

THE CHARITON COURIER.

C. P. VANDIVER, Ed. and Prop.

KEYTESVILLE, - MISSOURI.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce

G. E. ANDERSON

as a candidate for sheriff of Chariton county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

H. L. HAYES

as a candidate for sheriff of Chariton county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

UTAH IS NOW a full-pledged state.

H. H. EVANS, of near Elsberry, Mo., was killed last Monday by the accidental discharge of a gun.

DEAL BROS., druggists of Carthage, Mo., made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors last Monday.

HENRY P. LEE, arrested in Moberly last week for forgery, escaped from Deputy Sheriff Halpin while returning from Montgomery City Monday last. Halpin having taken him to that city to give bail, which it is supposed he failed to secure.

The *Brunswick* facetiously ventures the opinion that "Congressman Hall possibly intends seeking the nomination for congressman of this district on the Republican ticket in the spring." We don't know what ticket Halpin will seek a renomination on, but we are quite sure he will not be renominated on the Democratic ticket, whose party principles he has so basely betrayed.

OLD ENGLAND, at this time, finds herself in a very unenviable plight before the world generally. With the setback she has just suffered at the hands of President Kruger, of the South African republic, and with the French, Russian and German dogs of war snapping and snarling at her, eager to pounce upon her at the slightest opportunity, it is not likely that she will come over here and wipe us off the continent for a week or two, at least.

THE INVASION of the Transvaal republic, in South Africa, by a British force, has met the fate it deserved. The defeat and capture of Dr. Jameson and his army within the limits of that republic is another link in the chain of disasters that have overtaken the imperial mistress of the world. Germany and the United States have each had occasion within the last few weeks to demand an explanation from this overbearing autocrat of the seas.

THE CUBAN insurrection has been an exciting theme among military critics for the last few days. The insurgents have approached the very suburbs of Havana, the capital of the island, and have successfully evaded an engagement with the Spanish troops. This is characterized as superb generalship on the part of the rebel leaders, and is an indication of what the end of the struggle will be. But just when the end will come no one has ventured to prophesy as yet.

It is announced from Madrid, Spain, that Martinez Campos, captain general of the Spanish forces in the Cuban revolution, has resigned. Gen. Gomez, leader of the insurgent army, according to late dispatches from Havana, seems to "have things coming his way," and in our opinion old Spain will have to "get a hustle on her" or she will get the everlasting "stiffin" whipped out of her by the Cuban revolutionists. Such a termination of the existing troubles between Cuba and Spain would be pleasing to three-fourths of the people of this great republic, and if congress wishes to do something that will be popular with the masses, it should not delay in granting the Cuban revolutionists the rights due her belligerents.

SILVER NUGGETS.

Lon V. Stephens

Secretary Carlisle is growing bolder and bolder, and is now reported as being very active with his friends in the lobby, trying to get the new issue of bonds made payable in gold.

All the outstanding bonds of the government are at present payable in "coin," which really means either gold or silver.

But Messrs. Cleveland, Sherman and Carlisle hold that "coin" means gold alone, although in doing so they have the constitution and Webster and the common-sense of the people against them, and, by paying every outstanding obligation presented at the treasury in gold, they are responsible for our present unfortunate financial condition—for our present "financial illness."

If these gentlemen are satisfied that the position they take is the correct one—the just one—why their anxiety about getting the new issue of bonds payable in gold instead of "coin?"

It looks as if they have come to the conclusion that they have "mon-keyed with the alligator" about long enough—that they can't fool the people any farther—and are beginning to recognize that the people will not much longer submit to their unfair and unjust discrimination against the money of our fathers, and their criminal and costly stubbornness.

And the president is reported at last angry with Wall street (thank the Lord) because of the reception it has given his Venezuelan message, and because of the unparagoned condemnation he has received from that quarter in his efforts to uphold our national honor. What does Wall street care for the Monroe doctrine? Its prowlers and schemers wouldn't recognize it if they met it in the road with a brass band accompaniment.

