State Department

SANTA-FE GAZETTE.

VOLUME II. SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, SEPTEMBER 22, 1860. NUMBER 20. (NEW SERIES.)

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION

Will be sold, at public auction, on Tuesday Sept. 25th, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the house of Dr. Smith, U. S. A., the household and kitchen furniture. ☞ Terms, Cash.

WM. J. FINN.

INSTRUCTION

St. Michael's College, Santa Fé N. M.

Directed by the Brothers of the Christian Schools, under the superintendency of Bishop Lamy.

This Institution will reopen November 1st 1860, in the building now occupied by the Brothers, which is located in one of the healthiest parts of the City. The improvements lately made upon the building and grounds thereto attached, render it one of the best seats for learning in the country.

Instructions will be given in Reading, Writing, Grammar, Orthography; Analysis, grammatical and logical, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, Drawing, Music, the Spanish, English and French Languages.

Application for Admission or Circulars, may be made personally or by letter, to

BROTHER HILARIAN, Director.

Sept 5-6. 1.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, First Judicial District Court — County of Santa Fé, August Term, A. D. 1860.

ROMAN PADILLA vs. PEDRO LUNA. — In Chancery. Injunction.

Be it remembered, that on the 11th day of said August Term 1860, of said Court, the same being the 7th day of said month, the following order was made in the above entitled cause:

It appears to the court by bill in this cause filed, the complainant is a free resident of this Territory. It is ordered by the Court, that public notice be made in the Santa Fe Gazette, for eight successive publications, that the defendant be made to appear on the first day of the next term of this court, commencing the said defendant to answer said complainant's bill, or the same will be taken as confessed as against him.

Witness the Hon. Kirby Benedict Chief Justice, and ex officio presiding Judge of the First Judicial District Court, and the seal of said Court, this 11th day of August A. D. 1860.

SAM'L ELLISON, Clerk.

Sept 5-8. 1.

THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, First Judicial District Court — County of Santa Fé, August Term A. D. 1860.

EDWARD TRAVERNIER vs. JACOB HILL and JAMES PORTER. — Attachment for $125.

Be it remembered that on the 4th day of the said August Term, 1860, of said court, the same being the 6th day of said month, the following order was made in the above entitled cause:

This day came the said Plaintiff by his Attorney and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the said defendants are non residents of the Territory of New Mexico, but reside beyond the limits thereof, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them. It is therefore ordered by the court, that the said defendants enter their appearance to the suit of the said plaintiff, on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the court house of Santa Fé, Territory of New Mexico, on the first Monday of March next, and plead, answer, or demur, to plaintiffs petition for the sum of one hundred and twenty five dollars, and costs, for which the property of the defendants has been attached, or judgement will be rendered against them, and the property attached, will be subject to satisfy said judgement.

It is further ordered, that publication be made of the above order, according to law. Witness, the

Hon. KIRBY BENEDICT, Chief Justice, and ex officio presiding Judge of the First Judicial District Court, and the seal of said court, this 20th day of August A. D. 1860.

SAM'L ELLISON, Clerk.

Sept 1-8. 1.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Santa Fé, upon the estate of Christian Nelson, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate, are notified thereof for payment within one year from date hereof, and those indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and settle the same without delay.

J. B. FONTI, Administrator.

Santa Fé, N. M. August 15, 1860. Sept. 15, '60—3.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, First Judicial District Court — County of Santa Fé, August Term A. D. 1860.

RICHARD W. DUNCAN vs. HENRY O'NEIL and ROBERT N. SMITH. — In Chancery.

Be it remembered, that on the 12th day of said August term, 1860, of said court, the same being the 18th day of said month, the following order was made in the above entitled cause:

This day came the said complainant by his counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Robert N. Smith, one of the defendants in the above entitled cause, is not a resident of the Territory of New Mexico, but resides beyond the limits thereof, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. It is therefore ordered by the court, that the said defendant enter his appearance to the said bill, on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of Santa Fé, Territory of New Mexico, on the first Monday of March next, and plead, answer, or demur, to said bill, or the said bill will be taken as confessed as to him; and decree for the sale of the lands as prayed for in the said bill, be entered accordingly. Witness the

Hon. KIRBY BENEDICT, Chief Justice, and ex officio presiding Judge of the first judicial district, and the seal of said court, this 20th day of August, A. D. 1860.

SAM'L ELLISON, Clerk.

