Santa Fe Weekly Gazette.

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SANTA FE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

TERMS.

WEEKLY- $2 50 a year, payable invariably in advance; single copies 12 1-2 cents. Advertisements, $1 00 per square of ten lines for the first insertion, and 50 cts. for every subsequent insertion.

JOHN S. WATTS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Office in the house formerly occupied by Messrs Smith & Houghton.

Santa Fe, March 25, 1854.—v3.n41.tf.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

The dwelling house adjoining the Convent in this city, will be sold cheap for cash. Also a lot of good furniture, consisting of articles too numerous to mention. Enquire of

WILLIAM A. MILLER.

Santa Fé, April 26, 1856.—29.—4t.*

Joel Walker. W. H. Chick

WALKER AND CHICK.

Commission Merchants, Kansas Mo.

REFER TO

Col Robert Campbell, Messrs. Riley & Christy
Saint Louis Mo. Saint Louis M.

Santa Fe New Mexico October 7, 1854—t. f.

KEARNEY AND BERNARD.

General outfitting establishment Westport Missouri

Will keep constantly on hand a variety of merchandize of all descriptions adapted to the California and Santa Fe trade. Persons going across the plains would do well to give them a call. Will also have on hand Wagons, Oxen and other necessaries suitable for emigrants—All order from reliable sources promptly attended to.

KEARNEY & BERNARD

Santa Fe New Mexico Oct. 7 1854.—5.f.

STAGE LINE.

Independence Mo., to Santa Fe N. M.

Leaving each end of the route the first day of each month.

Fare through.

From November 1st to May 1st $150
From May 1st to November 1st $125

Packages and extra baggage 35 cents per lb. in summer, and 50 cents in winter, but no package charged less than one dollar. All baggage at the risk of the owner, and no responsibility for any package worth over fifty dollars unless contents given and specially contracted for.

Provisions, arms, and ammunition furnished by the proprietors. All passage money must be paid in advance.

HOCKADAY & HALL.

November 3, 1555.

NOTICE TO THE INHABITANTS OF NEW MEXICO.

The Surveyor General of New Mexico, by act of Congress approved on the 22nd July 1854, is required to "make a full report on all such claims as originated before the cession of the Territory to the United States by the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo of 1848 denoting the various grades of title with his decision thereon as to the validity or invalidity of each of the same under the usages, and customs of the country before its cession to the United States."—And he is also required to make a report in regard to all Pueblos existing in the Territory, showing the extent and locality of each, stating the number of inhabitants in the said Pueblos respectively, and the nature of their titles to the land. Such report to be made according to the form which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior; which report shall be laid before Congress for such action thereon as may be deemed just and proper with a view to confirm bona fide grants and give full effect to the Treaty of 1848, between the United States and Mexico.

Claimants in every case will be required to file a written notice, setting forth the name of the "present claimant," name of "original claimant"—nature of claim, whether incohate or perfect—its date—from what authority the original title was derived—with a reference to the evidence of the power and authority under which the granting officer may have acted—quantity claimed, locality, style and extent of conflicting claims, if any, with reference to the documentary evidence and testimony relied upon to establish the claim, and to show transfer of right from the "original grantee" to present claimant."

Every claimant will also be required to furnish an authentical plat of Survey, if a survey has been executed, or other evidence, showing the precise bounds and extent of the tract claimed.

To enable the Surveyor General to execute the duty thus imposed on him, by law, he has to request all those individuals who claimed lands in New Mexico before the treaty of 1848, to produce the vidences of such claims at this office at Santa Fe, as soon as possible.

TO DONATION CLAIMANTS.

The act of Congress, above referred to, grants 160 acres of land to every white male citizen of the United States, or every white male above the age of 21 years, who has declared his intention to become a citizen, now residing in New Mexico, and who was so residing prior to 1st January 1853; and to every white male citizen of the United States, and to every white male above the age of 21 years, who has declared his intention to become a citizen, who was residing in the Territory on the 1st January 1853 or who shall remove to and settle there at any time prior to the 1st January 1858 the same law also grants 160 acres of public land.

No claim to any such donation is valid unless the land has or shall be settled on, and cultivated, for four successive years; and no such donation claim is allowed to interfere in any manner with any claim recognized by the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.

All individuals claiming the benefit of such donation will find it to their interest to give the earliest possible information to the Surveyor General as to the localities of their settlements, in order to enable him to direct his surveying operations accordingly. The localities in each county shall be described as distinctly as possible in reference to any and all notable objects in the vicinity.

Given under my hand at my office at Santa Fe this 18 day of Jan. A. D. 1855.

WILLIAM PELHAM,
Surveyor General of New Mexico.

Santa Fe, Jan. 27, 1855.—1y34.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late J. J. Fitzwater, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased will present them for payment, on or before the fourteenth May 1857, or be debarred from payment.

