DAILY

The Cairo Bulletin.

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS AND LITERATURE.

BY JOHN H. OBERLY & CO. CAIRO, ILLINOIS. JUNE 13, 1870. ONLY DAILY PAPER IN EGYPT.

LUMBER.

S. WALTER,
DEALER IN
HARD and SOFT
LUMBER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Lath, Shingles and Cedar Posts

ORDERS SOLICITED
STEAMBOAT LUMBER
FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.

CORNER COMMERCIAL AVENUE AND TENTH STREET,
CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

W. W. THORNTON.
DEALER IN
DOORS, SASH
BLINDS
WINDOW GLASS
SHINGLES
LATH AND LUMBER
OFFICE, ON
TENTH STREET
Between Commercial and Washington Avenues,
CAIRO, ILLINOIS.
Agents for Rock River Paper Company's Sheathing Felt and Quartz Cement.
H. W. John's Improved Roofing always on hand.

MILLINERY.

THE CHEAP STORE.
Millinery, Fancy Goods, Etc.
MRS. C. M'GEE
Ladies special attention to her present stock. She has a full line of
MILLINERY GOODS,
HOSIERY, NOTIONS,
KID GLOVES,
Women's Misses' and Children's
FINE BOOTS,
And a thousand other things that cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. Please do call and be convinced that this is the place to buy
THE CHEAP STORE.
Her goods are fresh, seasonable and fashionable. She will give you more for the same amount of money than any other store in town. Don't buy until you call on her—especially if you want millinery goods or women's and children's fine shoes, etc. my14tf

MRS. LANG
Has Just Received a Full Stock of
MILLINERY
GOODS,
And invites the Ladies to call and examine them.
Hats and bonnets blocked, pressed and remodelled according to the very latest style.
Sholly Building,
on Eighth street.

MRS. M. SWANDER
Dealer in
MILLINERY
AND
Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
Commercial Avenue
Corner Ninth Street.
All kinds of clothing for Ladies' wear made to order, or ready made. Also, a full assortment of Misses' and Ladies' shoes. mch28

MEDICAL.

TRUTH WILL PREVAIL.
"Tho' Satan Sits at the Door, Some Will Be Cured."
We are happy to place before the citizens of Cairo and its vicinity, Dr. Hulse, late of New Albany. He is permanently located in this city, for the purpose of practicing medicine in all its various branches, and will attend to all calls in the city or its vicinity, by day or night. The Doctor has practiced medicine during a period of twenty years, during which time he has had a large share of practice wherever he has lived. He prepares and furnishes all his medicines at his office. He has been very successful in the treatment of all chronic diseases, having devoted the greater portion of the past eight years to cases of that character, and has scarcely ever turned one away uncured. After taking their cases in charge he charges nothing for consultations at his office. He will not flatter you; what he tells you you may rely on. Old cases of twenty years' standing are cured by him. All old sores, ulcers, etc., are cured. Piles and cancers cured without the use of the knife. Tape worms expelled by the use of a newly discovered medicine, without fail. All forms of erysipelas and diseases of the skin cured in the shortest time.
I also keep on hand the Indian Oil, discovered by me while in the Cherokee nation in 1848. For sale at my office, or sent by express to any part of the country.
The Oil cures colics and cramps in five minutes. Headache in three minutes; ear-ache in ten minutes; neuralgia in five minutes; rheumatism in one hour; file in children and adults in a short time. All other aches or pains, not named here, are cured by this Oil in the shortest time. Every bottle is labelled with full directions for using it. If it fails to do what is claimed for it, come back and get your money. Price 50 cents and $1 00 per bottle.
Office, corner of Eighth street and Ohio Levee, up stairs.
I am a graduate of the Homœopathic School of Cleveland, Ohio—having graduated in the year 1851. I also graduated in the Eclectic School of Cincinnati, in the year 1853.
Cairo, Illinois, May 23. daw3m

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE
SCOTT WHITE
WILL
Close Out His Entire Stock of Goods
In the store room lately occupied by Haynes & Sloo,
COMMERCIAL AVENUE, BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH STREETS
He will not be undersold by any one, as he is determined to enter the new business house he proposes to erect on the corner of Ohio Levee and Sixth street, with an entire new stock of goods.
NOW IS THE CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

BOOKS.

