The Bulletin.

[From the Address of Democratic Congressional Convention.]

Let there be no dissensions about minor matters; no time lost in discussion of dead events; no manifestation of narrow or proscriptive feeling; no sacrifice of the cause to gratify personal ambition or resentment.

FOR CONGRESS, SIXTH DISTRICT,
COL. JOHN M. CREBS, of White Co.
FOR SENATORS, 1ST DISTRICT,
S. K. GIBSON, of Gallatin County.
THOMAS E. HOLCOMB, of Union Co.

A Fact.

[From the Chicago Tribune, Radical.]

"Congress still maintains taxes, direct and indirect, to the amount of not less than $800,000,000! OF THIS ENORMOUS TAX, LESS THAN ONE-HALF IS RECEIVED BY THE GOVERNMENT. The remainder is distributed to private individuals and classes who control legislation."

Take Notice!

[From the Chicago Tribune, (Radical Thunderer) August 9.]

"It is known and read of all men, that the overshadowing question in American politics at the present time is A TARIFF FOR REVENUE, OR A TARIFF FOR PROTECTION. It is optional for political parties to be for one or the other. THEY CANNOT BE FOR BOTH. NOR CAN THEY DODGE THE QUESTION WITHOUT INCURRING THE CONTEMPT OF THE FRIENDS AND ADVOCATES OF EACH OF THESE OPPOSING PRINCIPLES!

[Resolution in the Tariff Question adopted by the Democratic Convention of the Thirteenth Congressional District—Col. John M. Crebs, nominee.]

Resolved, That WE ARE IN FAVOR OF A TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY; *and we demand that the burdens of taxation shall be fairly and equally adjusted, and that such an adjustment cannot be made without striking from the statute book the present odious tariff laws, a system of taxation based upon favoritism and which has destroyed American shipping and commerce;* OPPRESSES THE PEOPLE OF THE GREAT AGRICULTURAL REGIONS, COMPELS THE MANY TO PAY TRIBUTE TO THE FEW, AND HAS BUILT UP MONOPOLIES THAT CONTROL NOT ONLY EVERY BRANCH OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY, BUT ALSO THE LEGISLATION OF CONGRESS; *and we demand that the prime articles of necessity, such as tea, coffee, sugar and salt shall be placed upon the free list.*

[Resolution on the Tariff Question, adopted by the Radical Convention of the Thirteenth Congressional District—Hon. D. W. Munn, nominee.]

Resolved,—

Will the *Tribune* please tell us which side of the tariff fence the Radicals of the Thirteenth District are on—the Revenue or Protection side? And will it please tell us whether, in its opinion, the Radicals of this district have dodged the tariff question, and are consequently entitled to the contempt of both the friends and opponents of Protection?

TEXT AND COMMENTARY.

TEXT.—"If any man believes I am not an honest man—if any man believes I am an immoral man, a gambler or a drunkard, let him not vote for me."—*Dan Munn's Speech at Mt Carmel.*

COMMENTARY.—"Well, if God Almighty writes a legible hand, and I believe he does, Dan will get slim support on these terms."—[*Remarks of a Republican as soon as he could recover breath, after hearing the above.—Mt Carmel Democrat.*

D. W. Munn is not a drunkard. It is the open-handed, generous-hearted man that falls a victim to the seductions of the wine cup, and nobody ever accused Mr. Munn of the possession of such characteristics. That he is a moral and an honest man we cannot so readily agree. His legislative career is yet to be exposed, and if in that exposition, we cannot show that Mr. Munn is not an honest and a reliable man, we shall thenceforth ask no man to vote against him.

☞ John W. Kitchell, of Christian county was nominated by the Democratic convention of the Tenth Congressional district, as the Democratic candidate for Congress. Col. Kitchel is an able man, a fine orator and will make a splendid canvass.

SPAIN BUBBLING.—Spain is as unquiet as the witch's cauldron filled with all the catalogue of necromantic horrors. Out of her uncertain state and the general disturbance of Europe it would seem that the undying Carlists promise themselves a profitable grab. Anybody may have a future in Europe just now.

