

WITH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.
Upon graduating from Dakota Business College of Fargo, Hattie Lind was sent to position as stenographer for Prof. Richards of the A. C. Her classmates, Misses Peterson and Madison, were sent to position with the N. W. Telephone Co. and Ford Motor Co.

Engines, Canoes Launches

Write for prices on
Engines, Canoes Launches
Distributors for the famous T & M Marine Engines
All kinds of Boat Supplies
DEALERS WANTED
J. C. Shadegg Engine Co.
315 So. Third Street
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Ship us your Tires
REPAIRS PROMPTLY MADE
We make specialty of Retreading Casings and Vulcanizing tires by steam and electricity.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
Electric Vulcanizing Co.
627 Third Ave. So.
Minneapolis, Minn.
Electric Vulcanizers For Sale.
Send for Catalogue.

THE PEOPLE'S Meat Market
Wholesale buyers and shippers of live stock and poultry.
Bring in your hides for the highest price.
Respectfully yours,
Kirchof & Cooper

REIDS HOTEL
European
That is why we do the business
Good Service
Moderate Prices
ROOMS: 50c - 75c - \$1.00

THE PLACE TO EAT
Business men who want a good meal at noon or night while down town should try the Great Northern Cafe. We make a specialty of short orders but serve regular meals. Everything clean and up to date.
—C. E. GRAY, Mgr.

LOCAL AGENT!!
Having accepted the local agency for the Dakota Monument Company of Fargo, I am prepared to save you the expense of the middleman. I have a complete catalogue of elegant monuments. Call or write.
C. H. MYERS,
Devils Lake, N. Dak.

PIANO : TUNING
F. W. CAMPBELL has tuned pianos in this city for over ten years. THAT TALKS.
ORDERS AT
CHICAGO PIANO CO.
A GOOD SHAVE

Good workmen make our shop the best place in town for a good shave or haircut.
Edw. Richardson,
Under First National Bank.

CHAUTAQUA SEASON TO OPEN SOON OVER ENTIRE COUNTRY

TWO MILLION PERSONS LIKELY TO ATTEND LOCAL GATHERINGS THIS SUMMER.

FIRST ORGANIZATION FORMED 34 YEARS AGO—BIG GROWTH IN RECENT YEARS.

By Frederic J. Haskin.
At least 2,000,000 persons in the United States this summer will attend one or more of the Chautauqua assemblies, which now form a great network extending over forty states of the Union. As an educational movement, the Chautauqua has done more to interest the people past school age in educating themselves than any other influence, with the exception of the church. The Chautauqua Home circle truly may be called the beginning of the correspondence system of education, which has now so large a following.
Bishop Vincent Originator.
It is thirty-four years since Bishop John H. Vincent of the Methodist Epis-

Chautauqua delegates to the educational conference held in Rome last month were greeted enthusiastically as "The Educators of Grown-up Persons."
In France and Germany the movement is well understood, and in England there are many Chautauqua circles connected with the parent body in the United States. A circle has been formed recently on the southeastern coast of Africa, and one of its members last year came to the Chautauqua assembly in New York to be graduated. In Japan the work is well established. There are several circles, which for a number of years have been following all the work outlined by the Chautauqua institution in America.
Course of Study for Home.
In addition to the lecture course of the Chautauqua assembly, the Chautauqua Educational system consists of a prescribed course of study which can be taken at home. The course extends over four years and at its completion a diploma is awarded. Formerly all the graduation exercises were held at the New York assembly on the grounds of the Chautauqua Lake park, but during the past five years the Chautauqua assemblies have so increased and developed in various parts of the coun-

try, that graduates may receive their diplomas at the assembly nearest them. The Chautauqua graduation day is known as Recognition day, and its services constitute the most important event on the program of most of the assemblies.
Many Subjects of Study.
Chautauqua assemblies in the United States have come to include many subjects never considered by the founders of the movement. Notwithstanding many criticisms, the scope of the work is constantly broadening. Any vital

