

The Chariton Courier

By J. H. WILLARD
KEYTESVILLE, MISSOURI

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Cards of Thanks, Obituaries, Resolutions, Notices of Entertainments of any kind where admission is charged, 5 cents a line

The Boston Transcript says "The Eighteenth Amendment is still in its infancy." Yes? Not quite off the bottle yet?

Should the proper naval ratio be Great Britain, 00000; United States, 00000; Japan, 000; France, 0; Italy, 0; other nations, () each?

Secretary Fall says that "Alaska alone could pay for the war." Well, as far as The Courier is concerned, we are perfectly willing to give Alaska a chance.

And now it is said that Henry Ford's vision of a street at Muscle Shoals seventy-five miles long looks like an appeal for the traffic cop in case he runs for the presidency.

It is said that seventy-five dollars is now worth as much or more than one hundred dollars a year or two or so ago. Will any one be able to make the income tax collector view the matter in this light?

Those who feel cramped for lack of personal liberty in this country should turn reformers. It can be truthfully said no country in the world offers greater opportunities for freedom of movement than America.

With the passing of the primary election people are again getting down to business and just viewing the results—some with satisfaction and others with disappointment. However, all could not win, and now it's up to all to get their shoulder to the wheel and work for the success of the Democratic party in Missouri. The primary has not ended the scrap—its going to take a lot of hard work and harmony to again place the Democratic party where it belongs. True Democrats will not bolt their ticket because of the defeat of their favorites, but rather will get into the game and show their colors.

The sign—"Wanted a ladder and a bucket of water," still is working over-time in Keytesville. The recent election held in Keytesville seems to show that no improvement is wanted in this city. Apparently what was good enough for the native forty years ago is good enough now, is good enough for the present day generation. Oh well, some of these days the main street will be cleaned up, then, after it is too late, after everything that can burn has been destroyed perhaps those who worked against water improvement will be thoroughly satisfied. In the mean time lets make a wish, cross our fingers and hope we are lucky.

Electricity is said to travel 11,600,000 miles a minute. You would have hard work convincing the Keytesville people of that, and especially last Saturday night when the lights went off about dark and remained on strike until sometime about noon Sunday. Of course, we are not supposed to kick—take it and say we like it, but it is rather a serious thing for the merchants to be obliged to close their stores at 7:30 in the evening on Saturday nights of all nights in the week, just for the want of light. Of course, in the for distant day we are given to understand that the new light company which has taken over the Carrollton light plant will remedy all this and that we will soon have no more trouble. Speed the day.

A modified system, the delegates elected at party primaries, was recommended by the committee on suffrage and elections of the constitutional convention to take the place of present direct primaries for party nominations for state offices. It is provided that the question of a direct primary is optional with each county and city, the legislature to provide the means by which each county shall express itself on this point. The drastic recommendations by the committee, virtually junking the present direct primary system, is expected to cause a hot fight on the floor of the convention. A majority of the convention is believed to be in favor of a return to the old convention system of making party nominations, providing the change does not draw too much fire from the people back home. The elections committee also recommended a literacy test for voters after 1928. No person would be permitted to vote after that date who could not read and write the English language, unless the failure were due to some physical defect. In seeking for evidence of fraud in elections, officials can be required to produce the election books and give testimony before grand juries. At present, such testimony can only be given in election contests. Registration may be provided for by legislation affecting cities and counties of 200,000 inhabitants. The minimum now is 100,000. Only citizens can be elected or appointed to any office.

President Harding's proposal to be submitted to the railroad executives and the striking shopmen's representatives involves a compromise, but there cannot be a settlement without a compromise. The advance outline of the proposal seems fair. The strikers are to return to work pending a rehashing and decision of the Railroad Labor Board; both sides are to abide by this decision; the executives are to restore seniority privileges to the strikers, but those shopmen who have remained at work are to have the advantage, other things being equal, over those who struck; in short, the time they have worked while the others were striking is to count in their favor. The public wants a settlement. It wants a resumption of full transportation service, just as it wants a resumption of coal production. The public interest is seriously endangered, the very life of industry upon which the people depend for life and prosperity is threatened. The public has a right to demand that the executives and the shopmen make fair concessions for a resumption of work. It will not stand for obstinacy on technicalities or selfish advantage. We indulge the hope that the President has formed a genuine determination to press for a settlement and will have the courage and energy to carry his proposals through. The public will support him in every fair means to put an end to the present disastrous and threatening condition. The situation requires only courage and persistence upon the President's side. The railroad executives cannot afford to resist fair terms and the shopmen will not face public condemnation. Settle the strike.

Aug. 19-26
SEDALIA

NEVER before has any state fair equalled the wonderful educational exhibits that you will see at your old-fashioned "Cow and Pumpkin Fair" this year. Missouri's prize live stock and agricultural products will be on display.

