

**Stock Directory**

**LEO**, a black Percheron Stallion, weighing 1,500 pounds.



**BOSSER**, a registered Percheron Stallion, No. 1023, is a strawberry roan weighing 1,800 pounds and is known as the Shaughnessy horse. He has proven to be a great breeder, and his colts bring high prices.

**TAYLOR REX**, a McDonald saddle stallion, register No. 2275, is a coal black, 15 1/2 hands high, has fine style and action, has proven to be a good breeder.

**TERMS:**—My terms on the above stallions are \$10 to insure a colt to test.

A dark gray Blackhawk jack will also make the season of 1910 at my stables, 1 1/4 miles north of Pee Dee, at \$6 to insure a colt to the test.

Pasturage furnished mares from a distance at \$1 per month. Positively no business done on Sunday.

JOHN E. CHRANE, Musselfork, Mo.

**HALL:**—This fine young horse will make the season of 1910 at my farm known as the Bushnell place, four miles northwest of Keytesville, at \$10 to insure a colt 10 days old. Hall is a Percheron horse, coming 4 years old, a dark brown in color, 16 1/2 hands high and weighs between 1,500 and 1,600 pounds.

He was bred and raised by Frank Moritz of Triplett, Mo., and is a splendid individual. He took 1st premium money in all rings he was shown in but one and 2nd money in that one. Hall was sired by the imported Percheron horse, known as the company horse at Triplett. His dam was sired by an imported horse in Iowa.

**TAX-PAYER**, a mammoth 5-year-old black jack, bred and raised in Pike county, Mo., registered, 16 hands high, heavy bone, good action, great length of ear and large head, guaranteed to be a sure foal-getter. This jack took 1st premium money at the fair at Mendon, Mo., 1909. Will make the season of 1910 at the same place as Hall and will serve mares at \$10 to insure a colt 10 days old.

Money due when fact is ascertained or mare parted with or removed from neighborhood. A lien will be retained on all colts until service money is paid. Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but I will assume no liability should any occur.

J. E. MITCHELL.

I desire to call the attention of Chariton county stockmen to my stallions and jacks, consisting of a first-class, registered Percheron stallion weighing 2,000 pounds, and a No. 1 Standard-bred stallion, and two of the best jacks in the state, both registered. These animals will make the season of 1910 at my stables in Mendon, the horses at \$10, each, and the two jacks at \$12.50 for mule colts, \$12 for jennet colts and \$20 for jack colts. I invite your closest inspection of these stallions and jacks with the confident assurance that you will be more than pleased. Pasturage furnished parties from a distance at \$1 per month.

C. D. FELT, Mendon, Mo.

Those who profess to believe that Johnson will lick Jeffries are looking on the dark side of the subject.

**Impossible to be Well**

It is impossible to be well, simply impossible, if the bowels are constipated. You must pay attention to the laws of nature, or suffer the consequences. Undigested material, waste products, poisonous substances, must be removed from the body at least once each day, or there will be trouble. A sluggish liver is responsible for an immense amount of suffering and serious disease. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills. He knows why they act directly on the liver. Trust him. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

**CIRCUIT COURT DOCKET.**

Regular May, 1910, Term at Keytesville.

First Day—Monday, May 2, 1910.

**CIVIL CASES.**

1 Morganza Griffen vs. Albert Griffen, partition.

**CRIMINAL CASES.**

2 State of Missouri vs. T. M. Bentley, parole.

3 State of Missouri vs. James Kendall, parole.

4 State of Missouri vs. Wm. Kubler, parole.

**CIVIL CASES.**

5 Pauline Ward et al vs. Clark E. Ward et al, partition.

6 John Bachtel vs. W. L. Armstrong, partition.

7 James K. Wooten et al vs. Geo. W. Wooten et al, partition.

8 Viola Cruse et al vs. Robert L. Creason et al, partition.

9 Martha J. Smith et al vs. James M. Welch et al, partition.

10 Retta Munson vs. Willard Munson et al, partition.

Second Day—Tuesday, May 3, 1910.

