

WABASH

TIME CARD AT KEYESVILLE.
GOING EAST
No. 4 Atlantic Express Midnight 12:00
No. 10 St. Louis Express 2:15 p.m.
No. 11 Eastern Express 4:44 p.m.
No. 12 Local Freight 12:31 p.m.
No. 13 Local Freight 1:30 p.m.

GOING WEST
No. 61 K. C. Accommodation 6:30 a.m.
No. 1 K. C. Mail and Express 7:15 p.m.
No. 11 Local Freight 9:15 a.m.
Daily, Daily except Sunday 8 Stops on Flag.
Take train No. 3 west for all points Brunswick to Omaha. We can furnish tickets, rates and routes any place with a little advance notice.
All passenger trains have Reclining Chair seats, free food and new Buffet Sleeping cars to Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago without charge. For rates, tickets, time tables, to apply to
Agent, Keyesville, Missouri.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.
Representative John D. Taylor
Prosecuting Attorney J. E. Montgomery
Recorder Geo. W. Gardner
Judges of Co. Court R. T. Meek, W. Dist. (Jno. A. Goll, E. District)
Clerk County Court C. C. Parke
Judge of Probate Court C. C. Parke
County Surveyor A. N. Harding
County Treasurer J. B. Shannon
County Auditor O. C. Cameron
County Coroner Dr. J. Knott, Jr.
County School Supervisor C. C. Carleton
Circuit Clerk W. L. Wright
Recorder J. W. Wayland

COURTS.
Circuit Court—Regular terms, the first Mondays in February, May, August and November.
Probate Court—Regular terms, the second Mondays in February, May, August and November.
Circuit Court—At Keyesville, first Monday in May and third Monday in November. At Salisbury, first Monday in February and first Monday in September. Hon. John P. Butler, Judge.

GENEVOLENT AND LITERARY.

WARREN LODGE, No. 74, A. F. and A. M.—Blair Miller, W. M.; H. B. Richardson, secretary. Regular meetings second and fourth Friday evenings.
CHARLTON LODGE No. 177, A. O. U. W.—J. J. Moore, W. M.; M. W. Anderson, Recorder. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesday evenings at 7 o'clock.
KEYESVILLE LODGE, No. 477, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Monday night. Geo. W. Gardner, W. M.; M. B. Walther, Secretary.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Keyesville Camp, No. 598, meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday nights in month. L. B. Owen, Venerable Consul; J. C. Rucker, Clerk.
WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Keyesville Camp No. 358, meets the 2nd and 4th Friday evenings each month. A. M. Child, C. C.; J. C. Rucker, Clerk.
CHARLTON CO. MEDICAL SOCIETY—Meets the 4th Thursday in each month at alternately, at Brunswick and Salisbury.
KEYESVILLE TRAVELERS, No. 88, K. O. T. M.—G. E. Appleton, S. E. C. Meets on the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.
KNIGHTS & LADIES OF SECTIVITY, Eureka Council, No. 82—Meets the second Tuesday evening in each month. John R. Closson, President; A. R. Pearson, secretary.

RELIGIOUS.

METHODIST CHURCH (S. Church)—Rev. A. A. Egger, pastor. Services every Sabbath morning and evening. Sabbath-school every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. Frank Mitche, pastor. Preaching 2nd and 4th Sabbaths in each month, morning and evening. Sabbath-school every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock.
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. U. A. Ransom, pastor. Services every Sunday, morning and evening. Sabbath-school every Sabbath morning at 9:30 o'clock. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening.
CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. J. D. Wolfe, pastor. Preaching every 1st and 3rd Sunday, morning and evening, at usual hours. Sabbath-school at 9:30 o'clock.