While at the Fair you can live in White City where everything is free except the rent on your tent. Make Fair Week your vacation week and have a good time while gaining a profitable education.

See the Great Farm Machinery Exhibit.

Missouri State Fair

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES



CHAUTAQUA GOES BY GASOLINE

When the Gypsies began to travel by auto any one might have foreseen that other wandering tribes—armies, for instance, and shows—would take over the idea. Yet how few did foresee? Europe's taxicab armies filled us with surprise. Now that a Chautauqua has gone in for gasoline, the surprise is almost as general. Indeed, it looks as if the one surest way to astonish was to do the logical, sensible thing that anybody with his wits about him ought to expect.

For years the White & Meyers Chautauqua System has been at the mercy of midnight trains, delayed trains, and abominable waits at junctions. It was not the railroad's fault. Like the pianist in the mining camp saloon, they were doing the best they could. But with what results? Any day, almost, a gifted lecturer or singer might arrive too worn out with fatigue and asperation to hypnotize the audience that had looked forward for weeks to the lark of a life-time. Any day almost, some invaluable batch of paraphernalia might be held up, nobody knew where or how long. Even the big tent might fail to come. And no matter how excellent the service was (frequently it left nothing to be desired) all the equipment and all the "props" had to be carted to and from the grounds at every town, and the local committee paid.

What more natural, then, than that eventually the worm should turn? This year the White & Meyer Chautauqua System is using on all circuits 25 automobiles to carry its "talent" and 9 2-ton trucks to carry its tent equipment. This may turn out to be

a bit costlier than going by rail—that is, in dollars and cents. As regards nervous wear—and tear, however, it promises great economy. Besides, it promises always a better performance. A 52-mile jump by rail, with scandalous hours and unforeseen delays, takes the fine gusts out of genius—or tends to. A 52-mile jump by automobile means fresh air and recreation and entire absence of anxiety, to say nothing of the ease with which scandalous hours are avoided. The talent arrives in gayer spirits than when it started, and the audience gets the benefit.

Meanwhile, the local committee rejoices. Luggage and equipment go straight to the grounds, forestalling expense which the local committee is spared paying. For a number of years some attractions on various Chautauqua circuits have autoed a part of all of the circuits. The White & Meyers Chautauqua System is pioneering in the matter of putting all their companies and all their tents on wheels. They recognize that the practice has still to stand the test of experience and that changes may need to be made before everything runs systematically. But with trains, the White & Meyers people have had experience enough to last them the rest of their days. They mean to see what relief there is in gasoline, and will give gasoline a fair trial on a large scale, trusting that in gasoline lies the escape from innumerable woes.

Mrs. Decker, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Al Wilks returned to her home in Hamilton Sunday.

Try the want-add column.

Berlin Children Burn Trashy Books



All Berlin school children were encouraged by their teachers to bring their trashy and inferior books to the Tempelhof field of Berlin. About 40,000 pieces of worthless reading matter were given up by the children and burned by the authorities. For each book destroyed the child presenting it was given another book of literary worth.

Judge Rucker went to Dalton Sunday to be ready for the beginning of his day's work Monday. He closed his campaign with meetings at Dalton, Ahoit, Forest Green, Shannondale, Clifton Hill and Salisbury.

DEAN LAKE

(Intended for last week)
The flood waters are still staying around this neighborhood.

The railroad strike seems to be a serious proposition.

Frank Dibbins is on the sick list. Mrs. Roy Stumbough was in Kansas City one day last week.

Your correspondent is informed that Miss Essie Bebee is suffering from blood poison.

Mrs. Gertrude Wills and children of Oswego, Kan., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Anna Persyn and other relatives this week.

Miss Mary Allen of Kansas City is visiting at the home of Miss Lela McCullough for a few days.

Mr. Duncan of Carrollton was here Saturday looking after his business interests here.

Little Thelma Beneva King daughter of Paris King is among the sick.

Enoch Stevens is running a threshing engine for Dug Ohara of near Bosworth.

Mrs. Dennis Crew and son, Mrs. Anna Persyn, Daisy Tremain of Dean Lake and Mrs. Gertrude Wills and children, Miss Bryant of Oswego, Kan., are spending a few days with Mrs. Hardy West of near Summer.

Mrs. Cliff Dobbins and daughter visited her brother, Kirt Utterback of Carrollton a few days last week.

Marshal King and family have moved to the Conway Bebee residence.

Elmer Stevi spent a few days last week in Richmond.

TRUSTEES SALE

Whereas, Morris J. O'Connell and Nellie L. O'Connell, husband and wife, by their deed of trust dated August 24, 1921, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, for Chariton County, Missouri, in book 52 at page 480, conveyed to the undersigned Trustee, for the purpose of securing the indebtedness therein mentioned, the following described property, situated in Chariton County, Missouri, to-wit:

All those portions of sections Thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) lying east of the Wabash Railroad.

