

BEAUTY AND PURITY

Ancient and Modern Ideas on the Subject
Time and Disease the Effacing Agents
of Beauty. What Has Science Done
to Restore the Lily and the Rose?

Socrates called beauty a short-lived tyranny, Plato a privilege of nature, Theocritus a delightful prejudice, Theophrastus a silent cheat, Carneades a solitary kingdom, Homer a glorious gift of nature, Ovid a favor of the gods, Aristotle affirmed that beauty was better than all the letters of recommendation in the world, and yet none of these distinguished authorities has left us even a hint of how beauty is to be perpetuated, or the ravages of age and disease defied. Time soon blends the lily and the rose into the pallor of age, disease dots the fair face with cutaneous disfigurements and crimson the Roman nose with unsightly flushes, moth, if not rust, corrupts the glory of eyes, teeth, and lips yet beautiful by defacing the complexion, and fills the sensitive soul with agony unspeakable.

If such be the unhappy condition of one afflicted with slight skin blemishes, what must be the feelings of those in whom torturing humors have for years run riot, covering the skin with scales and sores and changing the blood with poisonous elements to become a part of the system until death? It is vain to attempt to portray such suffering. Death in many cases might be considered a blessing. The blood and fluids seem to be impregnated with a fiery element which, when discharged through the pores upon the surface of the body, inflames and burns until, in his efforts for relief, the patient tears the skin with his nails, and not until the blood flows does sufficient relief come to cause him to desist.

Thus do complexion defects merge into torturing disease, and piqued vanity give place to real suffering. A little wart on the nose or cheek grows to the all-devouring lupus, a patch of tetter on the palm of the hand or on the limbs suddenly envelops the body in its fiery embrace, a bruise on the leg expands into a gawing ulcer, which reaches out its fangs to the sufferer's heart in every paroxysm of pain, a small kernel in the neck multiplies into a dozen, which eat away the vitality, great pearl-like scales grow from little rash-like inflammations in such abundance as to pass creditably, and so on. The sufferer is reduced to a state in which poor human nature is subject, all of which involve great mental distress because of personal disfigurements.

If there were not another external disease known, eczema alone would be a sufficient infliction on mankind. It pervades all classes, and descends impartially through generations. While some are constantly enveloped in it, others have it confined to small patches in the ears, on the scalp, on the breast, on the palms of the hands, on the limbs, etc., but everywhere its distinctive feature is a small watery blister, which discharges an acrid fluid, causing heat, inflammation, and intense itching. Ring-worm, tetter, scalled head, dandruff, belong to this scaly and itching order of diseases. Psoriasis, our medical lawyers, with its mother-of-pearl scale, situated on a reddened base, which bleeds upon the removal of the scale, is to be dreaded and avoided, as of old. Impetigo, barber's itch, erysipelas, and a score of minor disorders make up in part the catalogue of external diseases of the skin. Thus far we have made no allusion to those afflictions which are manifestly impurities of the blood, viz.: swellings of the glands of the throat, ulcers on the neck and limbs, tumors, abscesses, and mercurial poisons, with loss of hair, because the whole list can be comprehended in the one word scrofula.

It is in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors and affections of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, that the Cuticura remedies have achieved their greatest success. Original in composition, scientifically prepared, absolutely pure, unchangeable in any climate, always ready, and agreeable to the most delicate and sensitive, they present to young and old the most successful curative of modern times. This will be conceded strong language by those acquainted with the character and obstinacy of blood and skin humors but it is justified by innumerable successes where all the remedies and methods in vogue have failed to cure, and, in many cases, to relieve, even.

The Cuticura treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment

to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humors, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humors, eczemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail. The remedies constituting the Cuticura system will repay an individual scrutiny of their remarkable properties.

Cuticura Soap contains in a modified form the medicinal properties of Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest and sweetest of emollients, combined with the most delicate and refreshing of flower odors. It purifies and invigorates the pores of the skin, and imparts activity to the oil glands and tubes, thus furnishing an outlet for unwholesome matter, which, if retained, would cause pimples, blackheads, rashes, oily, mothy skin, and other complexional disfigurements, as well as scalp affections and irritations, falling hair, and baby rashes. Its gentle and continuous action on the natural lubricators of the skin keeps the latter transparent, soft, flexible, and healthy. Hence its constant use, assisted by an occasional use of Cuticura Ointment, realizes the fairest complexion, the softest, whitest hands, and the most luxuriant, glossy hair within the domain of the most advanced scientific knowledge to supply.

