CHARITON COURIER

BY VANDIVER & COLLINS.

The COURIER is the only paper published at Keytesville, the County seat of Chariton County, and has extensive circulation, its readers representing the intelligence, thrift and enterprise of the county.

Terms of Subscription.

One Copy, one year (in advance).....$1 50
One Copy, six months.....75
One Copy, three months.....50

As an advertising medium the COURIER has but few equals in the West. The County in which it circulates being one of the largest, most wealthy and thickly populated in the State, its special fields are extensive, and its circulation has reached a point seldom equaled by the country press.

Rates Furnished on Application.

CHARITON COURIER.

VOLUME X111. KEYTESVILLE, CHARITON CO., MO., FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1884. NUMBER 10.

CHARITON COURIER.

LEGAL BLANKS.

A large stock of Legal Blanks for Justices of the Peace, Constables, Township Officers, Conveyancers and also Miscellaneous Blanks, kept constantly on hand, and for sale at Hannibal Prices. We use the very best paper, and our blanks are all of standard forms, such as are prescribed by the Statutes, or are in general use.

JOB PRINTING.

All Kinds of Job Printing, from the Simplest Card to a Bound Book, neatly executed on Short Notice and at the very Lowest Living Prices, in the Latest Styles and of the Best Quality. We keep up with the times in all the new designs of display type, on most approved presses, and defy the country or city in comparison of work.

We Solicit Your Patronage.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

Railroad Time Table.

Trains leave Keytesville as follows:

GOING EAST.

No. 2. Mail and Express.....6:55 a. m
No. 4. Express.....11:28 p. m
No. 22. Local Freight.....5:15 p. m

GOING WEST.

No. 3. Mail and Express.....4:41 p. m
No. 5. Pacific Express.....3:54 a. m
No. 21. Local Freight.....10:20 a. m

GEO. R. LAYTON, Agent.

Courts.

CIRCUIT COURT.—Regular terms are held the first Monday in April and third Monday in October.

PROBATE COURT—Regular terms are held the Second Mondays of February, May, August and November.

COUNTY COURT—Regular terms are held the first Mondays in February, May, August and November.

State Officers.

Governor—Thos. T. Crittenden, of Johnson.
Lieut.-Governor—Robt. A. Campbell, of St. Louis.
Attorney-General—D. H. McIntyre, of Andrain.
Secretary of State—M. K. McGrath, of St. Louis.
State Auditor—Jno. Walker, of Howard.
State Treasurer—Phil. E. Chappell, of Cole.
Sup't Public Schools—W. S. Coleman, of Saline.
Register of Lands—Robt. McCullough, of Cooper.
Congressman (this) 10th District—J. H. Burrows.
State Senator (this) 6th District—W. Halliburton.
Judge (this) 11th Judicial Circuit—G. D. Burgess.

County Officers.

Representative.....L. D. Isbell.
Prosecuting Attorney.....C. W. Bell
Judges County Court, { J. B. Hyde, President. / J. M. Marsh, West'n District / J. L. Stacy, Eastern District
Clerk County Court.....Jno. A. Lee
Circuit Clerk and Recorder.....James A. Egan
Judge of Probate.....H. C. Minter
Sheriff.....Jas. Owen
Treasurer.....J. M. Hamilton
Public Administrator.....C. J. Via
County Surveyor.....Samuel Carter
Coroner.....Dr. Jno. Wallace
County School Commissioner.....Tyson Dines

Religious.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Preaching first and third Sabbath. Rev. S. M. Watson, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock.

METHODIST CHURCH (South)—Rev. J. F. Shores, pastor. Services the fourth Sabbaths of each month, morning and evening. Sabbath school every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. H. Barton pastor. Services second and fourth Sundays of each month.

A. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. P. A. Crockett, pastor. Services second and fourth Sabbaths each month, morning and evening. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 2 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH (colored)—Sabbath school every Sabbath at 2 p. m.