AGENTS WANTED. Wanted. Men every locality in Missouri, on Salary and Commission who can devote all or part of their time showing the new policy of The Aetna Life Insurance Co. Ahead of any other insurance policy written, rates lower. Use your influence to add to your income. State instructions, easy to learn, upon request. Address: J. W. ESTES, Manager, 261 Mo. Trust Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTIMATES THIS YEAR WERE \$126,066,493 LESS

The Grand Total Asked of Congress This Year is Only \$732,223,075—All the Padding Removed.
Washington, Dec. 8.—That there has been a careful scrutiny of the estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, is shown by the figures submitted to the house of representatives by Secretary MacVeagh of the treasury.
The grand total of estimates for 1911 is \$732,223,075, which is \$126,376,333 less than the appropriations for the current fiscal year and \$126,066,493 under the estimates submitted a year ago for 1910.
Heretofore it has been the practice of departmental officers to "pad" the estimates with the expectation that they would be materially reduced before being finally passed by Congress. As soon as President Taft came into office he directed that this practice be discontinued and that in the future all estimates must be submitted on the basis of actual needs.
The result is, the officials say, that the figures submitted are down to bed rock and will bear the closest examination by the appropriation committee of both houses of congress.
Among the estimates for the current year are: \$60,000 for the federal building in Kansas City, Kan.; \$100,000 for the federal building in Oklahoma City, Ok., and \$350,000 for completing the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

ENGLISH SPRAIN REMEDY REMOVES Hard Sore or Calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses; also Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring Bone, Stiffles, Sprains, Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$5.00 by use of one bottle. A wonderful Biemian Cure.
W. C. GASTON, Druggist.

John J. Lentz made a business trip to Brunswick Saturday.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will clear the sour stomach, sweeten the breath and create a healthy appetite. They promote the flow of gastric juice, thereby inducing good digestion. Sold by all druggists.

Steiman B. Jansen, one of DeWitt's prominent citizens, had business in Keyesville Saturday. Mr. Jansen left Monday for Chicago for a short visit after which he will go to Europe to spend the summer.

Flora Lillian, the 5 year-old daughter of H. L. Long of east of Purdin, caught her clothing on fire from a field where her father was burning stubble Thursday. The child died, and the father burned his hands terribly in his desperate effort to save her.

We note in the Tribune that T. J. Winn was in Triplett Saturday and reports that the spring wheat which he planted is looking fine. Alex Rankin also has 50 acres of spring wheat which is a promising crop. In lots of localities spring wheat was planted and from it comes favorable reports.

John D. Rokefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by all druggists.

The State Medical association of Missouri met at Hannibal last week, and Dr. J. F. Welch of Salisbury was elected secretary for the 13th consecutive term. This is an honor worthy bestowed. Dr. J. D. Brummall, also of Salisbury, has the distinction of having been chosen as treasurer of the American Medical association.

The Press-Spectator tells its readers that Mrs. Samuel Piltz of northwest of Salisbury takes the ribbon again this year for bringing to town the first "frying chickens." Wednesday Mrs. Piltz delivered three dozen. Mrs. Piltz was the first on the market last year. She has very close to 500 young chickens of varying sizes and says she will have some ready nearly every week from now on.

While looking after some little chickens in the back yard at the home of Mrs. Foster in this city last Friday afternoon, says the Summer Star, Miss Bertha Waugh was bitten on the foot by a snake. The injured foot soon swelled badly and gave her a great deal of pain, but the wound yielded to treatment and she will soon be all right again. A blue racer was killed near the spot where she was bitten, and it is supposed to have been the reptile that bit her.

Jas. M. Riddell, one of the best citizens of Yellow Creek township, died at his home in Rothville Saturday night, April 30, 1910, aged 68 years, 10 months and 15 days. Deceased was a native of Boone county, Ky., where he was born June 15, 1841, but had lived in this county since 1874. He was married to Miss Jennie Glenn October 19, 1864, and six children were born to them, but two of the children died in infancy. Three sons and one daughter are still living. For the past 40 years Mr. Riddell had been an exemplary member of the Christian church and died in the triumphs of the faith of the righteous. Funeral services were held by Eld. G. F. DeVol at the Christian church in Rothville Monday afternoon, May 2, and were followed by interment in the Rothville cemetery.

It cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Strychnin Lotion. Never fails. Sold by W. C. Gaston, Druggist.