Cuticura Ointment is the most successful external curative for torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, including loss of hair, in proof of which a single anointing will be preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap, and followed in the severest cases by a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, is sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, and scaly humors, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure when all other remedies fail. It is especially so in the treatment of infants and children, cleansing, soothing, and healing the most distressing of infantile humors, and preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair.

Cuticura Ointment possesses, at the same time, the charm of satisfying the simple wants of the toilet of all ages, in caring for the skin, scalp, hair, and hands far more effectually, agreeably, and economically than the most expensive of toilet emollients, while free from every ingredient of a doubtful or dangerous character. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hair," or use after athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring, or any sport, each in connection with the use of Cuticura Soap, is sufficient evidence of this.

Of all remedies for the purification of the blood and circulating fluids, none approaches in specific medical action Cuticura Resolvent. It neutralizes and resolves away (hence its name) scrofulous, inherited, and other humors in the blood, which give rise to swellings of the glands, pains in the bones, and torturing, disfiguring eruptions of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair.

Cuticura Resolvent extends its purifying influence by means of the pores to the surface of the skin, allaying irritation, inflammation, itching, and burning, and soothing and healing. Hence its success in the treatment of disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, which fail to be permanently cured by external remedies alone.

The grandest testimonial that can be offered Cuticura remedies is their world-wide sale, due to the personal recommendations of those who have used them. It is difficult to realize the mighty growth of the business done under this name. From a small beginning in the simplest form, against prejudice and opposition, against monied hosts, countless rivals, and trade indifference, Cuticura remedies have become the greatest curatives of their time, and, in fact, of all time, for nowhere in the history of medicine is to be found another approach to them in popularity and sale. In every clime and with every people they have met with the same reception. The confines of the earth are the only limits to their growth. They have conquered the world.

To the test of popular judgment all things mundane must finally come. The civilized world has rendered its verdict in favor of Cuticura.

Very Dull, Indeed.

Mrs. Uplight—My husband promised me to be home at 10 sharp.
Mrs. Newitt—But he wasn't!
Mrs. Uplight—Not quite. He got home at 3 dull.—Philadelphia Press.

RUGS MADE FROM YOUR OLD CARPETS by the Reliable Rug Works, 840 W. 11th St., Des Moines, Iowa. Mrs. W. E. Ferrington, Proprietor.

Hewitt—Who won the ball game this afternoon?
Jewett—Grout; he drank ten to my nine.—New York Sun.

DR. J. H. HINDLAUB, (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Fargo, N. D.

Mediocrity can talk; but it is for genius to observe.—Disraeli.

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The Legislature

Proceedings of the Week in the State Law Mill

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 9.—The resubmission stalwarts managed to force an adjournment of the house Saturday afternoon and prevent a consideration of the resubmission bill, which was reported back to the house by a majority and minority committee. The majority of the committee, headed by Chairman McCrea, voted in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill. The minority report, which was signed by P. J. Lyons and Frank Lish, recommended the bill to pass. The bill in question was Movius' proposed constitutional amendment for local option.

The resubmissionists wanted action on the report, and the report itself was deferred until next Wednesday. They had assurances from resubmission members of the senate that a report and action on the bill now pending in the senate would be forced on Monday, and that the senate might pass the bill. This would have given the house bill a better chance; whereas to have reported upon and killed the bill in the senate would end the hopes of the house resubmissionists. Accordingly the tactics of the resubmission members were to delay action on the report and force the majority of the house to consent to deferred action or to force a postponement. The resubmissionists were successful in carrying out this program and forced an adjournment earlier than was expected.

This, the prohibitionists claim, was due to a poor plan of battle on their part and bad generalship in opposing the resubmission men. They had strength nearly two to one, and say the battle should have been fought out and ended. Some of the members apparently had buck fever, and when, after the first call of the house had been made and dispensed with, Davis made a motion to adjourn, it was declared carried by a viva voce vote. The resubmissionists had carried their point and put off the consideration of resubmission. The test vote in the house came on the motion of Leech of Cass that further proceedings under the call be dispensed with.