What does it care or know about "patriotism?" This same Wall street crowd precipitated the disastrous panic of 1893 as an "object lesson," to influence people of the West and South as I have before stated, over to the gold theory. The heartless financial political manipulators unchained their tiger, and it returned and almost devoured them. We must not forget these same "patriotic" gentlemen—these same British agents on Wall street—passed strong resolutions against the Declaration of Independence in 1776, and they are still passing resolutions against our liberty and financial independence from British greed and rapacity. President Cleveland was the greatest man living, in the estimation of Wall street, until he made a step in the interest of the people, temporarily threatening their gambling stock—not worth, intrinsically, a dollar a ton, but which are held solely and purely for speculation. There is no patriotism in Wall street, and never has been, and never will be. Selfishness and greed rule the day there. The men who are standing loyally by Mr. Cleveland at this time, in his appeal for patriotism, are the stalwart men of the West and South, who almost unanimously oppose his financial policy. Mr. Cleveland might, from his experience in the last few weeks, learn a lesson which may draw him more closely to the good people of this section of the United States. In the event of war with Great Britain, the probabilities are that Wall street would be in sympathy with England. The people of this section will stand up for America—will die, if need be, to maintain our honor and our rights.

The following "shorter catechism," clipped from the *Denver News*, makes plain the position occupied by Wall street, in regard to this nation, and should be inwardly digested by all who think the patriotism and financial wisdom of the country are limited to that short street:

Question—Financially speaking, what is the first duty of every true citizen of this republic in this and every other crisis?

Answer.—To do all that he can to maintain the credit of the government.

Q.—Would it be unfortunate should the treasury be depleted at this time?

A.—It would.

Q.—Is it likely that a raid will be made on the gold reserve?

A.—It is feared.

Q.—From what quarter?

A.—From Wall street.

Q.—Where does a panic strike first, as a rule?

A.—Where confidence in the government is least.

Q.—Has there been any general

panic, any slump in stocks in the West, Northwest or South?

A.—No.

Q.—Has Cleveland favored these sections of the country in the past in such a way as to make them feel a greater loyalty to him than is to be found in the East?

A.—He has not; rather the reverse.

Q.—What is the "sound money" financial center of this country?

A.—Wall street.

Q.—What is it doing to uphold the treasury?

A.—Nothing. It will take every dollar of gold in the country if it can.

Q.—What is the center of the silver movement in the United States?

A.—Colorado.

Q.—What are the people of Colorado doing to show their loyalty to the government?

A.—Digging up millions of gold and silver.

Q.—What is the general attitude of the West on the war question?

A.—Millions for defense, but not one cent for bonds.

Q.—Are the people of the West selling their stocks and property at a loss and preparing to move out in case of war?

A.—No, we leave that kind of thing to the traitors, who only live on our soil while they can live off our country, like the parasites they are.

"A Banker," writing to the *New York Sun* concerning the president's project for bringing financial peace to the country by retiring the greenbacks, presents the following inquiry, which might be profitably considered by some of the bankers who are giving their approval to that scheme:

"When the greenbacks have been retired, what then? What kind of lawful money will be available for the 25 per cent. reserve fund of the banks? Gold!

"In what kind of legal tender money shall the national bank notes be redeemable? Gold!

"Where will the gold come from to settle the international 'balance of trade?' From the banks.

"Then what will become of the gold reserve of the banks? And what they will become of the banks, when their 'gold reserve' is exhausted? And how will the suspension of specie payments by the banks affect the public mind?"

"There is now about \$200,000,000 gold in the country, available for the 25 per cent. lawful reserve, and more than \$400,000,000 is needed. Where shall the banks get all this gold from?"

"These are pertinent questions, which our Don Quixote and his faithful squire have not grappled with."

Referring to the above, the *Manufacturer* says: "To relieve the treasury from the obligation to pay out gold would be, inevitably, to transfer to the banks the whole of the demand for gold. In the first place, such a transfer could not possibly inspire the public mind with greater confidence in the certainty of gold payments, because, in the second place, it would not add another ounce to the available stock of gold. In the absence of enough gold to meet urgent demand for the metal, the probable result would be to force the banks, within a brief period, to suspend specie payment. This would be the culminating catastrophe of an attempt to maintain gold monometallism which, if Mr. Cleveland should have his way would have added nearly 700 million dollars to the indebtedness of the American people. The effort to sustain this false system has filled the world with loss and misery, and the crassest schemes are now devised to avoid the only conclusion that is possible, if safety is to be obtained, which is to supplement standard gold with full-standard silver."

From the Cleveland (*Ohio Sun*):

"Legislation has increased the demand for gold and the demand has raised the price of gold.

"Legislation can increase the demand for silver and the demand will raise the price of silver.

"Secretary Carlisle says Uncle Sam has lost \$162,000,000 lying to maintain the parity between gold and silver.

"Give gold and silver an equal chance in the mints, and the party will take care of itself. The can be no parity of the two metals while the government pays out dily gold.

"All debts of the government are payable either in gold or silver. If Secretary Carlisle had paid out silver, the people's money, Uncle Sam

would have saved all that vast sum.