THE GREATEST WORK
OF
THE AGE!
A Book Invaluable to Grocery Keepers
Every produce dealer, every dairyman, every farmer, every manufacturer, everybody. You cannot afford to be without it.
It Contains
The surest and only certain method to keep eggs fresh and sweet for at least one year. The cost is less than half a cent per dozen, and by this method eggs bought at eight and ten cents a dozen during the summer, can be kept and sold in the winter for from thirty to fifty cents. When eggs are high.
This Method Will Take the Place of All Others
IT DOES NOT TARNISH THE EGG or give it the appearance of age, and when offered for sale it cannot be told either by appearance or quality from a fresh laid egg.
It Contains
The best recipe ever published for renovating sour and rancid butter, perfectly sweet, and also how to give it a uniform and natural color to white and speckled butter, and the best manner of mixing and preparing butter for market.
These Two Receipts Alone are Worth Hundreds of Dollars.
IT TELLS The cheapest and best mode of manufacturing washing compounds. How to make hard and soft soap, inks, candles, paints, varnishes, cements, and baking powders.
IT TELLS How to clarify honey so as to sell for nearly twice the common sort.
IT TELLS The latest and best mode of salting and curing hams and all kinds of meat.
IT GIVES Valuable receipts for curing burns, sores, cuts, felons, frost bites, cancer, ear ache, tooth ache, sting worm, with hundreds of other new and valuable methods, with full directions, so that any one can use them.
IT TELLS How to take fruit stains, ink stains, iron rust stains and paint stains from clothes and silk dresses.
IT TELLS How to counteract frost upon trees a valuable receipt.
IT TELLS How to tan furs, either with or without the hair or wool on, and how to imitate furs of superior grades.
IT TELLS How to make the curling fluid for making the hair grow in beautiful flowing ringlets.
IT TELLS How to feed hens so as to make them lay all the year round.
IT GIVES Over five hundred rare and valuable receipts, and a complete guide to the manufacture of hundreds of useful and saleable articles including Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet and Dental Articles, and many others easily made, at trifling cost, and selling readily at large profits, with many manufacturers' secrets, &c.
It Is Valuable to Every One—Be Sure and Get It.
Sent by mail, free of postage, for ONE DOLLAR. For sale by William H. Bishop, St. Louis, Mo., Agents for the publishers.
may15d3m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE
Cairo, Ill, June 1, 1870
Sealed proposals will be received at my office until Thursday, the 23d day of June, 1870, for furnishing the material and repairing the public fire cisterns of the city, each cistern to be lined with cement to the thickness of one inch, and the work to be guaranteed to be done properly and in a workmanlike manner.
The contract to be awarded to the lowest bidder, the contractor giving bond to the city in the sum of $1,000 for the faithful performance of such work, said bond to be binding upon the parties and remain in force for one year from the completion of the work.
The city reserves the right to reject all and every bid.
JOHN BROWN, City Clerk.
jun8td2t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the firm of Walker & Sisson, did, on the 23d of May, 1870, assign and deliver to me, all their goods, chattels, and effects, and also their interest in two policies of insurance, one issued by the Security, and the other by the Underwriters' Insurance Company, for the benefit of the creditors of said Walker & Sisson. All persons having claims against said firm will please present them to the undersigned without delay, as he desires to close up the affairs of said firm as soon as possible. B. S. HARRELL,
Assignee of Walker & Sisson.
jel0d3t

GROCERIES—COMMISSION.

W. Stratton. T. Bird.
STRATTON & BIRD,
(Successors to Stratton, Hudson & Clark,)
Wholesale
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
57 OHIO LEVEE
CAIRO, ILL.
Agents of American Powder Co., and Manufacturers Agents for Cotton Yarn.