The resubmissionists who lined up in opposition to the motion to dispense with further proceedings under the call were the following: Baker of Ramsey, Bartz, Beck, Bostrom, Bourassa, Brown, Connelly, Dieball, Fried, Gagon, Hammer, Henson, Harvey, Knudtson, Lyons, Mattson, McClure, McGahan, McKenzie, Meidinger, Noben, Paller, Patterson, Peterson of Towner, Peterson of Wells, Rose, Scheer, Senour, Simpson, Wagner, Weed, Weigel. The absentees were Blank, Lish, McKnight, Watson, Miller and Movius. The test vote showed 62 prohibitionists and 32 resubmissionists.

The matter will probably be brought up again Monday, when the prohibitionists will endeavor to end the battle and shelve the resubmission bill. The contest was so interesting that the senate adjourned and members crowded the house gallery to watch the struggle.

Gov. White vetoed Hale's bill for bonds of \$66,000 for Devils Lake deaf school because of defective title, and a new bill was immediately introduced covering the same ground. Little business was done in either house, owing to the excitement over resubmission fight.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 10.—The resubmission bill was killed by the house. The prohibitionists took a lesson from their temporary setback of Saturday and forced the fighting, adopting the majority report of the temperance committee, which recommended the indefinite postponement of the bill. The resubmissionists made another effort to delay the bill, but were unable to do so.

Cassell of Steele county led the fighting for the prohibitionists, and as soon as the proper order of business was reached moved the adoption of the majority report of the committee. Several substitute motions and a vote to adopt the minority report of the committee for the passage of the bill were voted down, and so on the main question the bill was killed by a viva voce vote. The test vote showed 65 prohibitionists and 31 resubmissionists.

New bills presented in the senate were the annual appropriation of \$20,000 for public printing; repeal of the law for the gathering of agricultural and farm statistics by assessors, and a bill to provide for the printing of special agricultural reports by the state. Bills passed by the senate were to provide that legal executions shall take place at the state penitentiary, and providing for bonds for the state agricultural college. The senate concurred in the house resolution favoring removal of tariff on lumber.

La Moure, of the special committee for Lincoln's birthday observance, reported favoring a joint session of the two houses Thursday, at which John M. Cochrane and Father Conaty of Grand Forks will speak.

The house passed the bill raising the age of consent from sixteen to eighteen years; prohibiting Sunday work by barbers, and changing the beginning of the county auditor's term from March 1 to April 1. Another bunch of new bills was presented in the house, among them a bill for the establishment of a sanitarium for consumptives at Minot, and making an appropriation of \$5,000 for that purpose. Hammer presented a bill to repeal the provision of the law permitting a change of judge on affidavit of prejudice in court cases.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 11.—A feature of the senate session yesterday was a long debate between Lavayea and Ba-

con over a proposed reapportionment bill taking one township from the Fifth legislative district and adding it to the Sixth. Bacon of the Sixth district had the bill made a special order after the committee had unanimously recommended it for indefinite postponement. He urged the passage of the bill on the ground that it would equalize the population of the two districts and make the Sixth district more safely Republican. Lavayea replied, opposing the proposed change, and stating that the people of Gibley township, which it was proposed to remove, were opposed to the change. The senate killed the bill by a vote of 20 to 10.

The house had a little fight over the personal liability bill. Beck of Stutsman called for a committee report on the bill, which had been agreed to be favorably reported. After a preliminary fight Chairman Elton was instructed to report the bill, and the measure was favorably reported to the house for action. There is a lobby of railroad employes here working industriously for the passage of the bill.

The house passed the capitol bonding bill, which has already passed the senate and insures the completion of the state capitol during the coming year. The bill provides \$100,000 bonds for the purpose. The senate passed the anti-connon freeraker bill, and the bill repealing the law creating the office of state agent for prevention of cruelty to animals. The only important new bill presented was Simpson's providing for a vote by the people on candidates for United States senator at a general election preceding the election of a senator by the legislature. The vote is to be certified to the two houses of the legislature and announced, and election is then to proceed after the present fashion. A joint session of the two houses was addressed by Dr. Henry W. Coe of Portland, Or., in the interest of an appropriation for an exhibit at the Lewis and Clarke exposition in 1905. The two houses passed a concurrent resolution for adjournment from Feb. 13 to Feb. 20.