☞ The population of Louisville is shown by the census to be 100,029. It is stated that this falls thirty or forty thousand below the general estimate. In 1860, the population was 68,033, but the general estimate placed it at about 80,000. The increase, as actually shown, is a creditable exhibit for the city.

☞ The Radical party, judging by the unanimous tone of their press, intend fighting out the next political campaign upon the reduction of public debt issue, and batteries of statistics are being opened in every direction upon the independent voters. The idea would be a happy one, if it were not for one fact. Any decrease of the public debt is in inverse ratio to the increase of taxation. A sigle glance at the present extravigant system upon which the Government is conducted, will successfully controvert all the columns of figures clever accountants can bring into action.

THE *Bulletin* announces Mr. A. H. Irvin a candidate for sheriff of Alexander county. Mr. Irvin is a gentleman in every respect qualified for the office. He has hosts of friends and will be elected, we have no doubt.—*Jonesboro Gazette.*

The *Gazette* evidently understands both the man and the situation. Mr. Irvin is a gentleman of very superior qualifications, commands the unlimited confidence of his fellow-citizens, and will, *of course*, be elected.

THE FRENCH ARMY RESERVES.—By law of 1867 the French army, in time of peace, was to number four hundred thousand men. In war to consist of eight hundred thousand men, with a reserve of five hundred and fifty thousand in the Garde Mobile. Total, one million three hundred and fifty thousand. This force does not include volunteers nor the extra army of veterans called out by the law of the month of August, 1870. On the 15th of August it was announced at Paris that all Frenchmen from twenty to thirty years of age were to be incorporated in the Garde Mobile and all from thirty to forty years old in the National Home Guard. Now at the last census France counted three million seven hundred and sixty thousand men between twenty and thirty years of age and three million one hundred and twenty-eight thousand men between thirty and forty years old. Why, then, should two battles lost make France despair?

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Williamson County News.

The Democracy of Williamson county met in Marion to-day, to nominate a candidate for Representative in the Legislature.

The Marion *Friend* of Thursday says: "Never was there such a crop of corn raised in Southern Illinois, as now stands on its broad fields. The earth groans under the burden but the hearts of the people rejoice and are full of thanks that such is the case."

The following item is taken from the same paper:

We learn that the person who was so strongly suspicioned as being instrumental in the murder of young Cash, has left the country and has probably made good his escape. Nothing has been heard of him since the morning of the murder. In 1868, at the School House in Southern Precinct, where the election was being held, a difficulty arose between a man named Stanley and the Cash brothers, in which affray Stanly was killed, and this is supposed to be the cause of the murder of this young man, at least the community in which the deed was committed think so.

Union County News.

—The editor of the Jonesboro *Gazette* suggests to some of the Union county dairymen to *comb* their butter before they bring it to market. Perhaps, Mr. *Gazette*, they want to sell it for plastering purposes.

—Jonesboro is "pestered with sneak thieves."

—The grape crop in the vicinity of Makanda has been very good for the season. Considerable shipments have been made.

—The Dongola correspondent of the Jonesboro *Gazette* says.

Saturday last was a big day for our town. Noyes' Crescent City circus was here, and everybody and their children were here. The large tent was crowded full at both exhibitions, and the show must have taken $3,000 away with them.

The circus left about midnight for Jonesboro, and when they were about four miles from town, the cage in which were the monkeys and the boa constrictor, a huge snake twelve feet long, broke open. While the company were securing the monkeys, his snakeship quietly glided out of the cage and made his escape in the weeds and bushes. All search for him has failed, up to the hour of going to press. The proprietor, Mr. Noyes, we are informed, has offered $50 for his capture. The people in that locality are on the look out for the huge reptile. They propose to bait a wolf trap with a yearling and capture him.

Massac County News.

The Metropolis *Times*, of Thursday, notices the death of Mr. B. M. Hodges, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Massac county.

The following paragraph is from the same paper:

Last Sunday night Mr. Nathan Evans was robbed of nine sides and one ham, about 250 pounds. The parties came on horses and hitched them back of his smoke house. Two years ago he was called out at night and with a pistol at his breast, was compelled to give up all the money he had, ($210.). Such misfortunes are hard to bear by a man who labors industriously for his hard earned gains.