G. D. WILLIAMSON,
WHOLESALE
GROCER
AND
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 76 Ohio Levee,
CAIRO, ILL.
Special attention given to Consignments and Filling Orders.

PRIZE SCHEME.
YOUR ATTENTION
Is cordially invited to the
Henderson County, Kentucky,
GRAND PRIZE SCHEME
Regularly chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, endorsed and recommended by every leading official in the State, and over 500 of her most prominent citizens. This splendid scheme embraces
511 PRIZES, $314,320
Comprising one thousand acres of the richest river bottom tobacco farms in the wealthy county of Henderson, Kentucky, with all their appurtenances.
Capital Prize $150,000
SMALLEST PRIZE $80
Also about $20,000 in greenbacks, the rent money of the property for the years 1869 and 1870, to be distributed to the winners of the five seven prizes respectively. Rent for 1869 was $12 per acre.
TICKETS FIVE DOLLARS
The drawing will positively take place July 4th, 1870, at Masonic Temple, Louisville, Kentucky. Hundreds of the best citizens, have given unqualified certificates and endorsements of this magnificent enterprise. Every dollar invested by ticket holders, is held in trust by the commissioners appointed by the Legislature, until the drawing takes place and the prizes are delivered. Income of the property for the last 15 year averaged
$30,000 A YEAR.
In order to have your tickets properly registered buy at once of your nearest club agent, or remit to either of the following financial agents, who will furnish full descriptive circulars:
L. H. LYNE, Cash'r Farm'r Bank, Henderson, Ky
T. S. ALEXANDER, Com'l Bank, Louisville, Ky
JOHN C. LATHAM, Pres. Bank, Hopkinsville, Ky
JAMES L. DALLAM, Com'l Bank, Paducah, Ky
B. G. THOMAS, Cash. ahs, and Rep'r, Lexington
W. B. TYLER, Cash. Deposit Bk. Owensboro, K
SEMONIN, DIXON & CO., Evansville, Indiana.
Good Club Agents Wanted Everywhere.
daw2m

The Bulletin.
MONDAY.

CHARLES DICKENS DEAD.

Sudden Death of the Great English Novelist.

He Is Stricken by Paralysis and Dies in a Few Hours—A People in Mourning. Elaborate Sketch of His Life.

LONDON, June 9.—The London Globe in its last edition this evening, startled the community with the announcement that Charles Dickens had been seized with paralysis and was lying insensible at his residence at Gadshill, near Rochester in Kent. This spread rapidly, created the most profound sensation. But the worst was still to come. Telegrams have since been received announcing the decease of the great novelist at a quarter past six o'clock in the evening.

THE FIRST SYMPTOMS.

Mr. Dickens was at dinner on Wednesday when he was seized with a fit. Dr. Steele, of the village of Strood, who was for many years the family physician of Mr. Dickens, was immediately called in and remained until nearly midnight.

THE LIGHT GO.

The condition of the patient becoming worse and worse, it was deemed advisable to summon physicians from London. Telegrams for that purpose were promptly dispatched, and this morning several London physicians arrived at Gadshill. A consultation was then held by them and the case was at once pronounced a hopeless one. The patient sank gradually and died at 620 this evening.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Another account says that Mr. Dickens was entertaining a dinner party at his house at Gadshill. Miss Hogarth, a young lady who was seated near him, observed evident signs of distress upon his countenance.

She then made the remark to him that he "must be ill."

To this Dickens replied, "Oh, no; I have only got a headache; I shall be better presently."

He then asked that the open window be shut. Almost immediately he became unconscious and fell back in his chair insensible. He was immediately conveyed to his room, and medical attention summoned. Dickens still remained unconscious and never recovered animation. His son and daughters remained steadfastly at his bedside until he deceased.

CAUSE OF HIS DEATH.

The disease of which Charles Dickens died was paralysis.

Mr. Dickens had been ill for several days, but not seriously. He had even visited Rochester and other points during the present week.