more remunerative lecture field in the country.
Many Independent Chautauquas.
About forty Chautauqua assemblies in the United States are affiliated with the parent body, located at Chautauqua Lake park, New York, but there are many other gatherings called Chautauquas, held under various auspices, which have no connection whatever with the first organization bearing that name. In fact the word "Chautauqua" has come to mean a sort of a gathering held out of doors in which instruction of any kind is given by means of lectures.
There are Jewish Chautauquas, Catholic Chautauquas and Sunday school Chautauquas. In some towns the Sunday school Chautauqua is little more than an old-fashioned Sunday school picnic of several days' duration. At others the programs are so broad in their scope as to give to the Chautauqua the questionable name of "Sunday school vaudeville." In South Carolina a number of women interested in needlework held an "embroidery Chautauqua" for a week last summer, which was attended by several hundred women from various parts of the state.
450 Branches of Parent Body.
There are about four hundred and fifty branches of the Chautauqua institution scattered over the United States. These are usually designated as the C. L. S. C., signifying Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, and not "Come, Love, Sit Closer," as a facetious farmer once declared.
Most of these circles have members who are taking the home reading courses. There will be several thousand graduates from the home study classes of the C. L. S. C. this year. Many of these will be unable to attend any assembly for public recognition, but their diplomas will be mailed to them with the requisite number of seals attached, showing the work accomplished. A large number of these graduates are people who heretofore have been deprived of educational advantages, and the pleasure and profit they have derived from this systematic course of home study is incalculable.
There is no small amount of fraternal spirit in each of these classes, for, with the help of the Chautauqua institution, a thorough class organization is established. Each member is kept in touch with the work of the others by paying only a trifling sum for class expenses. Every class is represented in a room in one of the buildings at the Chautauqua institution at Chautauqua Lake, New York, and class mottoes and names help to strengthen the bond of sympathy between the students.
The class graduated this year is called the Longfellow class and its mottoes are chosen from the works of the American poet laureate. Next year's class, which is now completing its junior work, is called the Shakespeare class; the sophomore class, which will be graduated in 1913, has elected to call itself the Athene class, while the freshman class have caught the spirit of the Dickens revival, so popular over the English speaking world during the past year, and has enrolled itself as the Dickens class. The Chautauqua institution now provides fourteen schools of instruction, including English, modern languages, music, art, mathematics, physical culture and classical art.
"Institution" to Meet June 30.
The thirty-eighth annual assembly of the Chautauqua institution will be held

along the way, after the manner of the early pioneers. A lecturer must have unusual eloquence and personal magnetism, for the assemblies are held in a rustic tabernacle which is open to both sides. This gives easy egress to any one becoming tired of the speaker, so the problem of holding a Chautauqua audience is greater than that facing a lecturer upon any other platform.
Hobson a Chautauqua Favorite.
William Jennings Bryan, Senator La Follette, Senator Cummins, Speaker Clark and Governor Folk are a few of the men who have been the most popular with Chautauqua assembly audiences lately. Captain R. P. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, is another favorite. His pleasing personality, no less than his lecture entitled "America's Mighty Mission," have no doubt been stronger arguments in favor of the large navy than the most impassioned speeches made before Congress. The Chautauqua assembly reaches the masses, and the possibilities of its future political influence may be greater than its leaders anticipate.

At Chautauqua Lake park from June 30 to August 28. The word "institution" is given to the parent organization to distinguish it from the various assemblies held in different parts of the country. Most of these are held during the time of the institution assembly, but are of shorter duration, generally extending anywhere from three days to two weeks, according to the enthusiasm and support received.
Aside from their educational value the Chautauqua circles do a great deal for the general welfare of the community. During the past two years civic improvement has received much attention from the Chautauqua institution, and the C. L. S. C. of every town is sure to be interested in child welfare, sanitation, public education and any other matter of public interest.

ACTION BROUGHT AGAINST BELL DRUG STORE AND MINNEAPOLIS DRUG CO.

CHEMICAL PUT OUT BY MINNEAPOLIS CONCERN WAS ADULTERATED.

Papers were served today in an interesting damage action, that of W. H. Moyer against A. H. Bell and the Minneapolis Drug company, in which the plaintiff asks \$12,206.00 damages for injuries which he claims he sustained as a result of an explosion of a chemical which was sold him at the Bell Drug store in this city, the Bell drug store having purchased the adulterated combustible chemical from the Minneapolis Drug company.
Mr. Moyer was touring the country and was at Warwick at the time the accident occurred. He generated his own gas and purchased Black Oxide of Magnesia which he mixed with Chlorate of Potash for this purpose. The chemical he purchased exploded, wrecking the machine and greatly damaging the building at Warwick, leaving Moyer with his left leg broken, as well as being punctured about the body, losing the toe on his right foot, and suffering a severe scalp wound.
The damages asked for are for injuries, hospital bill and general damage to the machine. Attorneys Cutlbert and John Samson of this city represent the plaintiff and the case will be tried at the November term of the district court in Devils Lake.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—Robert M. Farrar of Wahpeton, N. D., son of Bob Farrar, the popular secretary to Senator McCumber, has successfully passed the entrance examinations to the naval academy at Annapolis. Young Farrar is but sixteen years old and is said to be the youngest candidate ever to pass the severe examinations required by the government for admission to Uncle Sam's big school for future admirals.
R. J. Sunderhaur, also of North Dakota, was another of the successful candidates.