CHESS IS A MODERN GAME

Has Been So Developed and Amended That Inventor Would Hardly Recognize It.

Chess is but a game, a pastime, a relaxation, but it has at times absorbed the faculties of the intellectual in every clime. It numbers among its amateurs the greatest names of battlefields and thrones; it tells of warriors, poets, painters, sculptors, statesmen and divines; it possesses a literature and language of its own; it makes enemies friends, and finds a temple on the ocean, in the fortress, and by the peaceful fireplace. Perhaps the greatest eulogy on the game was the remark of Sir Walter Raleigh: "I do not wish to live longer than I can play chess." It is certain that those who do not play the game are quite unable to form any conception of the high intellectual delights experienced by the enthusiast.

The origin of chess has been sought in vain. The fact is, the game has so changed, developed and improved down the course of centuries that in its present form it would not be recognized by its inventor—if there ever was one. The oldest chess problem on record is thought to be that contained in an ancient Persian manuscript attributed to Caliph Kalfen Mutasin Billah, who reigned in Bagdad A. D. 833 to 842. But the reader would have to learn the old rules before it was intelligible. For example, the queen could make a move of only one square at a time, and that one diagonal, but a queen promoted from a pawn was allowed to make a move of two squares diagonally. The bishop had no power over any square except the third from which it stood on its own diagonal line, but it was allowed to vault over any piece that happened to be between. In short, it was a totally different game. Chess, in the precise form in which we know it and play it today, is a comparatively modern game.

SLEEP REMAINS A MYSTERY

No One Has as Yet Been Able to Define Its Exact Cause and Conditions.

All that we know about sleep is that we know nothing about it. The venerable John Bigelow—Poulney's father—wrote a book on "The Mystery of Sleep," and left it more of a mystery than ever. A famous psychologist has lately considered the subject in a book that will cure the average case of insomnia if the victim attempts to read it. The effects of sleep are known, but not its cause or conditions. A medical journal says that brain workers should get all the sleep they possibly can, whether it is nine hours or only five. Some men sleep slow and others fast. The secretary of a manufacturers' association in Boston, a man verging on middle age, has for years worked at high pressure and got along finely on an average of three hours' sleep a day. Most intellectually active men, however, can't knit up the raveled sleeve in less than eight or nine hours. They sleep slow.

Ice as Fuel.

A cake of ice at 32 degrees Fahrenheit is ordinarily considered to be rather a cold substance, but it is as much hotter than liquid air as the oven in which bread is baked is hotter than the ice.
A tea kettle partly filled with liquid air and placed on a cake of ice receives so much heat from the ice that the liquid air soon boils vigorously, and the boiling can be made more violent by adding a few lumps of ice.
If the normal temperature of the earth were at the freezing point of air and we could obtain a block of ice such as is distributed by the leoman of today such ice could be used as fuel and would be put into the furnaces instead of coal.—Popular Mechanics.

About Mouth Breathing.

Mouth breathers are more liable to contagious diseases and to diseases of the bronchial tubes and lungs, which are more apt to be fatal than in nose breathers.
Bony deformities and other growths inside of the nose may also present nose breathing, and, like tonsils and adenoids, by causing mouth breathing give rise to deformities of the upper jaw, irregular teeth and to a number of nervous troubles and diseases, such as St. Vitus' dance, night terror, headaches, restlessness, night sweats, mental dullness, backwardness in school, asthma, rheumatism and tubercular glands of the neck.

To Cure a Cold.

To a trained nurse is due this somewhat unusual care for a cold which, if taken in time, she says, is infallible.
To a glass of milk add a teaspoonful of powdered ginger. Sip slowly. If a sense of chilliness is felt the milk can be made hot, but not boiled.
This simple remedy has been known to break an apparently bad cold over night, but should be taken when the first creepy sensations are felt.

What Did It.

Ted—I suppose that millionaire's money made him famous.
Ned—No. His name wasn't in everybody's mouth until a popular cigar was named after him.—Judge.

Time Gentle Necromancy.

