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There is No Free Country, Unless the People Rule.

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Doctor Albright.

A BROAD MINDED PHYSICIAN WITH PROGRESSIVE IDEAS.

Believes in Recommending Any Medicine That He Knows Will Cure His Patients—Thinks Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a Great Discovery—He Cures Some Marvellous Cures.

From the Examiner, Lancaster, Pa. AKBON, Pa., April 9th, '95.

DR. WILLIAMS' MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen—While it is entirely contrary to the custom of the medical profession to recommend any of the so-called proprietary preparations, I shall, nevertheless, give you an account of some of my wonderful experiences with your preparation. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The fact is well known that medical practitioners do not as a rule, recognize, much less use, preparations of this kind, consequently the body of them have no definite knowledge of their virtue or lack of it, but soundly condemn them all without a trial. Such a course is manifestly absurd and unjust, and I, for one, propose to give my patients the best treatment known to me, for the particular disease with which they are suffering, no matter what it is, where or how obtained. I was first brought to prescribe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills about two years ago, after having seen some remarkable results from their use. Reuben Hoover, now of Reading, Pa., was a prominent contractor and builder. While superintending the work of erecting a large building during cold weather, he contracted what was thought to be sciatica. He first noticed it one morning in not being able to arise from his bed. After the usual treatment for this disease he failed to improve, but on the contrary grew rapidly worse, the case developing into an amplexia, or partial paralysis of the entire right side of the body. Electricity, tonics and massage, etc., were all given a trial, but nothing gave any benefit, and the paralysis continued. In despair he was compelled to hear his physician announce that his case was hopeless. About that time his wife noticed one of your advertisements and concluded to try your Pink Pills.



He had given up hope and it required a great deal of persuasion on the part of his wife to persuade him to take them regularly.

He, however, did as she desired, and if appearances indicate health in this man, one would think he was better than before his paralysis.

My, says he, I began to improve in two days, and in four or five weeks I was entirely well and at work. Having seen these results I concluded that such a remedy is surely worth a trial at the hands of any physician, and consequently when a short time later I was called upon to treat a lady suffering with palpitation of the heart and great nervous prostration, after the usual remedies failed to relieve, I ordered Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was simply astonishing. Her attacks became less frequent and also less in severity, until by their use for a period of only two months she was the picture of health, rosy-cheeked and bright-eyed, as well as energetic, and she has continued so until today, more than one year since she took any medicine. I have found these pills a specific for chorea, or as more commonly known, St. Vitus' dance, as beneficial results have in all cases marked their use. As a spring tonic any one who, from overwork or nervous strain during a long winter has become pale and languid, the Pink Pills will do wonders in brightening the countenance and in buoying the spirits, bringing roses to the pallid lips and renewing the fountain of youth.

Yours Respectfully, J. D. ALBRIGHT, M. D.

God is not a respecter of persons, but he is of character.

Fits Cured
From U.S. Journal of Medicine.
Prof. W. H. Pecke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by his medicine. He publishes a book on this disease, and which he sends free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., N. Y.

TOWER'S WATERPROOF COAT
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A RINGING ADDRESS.

CHAIRMAN ASHBY TO THE POPULISTS OF TEXAS.

He Declares the 165,000 Populists of this State to Be "the Great Stonewall Brigade of the Reform Movement," and Urges Thorough Organization.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 5.—To the Populists of Texas: I congratulate you upon your great work for the people in the past, your devotion to the principles of justice and right. History will write down that amid the wranglings, trickery and corruption of the dominant political parties, the oppression of poverty, without political prestige, brow-beaten, insulted, accused of anarchy, communism and socialism, that you have bravely stood for the principles inaugurated by the fathers of this republic; exposed fraud and corruption in high places; you have beaten back the cohorts of plutocracy that would have, but for your untiring efforts, overwhelmed our fair land, and the reign and rule, undisturbed, of a moneyed aristocracy would have resulted.