**CRIMINAL CASES.**

11 State of Missouri vs. T. J. Banning, selling liquor illegally.

12 State of Missouri vs. T. J. Banning, selling liquor illegally.

13 State of Missouri vs. J. E. Dempsey, No. 4, selling liquor illegally.

14 State of Missouri vs. J. E. Dempsey, No. 5, selling liquor illegally.

15 State of Missouri vs. C. W. Hale, obtaining money under false pretense.

16 State of Missouri vs. Sallie Spence, forgery.

17 State of Missouri vs. Thomas Karoher, No. 1, selling liquor illegally.

18 State of Missouri vs. Thomas Karoher, No. 2, selling liquor illegally.

**CIVIL CASES.**

19 Margaret C. Watson vs. Elizabeth Wright et al, suit to set aside deed.

20 Katherine Gribble vs. Margarette rope et al, suit to ascertain interest, and partition.

21 Peoples Bank of Salisbury vs. Otis Ulrich, suit on note.

22 Minter & Lamkin vs. James Sanderson, suit on contract.

23 Drainage District No. 1 vs. G. T. Lunday, drainage tax.

24 Drainage District No. 1 vs. S. B. Shoemaker, drainage tax.

Third Day—Wednesday, May 4, 1910.

**CIVIL CASES.**

25 Katie Meyer vs. J. F. W. Meyer, divorce.

26 J. B. Zimmerman vs. Wabash Railway Co., damages.

27 J. B. Martin vs. J. H. Brown, suit on note.

28 G. W. Edwards vs. Bruno Albrecht, deceased, suit on account.

29 Ellsworth Bowersmith vs. Sins Bell Bowersmith et al, partition.

30 Jno. F. Ownby and Frankie Ownby vs. Wabash Railway Co., damages.

31 Emma Price et al vs. Louis Benecke, administrator, suit on final settlement.

32 William O. Foster et al vs. Lee Roy Carter, partition.

33 Jasper N. Gaines vs. A. D. Tufts et al, suit to re-

**vive judgment.**

34 Celia J. Horton et al vs. Ethel F. Drew et al, partition.

35 The Farmers & Merchants bank vs. C. W. Hurt et al, suit on note.

36 Mary Hall et al vs. Charles Schorge et al, suit to ascertain and determine title.

37 Moses Hardy vs. Joseph Perkins et al, suit to quiet title.

38 F. H. Brockman et al vs. Philip Neidholt et al, partition.

Fourth Day—Thursday, May 5, 1910.

**CIVIL CASES.**

39 First Nat'l bank of Iowa City, vs. E. W. Herring, suit on note.

40 Fairbanks Morse & Co. vs. Francis Leach et al, debt.

41 Lucinda C. Brown et al vs. John H. Behem et al, partition.

42 W. O. Ballew et al, trustee, vs. North Missouri Land Co., suit to quiet title.

43 Ila Richardson vs. J. C. Richardson, divorce.

44 Martha Grubbs vs. estate of Wm. C. Recob, debt—appeal from probate court.

45 Henry Laker vs. John Laker et al, equity.

46 Mary S. Berstert vs. Maurice Berstert, divorce.

47 Benjamin Geronimi vs. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Co. damages.

48 J. D. Adams vs. Hiram Piper, breach of contract and damages.

49 Patrick O'Riley vs. Margaret O'Riley et al, suit to ascertain title and interest.

50 Ann Clausen vs. Della Beokman et al, suit to set aside will.

50 1-2 John P. Becker vs. John Eberlein, suit on note.

Fifth Day—Friday, May 6, 1910.

**CIVIL CASES.**

51 Wm. A. Smith vs. Margaret L. Smith, divorce.

52 Alba Logan vs. Court of Honor, suit on policy.

53 Ross Dejarnett vs. Frank Dejarnett, Jr., suit for support and maintenance.

54 Minnie Blackwell vs. John H. Blackwell, divorce.

55 Guy Cox vs. Hyman Fuller et al, writ of certiorari from J. P. court.

56 State Ex rel J. W. Grizzell vs. Wabash Railroad Co., drainage tax.

57 Same vs. Wabash Railroad Co., drainage tax.

58 Same vs. Linneman et al drainage tax.

59 Kate Mason vs. J. P. tiayward, suit on note.

60 Sterling L. Silvey vs. J. D. Stoner et al, debt.

Sixth Day—Saturday, May 7, 1910.

