

THE OSTRICH FARM.

All Visitors to Jacksonville Should See This Interesting Place.

Many of our people will visit Jacksonville the early part of next month to participate in the festivities of Carnival week, and while the citizens of the metropolis promise their country cousins that they shall have entertainment of the highest order while guests of the city, none of the attractions presented will be more interesting to the average person than a visit to the ostrich farm.

The farm is located just east of the city and is easily accessible via the street car lines. It is situated on a beautiful bluff of the St. Johns river, an ideal spot for such an enterprise.

The raising of these plume birds in Florida is comparatively a new industry and the promoters are succeeding far beyond their expectations. It has grown from a small obscure business to one of large proportions and of national interest.

To those who have never seen the ostrich except in menageries after being dragged over the country for years, these well kept birds will not be recognized as the same species. The farms are fenced off into lots of various sizes, each accommodating the birds of different ages. Some of the older ones are fully ten feet in height and weigh as much as 350 pounds. There are now on the farm ostriches from three weeks old to the "old stagers" of twenty-five. One of the interesting features of this place is the racing ostrich, Oliver W. jr. He has a record of 2:02, and when hitched to his pneumatic tired buggy presents a sight worth going many miles to see.

There is an exhibition at the show rooms the most beautiful collection of plumes that can possibly be gotten together anywhere, and the line of made-up goods, such as boas, fans, pompons, etc., is simply beyond a pen description, and must be seen to be fully appreciated. A woman who can look upon the beauties here displayed without a flutter of coqueness is truly void of taste for everything beautiful.

Mr. Wm. W. Ford, who recently took charge of the farm, is making many improvements thereon, and anything tending to the pleasure of those who visit this interesting place is carefully looked after by him and a capable corps of assistants. He is a pleasant and courteous gentleman and never tires telling his guests all about his interesting proteges.

By all means visit the ostrich farm when in the metropolis.

See advertisement on first page of this issue of the Ocala Banner.

Death of Ex-Gov. Mitchell.

Tampa is mourning the death of her foremost citizen, Hon. Henry L. Mitchell.

For several months the revered citizen has been in ill health but the immediate cause of his death was heart failure.

He was a splendid type of the self-made man and by his big-heartedness and rigid honesty and uprightness fairly grounded himself into the affections of the people of Florida, and his own immediate section that knew him best loved him best.

He was a member of the legislature, district attorney, circuit court judge, supreme judge, governor, clerk of the circuit court and treasurer of Hillsborough county, and whether in public or private life commanded the full confidence and esteem of his fellow-citizens.

The remains of the lamented citizen will be laid to rest today.

Disastrous Fire in Gainesville.

Gainesville had a disastrous fire early yesterday morning which destroyed the stables and entire stock of Messrs. Crawford and Davis. The loss involved the following: Twenty five head of valuable horses and mules, valued at from \$125 to \$200 each, five row buggies, five wagons and a magnificent building, to which an addition had just been made, aggregating a total loss of \$15,000.

There was also in the building a quantity of hay, several hundred tons, and a large lot of new harness which had just been received.

Notwithstanding the fire occurred after two o'clock in the morning the Gainesville Sun contained a full account of it.

Truly: Jesse Burts "never sleeps."

THE RACE PROBLEM.

To the Editor of the Ocala Banner. I have read with interest the recent articles in your paper on the race question and your request for a discussion of it through its columns.

During the past three years I have had opportunity to devote a little study to the development of this problem in both north and south, and it is my opinion that an adjustment of the difference in views of the two sections will have to be effected before the question can be amicably settled.

The two points emphasized most vigorously by the north in regard to the southern negro are: first, that he is not being educated; second, that he does not enjoy the social rights and privileges that he should enjoy. The north argues that as soon as the south educates its black population and meets it on a footing of social equality, the graveness of the situation will disappear, and we can arrive at a peaceable solution of the question without difficulty.

It does not need a second thought to convince one who has any knowledge of the south's position in this matter that the arguments are based, either upon ignorance or a desire to "make the balls for the other fellow to fire."