C. B. CLARK,
Administrator.

Alburquerque, N. M.
May 13th, 1856.—6.m.

NOTICE.

J. E. Sabine & Co. hereby give notice that J Houghton, Esq., is their authorized agent, to settle up the unfinished business of the firm. Those having left wat hes with the above firm will please call and get them immediately.

J. E. SABINE

Santa Fe New Mexico,
May 16 1856—4t.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

1852—1853.

Governor, to defray the contingent expenses of the Territory, including the salary of a clerk of the secretary's office, a clerk of the executive department; and there shall also be upon request made by the Secretary of the Territory, and upon estimates being made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses, and the Governor and Secretary of the Territory shall, in the disbursement of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall account, and vouch to the said Secretary for the manner in which the aforesaid sums of money shall have been expended, and no expenditure to be paid out of money appropriated by Congress, shall be made by said legislative assembly for objects not specially authorized by the acts of Congress making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the laws now in force in said Territory of Washington, by virtue of the legislation of Congress in reference to the Territory of Oregon, which have been enacted and passed subsequent to the first day of September, eighteen hundred and forty eight, applicable to the said Territory of Washington, together with the legislative enactments of the Territory of Oregon, passed at its first session, prior to the passage of this act and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and applicable to the said Territory of Washington, be and they are hereby, continued in force in said Territory of Washington until they shall be repealed or modified by future legislation.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That the legislative assembly of the Territory of Washington shall hold its first session at such time and place in said Territory as the Governor thereof shall appoint and direct, and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expedient, the legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the seat of government for said Territory at such place as they may deem eligible, which place, however, shall thereafter be subjected to be changed by said legislative assembly. And the sum of five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated and granted to said Territory of Washington, to be there applied by the governor to the erection of suitable buildings at the seat of government.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two years, who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as have been heretofore exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several Territories of the United States to the House of Representatives, but the delegate thus elected shall hold his seat only during the time of the Congress to which he shall be elected. The first election shall be held at such time, and places and be conducted in such manner, as the Governor shall appoint and direct, of which, the time and place, and manner of holding the said elections, he shall give at least six days notice by proclamation, and at all subsequent elections the time places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly. The delegate from said Territory shall be entitled to receive the same per diem compensation and mileage at present allowed the delegate from the Territory of Oregon.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That all suits plaints, process, and proceedings, civil and criminal, at law and in chancery, and all indictments and informations, which shall be pending and undetermined in the courts established within and for said Territory of Oregon, by act of Congress entitled an act to establish the territorial government of Oregon, approved August fourteen, one thousand eighteen hundred and forty eight, whereon the venue in said cases, suits at law, or in chancery, or criminal proceedings, shall be included within the limits hereinbefore declared and established for the said Territory of Washington, then and in that case, said actions so pending in the supreme or circuit courts of the Territory of Oregon shall be, by the clerks of said courts, duly certified to the proper courts of said Territory of Washington, and thereupon said causes shall, in all things concerning the same, be proceeded on, and judgments, verdicts decrees, and sentences thereon rendered, in the same manner as if the the said territory had not been divided. All bonds recognizances, and obligations of every kind whatsoever, valid under the existing laws, within the limits of of said Territory of Oregon, shall be held valid under this acts, and all crimes and misdemeanors against the laws now in force within the said limits of the Territory of Washington may be prosecuted, tried and punished in the courts established by this act, and all penalties, forfeitures, actions, and causes of action, may be recovered and enforced under this act, before the supreme and courts established by this act as aforesaid, that no right of action whatever shall accrue against any person for any act done in pursuance of any law heretofore passed by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Oregon, which may be declared contrary to the Constitution of laws of the United States.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That all justices of the peace, constables, sheriffs, and other judicial officers, who shall be in office in the limits of said Territory of Washington when this act shall take effect, shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required to continue to exercise and perform the duties of their respective offices, as officers de facto, until they or others shall be elected or appointed, and qualified, to fill the offices in the manner here in directed, or unless sooner abolished.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That of the thousand dollars appropriated out of the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the expenses of the Territory of Oregon, in the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government for the use of the governor, secretary, judges of the supreme court, district attorneys and marshals, and such other persons and officers as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That when were provided by law, the secretary may define the judicial districts of said territory, and assign the judges to the districts of said territory, and also appoint the time and place for holding courts in the several counties in each of said judicial districts, in the manner provided by the act of the legislative assembly, at their first session, or session, may organize judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That the officers to be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate for the Territory of Washington, who in pursuance of any law of Congress, or which may be enacted during the second session of Congress, are required to give security for money that may be intrusted to them for disbursement, shall give such security at such time and place, and in such manner as the Secretary of the treasury may prescribe.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in said territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, or otherwise disposing thereof, section numbered sixteen and thirty six in each township in said territory shall be, and the same are hereby reserved for the purpose of being applied to school purposes in said territory, and in lieu of any such sections which may be occupied as aforesaid, or shown to be mineral lands, or shall have been sold or appropriated by any act of Congress, or shall be occupied by bona fide settlers prior to the survey thereof, the county commissioners of the counties in which such sections are occupied as aforesaid are situated, be, and they are hereby, authorized to locate other lands to an equal amount in sections, or fractional sections, as the case may be, within their respective counties, in lieu of said sections so occupied as aforesaid.