Mayor John Dinnie of Grand Forks and a number of representatives of that city are here to urge the location of the state fair at Grand Forks and will submit a proposition to the legislature.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 12.—Sharp's primary election bill was yesterday made a special order for Friday of this week on motion of Chairman Hale of the committee on elections. The committee recommended the bill to pass, amended to provide for holding of primary elections in July instead of September. Senator La Moure, representing the minority of the committee, said the minority desired time to present a report, and the matter went over.

New bills were presented providing for a new system of oil inspection with the gravity test; prohibiting limits on tickets sold by railroad companies; increasing the compensation of county commissioners to \$5 a day; providing a reward of \$50 for information leading to the conviction of violators of the prohibition law; providing for a display of the state's resources at the Lewis and Clarke exposition. Bills were passed fixing the salaries of supreme court judges at \$5,000 a year; providing for organization of unorganized counties west of the river, and authorizing an issue of bonds for the deaf school. The committee on appropriations will recommend an appropriation of \$142,000 for state asylum maintenance, \$83,000 for the state penitentiary and \$59,000 for the institute for feeble-minded. The committee passed a resolution that the total appropriations recommended should not exceed \$532,000, which represents the available revenues of the state for two years.

To-day there was no business done except exercises in commemoration of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln, which is a legal holiday in this state. J. M. Cochrane and Father Conaty of Grand Forks were the speakers. Both bodies will adjourn Friday for a week. The second payment of legislative expenses will be made Friday.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 13.—Memorial exercises for Abraham Lincoln occupied the attention of the two houses of the legislature yesterday. Eloquent addresses were made by Judge John M. Cochrane of the supreme court and by Father Conaty of Grand Forks in the hall of the house of representatives. A large audience was present. Gov. White presided at the meeting, which lasted for two hours. No legislative business was transacted, as the day was a legal holiday.

The senate appropriations committee has practically settled on most of the appropriations to be recommended. The following appropriations will be recommended in approximate figures: Penitentiary, \$53,000; insane asylum, \$142,000, with provision for bonds for additional buildings; institute for feeble-minded, \$83,000; reform school at Mandan, \$14,500; soldiers' home at Lisbon, \$10,200, with \$1,600 for a monument to deceased soldiers; geological survey, \$1,500 annually for both state university and agricultural college; experiment station, \$20,000 to cover experimental work and substations at Edgeley, Dickinson and Minot; farmers' institutes, \$5,000 annually; state industrial school, \$25,000; state printing, \$2,000 annually. The state fair matter and the appropriation for the St. Louis exposition have been discussed, but not settled upon. The St. Louis appropriation will be recommended at about \$35,000.

West Superior grain men are again in the city and held a meeting yesterday afternoon with the grain inspection committees of the two houses. They will ask for the appointment of a committee from the legislature to go to Madison, Wis., and work for the bill now being considered there and for the formal indorsement by the legislature of the Wisconsin system of grain inspection, as opposed to that in Minnesota. The matter will probably come before the legislature to-day. The house and senate adjourn to-day until Feb. 20.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 14.—After one of the busiest days of the session the house and senate adjourned for a week yesterday and the majority of the members have gone home. There was plenty of excitement and debate in both houses. The most interesting matter was the house debate on the personal injury bill, which is being lobbied for by railroad employes of the state. The bill came up in general orders in the house. Buttz of Ransom sought to have a contributory negligence clause incorporated in the bill, providing that no suit for damages could be brought by any employes whose negligence had contributed to the accident. The amendment was voted down by an almost unanimous vote, and subsequently the bill was reported for passage and passed.