As a brief answer to the first accusation let us see what the south is doing in an educational way to advance her colored inhabitants. We find upon investigation that she has upwards of 20,000 educational institutions, including schools, normals, colleges and universities, for the education of the negro exclusively, and that there are over 1,300,000 enrollments. This certainly does not look like an educational boycott of the race. Further, as a point for our northern friends to think over, we quote from the Encyclopedia on Social Reforms, a book compiled by, we consider, one of the ablest authorities on this subject in the United States, as follows: "There are more signs of improvement in the negro in the south than there are in the north."

In answer to the second accusation; i. e., "not enough social equality," we will say that social equality or mutual association is impossible. The one won't permit it and the other doesn't—or at least shouldn't—want it. No intelligent person of either race favors social equality and its inevitable result, amalgamation. Civilization in the first ages of its development was constantly menaced by the threatened supremacy of the black race, and it was only after many hard fought battles and long years of struggle that the advance of the tribes of Africa were checked. But, without resorting to history, we have abundant evidence in our own time that the mixture and intermarriage of distinct races results in low, degenerate offspring. As an example of this fact we point out South America. No race prejudice exists there. Since the days of its discovery miscegenation has been tolerated.

But to bring our subject back home. We find that the people of the north, when it comes to following their own advice, are as loathe to recognize social equality as the people of the south. In recent years there has been extensive emigration of negroes from the southern states to the north-eastern states. One of the places in which this influx of black population is most noticeable is Philadelphia. So the race question has been brought home to the section of the country which has been so zealous in condemning the south for the manner in which it has treated the colored man. The exponents of the so-called "cause of the negro" now have opportunity for practicing what they preach; i. e., brotherly love and social equality. Are they doing it? No. What are they doing? They are acting like regular southerners. For instance, in Philadelphia separate schools have been established for the education of the negro. Every means that will in any way contribute toward the elimination of the danger of social contact is being adopted, in order to make the isolation of the negro more complete. What is true of Philadelphia is true of many other sections of the country north of the Mason's

and Dixon's line, and which could be referred to were it necessary.

What is to be done with the negro? That if the question which time may aid in answering. It is manifest that one section of our country is as determined as the other when brought face to face with the proposition, not to submit to negro domination.

Is the colonization of the negro, which we hear talked of, a practicable proposition? If not, is a more feasible plan that of setting aside a reservation for him in the United States as we have for the Indian, and governing him as the Indian is governed, or shall we apportion him a part of our country and live as the two races lived in the valley of the Nile? A. M. SMITH, Wichita, Kans.

To cure a cold in one day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.—25c

Engagement Announced.

Capt. and Mrs. A. O. McDonell, of Fernandina, have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lila McDonell, to Mr. George Roux, the wedding to occur on Wednesday the 21st at 6:30 o'clock at the Methodist church in that city.

Miss MacDonell is quite a belle and is well known throughout Florida. Mr. Roux is a prominent young railroad man of Fernandina and is popular in both business and social circles and their marriage will be a prominent social event.

LABOR LEADER ASSAULTED.

Michael Donnelly, of Chicago, Victim of Vicious Attack. Chicago, Oct. 15.—Michael Donnelly, international president of the International Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen, lies at his home recovering from a vicious assault that is alleged to have been instigated by the labor leaders who are opposing his attempts to purify the Chicago Federation of Labor.

Donnelly was attacked on the night of September 25 while returning from a meeting of the packing trades council, the Central Trade Union body of the stock yards. For ten days the doctors expected little hope of his recovery and gave out a report that he was suffering from a physical breakdown caused by overwork. Private detectives were set to work, and they have just announced that the guilty men are known and will be arrested as soon as the instigators of the assault are required. When Donnelly on July 5 charged the secretary of a large Employers' association with "fixing" leaders, he was told by outside parties to "keep his hands off." He continued the fight, and as a result charges were made against several of the most prominent members of the trade unions in the city. Then came threats of personal violence, but these Donnelly ignored, declaring that he would clear up the case at any cost.

The attack on Donnelly came just at the opening of the series of conferences between the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen and the packing interests of the country. Donnelly was to have acted as spokesman for the men and all knew that his absence from the meeting would mean demoralization. His close advisers and officials of the union realized this and gave out the report that he was temporarily ill.

Vice President C. E. Schmidt of the union took his place at the head of the commission which dealt with the packers, and the men were pacified with the information that he was working under Donnelly's orders.

