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FRIDAY, November 9, 1894.

Who Was Right?

Two years ago the Populist said that a change of administration from Republican to Democratic would not make times any better. The Democratic speaker said it would. Who was right? The Populist then said that Grover Cleveland and the eastern wing of the Democratic party were not in favor of free silver and would, with the assistance of Republicans, defeat it. The Democrats said not, but if they were given power they would pass a free silver bill. Who was right? Two years ago the Populist said that Grover Cleveland would stand in with the money power. The Democrats said he would not. Who was right? Two years ago we said that the money question was the main issue and that the Democrats would engage in a sham fight over the tariff to cover it up and distract the attention of the people while the banks were securing control of the country. The Democrats said we were wrong; that if they were given a chance they would knock the principles of protection higher than a kite. Who was right? We said Cleveland was a gold bug and would vote a silver bill if one was passed. They denied it. Who was right? We said prices would be better than they had been under the Republican administration. They said they would. Who was right? We said they would favor trusts and corporations just the same as the Republicans did. They denied it. Who was right? We said they would not abolish banks of issue as Jefferson and Jackson recommended. They said they would. Who was right? We said strikes would continue, tramps would increase, mills would shut down, money grow scarcer, prices lower and times harder; they hooted at the idea and said we were crazy. Who was right? Now they are out with more predictions and promises to again deceive the people. Trust them not, they are after the salaries and are willing to deceive the people to obtain them.—The Home Guard.

Success.

Success removes all stain of crime and evidence of crankism. Washington was the greatest traitor and crank of his day, but the success of his efforts transformed him into one of the greatest patriots and generals this country has ever known. So it will be with the Populist cause. We are the "cranks and anarchists" to-day, but success will make us the leading patriots and law-loving people of the world. There is nothing like success, and if the liberty lovers of this nation want it to crown our banner they should vote for it.—The Progress.

The railroads own the government. Cleveland, a railroad attorney, is President, and Olney at the head of the law department, is another of their attorneys. The people are not in it.—Ex.

Victory!!



THE ELECTION.

Big Gains for the Populists.

Natchitoches parish goes Populist by 486 majority. With a fair count Bailey's chances are good to carry the district.

The election passed off quietly so far as we can learn. The official returns come in slowly. The following is the official vote of Natchitoches parish by wards:

	Ogden.	Bailey.
Ward 1	178	143
" 2	14	210
" 3	22	84
" 4	51	66
" 5	51	206
" 6	37	131
" 7	158	119
" 8	18	44
" 9	108	76
" 10	110	154
	747	1233

The Democratic papers as usual report great majorities before the vote has even been counted. We can surely congratulate Natchitoches election officers, on their hard fought fight for an honest election. But from what we can learn so far, Rapides is entitled to the blue ribbon for the grandest frauds that have been perpetrated in many years.

Boyce, according to report gave Ogden 400, while it only gave Bailey one. This bears fraud on its face; besides, a prominent Democrat was told before the votes were counted that it would be any where from four hundred up. When the Democrat remarked that "such as that was a shame." At Alexandria the conduct at the polls was such as to make a Democrat say that it was a "shame and a disgrace to the country." The telegrams on the 6th of November, (election day) gave the majorities of DeSoto and Rapides, but 36 hours after the polls closed, it is impossible to get anything from the Democratic papers, this points to the fact that dirty work is being done.

In Mr. Ogden's own parish, that he lost in the primary election, the Democrats claim a majority of over 2500. At the Benton precinct in that parish, we are told by a responsible party who formerly resided there, that Mr. Ogden received 1200 votes, when in reality there is not over 700 voters in the whole ward.

We give below the following telegrams taken from the Shreveport Times, a Democratic paper. But we do not consider it reliable by any means:

Red River parish gives Ogden 483 majority.

Ogden's majority in Rapides is estimated at 2,500.

In Bossier, Ogden's home parish, his majority will reach over 2,000. At Benton the vote stood Ogden 1,179, Bailey 2.

No further returns have been received from DeSoto to alter the Times figures of yesterday morning—1,000 for Ogden.

Minden, November 7.—Webster parish, Ogden 354, Bailey 319.