In the senate another hot debate was had over a resolution to appoint a special committee of six to visit the Wisconsin legislature and work for the passage of the bill creating a system of grain inspection at West Superior. Senator La Moure opposed the resolution, saying that the membership of the committee was confined to Cass county and that section of the state was unrepresented. The resolution was finally passed. The committee consists of J. R. Turner and Mattson, Young and Leech from the house. The senate members have not yet been appointed, although senator Talcott of Cass county will probably be chairman of the committee. Members will visit Madison during the legislative recess. The primary election bill did not come up yesterday afternoon, friends of the measure being absent from the senate and supporters not forcing the bill. Senators La Moure, Gatack and Clarke presented a minority report asking that the bill be amended to include county officers only. They held that the matter was in the nature of an experiment and could be best made upon county officers before passing a sweeping measure, including members of the legislature.

Both houses closed up their calendars before going home. Several important new bills were presented. An amending bill by Chaffee provides a board of control for the state penal and charitable institutions. The bill provides for three members of the board to have charge of all state institutions. Talcott introduced a bill providing for the electrocution system of capital punishment in connection with a bill requiring all executions of convicts to be held at the state penitentiary.

Senator Crane presented the valued-pollty clause insurance bill before the South Dakota legislature for action.

Gov. White will announce his appointments immediately after the legislature reconvenes.

THE MARKET

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76 1/2@77 1/2c; No. 2 Northern, 74 1/2@75 1/2c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45@46c. Rye—No. 2, 37@48c. Barley—Maltng grades, 43@50c. Flax—No. 1, \$1.16. Oats—No. 3 white, 33 1/2@34c.

Minneapolis, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 77 3/8c; No. 1 Northern, 75 7/8@76 3/8c; No. 2 Northern, 74 3/8@75 1/8c.

Duluth, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 spring, 71c; oats, 35c; rye, 50c; barley, 35@51c.

Milwaukee, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 1/2@78c; No. 2 Northern, 75c; May, 77 1/2c. Rye steady; No. 1, 51@52c. Barley steady; No. 2, 64 1/2c. Oats firm; standard, 36 5/8@36 3/4c. Corn—May, 45 3/4c.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 75@77c; No. 3 red, 70@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 72@74c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@73c; No. 1 Northern spring, 80 1/2@81c; No. 2 Northern spring, 79@80c; No. 3 spring, 70@79c. Corn—No. 2, 44 1/2@45c; No. 3, 43@43 1/2c. Oats—No. 2, 34 1/2c; No. 3, 33@34c.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Beeves, \$3.50@4.75; cows, bulls and mixed, \$1.50@4; stockers and feeders, \$2.75@4.25; calves and yearlings, \$2.50@4. Hogs, \$6.45@6.90; bulk, \$6.50@6.70.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$4.50@5.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.25@4.40; cows, \$1.40@4.30; heifers, \$2@4.60; calves, \$3.50@7.75; Texas-fed steers, \$3.50@4.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$6.60@6.95; light, \$6.35@6.60; bulk of sales, \$6.55@6.75. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$4.50@5.50; fair to choice mixed, \$3.50@4.50; Western sheep, \$4.75@5.40; native lambs, \$4.50@6.55; Western lambs, \$4.75@5.40.

South St. Paul, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, \$3.25@4.40; veals, \$2.50@5.50; good to choice feeding steers, \$3.75@4.25; steer calves, \$2@3; good to choice stock cows and heifers, \$2.25@2.75. Hogs—Price range, \$6.15@6.75; bulk, \$6.20@6.55. Sheep—Good to choice fat lambs, \$4.75@5.40; good to choice yearling wethers, \$4.65@4.85; heavy, \$4@4.50; good to choice ewes, medium weight, \$3.50@3.90; heavyweights, \$3.40@3.85.

BITTEN BY MAD DOG.

Servant in the House of the Mexican Consul General Dies Suddenly.

New York, Feb. 16.—Several weeks ago Della Quinn, employed as a servant in the family of Juan Navarro, the Mexican consul general, was bitten on the hand by a fox terrier that she tried to drive from the porch of her master's house. The wound apparently healed perfectly, but five days ago Miss Quinn experienced pain in her right arm and later complained of a choking sensation. From that time she grew rapidly worse until yesterday, when she died, the physicians say from hydrophobia.

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Save Dull, Indeed.
Pat—You say if I use one of these ointment dampers I save half the coal?
Agent—Exactly, sir, exactly.
Pat—Begob. I'll take two.—Harvard Lampoon.

DR. COFFEE

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