Engineer Killed at His Post.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Oct. 15.—The southbound Norfolk and Southern passenger train was wrecked here by an open switch, and Engineer William Seay received injuries about the head that caused his death shortly afterwards. The engine and caboose car which were turned over, were badly damaged and the track torn up for a considerable distance. A sharp curve close to the switch prevented the engineer from seeing the signal in time to stop the train. The fireman jumped from the cab, but the engineer reversed his lever and stuck to his post.

Case Before Supreme Court.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 15.—In the supreme court the notable case of the Registers is being argued. Their counsel is Congressman J. D. Belamy. The Registers, father and son, are in the penitentiary here for safe-keeping, the jail at Whiteville, Columbia county, not considered safe. The father is under life sentence and the son is under sentence to be hanged. The execution would have been held last Friday but for the appeal to the supreme court.

Commissioner Poole Made Judge.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 14.—R. R. Poole, commissioner of agriculture of this state and president of the Cotton States Association of Commissioners of Agriculture, has been selected as one of the judges of the state fair to be held at Macon, Ga. Commissioner Poole will leave here on Oct. 22.

ON MURDERER MOB TAKES VENGEANCE

Slayer of Little 6 Year-Old Boy Lynched.

JAILER WAS OVERPOWERED.

Murder of the Boy Was Said To Be Particularly Atrocious, the Body Being Horribly Mutilated When Found. Slayer Was Under Death Sentence.

Hamilton, Mont., Oct. 15.—Walter Jackson, the convicted murderer of Fanny Buck, a 6-year-old boy, was taken from jail late last night by a mob and lynched. Shortly before midnight, 75 masked men, all armed with rifles or shotguns, forced their way through the rear of the jail and overpowered Jailer Stephens. Jackson, pleaded pitifully for mercy, but was rushed out into the street where the mob had already provided themselves with a rope. The rope was quickly thrown over the electric light pole and the noose placed about Jackson's neck. He was asked if he had anything to say, but only pleaded for mercy. The mob then pulled him into the air, after which they quietly dispersed. Not a shot was fired.

The identity of the mob leaders is unknown. Jackson's body was soon cut down by the sheriff and coroner and removed to the morgue.

The murder of little Fanny Buck was particularly atrocious. When the boy's body was found was horribly mutilated. Suspicion pointed to Jackson, and when he was arrested a lynching was narrowly averted. His trial quickly followed and a verdict was returned within two hours. He was sentenced to be hanged, but his attorneys appealed to the supreme court.

BACK FROM EUROPE.

Booker T. Washington Returns From Vacation in Old Country. New York, Oct. 15.—Booker T. Washington, just returned from a vacation in Europe, has been welcomed home at a meeting of 3,000 negroes here.

In responding to numerous addresses he said the opportunities for education and labor here are much better than the poorer classes get on the other side.

"The poorer classes there," he said, "have more money than the negro people here, although they earn less. On the other hand, in point of general morality, I think that our people here compare favorably with the lower classes of Europe."

While abroad Washington took up the study of dairies and dairy products in Normandy. He believes conditions there can be adapted to Tuskegee with great success.

BLOODSHED FROM STRIKE.

Nonunion Negro Fatally Wounded in New Orleans. New Orleans, Oct. 15.—Bloodshed resulting from the coal wheelers' strike on the river front occurred today when Nelson Griggs, a nonunion negro, was shot in the abdomen and fatally wounded. Joe Bernard, a striker, who escaped, is charged with having done the shooting. The tug Wilmet was about to land a number of nonunion men when the strikers fired on her. Only Griggs was hurt.

WAYCROSS MYSTERY.

No Clue to Disappearance of Man and Boy. Waycross, Ga., Oct. 14.—Paul Carver and the 15-year-old boy Will Bladen, who disappeared Saturday night, are still missing. All day long searching parties have been scouring the swamps and ponds north of the city looking for the bodies of the man and boy, but no clue as to their disappearance has been obtained. It is the general belief here that they left on some of the trains Saturday night, but many are firmly convinced that they have met with foul play.

When Carver and the boy left the Bladen home Saturday night both wore their working suits.

An incident leads several to believe the foul play theory. A small negro boy entered a restaurant and asked for change for \$20 in currency. The restaurant proprietor questioned him, and the boy told him that a negro on the outskirts of the city sent him to have the money changed. When the negro left the restaurant he was followed, but on passing a dark alley darted away and was lost in the darkness.