The 165,000 Populists of Texas compose, so to speak, the great stone wall brigade of the reform movement in these United States. You have been brave and bold, patient and conservative. Yours has been largely a labor of love. By your broad and liberal spirit it was that the laboring people met at St. Louis to bury war issues and drown with grateful tears the last spark from hatred's fires, enkindled during the civil war, that estranged brothers might love back to a sweet fraternal companionship. If you would know your success, only look over the country, from the snow-covered north to the sunny south, from the far-east to the extreme west, and find millions of Populists, a great and growing party pledged to reform, held together by duty and the love of justice. Witness the late session of the National Reform Press association, held at Dallas, by noble men and women from all parts of our nation. No one inquired where he or she was born, whether in Maine or Florida; whether he wore the blue or gray; on the contrary, they were guided in all their actions by that spirit of fraternal love that makes nations strong and great. Texans, let the future develop more and more of this spirit of liberality. Let us surrender no principles, but invite to our ranks and councils all men who love their country. We want no single plank or platform, nor party; in fact, none has even been proposed, so far as my knowledge extends. As for myself, I have never asked for a position in the party, and I am not a candidate for any office at the hands of the people and would not accept anything at the hands of any other party. I have, under all circumstances, done the best I could.

The state executive committee met at Dallas on Feb. 22. Those present were H. S. P. Ashby of Tarrant, chairman; J. H. Boyd of Delta, secretary; first district, E. P. Aisbyrne of Harris; third district, John O'Byrne of Gregg; sixth district, J. T. W. Loe of Dallas; seventh district, W. F. Douthitt of Bell; eighth district, J. M. Mallett of Parker; ninth district, M. M. Williams of Williamson; thirteenth district, J. S. Bradley of Taylor, and for the state at large, H. L. Bentley of Taylor.

"The proceedings of the committee were conducted in secret. "Wednesday, Aug. 5, was decided upon as the time for holding the state nominating convention. The committee fixed the basis of representation for the state convention as one vote for every 300 votes cast for Hon. T. L. Nugent for governor in 1894, and one for a majority fraction of 300.

"The following resolutions were unanimously adopted: "Resolved, that we favor an honorable union of all the reform forces of the United States along those lines that will best promote the welfare of all our people, and that we reaffirm our expression of confidence in the integrity and patriotism of our national chairman, H. E. Taubeneck, and the national committee, and also our state chairman, H. S. P. Ashby.

"Resolved, that while we do not fix the time for holding congressional conventions for the purpose of electing delegates to the national convention, we suggest that each convention elect one delegate for the district at large and one delegate for each 2000 votes or majority fraction cast for T. L. Nugent for governor in 1894 to the national People's party convention in St. Louis.

"Resolved, that we recommend that congressional conventions for nominating candidates for congress be not held until after the national convention has met. "Resolved, that the chairman, H. S. P. Ashby, is hereby authorized and instructed to appoint two delegates for the state at large and two alternates to the national convention. "The matter of selecting the place for holding the convention was left with Chairman Ashby. The executive committee, as you see,

fixed the date for holding the state nominating convention Aug. 5. For many reasons this was deemed advisable, among them that at that date the national convention will have been held and we will be better prepared to act for our best interests.

Having heard many rumors and seen much in print about Chairman Taubeneck he was invited before the committee to make a statement, and having declared his indorsement of the principles of the Omaha platform, the committee thought it just to give him their indorsement.

The committee having fixed the day for holding the state nominating convention between the date fixed for holding our national convention and the state Democratic nominating convention, it was determined to let the congressional districts elect the delegates to the national convention, on the basis fixed by the national executive committee. This being done, after mature deliberation it was deemed unwise to call a state convention and put the people to the expense necessary to hold a state meeting simply to elect two delegates to the national convention for the state at large, hence your humble servant was instructed to appoint them. This I shall do after the congressional district conventions have been held, and after consulting with the committee. There was no desire to usurp any authority, but the committee did what was believed to be best.

The committee was deeply impressed with its great responsibilities and acted conscientiously, doing what it believed would redound to the upbuilding of the cause and the success of the party.

In conclusion, let me urge you to push the work of education and organization until a reform campfire is seen brightly blazing on every hill and in every valley in all Texas. Let us, as in the past, stand by and fight for those principles so dear to the hearts of all true reformers. Let us invite all good men, without regard to past affiliations, to rally under the grand flag of reform, that we may triumphantly march to victory in November next.

H. S. P. ASHBY, Chairman State Executive Committee People's Party of Texas.

Let Justice be our guide in all things.

Patriotism based on selfishness is no good.

Plutocracy and usury, plunder and usurpation.