It is said that Mr. Dickens has several times of late complained that he experienced considerable difficulty in working, because his powers of application were becoming impaired. He also said that his thoughts no longer came to him spontaneously as in former times. While at Preston he had need of medical aid and called on a physician, who warned him not to continue reading because he was doing so at the peril of his life.

EFFECT OF THE SAD NEWS.

The death of Charles Dickens has plunged the nation into mourning. All the papers have obituary articles this morning.

The *Times* says "the ordinary expressions of regret are now cold and conventional. Millions of people feel a personal bereavement. Statesmen, savans and benefactors of the race, when they die can leave no such void. They cannot, like this great novelist, be an inmate of every house."

The *Daily News* says: "Without intellectual pedigree, his writings form an era in English literature. He was generous, loving and universally beloved. He leaves, like Thackeray, an unfinished story."

The Morning *Post* says, "Charles Dickens did more than any contemporary to make English literature loved and admired."

The *Telegraph* regards the distinguished dead as "a public servant whose task is nobly filled."

The death of Mr. Dickens causes a profound sorrow throughout the land. Mr. Dickens was apparently in good health Wednesday, when he wrote several pages of his novel of Edwin Drood. The suddenness of the blow intensifies the affliction of his friends. There is an unusual demonstration of public grief in London and other cities.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Charles Dickens was born in Portsmouth, England, Feb. 6, 1812. At the close of the war with the United States his father retired on a pension, and removed to London, where he became connected with one of the daily journals as reporter of Parliamentary debates. Charles entered an attorney's office as clerk, but, finding his duties distasteful, and drawn by a natural bias toward literary occupations, he sought and obtained an engagement as a reporter on the *Morning Chronicle*. This newspaper was then at the height of its popularity, under the management of Mr. John Black, who, recognizing the readiness and ability of the new attache, soon gave him a chance to display his versatility by publishing in the *Chronicle* the "Sketches of English Life and Character," which were collected and reprinted under the title of "Sketches by Boz," in 1836 and 1837. The freshness and humor of these papers, and perhaps the dramatic power indicted by "The Village Coquettes," a comic opera which Mr. Dickens wrote about that time, attracted the attention of Messrs. Chapman and Hall, the publishers, who applied to "Boz" to prepare for them a serial story to be issued in monthly parts. The result was the "Posthumous Memoirs of the Pickwick Club," with illustrations at first from the pencil of Seymour, and, after his death, from that of Hablot K. Brown, "Phiz." Mr. Dickens has given, in a preface to later editions of those famous memoirs, a very interesting account of the conception and growth of the work, which, begun without any very definite plan, remains the most perfect thing of its kind in the English language. The success of the "Pickwick Papers" was immediate and great. Its wit, pathos, and shrewd picturing of English character, high and low, touched the heart and fancy of all classes. The sayings of Sam Waller were quoted by speakers in the House of Parliament and by the ragged *gamins* in the slums of London. "In less then six months from the appearance of the first number of the Pickwick Papers the whole reading public were talking about them—the names of Winkle, Wardle, Weller, Snodgrass, Dodson, and Fogg had become familiar as household terms—and Mr. Dickens was the grand object of interest to the whole tribe of 'Lion-hunters,' male and female, of London. Nay, Pickwick chintzes figured in linen-drapers' windows, and Weller corduroys in breeches-makers' advertisements; Box cabs might be seen rattling through the streets, or 'Crichton,' was scraped down or pasted over, to make room for that of the new popular favorite, in the omnibuses. This is only to be accounted for on the supposition that a fresh vein of humor had been opened, that a new and decidedly original genius had sprung up; and the most cursory reference to preceding English writers of the comic order will show that, in his own peculiar walk, Mr. Dickens was not simply the most distinguished, but the first.

The young man who made all this tumult in Literary London was twenty-three or four years old. Taking into consideration his youth and surroundings, his sudden fame is without a parallel in the biographies of men of letters. In England it much easier for a lord to wake up and find himself famous than it is for a man who has neither rank nor wealth to back his ability—so very much easier that the difference is appalling.