Robeline, November 7.—The full vote of Sabine is: Bailey 878, Ogden 315; Bailey's majority 563.

Natchitoches gives the following vote: Ogden 740, Bailey 1,261. Bailey's majority 521.

In Caddo the only additional boxes up the last night were the following: Jewella, Ogden 34, Bailey 3; Greenwood, Ogden 126, Bailey 1. This makes Ogden's majority in six boxes 1,374, and ten precincts to hear from.

The parishes yet to hear from are Bienville, Grant, Vernon and Winn.

From the estimates made on the returns already in Mr. Ogden's election is assured by from 4, to 5,000 majority.

A telegram received yesterday from a perfectly reliable authority in Vernon parish, said that Mr. Ogden had received twenty majority in three boxes, but that the parish would give Mr. Bailey 150 majority.

DEMONETIZATION.

Senator J. Z. George Writes A Logical Letter Regarding It.

Special to the Times-Democrat.

JACKSON, MISS., Nov. 1.—The evening Clarion-Ledger contains the following letter from Senator J. Z. George, in answer to one from the editor of the paper asking him to make some speeches on the financial question in this State:

"No converts can now be made from the adherents of free coinage, however able and ingenious the arguments advanced. The logic of events succeeding demonitization in 1873 and the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act in 1893 is simply irresistible. Everybody can see that the predictions of the friends of demonitization in 1873 and of the advocates of repeal in 1893, have not only not been verified, but that the worst apprehensions of those who opposed both have been realized. With cotton lower than ever known before and continually falling, with the consequent bankruptcy of our farmers and other stagnation of business and enterprise now prevailing, there is no need for a speaker to point out the cause of disaster. Men may talk of the large per capita of money in the country, but that will deceive nobody. This per capita is in the banks and held by large capitalists.

It is not in circulation; it is not used in trade, commerce or other business, but held idle, except when loaned on a security (as United States bonds) and they like gilt-edge securities, which cannot be given by one in a thousand solvent borrowers. The cry of overproduction will deceive no one, for there are millions upon millions of persons but illy shod with cotton goods. Their power of consumption has been so diminished by demonitization as to cause the glut complained of. The vicious circle of delusive excuses at last resolves itself into this: There is money enough, or more than money enough for the small business actually transacted. The contraction consequent on demonitization has itself thus made the causes which have dispensed largely with the use of money.

"Since we are not allowed to have a currency adequate to the needs of commerce at the old prices, they have been reduced not only to meet the inadequate volume of money but to produce a surplus. It takes vastly less money to market the present crop than any other in recent years. The idle surplus is nothing but the amount lost to producers by depressed prices. Instead of going out to pay reasonable and fair prices to cotton and wheat growers, the money is now engaged in still further enhancing its own value and grinding to powder the masses of our people by awaiting, in the coffers of capitalists, for a still further fall in prices. Thus it will be enabled for the same nominal amount to purchase more and more of human labor or its products. Thus it will be empowered to increase more and more that domination in human affairs which has resulted in giving to 35,000 persons one-half of all the property of all the people of the United States.

"These views are so evident that it needs no argument to cause them to be accepted by the people. In fact, the people understand this matter quite as well as those who claim to be experts in financial science."

Steel Men to Form a Trust.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 23.—The manufacturers of cold rolled steel of the United States are about to form an organization to maintain prices and increase profits. It is probable that all of the firms of Western Pennsylvania will join. Every manufacturer of cold rolled steel in the United States has been invited to send representatives to a meeting in the Holland House, October 24th. The plan embraces the punishment of price cutters. An agreement as to labor matters may also be made.

Mr. Dockery's Experience.

It will be remembered that Mr. Dockery of Iowa, guaranteed his constituents that there would be no increase in the price of sugar as the result of Democratic tariff legislation, and, if there was, that he would make up the difference to them. Immediately upon the passage of the Democratic tariff bill the price of sugar was raised in his district as a result and Mr. Dockery was called upon to make good his pledge. Instead of twenty-two pounds for a dollar but seventeen could be obtained. When he asked for an estimate of the increased cost to his constituents he was astounded to learn that it would take his salary for the next term should he be re-elected.

