to make this their home.

Hon. W. W. Rucker and Prof. S. S. Singleton, accompanied by two of Keytesville's fairest damsels, honored the Forks, with their smiling countenances, by a pleasant drive through our midst last Sunday.

'Twas nice to be a school teacher, And wear our very best clothes, And carry a big red handkerchief, To wipe some urchin's snotty nose.

But now it's much nicer still, Yes, doubly nice we'd say, Since the trustee's require us all To kiss the chaps three times a day!

Spelling schools are all the rage down here, and we have some excellent spellers. On last Friday night a crowd assembled at the Hart school-house, to a spelling conducted by Prof. Fugett, Mr. Zack Lambkins wearing off the honors, and on Tuesday night at the Shannon school-house, where a house full had met; and under the control of Mr. C. C. Webb, Mr. Lambkins again walking off with the honors of the evening.

Charlie Smith, constable elect of Keytesville township, was down in the Forks a few days ago; going serenading to the spellings, and enjoying his huge little self cutely.

The people down here don't sleep any more, they sit up on the side of their beds and listen to the sweet strains of music as they walk off to bed. In fact, we have a string band, and if every body was a member we've heard, the Thomas' Orchestra is at a patch, for number of members or variety of instruments. Our band practices every night and twice a day; serenaders are getting to be as common as oat hogs; the orchestra doesn't deem it necessary for them all to be present when they want to go serenading; so some will go with a fiddle, some with a single guitar, some with a flute, some with a French harp, tin pans and bells, and Tuesday night with a flute, and none of the party could make a note on it.

From Virginia. HILLSBORO, Va., Oct. 24, 1878. MR. EDITOR.—The crops in Virginia are very good, that is, they are good for our soil, but Missourians will brag on 23 and with the principles of the Democratic party, the tobacco crop is not large, but very good though very low. Money is very scarce and many have none at all. They may have homes, crops and food, but scarcely ever have any business. Business must be dull, and the prospect is not very hopeful for the future.

There is considerable excitement in politics in this state. Every regular nominee of the conservative party, for congress, has opposition. The Republicans have made one or two nominations, but independent and greenbackers have ventured to oppose the regular candidates. The great excitement is in the Richmond district, there is a strong effort being made to defeat Gen. Joseph Johnson. Political meetings are held almost daily, and the best speakers are being engaged to enlighten the people in regard to their duty. It is hard now to forecast the result, but it is obvious that all the men in Virginia who are willing to draw \$5,000 per annum for occupying a seat in congress will not do this time.

The religious world is quite calm—some good meetings, but they are local. There is no general revival spirit sweeping over the state. It is greatly needed. May it come.

I have spent some weeks in the cotton growing region and I believe it would grow in Missouri. The season is quite short but the rapidity of growth in your soil would give ample time for it to mature. The land here is very flat, and you can chain forty miles and never find as much hill as there is between Bro. Mackay's hotel and Mr. Mann's. One thing struck me very forcibly, and that was the cheap transportation in that level country. Every farmer has a horse-cart, and he does his all his hauling with one small horse or mule, in that cart. They certainly know how to utilize a mule and cart. They go to church in carts. It is rather amusing to see how it is done, but they will take a mule that three able men could take by the ears and tail and throw on a small horse, and hitch him to the cart, and six or ten grown persons get into it and ride seven miles to church. I saw six myself and I was told that ten could go; and they go very rapidly. They stand up and hold to each other and the sides of the frame. I went very near to the region of 'you'ns and 'we'ns,' but did not meet any one who actually spoke in that dialect. I went with an ex-cellar brother home to dinner on Sunday. He was very stout, and had a new tobacco pipe. He had made up his mind to quit smoking, but he failed to hear the name. That afternoon he and I went in a buggy to a funeral. He was speaking of his wife (then dead) and his step-daughters; I asked him what their names were; he repeated it, but I did not hear it. I asked again, and he undertook to spell it, thus, We-a-n and closed with a low grunt. I proposed to spell it, so I began, We-a-n-d, and asked if that was the way. He turned to me and said, "I rather think they spell it with a 'w.' Instantly I thought of the suggestion of the Elder Weller to his son, when he said; 'Spell it with me, Samuel, spell it with a 'w.' The name of the girls was Vann, so one of them told me that night after our return.