—One case of small-pox has occurred in Metropolis. It was promptly isolated.

Pope County News.

—The Turners, of Golconda, gave a picnic, last week, that was well attended, and passed off in splendid style.

—Gen. Raum is inflicting some more of his proxy political rigmaroles upon the people of Pope county. Is he merciless?

—During the recent Sabbath School convention in Pope county, a paper was read showing among other things the following facts. That 17 Sabbath schools were represented in the convention; that 12 schools had been organized during the year; number of pupils attending Sabbath school in the county, 1,009; number of teachers 120.

Entirely Neutral.

A good story is told of Johnny McGill, who resided during the war in East Tennessee. Guerillas, representing both parties, kept it so warm in that forsaken region, that it was dangerous to belong to either side. McGill had, in trying to ride both horses, got several black beckings from first the rebels and then the Yankees. As all guerillas dressed alike, he made several mistakes in trying to pass for either Union or Southern, as he thought would suit the crowd. At last he was overtaken by a party whose politics he couldn't even guess at, and the following dialogue ensued. "Sir, are you a Union man?" "No, sir," responded McGill. "Are you a rebel, then?" "No, sir, I'm not a rebel, either." "Then what in the devil's name are you?" roared the Captain. "Well, sir," hesitated McGill, "to tell you the real truth, I'm—nothing; and but d—d little of that."

RADICAL STATE CONVENTION.

LOGAN ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS, BUT STILL GOES FOR THE SENATE.

Bateman for Superintendent of Public Instruction; Bates for Treasurer and Washburn for Penitentiary Commissioner.

THE PLATFORM AND COMMITTEES.

The Radical State convention met in Radolph's opera house in Springfield, on the 1st instant. Colonel A. G. Babcock, chairman of the State Central Committee, called the convention to order. Hon. J. H. Adams of Stephenson, was elected temporary chairman, and G. S. Swan of Fayette, J. B. Brown of Jo. Daviess, and M. Y. Gilbert of Boone, temporary secretaries. Committees on Credentials, Permanent Organization, Resolutions, and to appoint a State Central Committee, were elected; after which the convention adjourned till 2:30 o'clock p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At two and a half o'clock p.m. the Convention reassembled, when the committee on Permanent Organization made the following report, which was unanimously adopted: Permanent president of the Convention; Hon. S.W. Moulton of Shelby; vice president First district, P. A. Hayne of Cook; Second Jesse Hilderip of Boone; Third James Dinsmore of Whiteside; Fourth, J. S. Poag of Mercer; Fifth, William Truesdale of Peoria; Sixth, S. W. Munn of Will; Seventh, W. P. Chandler of Vermillion; Eighth, J. B. Cook of Tazewell; Ninth, T. H. Dimmel of Pike; Tenth, Colonel J. R. Miles of Macoupin; Eleventh, Benson Wood of Effingham; Twelvth, J. H. Sawyer of Washington; Thirteenth, Benjamin L. Wiley of Jackson. For the state at large, Jackson Grimshaw of Adams; Colonel D. W. Munn of Alexander; Gen. C. T. Hotchkiss of Cook.

Secretaries—J. P. Root, of Cook; James Fishback, of Morgan; Wm Taylor, of Lasalle; H. Cooper, of Marion; J. B. Brown, of Jo Daviess.

The following is the State Central Committee, appointed for the next two years:

For State at large—Col. A. C. Babcock, of Fulton; O. M. Hatch, of Sangamon; C. R. Farwell, Cook.

For the Districts—District one, David S. Hammond, of Cook; second, George S. Bangs, of Kane; third, O. P. Boyce, of Ogle; fourth, R. K. Jones, of Adams; fifth, George E. Watt, of Henry; sixth, A. McIntosh, of Will; seventh, Sheridan Wait, of Macon; eight, Captain J. L. Bout, of McLean; ninth, Charles E. Lippincott, of Cass; tenth, John J. Rinaker, of Macoupin; eleventh, Gen. James Martin, of Marion; twelfth, J. McCutcheon, of Randolph; thirteenth, P. H. Pope, of Alexander.