Benevolent and Literary.

KEYTESVILLE LIBRARY—O. F. Smith, Librarian Open from 8 to 12 a. m. and from 2. to 4 p. m.

WARREN LODGE, No. 74, A. F. and A. M.—John Chivers, Master; L. M. Applegate, Secretary. Regular meetings Saturday evening preceding full moon.

CHARITON LODGE, No. 177, A. O. U. W.—J. C. Wallace, M. W.; R. H. Tisdale, Recorder. Regular meetings 3d and 4th Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.

CHARITON CO. MEDICAL SOCIETY.—Meets the Fourth Thursday in each month at Salisbury.

SELECT KNIGHTS, A. O. U. W.—Meets 2d and 4th Friday evenings in each month. J. D. Butler, S. C., R. H. Tisdale, R.

A. W. JOHNSON,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,
SALISBURY, MO.
Will practice in all the State Courts.

O. F. SMITH, Keytesville, Mo. A. W. MULLINS, Linneus, Mo.
SMITH & MULLINS,
Attorneys at Law,
KEYTESVILLE, MO.
Will practice in the Circuit and State Courts of Missouri.

A. MACKAY, Jr., St. Louis, Mo. W. W. RUCKER, Keytesville, Mo
MACKAY & RUCKER,
Attorneys at Law & Notaries Public
KEYTESVILLE, MO.
Will practice in the Courts of Chariton and adjoining counties.
☞Special attention given to collections.

O.O. CATON. J. F. KENNEDY.
CATON & KENNEDY,
Merchant Tailors,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
Brunswick, Mo.
Keep constantly on hand a fine stock of
GENT'S SUITINGS,
And make the same to order after the most Fashionable Styles.
Attention Given to Cutting.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
1st Jn84

A GRAND COMBINATION
The best Political and Family newspaper in the United States with the best Agricultural journal, and a good reliable Watch, for but fifty cents more than the price of Watch alone.
The Weekly Courier-Journal and the Semi-Monthly Home and Farm, for the purpose of adding 100,000 New Subscribers to their lists in the next four months, make the following UNPARALLELED OFFER; the two papers one year and the Waterbury Watch, for only $4. See the reduction made:

REGULAR PRICES.		COMBINATION OFFER.	
Courier-Journal....	$1 50	For THE TWO PAPERS and the WATCH for only	$4
Home and Farm....	50		
Waterbury Watch..	3 50		
	$3.50		

The Courier-Journal (Henry Watterson Editor in Chief) is an uncompromising enemy of monopolies and the spirit of subsidy as embodied in
THAT THIEVING TARIFF!
It is too well known to render it necessary to speak of its character as a public news and family journal.
The Home and Farm has the largest and most attractive list of contributors of any agricultural paper in the country. Its columns are devoted exclusively to Agricultural and Home Topics. Every phase of Farm life depicted and commented on. It is made by farmers for farmers. It treats Household matters extensively, and is indispensable to every housekeeper.
The WATERBURY WATCH sells at the manufactory for $3.50, and is widely known as the best cheap Watch ever placed before the public. For only $4 the Watch and two papers, one year, will be sent. Watch to one address, and papers to another when so desired. The Watch, under this offer, will cost $1 less than it can be bought for at the manufactory. Courier-Journal and Home and Farm, without watch, will be sent one year for $1.50. Sample copies sent free of charge. Subscriptions can be sent to either W. N. HALDEMAN, Pres. Courier-Journal Co., Louisville, Ky., or R. F. AVERY & SONS, Publishers Home and Farm, Louisville, Ky.

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

Creditors and all others interested in the estate of Anna Butler (colored), deceased, are hereby notified that at the next regular term of the Chariton County Probate Court, to be begun and held on the second Monday in May, 1884, at the Court-house in Keytesville, in said county, I shall make final settlement of said estate.
GEO. W. LOCK, Administrator.