Class laws and crime, corruption and cussedness.

Hon. J. H. Reagan is a general without an army.

There is a parity between demagogues and rascals!

Poverty is perhaps the most dangerous foe to society in existence.

Stand unflinchingly by every principle in the Omaha platform.

Sectionalism is dying, and with it must die the two old parties.

When demagogues rule patriots tremble. Look at our country now.

Populists do not seem to be worried over candidates. It is principle first—men next.

It has been Patriots vs. Plutocrats ever since gold and silver was adopted as money.

United we win, divided we will certainly fail, for a house divided against itself cannot stand.

"Fishing smacks are used in angling for a husband," says Texas Sifter. Yes, and demagogy to catch voters.

There is nobody who expects something for nothing, except the officeholders of the two old parties.

Paper is very useful. Car wheels, piano frames and money are made of it—money by statutory enactment.

Selfishness is the foundation of all our troubles. When it is abolished monopoly and millionaires will be no more.

God made the bees, but it is the bees that makes the honey; man made the government, but the law makes the money.

The public debt of the United States less cash in the treasury is \$937,067,473, whereas it should not be one dollar even.

The Knight of Labor who votes a Democratic or Republican ticket is an arrant fraud, and should not be countenanced.

The Hessian tread of plutocracy is heard in the eastern states and it must be hushed. Organize People's party clubs.

Did you ever hear of a plutocrat doing unto others as he would have others do unto him? If so, when, and who was he?

County candidates are the best advocates that any given set of principles can have. They see everybody and talk, talk all the time.

We must have unity and harmony in the People's party no matter who gets hurt; and that, too, without the sacrifice of principle.

The present revolution is economic, and must be settled without the use of arms.

The tax-eaters, state and federal, have not adjourned and do not intend to if they can avoid it. Their appetite for official pie cannot be appeased. The office-holding glutton is without apology.

Fusion is disintegration and destruction. Stay in the middle of the road and invite all good men who desire the perpetuation of a republican form of government, who favor sovereignty of the citizens, who love simplicity and honesty in public affairs, to join us in the triumphant march to victory.

The Roetgen ray, by which the brain or any part of a living being can be photographed, is certainly one of the most marvelous discoveries of the age. Now, if Edison or some other expert can invent some way to make public all the trickery of the old party leaders the people will call him blessed.

Did you ever hear of a robber quitting of his own accord? No, you answer. Then, do you expect the legalized robbers in and out of office to stop until you vote to put in different people and change the laws so as to preclude legalized robbing? Remember that no reform ever came through an old organization.

The Democrats are great on deficits—leaving bills for others to pay. It is now estimated that the federal deficiency will be somewhere between \$18,000,000 and \$30,000,000, while in Texas Mr. Culberson's reign has piled up \$500,000 on the \$12,000,000 left by Mr. Hogg in one year, and this, too, with taxes higher than for fifteen years.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota says that the "money power will do its best to break us up at St. Louis. Concert of action means victory; division means defeat. Millions will be spent to tear us to pieces." Yes, we should be very particular in our selection of delegates. Pick out sensible men. Don't send cranks or cowards.

No fusion, no single plank, no sacrifice of principle, but let us be politic enough to invite and even urge all reformers, of whatever name, to join with us and share the honor of overthrowing plutocracy. Let us swell the army of reform until it sweeps the country, and shakes plutocracy like unto an earthquake. Monopoly must go.

In 1850 the farmers of the United States owned 75 per cent of its wealth, while in 1890 they owned but 29 per cent, a clear loss of 46 per cent, or over half in forty years; and this, too, in spite of the fact that there are now three farmers to where there was one in 1850. Thus it is seen we are gradually becoming a nation of renters, hence dependents.

In 1891 there were 12,000,000 families in this government, and the total assessed wealth was \$62,982,000,000. At that time through-class legislation it was made possible for seventy families to own \$2,625,000,000 of that wealth, while 9,620,000 families only owned \$7,215,000,000. Do you not see that there is something wrong? Do you not think it about time to make a change?

The cranks have always been the saviors of society. Perilous times demand men of strong endowment, men of nerve, men obstinate and eccentric in pursuit of the right, men who have forsaken the dead past for the living present, and who are "filled with the rapture of a high resolve." Such are the men that mankind is indebted to for all it has of happiness and freedom.