Sept 15-4. 1.

SANTA FE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

"Independent in all things, Neutral in nothing."

JAMES L. COLLINS, PUBLISHER.

JOHN T. RUSSELL, EDITOR.

SANTA FE, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1860.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Payable in advance without exception.

For one year	$ 2.00
For six months	1.50
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PUBLIC ACTS.

[Published by Authority.]

CHAP. XXXV.—An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to establish a criminal court in the District of Columbia.'"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first and seventh sections of the act approved February 9th, 1859, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to establish a criminal court in the District of Columbia,'" be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever the judge of the said criminal court from sickness or any other legal cause, shall be unable to hold the said court, he shall give notice thereof to the judges of the circuit court of the District of Columbia, or if he be unable from any legal cause to give such notice it shall be given by the marshal of the District of Columbia; and thereupon one of the said judges of the circuit court of the District of Columbia shall, by arrangement among themselves hold the said criminal court during the temporary inability of the judge of the said court: *Provided, however*, That no judge of the said circuit court of the District of Columbia after once holding said criminal court during the temporary inability of the judge of the said criminal court shall be required, unless with his own consent on any subsequent occasion of a temporary inability of said judge of the criminal court, to hold the said criminal court again until it shall have been holden by each of the other two judges of the said circuit court of the District of Columbia it being the intent and meaning of this act to apportion, at near as may be, among the three judges of said circuit court the extra service which this act imposes on them.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That if, when any judge of the circuit court is called on in rotation to hold said criminal court during the inability of the judge thereof, such judge of the circuit court shall be prevented by sickness or other legal cause from holding the said criminal court then it shall be holden by one of the other two judges of the circuit court, whose duty it would be under this act, as next in rotation, to hold said criminal court.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act contained shall prevent the clerk of the said criminal court from adjourning the same from day to day for a time not exceeding one week where the judge of the criminal court shall be taken sick after the commencement and during the progress of a term: *Provided*, That no services rendered by either of the judges of the circuit court under this act shall be the foundation for any additional compensation therefor.

APPROVED, April 20, 1860.

CHAP. XXXVI.—An Act supplemental to an act entitled "An act for the relief of the T. A. and other post masters of the United States, and for the number of the Members of the House of Representatives and provide for the future apportionment among the several States," approved May 23d, 1850.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there may be employed in the Census Office one chief clerk and at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, such other clerks of the first class as the requirements of the service may demand, of whom the Secretary may advance from time to time, not more than ten to the second class, nine to the third class and six to the fourth class.

APPROVED, May 5, 1860.

CHAP. XXXIX.—An Act authorizing the Corporation of Washington City to make a loan not to exceed Sixty for two hundred thousand dollars, for building a Market House.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all the ground lying between Seventh and Ninth streets, and fronting on Pennsylvania and Louisiana avenues, now and hitherto used and occupied for the Centre Market, be, and the same is hereby ceded to the Corporation of Washington, on condition that said Corporation within two years after this act takes effect, erect thereon a Market House. The said house to be so constructed as to admit foot passengers through only one entrance to the market on the north side; market-wagons and other vehicles on the south side only, with means of exit for the same on Seventh and Ninth streets, and to exclude marketing from Pennsylvania and Louisiana avenues and the sidewalks and pavements thereon. And for the purpose of erecting such market-house it shall be lawful for said Corporation to creat a debtor, in such form as may be found expedient not exceeding the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum, any restriction in the charter of said city or existing laws to the contrary notwithstanding. *Provided, however*, That the Government of the United States shall, in no event whatever, be, either directly or indirectly, liable for the principal or interest upon any loan which may be obtained under the provisions of this act, and the entire revenue of said building shall, after paying contingent expenses and interest on the stock, be appropriated to the payment of the stock issued in accordance with the provisions of this act, *and provided*, That the powers herein granted shall not be exercised by said Corporation until after the second Monday in June next; and that this act shall, immediately upon its passage, be published by said Corporation in at least two newspapers published in the City of Washington, and be continued until after the the Corporation election in said city in June next.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That no more than two hundred and twenty thousand dollars shall be expended in building said market-house nor shall any contracts be entered into which involve a larger expenditure for the completion of the same.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That in case this act shall take effect as hereinbefore provided, it shall be so construed as to vest the title to said lots in said Corporation, so long as the market-house and apartments shall be continued thereon, and used for the purpose aforesaid, and no longer.