It is claimed that since Mr. Dockery's experience the necessity for preventing a rise in the price of sugar became apparent to the Democratic managers, and it is said they appealed to the Democratic trust to enable them to make a record upon cheap sugar, at least until after the election. It is now said that the Democratic campaign managers have entered into an agreement with the sugar trust that the wholesale price of sugar shall not be increased until after the November elections. After the November elections, it is claimed, the campaign managers do not care what the price of sugar is. The trust people, so the story goes, have gladly agreed to this in return for the many favors which the Democratic party has conferred upon it in the Senate tariff bill and in securing the enactment of the present law. It is alleged that the Democratic campaign committee will issue a statement taken from the official records of the produce exchange at Philadelphia showing that the wholesale price of sugar has not been increased by the passage of the sugar trust bill. These figures, running back for four years, will show that whatever variations there may have been in quotations of granulated sugar there has been none since the Gorman bill became a law. The Republican campaign committee had an intimation some days ago that the Democrats were about to put forth a statement of this kind to counteract the effect which the action of the retail dealers throughout the country has had upon the popular vote. The retail price of sugar has been increased on an average of a cent per pound.—National Watchman.

How Are We To-Day?

Everything looks dark and gloomy, discontent abounds from ocean to ocean and we have strikes and riots, and tramps by the thousands. We have the oil trust, the sugar trust, and the whiskey trust, and monopolies of every conceivable kind, all demanding and getting tribute from our people. These are the fruits of Republican and Democratic rule. They have burned up our money and issued bonds in their stead for the benefit of Shylock. They have destroyed our silver as a money metal. Our representative halls have been turned into machines, and they turn tariff reform in at one end and single gold standardism at the other. Shylock furnishes the motive power, and they proceed to grind; and what do we get? More millions at one end and paupers by the thousands at the other.—New Era-Standard.

It is now charged that the Democratic managers have made a deal with the trust to keep sugar down at present prices until after the election. The advance in the price was beginning to hurt the Democrats and something had to be done, so they went to the sugar trust bosses and made the deal, and stopped the advance when the election is over look out for dear sugar.—Alliance Forum.

The banks hold only nineteen millions of their own bills, although they have issued two hundred and seven millions. Bank bills are "good enough for the people," but the banks prefer to hold gold. See.—Ex.

Over-Production—Another Falsehood.

We have been told that the low price of wheat was not due to the demonitization of silver, but to overproduction. That is, we had raised too much food, while several millions of hungry stomachs in this country, and many more across the Atlantic, were clamoring for something to eat, and had not the work to procure the money to buy it. But we have not raised too much. Read the following table:

"The following table gives the receipts of wheat at the four principal spring wheat markets from the beginning of the crop year, Aug. 1, 1893, to date, and for the same time a year ago:

	This Crop.	Last Crop.
	Bu.	Bu.
Minneapolis.....	48,875,253	65,402,207
Milwaukee.....	18,264,670	14,732,033
Duluth.....	28,771,926	37,716,284
Chicago.....	19,708,103	58,248,814
Total.....	105,519,952	175,099,244

The following table gives the receipts of wheat at the four principal winter wheat markets from the beginning of the crop movement, July 1, 1893, to date, and for the same time a year ago:

	This Crop.	Last Crop.
	Bu.	Bu.
Toledo.....	218,623	185,691
St. Louis.....	528,717	700,000
Detroit.....	110,107	168,000
Kansas City.....	159,000	112,800
Total.....	1,014,447	1,166,894

From this it appears that, while the population of the United States is greater in 1893-1894, than in 1892-1893, and therefore the wheat crop should be so much greater, it really fell off, so that the spring wheat crop of 1893-1894 fell 69,000,000 bushels below that of the previous year, while the winter wheat crop fell off 151,947 bushels in the same time, or a total shrinkage of 69,731,319 bushels. And the crop of 1894 will be still smaller than that of 1893. The falling off from 1892 to 1893 was equal to our whole average exportation of wheat from the United States.—I. D. in Nonconformist.

Democratic Prayer.

NO. XIII.