Mr. Dickens was now in the full tide of success. Of course the editor of the priceless Pickwickian manuscripts did not lack for brilliant proposals from the leading London publishers. He accepted from Mr. Bentley the editorship of his *Miscellany*, in the second number of which, for February, 1837, appeared the first installment of "Oliver Twist." The story, admirably illustrated by George Cruikshank, at once became a favorite, and is still regarded as one of the author's most striking novels. "Oliver Twist," like "Nicholas Nickelby," (which was issued in shilling numbers, uniformly with "Pickwick," shortly after the completion of that work), dealt with abuses and cruelties which prevailed in certain public institutions, and was happily instrumental in repealing laws that sanctioned gross injustice. It is noticeable that in most of his novels Mr. Dickens has battled with some covert wrong against society, and, while adding to literature a crowd of imperishable creations, has taught us the deepest lessons of human love and charity. Mr. Dickens, in 1840, undertook the production of a series of tales in weekly numbers, under the general title of "Master Humphrey's Clock." It was in this series that "The Old Curiosity Shop" and "Barnaby Rudge" were first given to the world. While "Master Humphrey's Clock" was still running, Mr. Dickens edited the "Memoirs of Joseph Grimaldi," the celebrated clown.

On finishing "Master Humphrey's Clock" Mr. Dickens sailed from England for the United States, to gather material for a volume upon the men and manners of the New World. Returning to England, he published "American notes for general circulation" in 1842. Having outgrown many of the follies which were indeed fair objects for any man's satire, we look back with wonder on the protests which these bright crisp "Notes" drew from American readers. The same keen eye that discovered Mr. Pecksniff in England could not easily keep itself shut while Mr. Dickens was making his memorable tour through the Northern and Southern States. The absurdity and wrong he saw among us he treated in the same spirit with which he had treated the sins and shams of his own people—writing of New York or Boston as he would have written of London, or Dublin, or Paris, if the same opportunity had arisen. But the "American Notes" were not, at the period of their issue, considered pleasant reading. Possibly it was a saving suspicion on our own part that we were not entirely faultless as a people that rendered us so sensitive in the year of grace 1842.

"Martin Chuzzlewit" appeared in numbers in 1844, and in the Summer of that year the author visited Italy. He returned home after an absence of several months, to assist in founding a cheap daily newspaper of liberal politics. Having organized a large literary staff, and enlisted the services of many of the ablest writers of the day, he issued in January, 1846, the first number of the *Daily News*, acting as editor-in-chief, and contributing to its columns the results of his Italian journey, subsequently reprinted in book-form as "Pictures from Italy." The *Daily News* well under way, Mr. Dickens retired from the editorial management in order to devote himself to pursuits more congenial and important.

It was in 1843 that he gave us the first of his inimitable Christmas books, "A Christmas Carol;" the second, "The Chimes," in 1845, and the third, "The Cricket on the Hearth," in 1846. To this catalogue the reader can add the title of many a charming holiday volume, wholly or part from Mr. Dickens' pen. It has been pleasantly said that Christmas in England owes most of its cheer and kindly usage to Charles Dickens—that it is his good heart which beats in England's bosom at Christmas time.

In 1847-8 Mr. Dickens published "Dombey and Son;" in 1849-50, "David Copperfield;" "Bleak House" in 1853; "Hard Times" in 1864; and "Little Dorrit" in 1859. In 1850 Mr. Dickens started Household Words, a weekly miscellany of popular literature, which he conducted until 1859, when, in consequence of a misunderstanding that had arisen between him and his publishers, he discontinued the journal, and in its place established *All the Year Round*, which he was editing at the time of his death. "A Tale of Two Cities," "The Uncommercial Papers" and "Great Expectations," first appeared in the pages of *All the Year Round*.

In 1864 Mr. Dickens published "Our Mutual Friend," in the old, familiar green covers that have become dear to the public. Since then he has written nothing, except a brief sketch or an occasional essay for his journal, until he began "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," which is still unfinished.