Sec. 21. And be it further enacted, That the Territory of Oregon and the Territory of Washington shall have concurrent jurisdiction over all offences committed on the Columbia River, where said river forms a common boundary between said Territories.

Approved, March second, 1853.

CHAP. XCII.—An act making appropriations for the support of the military academy for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the military academy, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty four.

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, eighty eight thousand two hundred and sixty six dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars.

For forage for officers horses, nine hundred and six dollars.

For repairs, fuel, and apparatus therefor, forage for public horses and oxen, postage, stationary, printing and other incidental and contingent expenses, twenty nine thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

For increase and expenses of the library one thousand dollars.

For expense of the board of visitors, three thousand dollars.

For completion of the new mess hall three thousand five hundred dollars.

For stable for dragoon and artillery horses, eight thousand dollars.

For forage for dragoon and cavalry horses, eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For additional pay of fifty dollars each to the soldier employed in the adjutants office as clerk, and to the two enlisted men employed in philosophical and chemical departments, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For the construction of a wharf; four thousand three hundred and thirty dollars.

Approved, March 2, 1853.

CHAP. XCIII.—An act providing for administering the oath of office to William R. King, vice president of elect of the United States of America.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Wm. L. Sharkey, who was appointed consul of the United States at Havana, or any other place in the Island of Cuba, to William R. King, Vice President elect of the United States of America, the oath of office prescribed by the sixt article of the Constitution thereof, on the fourth day of March next, or some subsequent day, in the following terms, "I William R. King, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States," which oath, when thus administered it shall be the duty of the said William L. Sharkey, and he is hereby required, to certify, under his hand, to the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid,. That any judge or magistrate in the United States of America may administer the oath of office aforesaid, to the vice president elect, on the fourth of March next, or some day subsequent thereto, and the officer before whom the same shall be taken, is hereby required to certify the administration of the said oath as is hereinbefore provided.

Approved, March 2, 1853.

CHAP. XCIV.—An act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act to settle and adjust the expenses of the people of Oregon, from attack and hostilities of Cayuse Indians, in the years eighteen hundred and forty seven and eighteen hundred and forty eight, approved August twenty first eighteen hundred and fifty two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the treasury pay, out of the appropriation mentioned in the act to settle and adjust the expenses of the people of Oregon, from attacks and hostilities of Cayuse Indians, in the years eighteen hundred and forty seven, and eighteen hundred and forty eight, approved February fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty one, the sums found due and allowed by Commissioners Ford and Rice and by the Governor of Oregon.

Approved, March 2, 1853.

CHAP. XCVI.—An act to supply deficiences in appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated to supply deficiences in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty three, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

For compensation of the vice president of the United States, one thousand six hundred and thirty eight dollars and eighty nine cents.

For outfit of a Charge d' Affaires to Denmark, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary to the commissioner at the Sandwich islands, from the seven of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, to July first, eighteen hundred and fifty two, and to make the same equal to the sum now provided for by law, four thousand four hundred and fourteen dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the offices of the treasurer of the United States, one thousand dollars.

For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys, eight thousand dollars.

For expenses of depositing public moneys, by receivers of public moneys two thousand and fifty dollars.

For incidental expenses of the several land offices, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For the extension of the United States capitol, four hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That so much of former appropriations for the extension of the capital as remains unexpended and the appropriation now made, or which may hereafter be made for that object, shall be disbursed, under such regulations as the President of the United States may prescribe, the accounts for such disbursement to be audited and paid at the Treasury in the same manner as the accounts of other civil officers charged with the disbursement of public money. And said disbursing agent shall report to the President his disbursements and proceedings, in time to be presented to Congress at the commencement of each annual session, and at any other time when required.

For the completion of the repairs of the Congressional library room; authorized by the act approved Marc nineteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty two, twenty thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of three men, at one dollar per day each, for one year, to finish and keep in order Lafayette Square, one thousand and ninety five dollars.

For enclosing Lafayette square with an iron fence, five thousand one hundred dollars.

For completing the work of the seventh census, and to prepare the same for publication, twenty five thousand dollars.

For stationary, printing blanks forms and regulations, furniture, binding books, and miscellaneous items in the office of the commissioner of pensions, ten thousand dollars.