Our most adorable political father whose body is occasionally in Washington, and whose heart is always in Wall street; whose name we love and split our throats cheering whenever thy silver tongued servants mention it; whose word is law and whose frown means no pie; whose avordupois weight is 300 but whose political weight is more than that of all thy party; again we bow before thee to acknowledge ourselves indebted to thee for additional humiliation. We come before thee, oh most worshipful Grover, acknowledging our own weakness. We haven't got sense enough to lead a goose to water. But a short time ago we were yelling for free silver, free sugar, free coal, free iron or a free fight. When thou didst knock silver out we cursed thy name. We declared that thou wast not a democrat. We said thou wast a traitor and a rascal. Then when the senate put sugar, coal and iron on the protected list we swore a mighty swear. We behold the glory of the democratic party has gone glimmering. But most adorable Grover, we sinned against thee. We cover ourself in sackcloth and ashes; it is about all we have left to cover ourselves with. We beg thy Majesty's pardon. We don't know enough to set a goose on a hillside. Kick us for our ignorance. Kick us for our presumption. Kick us for daring to speak evil of thee.

Kick us for thinking at all. Kick us for not having any sense.

Kick us for not having an opinion of our own.

Kick us to thy heart's content. The more thou kickest us the more we will love thee.

The more thou thumpst us on the head the more we will sing thy praises.

Hast not the Missouri democrats commended thy "patriotism, integrity, ability and courage?"

Have not the Alabama democrats sang thy praises!

Have not the Georgia democrats done likewise?

Have not the Arkansas democrats knelt at the stool of repentance?

Yes, Grover, thou art all right. We are dad bumed fools for not finding it out sooner. Chuck our heads in the mud of thy displeasure.

Sand bag us with thy wrath. Sit down on us with thy greatness.

But let us worship at thy shrine. We don't want any free silver. We don't want any free sugar. We don't want any free coal. We don't want anything free but the whisky we get during the campaign.

We want to protect everthing that thou cammandest us to.

We sinned when we cursed the republicans for demonitizing silver.

We sinned when we told them protection was a fraud and unconstitutional.

We now want to apologize to them through thee.

The republicans have always been right in everything except wanting the offices. On this alone do we differ from them.

But, oh, almighty Cleveland, thy servants which are our bosses have made us lie. They put the words in our mouths. They told us to yell for free silver, and we yelled.

They told us to yell for free sugar, and we yelled.

They told us to yell for free raw material, and we yelled.

They told us to yell against thee, and we yelled.

Now they tell us to yell for thee and we stand on our tip toes and yell.

And why not?

We are machines.

We are political jumping jacks.

We couldn't tell for the life of us what kind of a democrat we are going to be to-morrow, for we don't know which string the bosses will pull.

But we know that we will be a democrat. It is easy to be a democrat. There are so many different kinds. But, most adorable Grover we are sorely pressed by the Populists. They hem us in on every side. They punch us with Jeffersonian doctrines.

They knock us on the head with Jacksonian clubs.

They thrust Calhoun sticks into our flesh.

They put Thomas Benton flies into our political buttermilk.

They lariat us with "time honored principles."

They beat us into a jelly with Washington's farewell address and Jackson's messages.

They cover us all over with the democratic record in congress and rub it on us.

They finish up by piling on top of us a mountain of broken promises of the democratic party and leave us struggling beneath the burden.

Oh, most worshipful master, thou who canst make congress tremble in its boots and stamp platforms into the earth, canst thou not do something to save us from these pesky Populists? Surely they are becoming as sands upon the sea shore for numbers. Oh, why didst thou not kill Coxe and use him for fish bait?

Verily he is a Populist breeder. Save us, oh save us from the Populists, and thine shall be the glory forever—Amen.

Do you know what is the cause of the war between China and Japan. The same cause that produced every war that history records. Robbery. Plain, simple, unvarnished robbery. A desire to get the goods that people make without paying for them. Slavery of the masses to the classes. Both China and Japan want to "protect" Corea so they can collect taxes off its people. The poor fools who do the fighting have no real interest in it. The men who give their lives up at the command of a king are themselves being robbed by that king and his nobles. No matter what polished court excuses are given, the plain, every day name of the cause is robbery.—Coming Nation.