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

Creditors and all others interested in the estate of Sarah Foster, deceased, are hereby notified that at the next regular term of the Chariton County Probate Court, to be begun and held on the second Monday in May, 1884, at the Court-house in Keytesville, in said county, I shall make final settlement of said estate.
JAS. S. BARNES, Administrator.

Mrs. Brooks & Lowry,
[Successors to Mrs. Brooks.]
New Millinery Store.
We would most respectful solicit the patronage of the ladies of Chariton county, and Keytesville in particular. Our goods are new, and will always be of the latest style. Our stock of millinery will be complete in every particular, and will be selected with great care and taste.
GIVE US A CALL.
MRS. BROOKS & LOWRY, Keytesville, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1872.
THE OLD RELIABLE
BANK OF KEYTESVILLE.
Deposites secured by $80,000 worth of unincumbered real estate in Chariton County.
Wm. E. HILL, Cashier.

WHITEMAN & VAUGHAN,
HARDWARE, TIN & GRANITEWARE,
KEYTESVILLE, MO.,
SUPERIOR COOKING STOVES
TIN SHOP.
All repairing promptly done, and at the lowest possible prices.
CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW GOODS

MARTIN & APPLEGATE,
Pure Drugs, Medicines,
SCHOOL BOOKS, FANCY and TOILET ARTICLES,
Stationery, Etc.,
KEYTESVILLE, : : : : : MISSOURI.
Choice Goods at the Lowest Prices.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night.

KEYTESVILLE
MARBLE WORKS!
SEISER & SON, Props.
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE
MONUMENTS!
AND GRAVESTONES.
ALL WORK WARRANTED
GEO. M. WILSON, Agent.
KEYTESVILLE, MO.

LUMBER,
DOORS, BLINDS,
Fryes' Patent Fence!
Sahs, Nails, &c,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
Guns Powder & Shot,
Barbed Fence Wire,
TABL AND POCKET CUTLERY.
Cheapest in the County at
M. H. HOLCOMBS'.

To Dyspeptics.
The most common signs of Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, are an oppression at the stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash, heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer untold miseries, bodily and mental. They should stimulate the digestion, and secure regular daily action of the bowels, by the use of moderate doses of
Ayer's Pills.
After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually all that is required to complete the cure.
AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and reliable medicine for the cure of all disorders of the stomach and bowels. They are the best of all purgatives for family use.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

L. M. APPLEGATE, President, J. B. HYDE, Vice President.
JOHN C. MILLER Cashier.
FARMERS BANK
—OF—
CHARITON COUNTY.
Keytesville - - Mo.
Does a general Banking business on liberal terms. Collections made promptly remitted. Exchange drawn on all principal cities.

BELL & PERKINSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BRUNSWICK, MO.
Will practice in all the courts of Chariton and adjoining counties. All legal business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention.

J. T. ALDRIDGE, M. D.
PHYSICIAN and ORSTETBICIAN.
KEYTESVILLE, MO.
☞Office over Farmers Bank.
Offers his professional services to the people of Keytesville and vicinity.
Can always be found in office when not professionally engaged.

L. W. SNEED,
TONSORIAL ARTIST,
Keytesvile, Mo.
Shaving, shampooning and hair cutting. Everything neat and clean. Step right in, you are next. Front room over Kellogg's Billiard Parlor.

GEORGE W. BAILEY,
Real Estate and Loan Agent.
$500,000 to loan on improved real estate in Chariton, Linn and Sullivan Counties. Office up-stairs in the Linn County Bank Building,
BROOKFIELD, MO. 36

D. B. KELLOGG,
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS.
Fresh Beer Always on Tap.
—ALSO—
Billiard & Pool Tables,
Where gentlemen can indulge in a social game. Best of order maintained at all times.
D. B. KELLOGG,
Keytesville, Mo.