**CIVIL CASES.**

61 E. A. Carter vs. George King, debt.

62 Louella Lesley vs. Samuel Lesley, divorce.

64 Minnie G. Lewis vs. George A. Lewis, divorce.

65 State of Missouri vs. Chris Feitz, mandate.

66 Hiram Piper vs. Lucy Bell Piper, divorce.

**COURIER POINTS.**

Encourage city improvements.

When a woman marries she loses her name.

We Americans haven't time to live to a ripe old age.

A crooked man may just be following his natural bent.

The man who is always behind can not get stabbed in the back.

Roosevelt in the roll of a sphinx does not appear natural.

The busy men don't figure much in the police court news.

Morgan says the people eat too much. Quit stuffing us that way.

Tall as he is, Fairbanks seems to be overstepped himself at Rome.

If a strong odor should assail your nose, it is just a drop in storage eggs.

While Roosevelt was in Rome

the old saying about doings as Romans do was reversed.

No good comes from "ploking" bones with people—besides, it costs too much these days.

People generally don't care if God does know all the things we do if he won't tell the neighbors.

Love is blind, but the fact doesn't seem to have abnormally developed any of the other senses.

Spring elections in Minnesota seem to indicate that voters gave local option sober consideration.

With the near advent of summer it is time for dress reformists to look into the peek-a-boo waists.

"Nellie," said the teacher, "you may tell me how to make a Maltese cross" "Step on its tail," answered Nellie promptly.

Nothing adds more to peace and happiness of a home than a constant practice of good manners and courtesy.

A man who is a Republican or a Democrat because his father before him was, is a dead one for the same reason.

An exchange says: "Get to work; attend to your own business; let other people's alone." Well, that is the point, to say the least.

The man who seems so ready and competent to tell you how to raise a garden, is, like as not, staying away until his wife gets the weeds pulled in his.

Did you notice that a woman looks better in a man's plain hat than she does in one of those massive, mysterious and expensive creations of the milliner's art?

The man who has things charged has one disadvantage over the man who pays cash. He can not kick about getting them out on time.

Down in Tennessee they are trying to find out if it is a crime to kill an editor. Going on the theory that no human being could live the way editors have to, it would be no crime.

This has been a great year for astronomical demonstrations. Two or three stray comets have been visible. Bryan has declared for temperance and Roosevelt is returning from Africa.

When you look at the great protuberance of hair that some women wear as a counterbalance on the rear of their dome of thought, it makes you think it must take a lot of nerve to claim it as all their on.

**DOCTOR ADVISED OPERATION**

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Galena, Kans.—"A year ago last March I fell, and a few days after there was soreness in my right side. In a short time a bunch came and it bothered me so much at night I could not sleep. It kept growing larger and by fall it was as large as a hen's egg. I could not go to bed without a hot water bottle applied to that side. I had one of the best doctors in Kansas and he told my husband that I would have to be operated on as it was something like a tumor caused by a rupture. I wrote to you for advice and you told me not to get discouraged but to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did take it and soon the lump in my side broke and passed away."—Mrs. R. B. HUXEY, 713 Mineral Ave., Galena, Kans.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has proved to be the most successful remedy for curing the worst forms of female ills, including displacements, inflammation, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result has been worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

**Cook in Comfort**

You no longer need wear yourself out with the weakening heat of an intensely hot kitchen. You can cook in comfort.

Here is a stove that gives no outside heat. All its heat is concentrated at the burners. An intense blue flame (hotter than either white or red) is thrown upwards but not around. All the heat is utilized in cooking—none in outside heating.

**New Perfection**  
WICK BLUE FLAME  
**Oil Cook-stove**

entirely removes the discomfort of cooking. Apply a match and immediately the stove is ready. Instantly an intense heat is projected upwards against the pot, pan, kettle or boiler, and yet there is no surrounding heat—no smell—no smoke.



Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Why? Because The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is scientifically and practically perfect. You cannot use too much wick—it is automatically controlled. You get the maximum heat—no smoke. The burner is simple. One wipe with a cloth cleans it—consequently there is no smell.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is wonderful for year-round use, but especially in summer. Its heat operates upward to pan, pot, or kettle, but not beyond or around. It is useless for heating a room.

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, make the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

**Standard Oil Company**  
(Incorporated)

**A STRONG SPEECH.**

(From the Columbia, Mo., Statesman.)

The Statesman considers the speech of Hon. James A. Reed at St. Joseph last week one of the most powerful public utterances delivered in this state for a long time. Extracts of this address appeared in last week's issue, and we hope the most of our readers perused it carefully. No sane man has a desire to oppress or handicap any honest corporation. They are the great machines which conduct the nation's business. They stand for progress, furnish employment and convert the raw material into the finished product so the millions may use it. When, however, a corporation reaches out and crushes the life out of its weaker competitors, when it takes the public by the throat and compels it to pay an unfair price for its product, then it becomes a menace and should not complain when the hand of the law is laid heavily upon it.

For some time, the great monopolies of the country have been chafing at state supervision.

That they therefore welcome Mr. Taft's federal incorporation idea goes without saying. Such an act would make the national capitol the rendezvous of these commercial brigands and wipe out the last vestige of sovereign authority which the constitution reposed in the several states. Intrenched behind Aldrich of Rhode Island and men like Cannon of Illinois, Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Payne of New York, they could snap their fingers at state legislatures and ply their campaigns of pillage unhindered. It would leave the state absolutely powerless to protect its people against the thievery of Standard Oil and packers and a thousand other illegal combinations, and would abrogate its right to regulate the freight and passenger charges of every interstate railroad. That such an act would violate the sovereign power reposed in the states—that it would take from the people the greatest measure of self-protection against corporate abuses of every kind and that it would be the consummation of the most gigantic scheme of centralization ever dreamed of, is apparent to any thinking man.

Why should not the federal government welcome the assistance of state legislatures in correcting abuses which for several decades have shamed the republic? For some time the great confessed problem of the hour has been to rescue the people from monopolistic corporations. It has been left for Mr. Taft to reverse the order of things and lay awake at night in a frenzied effort to rescue these corporations

from the people. That the Rockefeller, the Morgans, the Ryans and the Guggenheims will welcome this new interpretation of the situation goes without saying, however anomalous the attitude of the corpulent dweller of the White house may appear when in one breath he deprecates corporate abuses and in the next proposes to provide them with a sort of "no man's land" to which, like the old-time outlaw, they can fly for refuge. When old Cardinal Richelieu was driven to bay by the conspirators, who sought to harm his beloved ward, he whipped out his sword and drew about her feet the awful circle of the church of Rome and defied him who dared to put his foot within it—and they slunk away like craven dogs. Even so would we have the imperial commonwealth of Missouri ever in position to say to a law defying corporation—"so far you can go and no farther."

Let the people not become confused over this matter. The time has arrived when all honest men and honest parties must come to a frank understanding about this question. The honest corporation has nothing to fear, while the dishonest one should share the fate of any other criminal. There is no use in whipping the devil around the stump. No corporation is as big nor is its life as sacred as the welfare of the millions who gave it being and upon whom it lives and fattens. It is entitled to a square deal, and this the court guarantee it in every state in the union. It is not entitled to any more, and once this fact is plainly established at the national capitol and in the legislatures of the several states, there will be an end of this cry: "You will hurt business!" every time you seek to compel some thief to stop stealing. Pretty strong you say? Well, how about the sugar trust?

In the meantime, quit electing "speak easies" to congress—men who own millions of stock in concerns with reference to which they are expected to legislate—men like Aldrich of Rhode Island, Guggenheim of Colorado and others like Thos. F. Ryan, who are now aspiring to membership in the senate.

Old papers 20c hundred at this office.

The All-the-Year-Round Resort  
**EXCELSIOR SPRINGS**  
MISSOURI  
The most wonderful, varied and valuable group of mineral springs in America. Splendid big up-to-date hotels, boarding apartments and bath houses. Quickly and cheaply reached by the  
**WABASH**  
Address Secretary Publicity Committee, Excelsior Springs, or any Wabash Agent.