APPROVED, May 9, 1860.

CHAP. XL.—An Act to provide payment for Depredations committed by the White upon the Shawnee Indians in Kansas Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of paying claims of certain members of the Shawnee tribe of indians presented to Congress at its present session for depredations committed upon their property by citizens or inhabitants of the United States, there be, and is hereby appropriated, the sum of thirty six thousand seven hundred and eleven dollars.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the whole or such part of said claims as shall be proved to his satisfaction, shall be adjusted and paid under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior under the rules and regulations prescribed in the "Act to regulate trade and intercourse with Indian tribes and to preserve peace on the frontiers," approved June 30, 1834: *Provided*, That it shall not be incumbent upon the parties claimant from the peculiar condition of affairs in the Territory of Kansas at the time the spoliations were committed to show that the offenders were apprehended and brought to trial.

APPROVED, May 9, 1860.

CHAP. XLVIII.—An Act to carry into Effect a Convention between the United States and the Republic of Paraguay.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a commissioner, whose duty it shall be, conjointly with a commissioner appointed by the government of Paraguay, to investigate, adjust, and determine the amount of the claims of the "United States and Paraguay Navigation Company" against the government of Paraguay.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a secretary to said commissioner in behalf of the United States, versed in the English and Spanish languages.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the said commissioner on the part of the United States, in conjunction with the commissioner on the part of Paraguay, shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make all needful rules and regulations for conducting the business of their said commission; such rules and regulations not contravening the Constitution of the United States, the provisions of this act, or the provisions of said convention.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the compensation of the respective officers, for whose appointment provision is made by this act, shall be as follows: To the commissioner, in full of his services, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars; to the Secretary and interpreter, in full for his services the sum of one thousand dollars; and the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby authorized to make such provision for the contingent expenses and likewise all that part of the compensation and expenses of the umpire under said convention which is required thereby to be defrayed by the United States, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of State is hereby authorized and required to transmit to the said commission such papers or records relating to the business before the said commission as he may deem proper, or as may be called for by the commissioners; and, at the termination of the commission, all the records, documents, and all other papers, which have been before the commissioners, or in possession of its secretary, shall be deposited in the Department of State: *Provided*, That this section shall not be so construed as to prevent the commissioner on on the part of Paraguay from depositing in the said Department certified copies or duplicates of papers, filed on behalf of his government, instead of originals.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the amount paid out of the treasury pursuant to the provisions of this act for carrying the said convention into effect, shall be retained by the United States out of the money that may pursuant to the terms of said convention, be received from Paraguay, and that the same be returned to the treasury of the United States.

APPROVED, May 16, 1860.

CHAP. XLIX.—An Act to furnish additional Mail Facilities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of twenty-five thousand, one hundred and sixty dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be placed at the disposal of the Post Master General, for mail service on the new post routes in Western Kansas, authorized by the act of March 27, 1860: and that the sum of four hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to be applied on each of the new routes established by the act entitled "an act to establish post routes" [an act to establish certain postal roads,] approved June 11, [14,] 1858, as the Post Master General may deem advisable.

APPROVED, May 16, 1860.

CHAP. L.—An Act to establish an additional Land District in Washington Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, when in the opinion of the President it may be expedient, all the public lands in the Territory of Washington to which the Indian title shall have been extinguished or may hereafter be extinguished, lying east and south of the following boundaries, shall constitute a new land district to be called the "Columbia River District," viz: Beginning on the boundary line between the United States and the british possessions and on the summit of the Cascade Mountains at the nearest range line to the East line of range twelve, thence South on the nearest range lines on the summit of said mountains to the line dividing townships ten and eleven North, thence West to the line dividing ranges six and seven west, thence north on said line to the third standard parallel, thence west to "Shoal Water Bay," thence with the Shoal Water Bay, including any islands therein, to the Pacific—the western boundary of said district above the line dividing ranges ten and eleven and on the summit of the Cascade Mountains, to be adjusted by the Department of the Interior as near the points before given as is consistent with the lines of the public surveys—and the President shall be authorized hereafter from time to time, as circumstances may require, to adjust the boundaries of the land districts in said Territory and remove the offices when the same shall be expedient.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be and he is hereby authorized to appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate or during the recess thereof, and until the end of the next session after such appointment a register and receiver for said district who shall be required to reside at the site of the land office, be subject to the same laws, and entitled to the same compensation as is or may hereafter be prescribed by law in relation to the existing land office and officers in said Territory.