Will Be Here.
James Collins the representative of the Winchester Company, passed through the city last evening on his return from the shoot at Minot. He will return to this city today to participate in the doings here.

GRAFTON EDITOR GIVES INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF THE CONVENTION.

DEVILS LAKE EXTENDS A GLAD HAND TO HUNDREDS OF PEN-CIL PUEHRS.

The North Dakota Editorial association which met at Devils Lake last week was the most successful convention in the history of the organization. Fully three hundred newspaper men and their families took advantage of the opportunity to test the hospitality of the Devils Lake people, and to say that they had a good time is putting it mildly. Friday was given over to the more serious business of the association. Saturday the fun at the Lake began and the men who wanted to indulge in shop talk was listened to with scant patience. The press ball Friday evening was largely attended. Perhaps the greatest surprise of the meeting was the Press band, which proved to be a splendid musical organization under the capable leadership of Editor Sam Haislett of Lankin. All the musicians are bona fide newspaper men, members of their home lands. Editor Stiekley is the veteran musician, in point of service having been a member of the State Band at Lisbon twenty-one years. The visitors were given auto rides along the lake shore through the Military Park and about town, and launches took them across the lake. Dinner was served out of doors, and the afternoon given up to sports. One of the features was a ball game, umpired by Editor Richter of Larimore, in which the lawyers of the city went down to defeat at the hands of the editorial nine, the score at the end of five eventual innings being 4 to 1. After a dead heat between Pres. Black and "Kernel" Brewer, the latter won the fat man's race. Mrs. Norman Black won the potato race, Editor Toteven came out first in the sack race, and Editor Long won the 100 yard dash. Devils Lake possesses excellent facilities for the entertainment of the stranger within her gates, and the newspaper folk appreciate to the full the many courtesies extended them as individuals and as an organization on the occasion of their summer outing.—Walsh County Record.

MACHINE ATTACHED TO THRESHING RIG TO BAIL STRAW SHOULD BE WINNER.

COMING OF NEW PAPER MILL MEANS READY MARKET FOR NEW INVENTION.

At the session of the Commercial club held last evening the matter of bailing straw was brought up when the paper mill project was being considered. Some thought that the farmers would not bail the straw for \$2 when they might secure 50 cents a ton without any bother. This idea was dispelled, however, when it was reported that Thomas Lonnevik has an invention under way which means that straw will be bailed as soon as it leaves the threshing machine, and with the coming of the paper mill it is certain that Mr. Lonnevik will find a ready market for his invention as soon as it is completed.

BUTTER SCORING CONTEST.

Bismarck, N. D., June 30.—Butter is arriving in the capital city from every section of North Dakota. It is being sent in for scoring in the second of the five months educational butter scoring contest held under the auspices of the state dairy department. Prof. G. L. Martin of the North Dakota Agricultural college arrived yesterday for the purpose of assisting in the scoring.

CHARGED WITH INCEST.

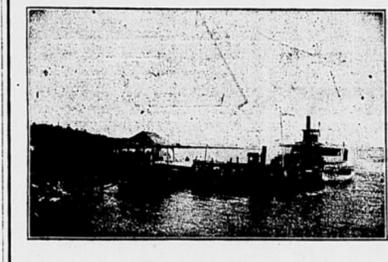
Mandan, N. D., June 30.—Assistant States' Attorney J. E. Beum and Sheriff O'Brien of Oliver county arrived in Mandan with John Koeh, who is charged with the crime of incest. The crime is preferred against Koeh by his 18-year-old girl, whom it is said has had two children by her father.

LISBON HAS SCANDAL.

Lisbon, N. D., June 30.—This city is stirred over a shooting affray which occurred here recently, involving one of the most prominent families of the city. The husband accused the wife of being too familiar with another man, a retired farmer. It is said that during a talk between the husband and wife that the latter shot the husband, but did not inflict a serious wound. The couple have two boys. The trouble will probably end in the divorce courts.

SOME RECORD.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—Robert M. Farrar of Wahpeton, N. D., son of Bob Farrar, the popular secretary to Senator McCumber, has successfully passed the entrance examinations to the naval academy at Annapolis. Young Farrar is but sixteen years old and is said to be the youngest candidate ever to pass the severe examinations required by the government for admission to Uncle Sam's big school for future admirals.
R. J. Sunderhaur, also of North Dakota, was another of the successful candidates.