The Minneapolis Representative says that the "rings steal hundreds of millions annually from the people. One-tenth of the plunder is used to control the daily press and buy up the leaders of the two old parties, to darken intelligence and make the voters poor, blind and incapable of self-defense. Strike before it is too late." Yes, strike at the ballot box this fall by voting a People's party ticket.

We hear a great deal about organized labor, but the Hon. Carroll D. Wright, of the national bureau of statistics, is reported as estimating that only 1,500,000 of the 15,000,000 of American wage-earners are organized in any sort of trades' unions. It would seem from his estimate that but little over one man in every fifteen belongs to and labor organization. No wonder the places of strikers are easily filled.

A late dispatch from Wilmington, Del., to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch says it is stoutly asserted that "Col. Wm. A. Dupont, who will shortly represent Delaware Republicans in the United States senate, is unquestionably a Democrat. He voted for Horace Greely, Gen. Winfield S. Hancock and Grover Cleveland, and a diligent search made by his friends has failed to produce any evidence that he ever voted a straight Republican ticket." But what is the difference between a Cleveland Democrat and a gold standard Republican? In candor, are they not about the same? If there is any difference, what is it?

MORGAN'S CORNER.

"NOTES AND COMMENT" FROM A SKILLFUL PEN.

Flashes of Thought from the World of Thinkers Commented Upon by the Secretary of the National Reform Press Association.

The meeting of the National Committee at St. Louis, Jan. 17, was one of the great events of the year. The results of the meeting, we believe, are generally satisfactory to the Populists. There is some dissatisfaction as to what some of the committee should have said in interviews published in the St. Louis papers. We have little confidence in what we read in the plutocratic papers and are not willing to take such reports for truth. However, there is one suggestion we would make in this connection, inasmuch as the interview is so seldom truthfully reported, we see no reason why our leading Populists should persist in submitting to being interviewed, unless it is through an uncontrollable desire to attract public attention.

There is a kind of discussion going on in some of our Populist papers, if it can be dignified by the name discussion, that is doing the party more harm than good. It is with reference to the so-called "issues" in the Omaha platform. Now, if there is anything wrong in the Omaha platform it ought to come out. Upon that all good Populists will agree. But it is not fair to arraign the "issues" and not designate what they are. The plutocratic press hold that the platform is made up of "issues," and, by the way, the word "issues" was first applied by the plutocratic press. When Populist papers or Populist leaders speak of the issues, they owe it to the public to state what, in their opinion, constitute the "issues" in the platform. While some seem to think that everything is an "issue" except the free silver coinage plank, the plutocratic press charges that that is the worst issue of all. To talk about "issues" and not state what they are occurs to us as firing from the brush to escape a responsibility which there is a lack of courage to assume.

In a speech before the Illinois Bar association, Judge John Barton Payne made a very startling statement, which if true (and there is no doubt of it), demands a very drastic remedy. "In Cook county," he declared, "no man who has sufficient influence to see the County Commissioners can be brought to trial for any crime on earth. Did you apprehend the force of that statement? It is literally true."

About a year ago, in that city, a poor man was sent to jail for taking a pig's foot. Of course he had no "influence." Several men were hung because they happened to be present at a meeting where some reckless fellow threw a bomb, and several policemen were killed and injured. It was never charged that any of them threw the bomb, or knew anything about it. Of course they had no influence. But the rich dodge their taxes by making false oaths, and resorting to all kinds of unlawful subterfuges, and nothing is said about it. They have "influence." "Influence" is a great thing in Chicago. A stranger going to that city should never neglect to take along a good supply of it with him.

And now comes the charge that the treasury officials are covering up the true facts about the gold withdrawals from the reserve fund. This is not the first time the charge has been made that these officials are juggling with figures in making their reports. But this time the kick comes from the plutocrats, who demand the right to know just how much blood there is left in their victim, that they may know how to gauge their speculations. They do not care to kill the goose that lays the golden egg, or even to rob the nest that she might be discouraged or disgusted and not lay anymore. Hence they demand to know the facts in the case. So far as the people are concerned it makes but little difference; while there is a traitor in the camp who holds the keys and opens the doors the thieves will raid the treasury, and until the fool killer can catch up with his work, or the partisan scales drop from the people's eyes, we cannot hope for anything better.