All that part of the South Half of the South East quarter of Section Twenty Seven (27) lying East of the Wabash Railroad.

The Southwest quarter of the southwest quarter, and the west half of the west half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section Twenty-six (26);

Also beginning at the Southwest corner of the east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 26 for a place of beginning; thence north 16.84 chains; thence east 12.88 chains to the east line of the west half of the east half of the east half of the Southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 26; thence South 16.84 chains; thence west 12.88 chains to beginning.

Also the east half of the east half of the east half of the east half of the southwest quarter of Section 26, and the southeast quarter of said Section 26;

Also beginning at a point 5.24 chains east of the northwest corner of the east half of the southwest quarter of Section 26; thence south 23.96 chains; thence east 12.88 chains; thence north 23.96 chains; thence west 12.88 chains to place of beginning.

All the above land being in Township fifty-six (56), Range Twenty-one (21), and containing one thousand twenty-four (1024) acres, more or less.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of said indebtedness by reason of which the legal owner and holder thereof has requested the foreclosure of said deed of trust.

Now, therefore, the undersigned Trustee hereby gives notice that he will on Saturday, August 26, 1922, between the hours of 9 o'clock and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the front door of the Chariton County Court House, in the County of Chariton and State of Missouri, in Keytesville, sell the above described property, at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of discharging the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust, together with interest and costs.

F. R. DUNCAN, Trustee.

August 4, 11, 18, 25, 1922.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

Whereas, Morris J. O'Connell and Nellie L. O'Connell, husband and wife, did by their certain Deed of Trust, dated March 1, 1920, which deed of trust is duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Chariton

County, Missouri, at Keytesville, in book 51, page 367, convey to the undersigned, John D. Taylor, Trustee, the following described real estate situated in the County of Chariton, State of Missouri, to-wit:

64.46 acres, the east half of the northeast quarter (E½NE¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township fifty-six (56), Range twenty-one (21).

Which property was conveyed to the undersigned trustee for the purpose of securing the indebtedness therein mentioned and,

Whereas, Default has been made in the payment of the said indebtedness by reason of which the legal owner and holder of the note representing said indebtedness has requested the foreclosure of said deed of trust.

Now, therefore, I, John D. Taylor, the undersigned trustee, do hereby give notice that I will on the twenty-sixth day of August, 1922, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day at the east door of the Court House in the City of Keytesville, County of Chariton, State of Missouri, sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash for the purpose of discharging the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust, the interest thereon and the costs of executing this trust.

JOHN D. TAYLOR, Trustee.

August 4, 11, 18, 25, 1922.

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION

In the Circuit Court of Chariton County, Missouri, at Salisbury, September Term, 1922.

ELMER SHOEMAKER, Plaintiff

vs.

FLORA SHOEMAKER, Defendant.

Now at this day comes Elmer Shoemaker, the plaintiff in the above entitled cause before the undersigned clerk of the Circuit Court of Chariton County, Missouri, in vacation, and files his petition and affidavit stating among other things: That the above named defendant, Flora Shoemaker, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and has absented herself from her usual place of abode in this State so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her.

It is therefore ordered by the clerk aforesaid, in vacation, that publication be made notifying her that an action has been commenced against her petition in the Circuit Court of Chariton County, Mo., at Salisbury, the general purpose and nature of which is to procure decree of divorce from her, the said defendant, and that unless she be and appear at the next term of the said court to be holden in the court house in Salisbury, Missouri, in said Chariton County, on the 18th day of September, 1922, and on or before the first day thereof, judgment will be rendered accordingly.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in the Chariton Courier, a newspaper published in said Chariton County, for four weeks successively, the last insertion to be at least 30 days before the first day of said term.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court at my office in Salisbury, this 14th day of July, 1922.

A true copy of the record.

(S E A L)

W. G. WRIGHT,

Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chariton County, Missouri.

July 21, 28, Aug. 4, 11, 1922.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the interest on the certain \$24,710.85 note dated December 31, 1920, described in and executed by A. A. Highbarger to S. A. Handy, trustee, conveying to said trustee all of the east one-half (½) of Section thirty-three (33); and all of the west one-half (½) of Section thirty-four (34), all in range twenty (20) township fifty-six (56) Chariton County, Missouri, recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds for Chariton County, Missouri, at Keytesville in said county in book 52 at page 445, and default having been made in the payment of taxes on said property and the whole indebtedness unpaid secured by said deed of trust hereinabove described having been declared due and payable according to the terms of said deed of trust, I will, at the request of the legal holder of said note, on August 17th, 1922, sell the above described real estate (subject to the first mortgage indebtedness), between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. at the main front entrance of the county court house of Chariton County, Missouri, at Keytesville, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay the indebtedness unpaid secured thereby, with interest and the cost of executing this trust.

S. A. HANDY, Trustee.

July 28, Aug. 4, 11, 1922.