"Yes, I love her, but she is five years older than I am."
"Don't let that stop you; when you have been married ten years she will be five years younger than you are."

AN EXALTATION OF THE EGG

Product of the Industrious Biddy is Now Receiving Its Proper Consideration.

Not even the Oriental bird of paradise, the peacock or the skylark of the English poets has been more celebrated in prose and poetry than the common or garden hen. Her praises have been sung in every agricultural weekly and her performance computed in laborious government reports. She has had more free advertising in the news columns than the suffragette, with whom she is often invidiously compared. Some Philadelphians who were sojourning one summer in the hills of western Massachusetts thought that they could obtain eggs from the farmers at rates less than those prevalent in the cities. They were more deceived. They were required to pay 50 cents a dozen, for the wagons of the egg trust industriously circulated among the egg producers, and the whole supply could be sold at the barnyard gate for the metropolitan market price.
The hen has been assailed, in times past, as an incredibly foolish and futile creature. She is spoken of to-day in terms of profoundest respect. She is no longer a joke; she has become a public utility, and her egg has become a common—or an uncommon—necessity.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

PASSING OF THE CHAMOIS

Animal is Being Ruthlessly Slaughtered and Its Extinction is Close at Hand.

The "pride of the Alpine fauna," as the Indians call it, is said to be rapidly disappearing. Unless the law intervenes to protect it in a few years the chamois will be nothing more than a memory, living only in the verse of Carducci's "Piemonte" or as an object in the museums.
One thousand chamois were killed in one year, mainly on the Alpi Lepontine, 800 having been sold in various markets, while the remaining 200 fell to the rifle of the poacher before and after the period fixed for legal sport and were distributed among the smaller Alpine inns. Indeed this estimate of 200 clandestinely slaughtered is, as the compiler of the statistics referred to says, "well within the mark," and strengthens his appeal to the Italian government to exercise still greater surveillance if the chamois is not to become as extinct as the dodo.

The Black Death.

The terrible plague known as the "black death" began in China about the year 1333, and from China it went by way of the great caravan route to the north of the Caspian, through central Asia to Tauris and on to Constantinople, reaching Europe by 1348. It raged for more than twenty-six years, with a mortality that will never be accurately known, and to this day the results of its ravages are visible. The disease was bubonic in character and oftentimes was fatal within twenty-four hours after its attack. It was attended by a burning thirst that nothing could slay, and many of its characteristics were too horrible to mention. It is estimated that at least 25,000,000 human beings perished from this great plague.

On Keeping One's Temper.

If you wish not to be of an angry temper, do not feed the habit; throw nothing on it which will increase it; at first keep quiet and count the days on which you have not been angry. I used to be in a passion every day; now every second day; then every third; then every fourth. But if you have intermitted 30 days, make a sacrifice to God. For the habit at first begins to be weakened, and then is completely destroyed when you can say, "I have not been vexed today, nor the day before, nor yet on any succeeding day during two or three months; but I took care when some exciting things happened."—Epictetus.

Passing of Famous Landmark.

Fulwood's Rents, the little Holborn court leading into Gray's Inn gardens, which will be largely rebuilt, formerly possessed the privilege of "sanctuary," and hence became a notorious resort for fraudulent debtors and still more unpleasant characters. Yet this dingy "dive" can boast of many glorious memories. Francis Bacon lived here in "Fulwood's House" and valued his furniture at £60, a huge price for that period. Here the Whig club and Melbourne and Oates' club met in the reign of Charles II, and here stood Squire's coffee house, from which several numbers of the Spectator were dated.—Westminster Gazette.

Wife Must Pay for Own Dresses.

In France the husband, being the recognized chief of the family, is responsible for all his wife's debts. This, so the Paris courts have just decided, does not apply to an Englishwoman who buys dresses in Paris. She must pay for them herself.
In a suit brought by a firm of dress-makers against an Englishwoman English laws have just been successfully invoked by the prosecution, the court deciding in its favor and sentencing the woman in question to pay the amount due.