Senator Sherman will probably live long enough yet to drain to the dregs the cup of gall he has prepared for the people. His methods and his record are being laid before the people in a way that is not calculated to add to his happiness. In a recent speech in the senate, Senator Morgan indulged in most emphatic criticisms of his record.

He referred to the intrigues before national conventions and the "wind-shaken platforms" of these bodies. In his judgment the emergency tariff and bond bills were constructed merely as a part of the platform to be laid before a national convention next summer and not with any purpose to enact them as laws. Mr. Morgan criticized the financial course of Mr. Sherman, while he sat across the aisle giving

close attention to the remarks. He referred to Mr. Sherman as the "Napoleon of finance," but this Napoleon was rapidly nearing his Waterloo and his exile at St. Helena. Mr. Morgan enumerated in detail the financial burdens which the legislation urged by the Ohio senator had imposed on the people. They were evils which brought misery, want and calamity to the whole people. It had worked more miseries than those pictured in the Apocalypse. His (Mr. Sherman's) garment was one of many colors, in keeping with the variegated lies of the party to which he belonged. At the present time the Ohio senator and the President were together in their financial views, both equally oblivious to the constitutional requirement that the metals be on equal terms. It was the Ohio senator who originated the evil of selling bonds to a syndicate.

The People's party has plenty of generals but not enough privates. Let us devote our time now to mustering and organizing recruits—when the proper time arrives we can select our generals.—Industrial Leader.

That is only a part of the truth, Brother Royelle; but it is mighty good as far as it goes. The People's party has too many so called generals. And some of them are generals, too,—general nuisances. One of the drawbacks to progression is that too many men think they are born to lead, who are actually not fit to lead a mule to water. All the trouble that has ever come to the People's party has come through its generals(?). You are right; what we need now is recruits—privates. And here is the field for the would-be generals to work. Let them organize and equip an army and then they are entitled to be called generals. Some of them could not, or would not organize a corporal's guard. Yet many of just such men frequently make the most noise in our conventions. The trouble with many of our people is, they got the impression in their old party that patriotism consisted more in making a noise than anything else, and they can't divest themselves of the habit. What we need is voters and you can't get them by making a noise. Go to work and organize.

At this juncture of our strained relations with Great Britain, the testimony of Benjamin Franklin before a committee of the House of Commons, in 1776, will be interesting. In answer to the question, "What was the temper of America to Great Britain before 1773?" he answered:

"The best in the world. They submitted willingly to the government of the Crown, and all their courts paid obedience to acts of Parliament. Numerous as the people are in the several old provinces, they cost you nothing in forts, citadels, garrisons, or armies to keep them in subjection. They were governed by this country at the expense only of a little pen, ink and paper. They were led by a thread. They had not only regard but affection for Great Britain, for its laws, its customs, its manners and even a fondness for its fashions, that greatly increased its commerce. Natives of Britain were always treated with particular regard; and to be an old England man was of itself a chaacter of some respect and gave a kind of rank among us. The British government took away from America its representative money, commanded that no more paper bills of credit should be issued, that they should cease to be a legal tender, and collected the tax in silver. This was in 1773. Now mark the consequences. This contraction of the circulating medium paralyzed all the industrial energies of the people. Ruin seized upon these once flourishing colonies; the most severe distress was brought home to every family; discontent was urged on to desperation, till at last human nature arose and asserted its right!"

To-day we are practically under the domination of English financiers. It was at the dictation of England that our silver was demonetized and depreciated. It was England that dictated the contraction of our currency and a consequent reduction of values of all she wanted to buy of American products. It is England that is now withdrawing our gold from the Treasury and conspiring to force the issue of more bonds. If less provocation than this inspired our fathers to rise up in open revolt against a much more powerful nation than themselves, of what stuff are we to submit quietly when we possess as great power as England can muster? And no resort to arms is necessary. We can vote off this domination, but since England has captured both old party machines we must smash the machines before we can do it.

W. S. MORGAN. Out of respect for decency, if for no other reason, the Democratic party ought to consent to allow itself to be buried without the usual post-mortem ceremonies. The Democratic party never was so demoralized as it is now. It has nothing but broken pledges upon which to make the campaign. Secretary Caple has ordered the coinage of 12,000,000 silver dollars.