I am now in the bill-county of Virginia, where there is much game, but I have no dog. My mind Misson dog, my new tobacco, does the work well, but alas! how can I find them? This day I walked out and found a few, but while passing through some woods and briars, a turkey that had been frightened, arose and attempted to leave that part of the country in great haste, but my number five were too quick for him. I would enjoy one more trip with the Keytesville sportsmen. I would be willing to risk my old mulez-loader among their break-loaders. H. H.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY in me vested as administrator of the estate of W. W. Rucker, deceased, and in pursuance of an order of sale, made by the probate court of Chariton county, state of Missouri, on the 10th day of December, 1877, I will, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1878, at the east front door of the court house, in the town of Keytesville, in said county, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, during the session of the circuit court, of said county, expose to sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the said W. W. Rucker in and to the following described real estate to-wit: the east half of the northeast quarter of section twenty (20), township fifty-six, (56), range seventeen (17), situate in Chariton county, Missouri, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the debts due and unpaid by said estate. Terms of sale: ASH IN HAND.

ANDREW MACKAY, Jr., Administrator.

SHERIFF'S SALE SWAMP LANDS.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER MADE BY THE county court of Chariton county, at its regular session, on the 4th day of November, 1878, which order was made of record on the first day of said term, and directed and delivered, ordering me to advertise for sixty days, in one or more newspapers published in said county, naming the time, terms and place of sale, and the property to be sold; now, therefore, I, R. B. Davis, sheriff of said county of Chariton, will, on the

9TH AND 10TH DAYS OF JANUARY, 1879, in front of the east door of the court house of said county, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, offer for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, in the subdivisions prescribed by the laws of the United States, the following described tracts of land for sale, to-wit: Balance of purchase money to be secured as other school money on loans, to-wit:

Table with 4 columns: Part of sec., Acreage, Part of sec., Acreage. Lists various land parcels with their respective acreages.

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The religious world is quite calm—some good meetings, but they are local. There is no general revival spirit sweeping over the state. It is greatly needed. May it come.

I have spent some weeks in the cotton growing region and I believe it would grow in Missouri. The season is quite short but the rapidity of growth in your soil would give ample time for it to mature. The land here is very flat, and you can chain forty miles and never find as much hill as there is between Bro. Mackay's hotel and Mr. Mann's. One thing struck me very forcibly, and that was the cheap transportation in that level country. Every farmer has a horse-cart, and he does his all his hauling with one small horse or mule, in that cart. They certainly know how to utilize a mule and cart. They go to church in carts. It is rather amusing to see how it is done, but they will take a mule that three able men could take by the ears and tail and throw on a small horse, and hitch him to the cart, and six or ten grown persons get into it and ride seven miles to church. I saw six myself and I was told that ten could go; and they go very rapidly. They stand up and hold to each other and the sides of the frame. I went very near to the region of 'you'ns and 'we'ns,' but did not meet any one who actually spoke in that dialect. I went with an ex-cellar brother home to dinner on Sunday. He was very stout, and had a new tobacco pipe. He had made up his mind to quit smoking, but he failed to hear the name. That afternoon he and I went in a buggy to a funeral. He was speaking of his wife (then dead) and his step-daughters; I asked him what their names were; he repeated it, but I did not hear it. I asked again, and he undertook to spell it, thus, We-a-n and closed with a low grunt. I proposed to spell it, so I began, We-a-n-d, and asked if that was the way. He turned to me and said, "I rather think they spell it with a 'w.' Instantly I thought of the suggestion of the Elder Weller to his son, when he said; 'Spell it with me, Samuel, spell it with a 'w.' The name of the girls was Vann, so one of them told me that night after our return.

I am now in the bill-county of Virginia, where there is much game, but I have no dog. My mind Misson dog, my new tobacco, does the work well, but alas! how can I find them? This day I walked out and found a few, but while passing through some woods and briars, a turkey that had been frightened, arose and attempted to leave that part of the country in great haste, but my number five were too quick for him. I would enjoy one more trip with the Keytesville sportsmen. I would be willing to risk my old mulez-loader among their break-loaders. H. H.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY in me vested as administrator of the estate of W. W. Rucker, deceased, and in pursuance of an order of sale, made by the probate court of Chariton county, state of Missouri, on the 10th day of December, 1877, I will, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1878, at the east front door of the court house, in the town of Keytesville, in said county, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, during the session of the circuit court, of said county, expose to sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the said W. W. Rucker in and to the following described real estate to-wit: the east half of the northeast quarter of section twenty (20), township fifty-six, (56), range seventeen (17), situate in Chariton county, Missouri, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the debts due and unpaid by said estate. Terms of sale: ASH IN HAND.

ANDREW MACKAY, Jr., Administrator.

THE SHERIFF'S SALE SWAMP LANDS.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER MADE BY THE county court of Chariton county, at its regular session, on the 4th day of November, 1878, which order was made of record on the first day of said term, and directed and delivered, ordering me to advertise for sixty days, in one or more newspapers published in said county, naming the time, terms and place of sale, and the property to be sold; now, therefore, I, R. B. Davis, sheriff of said county of Chariton, will, on the