"The states, under the constitution, received the right to make gold and silver full legal-tender for all debts. What right has the secretary of the treasury to stop the coinage of silver and deprive the people of their constitutional rights?"

A special telegram from Topeka, Kansas, says: "Walter N. Allen, the well-known Populist politician of Jefferson county, has issued a circular letter, asking for authority from his kind of thinkers to call a national conference of Populists and silver Democrats and Republicans. He argues that a ticket nominated by such a conference would win, while a straight Populist ticket would meet with defeat. 'We can agree,' he says, 'upon a single-subject platform—the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.'"

C. C. BIGGER, of Laclede, scores Geo. S. Grover, of St. Louis, in the last issue of the *Linn County News*, and calls him a common liar and contemptible scoundrel. The Laclede lawyer, it will be remembered, was connected with Major A. W. Mullins, of Linneus, as counsel for plaintiff in the case of one Hurlbert in a damage suit against the Wabash Railroad company, which resulted in Hurlbert's obtaining a verdict against defendant company for \$6,000. Mr. Grover, the attorney for the Wabash, appealed to the supreme court where the finding of the lower court was affirmed. Grover recently charged that the sustaining of the verdict of the lower court by the supreme court was on account of forged testimony furnished by the attorneys for the plaintiff, which charge greatly disturbed their peace of mind. Two or three weeks ago Major Mullins buried some vigorous English, through the columns of the *Linn County News*, that was for more emphatic than elegant, at Grover, and now Mr. Bigger, who doubtless takes the advantage his name affords, also gives Grover a tongue-lashing. As they are all Republican lawyers, let 'em fight. It's dollars to doughnuts they will take a drink together when they meet, although there may be a funeral or two instead of cocktails.

The possibilities of Missouri soil and climate are indeed prolific. The state agricultural experimental station at Columbia has made some wonderful discoveries within the last few years. The most important of these discoveries is that the cultivation of figs will, in the near future, become an important branch of industry in this state. The growing of this sub-tropical fruit is destined to become a productive enterprise in Missouri if experiments at the experimental station hold good. The directors of the station are preparing a statement of the result of these experiments in fig-growing in Missouri, and which will soon be made public.

An imposing ceremony, investing the Right Reverend Francis Satolli, archbishop of Laponto, with the insignia and rank of a cardinal of the Catholic church, took place at Baltimore, Md., last Sunday. No ecclesiastic event of the 19th century has attracted more wide-spread attention. Distinguished citizens of England and America, were present on the occasion.

The residence of Max Lawenstrib, of Moberly, was burglarized of a quantity of silverware last Sunday night. Chas. Lee, col., was arrested.

Judge John McClelland, who was once a member of the county court of this county, and who was noted for his eminently fair rulings while on the bench, died of pneumonia at his home, near Newcomer, last Saturday. We have not the data at hand for such a notice of his death as we would like to give. His remains were taken to Illinois for interment. We tender our sympathies to his bereaved family.

A determined man's nature is like oil. No matter what kind of adverse circumstances you compound him with, he will strive to swim on top. Take Sneed's Constipation Cure for dizziness. For sale by druggists.

Go to Brill for groceries, glass ware, queensware, tinware, candies, cigars and tobacco.

Wheat went off a half a cent a bushel at Chicago last Wednesday.

The gold reserve has dropped to the \$57,000,000 mark, and is still "dropping."

The Republican senate caucus could not agree on the tariff, and their controversy came near winding up in a family row.

Gov. Clarke, of Arkansas, has announced his candidacy for the United States senate with the view to capturing Senator Jones' senatorial shoes.

Chauncey I. Filley, "de ole man," and the Republican party in Missouri, is in Washington, probably to investigate why Justice Brewer had never heard of him.

A free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was reported to the senate by the finance committee last Tuesday. The senate doesn't care to be Reezided.

Dr. William Richardson has been chosen to the chair of literature at the Kirksville Normal school, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Prof. Laughlin.

Governor Lowndes, the first Republican governor Maryland ever had, was inaugurated last Wednesday. Maryland should now keep her hand on her pocket-book.

Ewing Hall, an insane man at Hallsville, Boone county, was burned to death last Tuesday by his clothing becoming ignited from a fire that he kindled himself.

F. F. Harl, a St. Joseph attorney, is in the toils, charged with having attempted to choke his stepmother to death. She had, perhaps, been trying to step on him.

Hon. H. C. Ireland, a prominent citizen of Chillicothe, died last Tuesday of pneumonia. He was at one time a representative of Livingston county in the state legislature, and had taken an active interest in politics for many years.