After the election of these committees the convention proceeded to nominate a State ticket.

General John A. Logan was nominated by acclamation for Congressman for the State at large.

General Erastus Bates was nominated for Treasurer by a unanimous vote.

Hon. Newton Bateman, of Sangamon, and Professor Joseph Carter, of McLean, were placed in nomination for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The vote stood: For Bateman 345; for Carter 155. Mr. Bateman's nomination was made unanimous.

Elmer Washburn, of Alton, was nominated on the second ballot for Penitentiary Commissioner for the long term and Casper Butz, of Chicago, received the nomination of Penitentiary Commissioner for the short term, by acclamation.

Mr. James P. Root, Secretary of the State Central Committee, having declined longer to serve in that capacity, a resolution was adopted thanking him for the able manner in which he had discharged the duties of that responsible position.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a series of resolutions, of which the following is the substance:

The first and second resolutions recite the glorious record of the Republican party.

The third proposes to institute and carry out in the future, as in the past, all reforms which will add to the prosperity of the country.

The fourth endorses the administration of President Grant.

The fifth declares that to allow the government to pass into the hands of the Democracy would be a calamity, for the reason that they do not accept in good faith what has been done by the Republican party, and would, so far as they could, undo all the work of that party.

Sixth. Taxation is peculiarly a burden, and the best system of industry is that which imposes the lightest burdens and fewest restrictions on the property and business of the people.

Seventh. That the capital of the United States should be removed to the Mississippi Valley, and that our Representatives and Senators in Congress be instructed to vote against any appropriations for repairing the old buildings, or erecting new ones, at Washington.

Ninth. Expressive of sympathy with the brave German people who so gloriously fight to repel and drive back their enemies who declared war against them without cause.

Tenth. Congratulates the people of the State on the adoption of the new Constitution.

The resolutions were adopted by unanimous vote. When the resolution expressive of sympathy with Prussia was read, it was received with vociferous and wild huzzahs.

At the conclusion of the convention General John A. Logan was introduced, and delivered an address.

General Logan, in accepting the nomination, said in doing so he wished it distinctly understood that it shall not interfere with his candidacy for the Senate.

Victor Hugo.

There is something romantic about Victor Hugo returning to Paris after nineteen years of expatriation on the Island of Guernsey, in the uniform of a horse guard. Some see in his return the first sure evil evidence of the downfall of his imperial enemy, Napoleon le Petit. But circumstances seem to be gathering around us which will render the fall of the Emperor a matter of no rejoicing in America. A constitutional monarch in France can be no more acceptable to us than a personal government. The restoration of the house of Orleans, which now seems probable in case Louis Napoleon sinks under the weight of the Prussian arms, will be no matter of congratulation among Americans. The return of Hugo, a former peer, under the reign of the Orleanist Louis Philippe, is therefore no cheering sign. Has his nineteen years of hating Louis Napoleon made him a Democrat? Perhaps so; but we cannot forget how hard he worked for the favor of Louis Philleppe.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—The product of pins in Connecticut is estimated to be 19,710,000,000 annually.

—New England complains greatly of a recent and unusual invasion of mosquitoes.

—American female authors are more shy in giving their ages than their transatlantic cousins.

—The New York *Journal of Commerce* does not believe in "scaffold religion."

—Alphonse Karr says all the drudgery of his life has been rescued to mules and kings.

—Miss Susan B. Anthony has engaged to do $2000 worth of lecturing in California.

—Taat tea plantation in Colusioga, Cal., has died out.

—The Bostor *Advertiser* says "Jennie June" has eight children.

—Dickens used to accuse people who criticised his gaudy waistcoats, of interfering with his vested rights.

—Small women seldom dress well, and the reason is that they imagine themselves as tall as any one else.

—The total amount of the debt reduction since Gen. Grant's administration has been $156,000,000.

—The Frenchman who has invented a steam girl should invent a steam boy to perfect his machinery.

—The Farmer's Club of St. Louis has been discussing the question of offering a premium for a prize fight at the next agricultural fair.