How It Might Be Arranged.

"If I were king," said the weary manager, "I'd have a theater of my own and have the first man who asked for a pass handed."
"Good idea," replied the treasurer.
"In that case we could truthfully say, 'free list entirely suspended.'"

VISIBLE TO MOTHER'S EYES

Infant's Face Surely Something of a Composite, if Resemblances Were All There.

"Well, really, I can't say that I think that he looks just like anyone in particular," said the mother of Master George Sanderson Spriggins, aged four weeks, to a caller who was having the privilege of seeing George Sanderson Spriggins for the first time. "I do think he has his father's chin, and his nose is just like my father's, and his eyes remind me of my sister Helen's. The shape of his face is a good deal like his father's brother Joe, and sometimes when he laughs he reminds me of my brother Ted. Often when he is asleep I think that he resembles my uncle George, and again he has a way of half closing his eyes that makes me think of his Grandfather Spriggins. I think he is growing to look more like my side of the house, excepting for the upper part of his face, and that reminds me of his father's family. Still, I can't say that he really looks just like anyone but himself, unless it is my sister Eva's little boy. Strange how family resemblances crop out in mere babies, isn't it?"—Puck.

HOLIDAY FOR THE STOMACH

Judge Was Probably Right, Though Wine Agent Could Not See It at the Moment.

A Chicago wine agent went on a yachting trip with a judge from the same city. They were out together for two weeks and had a good time.
When they returned the agent was much upset to find himself summoned on a jury, but cheered up when he discovered the judge on the bench was his late yachting companion.
He hurried to the court and pleaded business pressure as a reason for an excuse for him.
"What is your business?" the judge inquired of him coldly.
"I represent a wine in Chicago."
"Selling it or drinking it?"
"Well, drinking it, largely."
"Step into the box, sir. A ten days' rest will do you good."
The wine agent served.—Saturday Evening Post.

Steel Barrels.

Not all barrels are made of wood; there are barrels made of metal. A steel barrel that comes from Germany, used in the importation of aniline dye in powder form, is made with a flat band of the metal, perhaps eight inches in width, around the middle, at the bulge of the barrel, while the two ends of the barrel, tapering from the middle section to the heads, in the ordinary barrel fashion, are made of corrugated steel with the corrugations running lengthwise.
The dyestuff is heavy, 600 or 700 pounds to the barrel; but the steel barrel remains rigid and carries its heavy load securely without raising or twisting.

Refreshments Not Wanted.

The rector of an English church, seeing that there was only one alms-dish and that the congregation was unusually large, beckoned to a rustic and bade him to go through the garden to the rectory dining room and bring a dish from the table. "Take it down one side of the north aisle and up the other," he said, "and then bring it to me." The rustic came back with the dish, as ordered, and presented it to the people on either side of the aisle. Then, approaching the rector, whispered in his ear. "I've done as ye told me, sir. I've taken it down one side the aisle and up the other—they'll none on 'em 'ave any." No order had been given to empty the dish, and it was full of biscuits.

Landlady's Bluff "Went."

A good story of a specimen of the ordinary theatrical landlady is told by J. L. Shine, in the Dundee Advertiser. One Saturday evening he and a fellow actor purchased a pound of sausages for their Sunday's breakfast. There were eight to the pound, but when they arrived at the table there were only five. Thereupon the landlady was called in to account for the missing links. "Madam," said Mr. Shine severely, "I gave you eight sausages last night; here are five only. What has become of the other three?" The lady of the house smiled in an innocent smile, mingled with pity, and replied: "Well, you see, sir, sausages always do shrink in cooking." Which information had to suffice.

Insuring Good Service.

A popular girl was departing from an Ontario town for the far west, and her masculine friends were gathered in gallant array to see that she was supplied with violets, roses, magazines, chocolates, and all the various comforts which the twentieth century girl demands. Her brother addressed a few words of advice to the porter, backed by a silvery enforcement, when a second young man approached. "Here," he said, handing the half of a torn bill to the porter, "I've given the lady the other half, so if you look after her well until she reaches her destination you'll know where to get the rest of your money."