R. B. LOWRY,
Pure Wines and Liquors.
Fresh Beer Always on Tap.
—ALSO—
POOL TABLES,
Where gentlemen can have a quiet and pleasant game. Best of order will be maintained.
Leonard & Lowry,
Keytesville, Mo.

Jno. C. Beasley,
NEW BRICK
LIVERY STABLE!
KEYTESVILLE, MO.
First-Class Rigs at Reasonable Rates
GIVE ME A CALL.
☞Bus Line to the Depot.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Henry Linneman, deceased, have been granted me by the Probate Court of Chariton county, bearing date April 3, 1884. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefits of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within two years they shall be forever barred. MINNA LINNEMAN,
9 Administratrix.

PATENTS
MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven years' experience.
Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

GRAND DISPLAY OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS AT
SCOTT & PARKS'.
We have positively surpassed all former efforts in the selection of our STOK, and our line of Dry Goods, lothing, Gents' and Lady's Furnishing Goods, Notions, &c., can not be beat. Our prices are the lowest. Give us a call and we will do you good.
SCOTT & PARKS, Keytesville, Missouri.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

MAY 2, 1884.

The lower branch of Congress is making a determined effort to work, and nightly sessions are held in order to expedite the tariff debate. The Democratic Representatives are on the point of calling a caucus to take into consideration the present status of business, and to devise some plan to push matters along for the remainder of the session. Old members, speaking of the tardiness of business, say they think only such measures as are admitted to be necessary to the proper administration of the government stand much show of passage.

The leaders in the tariff discussion contemplate closing the general debate on Tuesday, May 6. They propose devoting Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, and Tuesday of next week to the consideration of the measure. Mr. Kasson, of Illinois, will make the closing speech on the Republican side, and he expects to make the motion to strike out the enacting clause of the bill. A Representative from Maryland, who supported Mr. Randall for the Speakership, and has agreed with him on the tariff question, said to me the other day that the House was going to pass the Morrison bill as sure as fate. "With amendments?" inquired I. "They will pass it pure and simple," was the reply. There have been more changes of opinion on this question than most people think.

Among the notable free trade speech of the week was that of Congressman Wood, of Indiana, who explained the Democratic doctrine to be that duties upon imports should be levied to raise revenue sufficient to support the government and pay its just debts. This kind of tariff, he urged, makes sufficient revenue the object of the law, and protection to home industry the incident. The Republican doctrine, he said, was that a protective tariff makes protection to home industries from foreign competition the object of the law, and sufficient revenue the incident. Quoting from the President's message the clause, "The question still presses what legislation is necessary to relieve the people of unnecessary taxes." He said these taxes existed to such an extent as to call to them a special reference even from a Republican President. The orator contended that the great industries of this country must get out of the notion that the government stimulus is of any lasting benefit. Like any other stimulant, it made for a little time a brilliant light, then left a desolation. The protective system, he claimed, had made labor an auction block, around which monopolists gathered, bidding in the chained slaves, buying him and his vote at the same time, and counting the profit saved, while the brawny arms implore the mercy of providence for him and his in this land of overflowing plenty. He illustrated what he called the abandoned wickedness of the protective system in several ways, calling it class legislation to favor one class over all others. He appealed to the farmers to unite for their own interest, saying that in the near future stronger laws would be enacted to satisfy the greed of the protective classes, that would yoke them down like the Hebrew children, while their appeals for fairness and justice would be scoffed at mercilessly. Mr. Woods said that if revenue reform drives old Democrats out of the party, be it so. They ought not to remain in the ranks and stab its vital principle to death under the cover of Democracy.

The Senate hopes to dispose of the pleuro-pneumonia bill to-day. The last able assault upon the measure was made by Senator Jones, of Florida, who saw in it several constitutional objections.

The woman suffrage question has assumed four phases in Congress. From the committee there comes a report made by the minority which is in favor of extending the ballot to the fair sex. Another report from the majority is strongly opposed to the proposition. Representative Dorsheimer's report says it is probable the interests of society will require that the women shall be allowed to vote after a while, but not now; and Representative Poland says, in his own behalf, that the duties which nature has devolved upon woman during the active part of her life makes it impractical for her to enter into politics.