—The withdrawal of British troops from Canada will necessitate an augmentation of the war appropriation of the Dominion to about $3,000,000 a year.

—An Australian murderer, for whose arrest a reward was offered, sent his wife to betray him, arguing that if £800 was going, it should not go out of the family.

—A Minneapolis paper says "consumptives who come to Minnesota to regain their health, and continue an unceasing round of dissipation, should not be surprised to discover that the climate don't effect them favorably."

—There is a strange story about that Dr. Livingston, has been compelled to marry a native princess in the interior of South Africa, and is either ashamed to return home or is not allowed by his father-in-law to leave.

—The New York *Times* says "in the port of New York, to-day, not a single vessel of any magnitude is in course of construction. A steam-barge, to carry market produce on the North river, is the only craft in the hands of builders."

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says "If it be true that Chicago has but three hundred thousand inhabitants instead of four hundred thousand, then one hundred thousand men, women and children are to be warmly congratulated that they have never been born.

—Mr. Twiss, a romancing traveler, was talking of a church he had seen in Spain a mile and a half long. "Bless me," said Garrick, "how broad was it?" "Ten yards." This, you observe, gentlemen," said Garrick to the company, "this is not a round lie, but differs from the other stories, which are generally as broad as they are long.

—The navy of North Germany has but one Admiral, Prince Adalbert of Prussia, whose pay is $3360 per year, besides $17750 for "table money." The Vice Admiral gets $2360, and each of the two Rear Admirals $2360. A British Admiral gets $4860, besides $7500 for table money. The difference in economy in the two navies is much the same throughout.

—The consumption of wood in the United States is enormous. Railway sleepers alone require 150,000 acres of the best timber every year. The annual expenditure for railway buildings, repairs and cars is $35,000,000. The locomotives in the United States consume $56,000,000 worth of the article. Wood industry amounts to 500,000,000, in which there are 40,000 artisans.

—A story is told of a Cambridge Professor in England, who was asked to call on a friend in London, an address being given him in a certain square. Sometime afterwards the Professor was asked by his friend why he had not been to see him, and his answer was: "I did come, but there was some mistake; you told me you lived in a square, and I found myself in a parallelogram, and so I went away again."

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WORM DESTROYER
To My United States and World wide Readers:
I HAVE received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following, from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the doctor says of **Bull's Worm Destroyer:**
Villenow, Walker County, Ga.,
June 29, 1866.
Dr. John Bull—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished-for effect. I am using a pretty large county practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the best authorities that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine directly from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular life disdaining a remedy we do not know to be sufficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and every means to alleviate suffering humanity with which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than my self have learned its effects first, and so arrogate to himself the right to secrete that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousand of worthless nostrums that do the country, that purport to cure all manner of diseases to which flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, very respectfully,
JULIUS P. CLEMENT, M. D.

BULL'S
SARSAPARILLA
Read the Captain's Letter and the Letter from his Mother:
Benton Barracks, Mo., April 30, 1866.
DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficacy of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and tonic qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case:
I was wounded about two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not sat upon a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me a half dozen bottles, and oblige CAPT. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.
P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1866, to Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Capt. Johnson:
DR. JOHN BULL.—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. G. W. Johnston, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson in my care. At thirteen years of age, he had a chronic diarrhea and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM; I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores, and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. *The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous.* I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover. Respectfully,
JENNIE JOHNSON

BULL'S
CEDRON BITTERS.
AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS
Arkansas Heard From.
Testimony of Medical Men
Stony Point White Co., Ark. May 28, '66.
Dr. John Bull—Dear Sir: Last February I was at Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.
My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with the rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.
Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he also improved.
Dr. Office, who has been in bad health for several years—*stomach and liver* affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed the Cedron Bitters has given you great popularity in this settlement. I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicine this fall especially the Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Ship me a Memphis care of Rickett & Neely.
Respectfully,
C. B. WALKER

Prepared by DR. JOHN BULL at his Laboratory, Fifth Street, Louisville, Ky.

For Sale by BARCLAY BRO