APPROVED, May 16, 1860.

CHAP. LI.—An Act to amend the "Act to incorporate the Provident Association of Clerks in the Civil Department of the Government of the United States in the District of Columbia."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the charter of the Provident Association of Clerks be, and the same is hereby, so amended that any member of the Association may, on giving one month's notice to the president and board of officers, withdraw from the Association, and receive out of the funds and assets of the Association such sum as the president and board of officers of the said Association may consider just and equitable; but in no case to exceed the amount he may have contributed, with interest at the rate of six per centum nor his distributive share of the entire assets, if distributed pro rata to family interest at the time of such withdrawal.

APPROVED, May 23, 1860.

CHAP. LVII.—An Act making appropriations for the construction of certain Military Roads in the Territory of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there be appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums, to be expended under the direction of the War Department in the construction of the following named military roads in the Territory of Washington, to wit:

From Fort Benton to Walla Walla, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.)

From Steilacoom to Fort Vancouver, the sum of ten thousand dollars, ($10,000) to be expended exclusively on that portion between Cowlitz River and Montisello.

APPROVED, May 25, 1860.

CHAP. LX.—An Act making appropriations for the Consular and Diplomatic expenses of the Government for the year ending the 30th of June, 1861, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1861, namely:

For salaries of envoys extraordinary, ministers and commissioners of the United States at Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Austria, Brazil, Mexico, China, Chili, Peru, Portugal, Switzerland, Rome, Naples, Sardinia, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Turkey, New Granada, Bolivia, Ecuador, Venezuela, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Sandwich Islands, Costa Rica, Honduras, Argentine Confederation, and Japan, two hundred and ninety six thousand five hundred dollars.

For salaries of Secretaries of legation, forty thousand dollars.

For salaries of assistant secretaries of legation at London and Paris three thousand dollars.

For salary of the interpreter to the legation to China, five thousand dollars.

For salary of the secretary of legation to Turkey acting as interpreter, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the interpreter to the mission to Japan, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, twenty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, forty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, three thousand dollars.

For expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, Candia, Alexandria and Beirut, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the purchase of blank books, stationery, arms of the United States, seals, presses, flags, and for payment of postages and miscellaneous expenses of the consuls of the United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For office rent for those consuls general, consuls, and commercial agents, who are not allowed to trade, including loss on exchange thereon, twenty-seven thousand three hundred and seventy dollars.

For salaries of consuls general at Quebec, Calcutta, Alexandria, Havana, Constantinople, Frankfort-on-the-main; consuls at Liverpool, London, Melbourne, Hong Kong, Glasgow, Mauritius, Singapore, Belfast, Cork, Dublin, Demerara, Halifax, Kingston (Jamaica,) Leeds, Manchester, Nassau (New Providence) Southampton, Turk's Island, Prince Edward's Island, Havre, Paris, Marseilles, Bordeaux, La Rochelle, Lyons, Moscow, Odessa, Revel, Saint Petersburg, Matanzas, Trinidad de Cuba, Santiago de Cuba, San Juan (Porto Rico), Cadiz, Malaga, Ponce (Porto Rico), Trieste, Vienna, Aix-la-Chapelle, Canton, Shanghai, Fouchou, Amoy, Ningpo, Beirut, Smyrna, Jerusalem, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Antwerp, Funchal, Oporto, Saint Thomas, Elsinore, Genoa, Basle, Geneva, Messina, Naples, Palermo, Leipsic, Munich, Leghorn, Stuttgardt, Bremen, Hamburg, Tangiers, Tripoli, Tunis, Rio de Janeiro, Pernambuco, Vera Cruz, Acapulco, Callao, Valparaiso, Buenos Ayres, San Juan del Sur, Aspinwall, Panama, Laguayra, Honolulu, Lahaina, Cape Town, Falkland Islands, Venice, Stettin, Candia, Cyprus, Batavia, Fayal, Santiago (Cape de Verdes), Saint Croix, Spezzia, Athens Zanzibar, Bahia, Maranham Island, Para, Rio Grande, Matamoras, Mexico (city), Tampico, Paso del Norte, Tabasco, Paita, Tumbez, Talcahuano, Carthagena, Sabanillo, Omoa, Guayaquil, Cobija, Montevideo, Tihita, Bay of Islands, Apia, Lanthala; commercial agents at San Juan del Norte, Port au Prince, San Domingo (city), St. Paul de Loando (Angola), Monrovia, Gaboon, Cape Haytien, Aux Cayes, and Amoor river, two hundred and sixty-eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For interpreters for the consulates in China, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner, secretary, chief astronomer and surveyor, assistant astronomer and surveyor, clerk, and for provisions, transportation, and contingencies of the commission to run and mark the boundary line between the United States and the British possessions bounding on Washington Territory, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

To enable the President of the United States to carry into effect the act of Congress of 3 March, 1819, and any subsequent acts now in force for the suppression of the slave trade, forty thousand dollars.