For engraving for fifty one thousand five hundred and twenty copies of the mechanical part of the patent office report for eighteen hundred and fifty one-two, five hundred and eight five dollars.

To pay for congressional globe and appendix and the annals of Congress, ordered for the use of the library of the House of Representatives under the resolution of the House, of September twenty eight, eighteen hundred and fifty, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to furnish pay for, and deliver the same books to five new members of the present Congress as per resolution of said house, passed twenty sixth July, eighteen hundred and fifty two, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of five clerks, authorized to be appointed and employed by the Postmaster General, under the thirteenth section of the act of thirty first August, eighteen hundred and fifty two, four thousand five hundred and four dollars and nine cents.

For compensation to an assistant day watchman of the General Post office, from the fifteenth of September, eighteen hundred and fifty two, until the thritieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty three, four hundred and seventy five dollars.

For the payment of the amount due William Williams, under the sixteenth article of the Cherokee treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty five and six, being the balance of an award of four hundred and five dollars by the commissioner under said treaty, two hundred and fifty five dollars of which was paid out of the appropriation for carrying into effect the Cherokee treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty five and six, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For pay Gregory Ennis, executor of Philip Ennis, deceased, balance due upon a contract for filling up the low ground south of the President's house, authorized by act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty nine the sum of four hundred and seventy four dollars and fifty four cents.

For expenses of the board of visitors at the military academy, five hundred and fifty seven dollars and eighty three cents.

For expenses which may be incurred in acknowledging the services of the masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American citizens and American vessels from shipwreck, two thousand dollars: Provided, that the money shall be expended under the direction of the President of of the United States.

For the compensation of Senators for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty three, in addition to appropriations heretofore made, and including that for the special session commencing fourth March, eighteen hundred and fifty three, twenty five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate viz:

For binding twenty thousand dollars.

For lithographing and engraving, twenty thousand dollars.

For books, two thousand three hundred dollars.

For congressional Goble, and binding the same, one thousand eight hundred and forty three dollars.

For messengers, pages, laborers, horses, and carryals, ten thousand dollars.

For clerks of President of the Senate and committees, draughtsmen, fireman, and cript and other miscellaneous items, thirty six thousand six hundred dollars.

For the printing of the Senate for the first session of the thirty second Congress, twenty five thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

For the printing of the House of Representatives for the first session of the thirty second Congress, fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty three dollars.

For the printing of the Senate for the second session of the thirty second Congress thirty seven thousand four hundred and sixty three dollars.

For the printing of the House of Representatives for the second session of the thirty second Congress, fifty six thousand one hundred and ninety five dollars.—the same having been executed and to be executed by the public printer under the provisions of the act entitled an act to provide for executing the public printing and establishing the prices thereof, and for other purposes, approved August twenty six, eighteen hundred and fifty two.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, viz:

For newspapers for members, five thousand dollars.

For horses and carriages, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For clerks, messenger, pages, and laborers, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For clerks on maps for the use of the committee on public lands, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For folding documents for membess, four thousand dollars.

For clerks on index of private claims, twenty eight thousand nine hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents.

For miscellaneous items, twenty four thousand nine hundred and fifty one dollars.

For paper used and to be used for printing for the Senate for the first session of the thirty second congress, thirteen thousand two hundred and thirty four dollars and forty cents.

For paper used and to be used for printing for the House of Representatives for the first session of the thirty second congress, sixteen thousand four hundred and eleven dollars and fifty cents.

For paper for the printing of the two houses of congress for the second session of the thirty second congress, being for the fiscal year, endieg the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty three one hundred and four thousand and sixty four dollars.

For compensation to the superintendent of public printing, and the two clerks and messenger in his office, four thousand three hundred and seventy six dollars and thirty three cents.

For blank books, advertising for proposals for paper, postage, &c., one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to comply with the resolution of the House of Representatives, passed on the twenty second of December., one thousand eight hundred and fifty two, to pay John S. Littell per diem and mileage while contesting the seat to John Robbins, Jr., during the thirty first Congress, two thousand three hundred nine seventy six dollars, to pay Hendrick B. Wright per diem and mileage while contesting the seat of Henry M. Fuller during the thirty second congress one thousand nine hundred and thirty nine dollars and twenty cents, to pay John Taliaferro per diem and mileage while contesting the seat of John P. Hungerford during the twenty fifth Congress, two hundred and twenty two dollars.

For salary of an assistant dragoman and Secretary to the legation to Turkey, fifteen hundred dollars: Arovided, that said office be discontinued on and after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty three.

For clerk hire at the legation of the United States at London for one year, eight hundred dollars.

For relief of such of the Cuban prisoners, not citizens of the United States, as were pardoned by the Queen of Spain and sent out of her dominions by the United States Minister at Madrid, and the American consul at Gibraltar,