No other preparation so concentrates and combines blood-purifying, enriching and invigorating qualities as Ayer's sarsaparilla. Quality should be considered when making comparisons.

THERE scarce can be named one quality that is amiable in a woman which is not becoming in a man, not excepting even modesty and gentleness of nature.

Twisting a Mule's Tail.

When the bright sunshine, streaming down through mazes of rigging and clouds of unfurled canvas, gave an air of early summer to the Pierrepont Docks, in Brooklyn, one morning last week, six idle men gathered on the warm side of a warehouse and discussed the enervating influences of spring. To them the distant ships seemed asleep upon the horizon; the water lapped against the pierheads with a drowsy murmur, and the fiendish shriek of a passing tugboat died away like a lullaby. One man felt sure that nature expected people to rest in springtime, and the others that it was a sin to work any creature except a mule. The unfortunate animal received mention because a long-legged, file backed specimen of the species chewed a piece of an old carpet on the pier, and at uncertain and spasmodic intervals tried to kick a hogshead and two barrels into the river.

Gradually the talk turned upon the viciousnees, the vindictiveness and the untamable nature of mules. The mule on the dock was thought to be an unusually vicious animal. Wickedness and a miscellaneous desire to smash things could be seen in his eye, and his feet seemed just the kind for effective kicking.

"Bet no one dares't fool around that mule," said a man with a beard like an unnatural growth of oakum.

"Wouldn't fool 'round him long," said a crosseyed man. "He'd kick the daylights out of a man's grandfather."

"If that mule struck you once your whole family 'ud die," exclaimed a third man in confidence. "I'll bet a good cigar 't mo man in this crowd dares't go up and tickle him."

"I'll make it $5 if any man'll twist his tail," challenged a ship chandler's agent, as the mule beat a tattoo against a post on the pier. "Yes, I'll make it ten."

"Stuff," sneered a lazy looking vagrant a little apart from the crowd.

"Who says stuff," demanded the agent in a voice like a prize fighter's. "Maybe you'd like to twist that mule's tail?'

"I think I could do it."

"Here's ten dollars that says you can't."

"I'll go yet."

The money was put into the hands of a ship supply contractor, and the details were properly arranged. The lazy man was to twist the mule's tail—if he could get near enough—with all his strength, and was to escape unhurt. The crowd was to stand at a respectful distance ad see fair play. The lazy man swung his coat over his arm, borrowed a a chew of navy plug, and walked down the pier. The crowd followed slowly. The mule showed a strong desire to eat, not only the approaching man, but the pier itself. But viciousness was restrained by a strong rope halter. The lazy man tossed his coat upon a barrel and grasped the mule's tail with both hands. The crowd held its breath. The twister wound the tail in a hard knot and pulled the mule from side to side, as far as the halter would permit. The mule made no effort to resent the indignity. The lazy man again threw his coat over his arm, and, taking the money from the contractor, sauntered up Montague street. The crowd was speechless.

"Did you see that?" at length asked one of the men of a stevedore who leaned over a barrel.

"Yes, I saw it."

"Mule hadn't any spunk, had he?"

"Hadn't he? Why, man, that's the crossest mule in Brooklyn, and the biggest kickr."

"Then why in thunder didn't he lift that man across Governor Island?"

"Well, it's like this: If you owned that mule, and had him trained to do that same trick once a week, he wouldn't kick, would he? Not much! That mule knows his owner, now, make no mistake."

MANY ladies admire gray hair—on some other person. But few care to try its effect on their own charms. Nor need they, since Ayer's hair vigor prevents the hair from turning gray, and restores gray hair to its original color. It cleanses the scalp, prevents the formation of dandruff, and wonderfully stimulates the growth of the hair.