A Good Judge, Too.

Young Lawyer—Who is this old fellow just dead whom they are making such a fuss about?
Oldboy—Ah! a clever man called to the bar at an early age.
Young Lawyer—And did he die a judge?
Oldboy—Yes—of good liquor.

Constipation Cure Free

With the first signs of constipation you resort to the home methods of relief, such as hot or cold water on arising, lots of stewed fruit with your breakfast, etc., but what do you do when these fail?

The majority then start on salts and purgative waters, then change to cathartic pills, etc. If you have gone through these various stages you know they were all useless, so far as permanent results go. Now you should try just once again, but try something practical and sensible, a remedy made and intended for the purpose you are trying to accomplish. Such a remedy, as thousands can testify, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which is guaranteed to be permanent in its results. Its ingredients are such that by a brief use of it the stomach and bowel muscles are trained to again do their work normally, so that in the end you can do away with medicines of all kinds. That it will do this Mr. G. Y. Dodson of Sanville, Va., will gladly attest, and so will Mrs. S. A. Hampton of Fortage, O. To those who are still afflicted with constipation to prove these assertions without a penny of expense: Simply send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and obtain a free sample bottle. After using it, if you are then convinced it is the remedy you need, buy a fifty cent or one dollar bottle of your medicine of all kinds. To those who are still afflicted with constipation to prove these assertions without a penny of expense: Simply send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and obtain a free sample bottle. After using it, if you are then convinced it is the remedy you need, buy a fifty cent or one dollar bottle of your medicine of all kinds. To those who are still afflicted with constipation to prove these assertions without a penny of expense: Simply send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and obtain a free sample bottle. After using it, if you are then convinced it is the remedy you need, buy a fifty cent or one dollar bottle of your medicine of all kinds.

Final Settlement Notice.

Creditors and all others interested in the estate of Henry Prekel, deceased, are hereby notified that at the next regular term of the Charlton County, Mo., Probate Court to be begun and held on the second Monday in May, 1910, at the Courthouse in Keyesville, in said County, I shall make final settlement of said estate.
WM. F. BECKER, Administrator.

Notice of Guardianship.

I have been granted letters of guardianship of the person and estate of John Klime, an insane person, have been granted by the Probate Court of Charlton County, Mo., bearing date April 13th, 1910. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance within one year from date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within two years they shall be forever barred.
C. F. COX, Administrator.
With Will Annexed.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Philip S. Gordon, deceased, have been granted me by the Probate Court of Charlton County, Mo., bearing date April 13th, 1910. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance within one year from date of said letters, or they may be precluded from having any benefit of said estate, and if such claims are not presented within two years they shall be forever barred.
C. F. COX, Administrator.
With Will Annexed.



UNDERTAKING

CASKETS AT ALL PRICES.
Funeral Supplies of all kinds. Licensed Embalmer. Calls answered day or night.
Store, Phone 152—House Phone 159.
J. C. RUCKER,
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Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public
SALISBURY, MO.
Practice in all the State Courts.

S. TAYLOR, J. C. WALLACE,
Presidents, Vice-Presidents
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Keyesville, Charlton County, Mo.
H. C. MILLER, Cashier,
D. P. RAY, Ass't Cashier

DR. A. C. SEISER
DENTIST
KEYESVILLE, MO.
Office Over Farmers' Bank.
PHONES: Office, 84; Residence, 7

DR. ISAIAH KNOTT, JR.
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
KEYESVILLE, MO.
SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of Women and Children and Genito-Urinary Organs.
OFFICE HOURS:—8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.
PHONES:—Residence, 62; Office, 158.

STARK BROS. NURSERY and ORCHARD COMPANY
has an agent located now at Keyesville. Buy your goods of Stark Bros. It will pay you to do so. A word to the wise is sufficient.
MIKE COOK, Agent.

O. F. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
KEYESVILLE, MO.
Careful attention given to legal business in all parts of the county and in the appellate courts of the State. Office near the courthouse.