For expenses incurred under instructions from the Secretary of State, in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, and expenses incident thereto, ten thousand dollars.

To enable the Secretary of state to defray the cost of a prison ship at Canton, in China, from the first day of January, 1854, to the first day of January 1857, and for compensation of the marshal of the consular court at Canton from January one, 1854, to 15th December, 1857, four thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For compensation of commissioner to China and the consuls at the five ports in China, viz: Kwang-chow, Amoy, Fu-chow, Ningpo, and Shanghae from the first of July, 1856, nine thousand dollars.

APPROVED, May 26, 1860.

CHAP. LXI.—An Act to settle the Titles to certain Lands set apart for the use of certain Half-Breed Kansas Indians, in Kansas Territory.

Whereas by the sixth article of a treaty made and concluded at the City of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, on the third day of June, 1824, between the United States of America and the Kansas nation of Indians, there was reserved from the lands ceded by said treaty to the United States by said Kansas nation of Indians, one mile square of land for each of the half-breeds of the Kansas nation named in the said sixth article, which land has been surveyed and slotted to each of the said half-breeds in the order in which they are named in, and in accordance with, the provisions of the sixth article of said treaty: therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all the title, interest and estate of the United States is hereby vested in the said reserves who are now living, the land reserved, set apart and allotted to them respectively by the said sixth article of said treaty: and in case any of the said reserves named in the said sixth article are deceased and leaving heirs, then all the title, interest or estate of the United States to the land slotted to such deceased reserves, is hereby vested and confirmed in such persons as shall by the Secretary of the Interior be decided to be the heirs of such deceased reserves: but nothing herein contained shall be construed to give any force, efficacy or binding effect to any contract, in writing or otherwise, for the sale or disposition of any lands named in this act, heretofore made by any of said reserves or their heirs.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in case of any of the reserves now living, or the heirs of any deceased reserves, shall not desire to reside upon, or occupy the lands to which such reserves or such heirs are entitled by the provisions of this act, the Secretary of the Interior, when requested by them or either of them so to do, is hereby authorized to sell such lands belonging to those so requesting him, for the benifit of such reserves, or such heirs; and the Secretary of the Interior is also authorized to sell, with the assent of the Kansas nation of Indian, the lands allotted to the reserves who are deceased, leaving no heirs for the benefit of the living reserves, their heirs, and the heirs of those deceased, equally: said lands to be sold in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and approved by [the] Secretary of the Interior; and patents in the usual form shall be issued to the purchasers of said lands, in accordance with the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the proceeds of the land, the sale of which is provided for by this act, shall be paid to the parties entitled thereto, or applied by the Secretary of the Interior for their benefit, in such manner as he may think most advantageous to their interest.

APPROVED, May 26, 1860.

CHAP. LXII.—An Act to authorize the President of the United States in conjunction with the State of California, to run and mark the boundary lines between the Territories of the United States and the state of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to appoint a suitable person or persons, who, in conjunction with such person or persons as may be appointed on behalf of the State of California for the same purpose, shall run and mark the boundary lines between the Territories of the United States and the State of California; commencing at the point of intersection of the forty-second degree of north latitude with the one hundred and twentieth degree of longitude west from Greenwich, and running south on the line of said one hundred and twentieth degree of west longitude until it intersects the thirty-ninth degree of north latitude; thence running in a straight line in a southeasterly direction to the river Colorado at a point where it intersects the thirty fifth degree of north latitude.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That such landmarks shall be established at the said point of beginning, and at the other corners and on the several lines of said boundary as may be agreed on by the President of the United States, or those acting under his authority, and the said state of California or those acting under its authority: *Provided*, That the person or persons appointed and employed on the part and behalf of the State of California are to be paid by the said State: *Provided, further*, that no persons except a superintendent, or com-

(Continued on fourth page.)