A COUPLE of laymen were heard discussing the merits and demerits of their pastor's sermon in a country village not long since, when one of them said: "I can a stand a newly written sermon well enough, but that one we heard last Sunday looked too much like a smoked tittle for me."

THIS life is meant only to discipline us—to fit us for a higher and purer state of being. Then stop whining and fretting, and go on your way rejoicing.

NEVER undertake to rot barnyard manure by mixing it with lime. The lime liberates the ammonia.

THE colored conference recently held at Pittsburg had a fair attendance of representative colored men from many of the States. The conference was not very harmonious on all points. We judge from the general tenor of the speeches made that many of the colored race are beginning to look out for themselves in political matters. One speaker said: "I swear before God this morning that in the future I will wear no political clothes prepared for me without even taking my measure or consulting me as to the color or style of the garment. I am tired of being held up as a red rag for the political bull." The truth of the business is the colored race in the United States have been disappointed with their party affiliations since the Supreme Court decision against the civil rights bill. We see manifestations of this dissatisfaction in every public meeting of any consequence held by them since that decision was made. They are now menacing all political parties with the hope that some measures will be adopted answering the purposes for which the civil rights bill was intended—not only so, but they wish to do away with the separate schools, and have the white and colored children all attend the same schools. They say: "Separate schools have a tendency to depress colored children and foster contempt for the race." Before leaving for their homes the colored convention took a vote for President. Logan received 20, Lincoln 4, Blaine 13, Edmunds 6, Grant 3, Harlan 3, Arthur 1, Harrison 2, no choice 2. We wonder if the two two last named were Democrats, and afraid to vote?

THE success of almost all undertakings depends largely upon the patronage received from the public. Especially is this true in regard to the introduction of a better stock of horses into a country. The man or company of men who have energy and push about them sufficient to to break away from their old fogy ideas, that one horse is as good as another, and that what they have is good enough, and will spend their time and money in procuring something better, should have the hearty support of all who are interested in horses. It would be hard to estimate how much the country is indebted to those who have made a specialty of the importing and breeding of nothing but the best strains of horses that can be produced. Were this realized by every farmer that raises horses, that whether for his own use or for the trade, there would not be a better investment imaginable than in first class stallions. Such a state of affairs is being more nearly reached every year, and while a few short-sighted men who are always ready to throw cold water on anything progressive have argued that the matter would be overdone, the prospects are better than ever before for still greater advances. To overdo a thing like this is one of the impossibilities, and the man who has an inclination in this line of enterprise need not hesitate for a moment through fear of it not being profitable, if he invests his money judiciously and manages carefully after he has invested. It will be surprising to compare the average price of the horses throughout the country in twentw years from now with those of the present, so great will be the improvement.—Pittsburg Stockman.

A CORRESPONDENT writing to an exchange says: "I have a wagon of which, six years ago, the felloes shrunk so that the tires became loose. I gave it a good coat of hot oil, and every year since it has had a coat of oil or paint, sometimes both. The tires are tight yet, and they have not been set for eight years. Many farmers think that as soon as wagon felloes begin to shrink they must go at once to a blacksmith shop and get the tire set. Instead of doing that, which is often a damage to the wheel, causing them to dish, if they will get some linseed oil and heat it boiling hot, and give the felloes all the oil they can take, it will fill them up to ther usual size and tighten to keep them from shrinking, also to keep out the water. If you do not wish to go to the trouble of mixing paint you can heat the oil and tie a rag to a stick and swab them over as long as they will take oil. A brush is more convenient to use, but a swab will answer if you do not wish to buy a brush. It is quite a saving of money to look after the wood work of farm machinery. Alternate wetting and drying injures and causes the best wood soon to decay and lose its strength unless kept well painted. It pays to keep a little on hand to oil fork handles, rakes, neck yokes, whiffletrees and any of the small tools on the farm that are more or less exposed."

WANT of punctuality may be excused in the cook, or even in the host, but never in the guest.