Cleveland is all smiles. It is not another baby at the white house, but there is a probability that a bill will be introduced into the lower house of congress admitting Hawaii into the union. Grover, you know, is "scamuljugated" on Queen Lil.

Senator Vest, Missouri's silver-tongued orator, made a characteristic speech in the United States senate last Tuesday, in which he attributed the shortage of revenue under the present Democratic administration to the income tax decision by the United States supreme court, and gave the supreme judge a scoring he will remember to his dying day, who "changed his mind" on the constitutionality of the income tax law after having once declared it to be constitutional. Senator Vest now regards a free silver conflict as irrepressible.

'Squire Wm. Carlstead, the new postmaster at Musselfork, took charge of the office yesterday.

City Marshal Embree was up about Eccles, Pee Dee and Hamden yesterday on business.

The best 5c cigars in town are the La Takes.

Prof. Pickett, a hypnotist, is holding down the boards at the Keytesville opera house for three nights this week.

Mrs. Burton, of near Madison, Monroe county, came over last Tuesday to visit the family of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Spencer, near Forest Green, and to attend the home-bringing of the bride of her nephew, Ernest Spencer.

Lost.

Between Mr. A. Mann's resident in Keytesville and the Taylor school-house, three miles southwest of town, on Wednesday morning, Jan. 8th, a pair of gold-rimmed spectacles. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to Miss Lillie Mann, Keytesville Mo..

We are glad to hear that Messrs. Stacey & Courtney are highly pleased with their new miller, Mr. W. W. Duncan, and that those who have tried the flour made by Mr. Duncan speak of it in the loftiest words of praise. As a home enterprise, the COURIER is proud of the Keytesville Roller mills.

M. T. Davenport, who acceptably superintends Chariton county's poor farm, was transacting business at the capital Tuesday, and while here called at this office and transacted a dollar's worth of business with the COURIER, which will enable him to read the best paper in the best county in the best state in the union during 1896.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Farmers' Bank of Chariton county, at Keytesville, state of Missouri, at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec., 1895.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal or collateral security.....	\$45550 35
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security.....	4616 12
Overdrafts by solvent customers.....	3587 78
United States bonds on hand.....	0 00
Other bonds and stocks, at their present cash market price.....	10100 00
Real estate at present cash market value.....	8221 48
Furniture and fixtures.....	1704 79
Due from other banks, good on sight draft.....	8838 28
Checks and other cash items.....	1100 81
National Bank notes, legal tender.....	1100 81
States notes, gold and silver certificates.....	2039 00
Gold coin.....	1840 00
Silver coin.....	781 35
Total.....	\$110698 08

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$25000 00
Surplus funds on hand.....	3038 71
Deposits subject to draft at sight by banks and bankers.....	0 00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others.....	62659 37
Deposits subject to draft at given dates.....	0 00
Bills payable and bills re-discounted.....	30000 00
Total.....	\$110698 08

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss. We, L. M. Applegate, President, and F. Tooley, Cashier, of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of January, A. D., eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

Witness my hand and notarial seal the date last aforesaid.

H. R. RICHARDSON, Circuit Clerk.

Corrected—ATTEST: W. A. TAYLOR, J. C. WALLACE, J. C. WALLACE, Notaries.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Keytesville, at Keytesville, state of Missouri, at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec., 1895.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal or collateral security.....	\$9425 60
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security.....	25359 53
Overdrafts by solvent customers.....	1128 25
United States bonds on hand.....	0 00
Other bonds and stocks at their present cash market price.....	8000 00
Real estate at present cash market value.....	0 00
Furniture and fixtures.....	750 00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft.....	13549 00
Checks and other cash items.....	897 78
National Bank notes, legal tender.....	0 00
United States notes and gold and silver certificates.....	2249 00
Gold coin.....	210 00
Silver coin.....	261 75
Total.....	\$51830 90

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$5000 00
Surplus funds on hand.....	0 00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by banks and bankers.....	0 00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others.....	56830 90
Deposits subject to draft at given dates.....	0 00
Bills payable and bills re-discounted.....	0 00
Total.....	\$61830 90

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss. I, William E. Hill, only owner of said banking business, and I do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of Jan., A. D., eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

Witness my hand and notarial seal the date last aforesaid. (Commission expires and qualified for a term expiring October 7th, 1899.)

THOS. E. MACKEY, Notary Public.

Go to Heneman & Rick and call for their 1891 Home-made Bourbon. You will find it matured well, palatable and strictly pure.