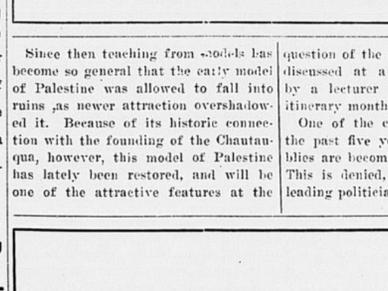


copal church organized the first Chautauqua assembly at Chautauqua Lake park, in New York. He intended it chiefly for Sunday school workers, and its first courses of study were chiefly Biblical. A model of Palestine was one of the attractions of the earliest assembly at Chautauqua Lake park, and this enabled Bible students to have a correct knowledge of appearance and conditions during the New Testament period, which had not before been possible to those unable to make a trip to the Holy Land.

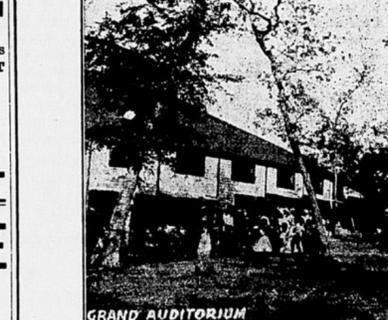
question of the day is now likely to be discussed at a Chautauqua assembly by a lecturer who has arranged his itinerary months in advance.
One of the complaints made during the past five years is that the assemblies are becoming a factor in politics. This is denied, although many of the leading politicians of the nation are en-



Since then teaching from models has become so general that the early model of Palestine was allowed to fall into ruins, as never attraction overshadowed it. Because of its historic connection with the founding of the Chautauqua, however, this model of Palestine has lately been restored, and will be one of the attractive features at the



There are about four hundred and fifty branches of the Chautauqua institution scattered over the United States. These are usually designated as the C. L. S. C., signifying Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, and not "Come, Love, Sit Closer," as a facetious farmer once declared.
Most of these circles have members who are taking the home reading courses. There will be several thousand graduates from the home study classes of the C. L. S. C. this year. Many of these will be unable to attend any assembly for public recognition, but their diplomas will be mailed to them with the requisite number of seals attached, showing the work accomplished. A large number of these graduates are people who heretofore have been deprived of educational advantages, and the pleasure and profit they have derived from this systematic course of home study is incalculable.
There is no small amount of fraternal spirit in each of these classes, for, with the help of the Chautauqua institution, a thorough class organization is established. Each member is kept in touch with the work of the others by paying only a trifling sum for class expenses. Every class is represented in a room in one of the buildings at the Chautauqua institution at Chautauqua Lake, New York, and class mottoes and names help to strengthen the bond of sympathy between the students.
The class graduated this year is called the Longfellow class and its mottoes are chosen from the works of the American poet laureate. Next year's class, which is now completing its junior work, is called the Shakespeare class; the sophomore class, which will be graduated in 1913, has elected to call itself the Athene class, while the freshman class have caught the spirit of the Dickens revival, so popular over the English speaking world during the past year, and has enrolled itself as the Dickens class. The Chautauqua institution now provides fourteen schools of instruction, including English, modern languages, music, art, mathematics, physical culture and classical art.
"Institution" to Meet June 30.
The thirty-eighth annual assembly of the Chautauqua institution will be held



assembly of the original Chautauqua institution this year.
Local Branches Organized.
The interest in the Chautauqua movement was perpetuated by the formation of local circles or branches, which now extend not only over the United States, but to Europe and other parts of the world as well. In Italy much interest has been aroused in this system and the



SHE IS PROTECTED BY \$15,000 INSURANCE IN THE
MUTUAL LIFE
Insurance Company of New York
IS YOURS? And what will their future be if you were to leave on that journey in which there is no "homecoming." I can save you not cents but dollars on your insurance by taking it in
THE OLDEST COMPANY IN AMERICA
The Strongest in the World
M. A. Tenney, District Manager
Devils Lake, N. D.
PHONE 161-2

Will Load Hay Faster Than Five Men Can Pitch It.

Better Hay
If you have ten or more acres of hay, you will be interested in New Deere Hay Loader.
The Loader that lasts a lifetime; that has absolutely the lightest draft of its width; that delivers the hay at the highest point; rakes absolutely clean without gathering trash; will handle the hay in swaths, windrows of any size or bunches.
The New Deere couples automatically and unhitches from the load and has many other exclusive and valuable features.

We will be please to explain it to you by calling at our machine house.
Ramsey County Implement Co.