Carver had two \$20 bank notes besides considerable other cash when last seen.

"Watch the Kidneys." "When they are affected life is in danger," says Dr. Abernethy, the great English physician. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys. Postoffice Drug Store.

For the Ocklawaha River Trade. Two boats for the Hart line and one for the Lucas line are nearing completion at Palatka.

These boats will ply between Palatka and Silver Springs.

Foley's Kidney Cure Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

CRUSHES OUT THE LIFE

The most loathsome and repulsive of all living things is the serpent, and the vilest and most degrading of all human diseases is Contagious Blood Poison. The serpent sinks its fangs into the flesh and almost instantly the poison passes through the entire body. Contagious Blood Poison, beginning with a little ulcer, soon contaminates every drop of blood and spreads throughout the whole system. Painful swellings appear in the groins, a red rash and copper colored spots break out on the body, the mouth and throat become ulcerated, and the hair and eye brows fall out; but these symptoms are mild compared to the wretchedness and suffering that come in the later stages of the disease when it attacks the bones and more vital parts of the body. It is then that Contagious Blood Poison is seen in all its hideousness. The deep eating abscesses and sickening ulcers and tumors show the whole system is corrupted and poisoned, and unless relief comes soon this serpent disease tightens its coils and crushes out the life. The only antidote for the awful virus is S. S. S. It is nature's remedy, composed entirely of vegetable ingredients. S. S. S. destroys every vestige of the poison, purifies the blood and removes all danger of transmitting the awful taint to others. Nothing else will do this. Strong mineral remedies, like mercury and potash, dry up the sores and drive in the disease, but do not cure permanently. Send for our home treatment book and write us if in need of medical advice or special information. This will cost you nothing.



THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE.

Medicine is one thing that stands between life and death. Your physician writes a prescription that will do you good if properly put up and good pure drugs used. We are now prepared to fill prescriptions at short notice with drugs from Park, Davis & Co., and other equally reliable houses. It is worth your while to think on this subject and insist on your prescriptions being brought here where nothing but the very best drugs that can be procured are used.

Full Line of Standard Patent Medicines. Our Line of Five Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Fancy Stationery, Etc. Cannot be surpassed in central Florida, and as to price, we can only say that we propose standing strictly up to what our name indicates. Give Us a Call, ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE. J. W. CASTEL, Prop.

Malaria advertisement featuring a dragon illustration and text: "Malaria is a veritable dragon of ill-health. It leaves in its path more physical wreckage than probably any other one disease peculiar to Americans. WHY? Simply because upon the first indication of the malarial system is usually scourged with quinine, or that deadly mineral—calomel. Don't Do It. It's Dangerous. It isn't at all necessary either. We positively guarantee HERBINE to prevent and permanently cure any form of malaria. It is purely herbal. Has all the virtues of quinine and calomel—none of its deadly effects. It corrects all liver, kidney and stomach troubles. 50c per bottle. All Druggists."

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS advertisement in a circular frame: "Constipation MAKES Biliousness, and Bad Complexions are certain to result. Then where's your beauty? Keep the system in good order by taking RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS and good blood, good digestion and good health will keep the roses in your cheeks. Ramon's Liver Pills and Tonic Pellets gently assist nature. Free sample and booklet at dealers, or write to BROWN MFG. CO. New York and Greenville, Tenn. POST OFFICE DRUG STORE, OCALA, FLA."

WILSON & TOOMER FERTILIZER COMPANY advertisement: "We Want Every Grower in the State To Have Our Books. 'FLORIDA VEGETABLES,' A complete manual on Florida crops. 'FLORIDA ORANGES,' Book of special interest to Orange Growers. 'FLORIDA STRAWBERRIES,' Booklet on 'Soil, Varieties, Culture and Fertilization.' 'IRISH POTATOES,' Booklet on 'Soil, Seed, Planting, Effect of Fertilizers, Digging and Shipping.' 'PINEAPPLE FERTILIZING,' Of special interest to Pineapple Growers. 'IDEAL FERTILIZERS,' Book showing all our different brands and analyses, prices, etc. New and Revised Editions of Above Just Published Sent Free for Asking. WILSON & TOOMER FERTILIZER COMPANY JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA. Agents."