The circumstances of Mr. Dickens' second visit to the United States requires no more than a passing mention. His various "readings" in our principal cities made it plain why he had borne in England the reputation of being the best amateur actor of his time.

Mr. Dickens resided at Gad's Hill, in Kent, about an hour's ride by railway from London, on the road to the beautiful cathedral town of Canterbury, celebrated for its historical associations, and for being the metropolitan seat of all England. In Shakespeare's time Gad's Hill was a notorious locality for robberies, and the poet has immortalized the spot in the first part of "King Henry IV." (Act II., Sc. 2) by selecting it as the scene of Sir John Falstaff's discomfiture at the hands of his boone companions, Prince Hal and Poins, who, disguised as footpads, rob the fat knight of the thousand pounds he has just stolen from the travelers. A more genial interest attaches itself to Gad's Hill as being the home of the novelist. The house is one of these comfortable old-fashioned mansions which seem to have taken root nowhere but in the most picturesque parts of rural England, and are the brick-and-mortar embodiment of the idea of home. It is related that when Mr. Dickens was a very young man, he used to walk by the house and jestingly remark that he intended to purchase the property some day, little dreaming that before he had reached his prime he would indeed be the occupant and owner of Gad's Hill Place.

PHOTOGRAPHS! PHOTOGRAPHS!
Go to J. O. Bagwell, Photographer, corner Eighth street, and Ohio Levee, for pictures, Carte de Visites, etc. Having made arrangements with some of the best artists of our large cities, he respectfully solicits orders for copying and enlarging old pictures. Call at his rooms and see specimens of work in that line.
ap4dtf

SOUND ADVICE.
Make it your business, if you need clothing, to go to a reliable store, where you can find all you need, and made in the style you fancy, at such prices as to suit your purse and the times. Antrim's is just such a house. There you will always find a complete and select assortment of clothing, either for men, youths', boys or children, at prices as low as the lowest. Compare his goods and prices, as it will be to your interest. tf.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW TOW BOAT.
The New Tow and Job Boat
ODD FELLOW
W. H. COULTER, ... Master,
Is prepared at all times to do all kinds of towing and jobbing on the most reasonable terms. Headquarters at Cairo, Illinois.
may1tf

REGULAR CAIRO & EASTPORT WEEKLY PACKET
THE STEAMER
A. BAKER,
Leaves Cairo every
MONDAY EVEN'G,
making close connection with trains at
DANVILLE
FOR
Clarksville,
AND AT
Johnsonville
WITH TRAINS FOR
NASHVILLE.
Particular attention to way business.
STEAM SHIPS.

CUNARD
Mail Line
STEAMSHIPS leave Weekly from New York, Liverpool and Queenstown.
For passage apply to CHAS. T. HINDE, Cairo, Illinois.
Doris S. Dean, General Western Agent, No. 2 Lakeside, Chicago. feb9ly

TO BE SOLD FOR CHARGES.

The following articles, now in possession of the undersigned, will be sold at public auction, on the 4th day of July, 1870, to pay freights and charges, if not claimed or called for before the date above mentioned. Sale to take place on Water Rock, opposite Sixth street, Cairo, Illinois, at 10 o'clock a.m.

CHAS. T. HINDE.

1	1 Old plunder	no mark	
2	1 do and 1 do	do	
3	1 box patterns	no mark	
4	1 pkg chair rungs	do	
5	1 empty trunk	do	
6	1 pkg harness	T R R Conner, Tenn	
7	1 feather tick empty	no mark	
8	1 old quilts etc	do	
9	1 box plunder	N S Yates	
10	1 pkg screws	no mark	
11	2 bbls paper	do	
12	1 trk and contents	do	
13	1 do medicine	Dr R T Jones, Memp	
14	1 box wheels	F M P, Cole Orchard	
15	1 chest plunder	no mark	
16	1 box do	Miss C D Conway, Auburn, Ind	
17	1 chest plunder	no mark	
18	1 trk and contents	do	
19	1 do do	do	
20	1 do do	A N Blair, N O	
21	1 do do	no mark	
22	1 do do	do	
23	1 do do	W B W & Co, West Point, Ark	
24	1 do do	no mark	
25	1 do do	do	
26	1 valise do	G P Wright	
27	1 do do	Perry Showers, Peoria	
28	1 trunk do	Chas M Moore, care B Bros, Cairo	
29	1 trunk do	no mark	
30	1 barrel and glass	do	
31	1 half tobacco	M'Clellan & Co Harp Grand Gulf, Miss	
32	1 half tobacco	same	
33	1 do do	same	
34	1 box smoking do	same	
35	1 caddie tobacco	same	
36	1 cooking stove	no mark	
37	1 do do	do	
38	1 sack and contents	do	
39	1 do do	do	
40	1 do do	do	
41	1 do do	do	
42	1 do do	do	
43	1 do do	do	

HOTELS.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL.
S. M. STITES
Proprietor.
Ohio Levee, Corner 6th St,
CAIRO, ILL.
Watch Kept Day and Night for Boats and Trains.
may1ddlm

MANUFACTORIES—BROOMS.

CAIRO BROOM MANUFACTORY.
W. F. M'KEE & BRO.,
Having perfected their arrangements for the manufacture of
BROOMS
IN THIS CITY, ARE NOW
PREPARED TO FILL ORDERS
At as LOW PRICES as the same quality of Brooms can be purchased elsewhere.
Orders left at the store of G. D. Williamson, or at the
Manufactory, on Thirteenth Street,
BETWEEN WALNUT AND CEDAR,
Will be promptly attended to.
Orders by mail should be addressed to
W. F. McKEE & BRO.,
P. O. Drawer 1299, CAIRO, ILL.

LIQUORS

WM. H. SCHUTTER,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer
IN
Wines, Liquors
TOBACCO and CIGARS.
Agent for best brands of
CREAM AND STOCK ALE
AND
Imported Ales of different kinds.
No. 75 OHIO LEVEE
CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

C. WINSTON & CO.,
(Successors to John G. Harmon & Co.,)
REAL ESTATE
AGENTS
AND
AUCTIONEERS
74, Second Floor, OHIO LEVEE,
Cairo, Ill.,
Buy and Sell Real Estate
PAY TAXES,
FURNISH ABSTRACTS OF TITLE AND PREPARE CONVEYANCES TO ALL KINDS.

MARBLE YARD.

ZUCKREIGLE, NEWBERRY & CO.,
PRACTICAL
MARBLE WORKERS
Monumental Designers
AND
IMPORTERS OF ITALIAN MARBLE
SCOTCH GRANITE, &c.
WAREROOMS AND WORK SHOP, CORNER OF THIRD AND ST. ANN STREETS,
OWENSBORO, Ky.,
Monuments, Vaults, Grave Stones, Mantles, Furnishing, etc., executed with superior workmanship, at lowest prices.
English, German and Hebrew lettering done in the best style.
Marble and Granite Figures, by the best sculptors of Europe, imported.
All work guaranteed.
For designs, apply to
CARL L. THOMAS, Agent,
Corner Eighth Street and Commercial Avenue.
may15ddlm

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

The symptoms of liver complaint are uncomfortable and painful in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with laxity. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes, some of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved. Take the Liver with

Dr. Simmons'
Liver Regulator
A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to be strictly vegetable, and can do no injury to any one.
It has been used by hundreds, and known for the last 35 years as one of the most reliable, efficacious and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering. If taken regularly and persistently it is sure to cure.
Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick headache, chronic diarrhœa, affections of the bladder, camp dysentery, affections of the kidneys, fever, inflammations, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the blood, malaria, depression of spirits, heartburn, colic, of pain in the bowels, pain in the head, fever and ague, dropsy, boils, pain in the back and limbs, asthma, erysipelas, female affections, and bilious diseases generally.
Prepared only by J. H. Zeilin & Co., Druggists, Macon, Ga.
For sale by Barclay Brothers, Ohio Levee, Cairo, Illinois.
Price $1. by mail $1 25. may26dawl