

National Honor And The German Treaty

BY ROBERT LAFOLLETTE

Reprinted from LaFollette's magazine of May, to appear in three installments in The World beginning with this issue.

The new administration within a few weeks will be called upon to give the people of the United States the "formal and effective peace" with Germany which was pledged before the election.

On April 30, the Senate adopted the Knox resolution declaring war at an end. The interests of the American people and the stabilizing of conditions abroad will be advanced by the early consummation of a treaty of peace with the German Government.

Some of the leaders in the Senate who voted us into the war, declare that we must not "desert our allies" and that we must pledge them our assistance in carrying out the terms of the Versailles treaty exclusive of the covenant of the League of Nations.

The German Government, meanwhile, has appealed to the United States to intervene with the allies to prevent the coercion of Germany by brute force into compliance with the terms of that monstrous and impossible treaty.

An honest observance of our moral obligations, as well as a wholesome regard for the peace of the world and our interests as a nation, require that this country should refuse to be an accomplice in the further spoliation of Central Europe. On the contrary, this Government is in honor bound to use its influence to modify the terms of the treaty in accordance with our solemn pledges during the war.

To steer an honest course at this time, we must go back to the treaty to the pledges which were made by our government to the world, upon which our own people and the allies acted during the war, and upon which Germany in November, 1918, consented to sign an armistice. The only peace that deserves the support of the American people must conform with these pledges.

President Wilson came before Congress in April, 1917, and asked for a declaration of war against the German Empire. It was the principles enunciated in this address upon which Congress acted and to which it gave its consent when it declared war. In this address Mr. Wilson said:

"We have no quarrel with the German people. We have no feeling toward them but one of sympathy and friendship. It was not upon their impulse that their government acted in entering the war. It was not with their previous knowledge and approval."

Referring to the reports of German "spies" and "plots" so prevalent at that time, Mr. Wilson said:

"We knew that their source lay not in any hostile feeling or purpose of the German people toward us—who were no doubt as ignorant of them as we ourselves were—but only in the selfish designs of a government that did what it pleased and told its people nothing."

Later, in the same address, he said:

"We are glad now that we see the facts with no veil of false pretense about them, to fight thus for the ultimate peace of the world and FOR THE LIBERATION OF ITS PEOPLES, THE GERMAN PEOPLES INCLUDED; for the rights of nations great and small and the privilege of men everywhere to choose their way of life and of obedience. The world must be made safe for democracy."

And, finally, he said:

"It will be all the easier for us to conduct ourselves as belligerents in a high spirit or right and fairness, because we act without animus, not in enmity toward a people, or with a desire to bring injury or disadvantage upon them, but only in armed opposition to an irresponsible government which has thrown aside all consideration of humanity and of right and is running amuck. We are, let me say again, the sincere friends of the German people, and shall desire nothing so much as the early re-establishment of intimate relations of mutual advantage between us."

Four days after the President had delivered his message Congress, on April 6, passed a joint resolution declaring the existence of a state of war between the United States and the Imperial German Government.

The aims, the purposes, and the pledges made by President Wilson were the aims, purposes, and pledges upon which this nation entered and conducted the war and which were proclaimed to our own people and to the world by our statesmen of every shade of political opinion.

I have always contended that Congress, clothed with the power to declare war, has the right when war is declared, or at any time during the prosecution of the war, to decide the objects and purposes for which the war shall be conducted.

But if Congress merely declares war and neither then nor subsequently determines by some authentic act the objects and purposes for which the war is being prosecuted, and the President, the only other authority recognized by the Constitution as possessing any war powers, DOES DECLARE THE OBJECTS, AIMS, AND

PURPOSES TO BE ACHIEVED in prosecuting the war, then assuredly the Congress, having taken no affirmative action to the contrary, must be held to have consented to the President's declaration. Especially would this be true if it thereafter accorded him its unqualified support.

Dr. Hocking Is Elected A Dental National Delegate

Minot, N. D.—The North Dakota State Dental association has closed its annual convention here, 70 dentists remaining for graduate courses next week.

Dr. T. E. Barber of Grand Forks, was elected president; Dr. Ira G. Nichols of Mandan, vice-president; Dr. Solon Crum of Fargo, secretary; and Dr. Ira Willis of Harvey, treasurer at the business session this morning. Fargo was selected for the 1922 convention.

Dr. Albert Hallenberg of Fargo, Dr. W. E. Hocking of Devils Lake and Dr. L. L. Eckman of Grand Forks were named national delegates.

LOSSES BY HAIL TO BE PAID MORE PROMPTLY SAID

Laws Remedy A Serious Drawback To Early Payments

To remedy criticism and aid farmers suffering from hail losses who carry state hail insurance, provision has been made to care for adjustments at an earlier date than heretofore, according to a bulletin sent out from the state hail insurance department this week as follows:

"Since the payment of losses could only be made as the hail tax money was collected from the farmers, it has not been possible in the past to pay all the losses in the fall. Since this unavoidable delay in payment caused considerable criticism, and in fact was the serious objection against the old law, the decision was made to provide some means for paying more promptly in the future. It is true that the old law carried a provision according to which the Insurance Commissioner could negotiate a loan; however, the general financial condition made it practically impossible to borrow any large amount. The new law now carries a provision for the establishment of a permanent and revolving hail fund. During the years 1921, '22, '23, '24 and '25, the 3 cent flat tax, which amounts to approximately \$830,000 per year, will be set aside and in the course of five years will accumulate a fund of over \$4,000,000. Since this fund is revolving, it will make possible the payment of losses in the fall to the extent of \$800,000 after the first year of its operation, \$1,600,000 after the second year and so on until after the fifth year all losses can be paid in the fall. This feature besides enabling prompt payment, will effect a saving in interest on warrants of from \$120,000 to \$150,000 yearly."

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SUNDAY SHOWS WANTED IN N. D.

Petitions Are Being Put Into Circulation — Report

Petitions for the initiation of an act repealing the law prohibiting Sunday exhibitions in theaters have been placed in circulation.

The proposed initiative measure would simply repeal "section 9231 of the compiled laws of North Dakota for the year 1913, theaters keeping open on Sunday."

The petition states that the secretary of state is requested to submit the initiated measures to the electors at the next general state-wide election.

Winona Lake, Ind.—A concerted drive for Sunday blue laws and a move to check the wide open Sabbath agitation has been started.

Church members of all creeds and faiths were asked to fight "the million dollar propaganda against the Christian Sabbath" and to urge civil authorities to prohibit Sunday amusements. The blue law question was thrown before the Presbyterian general assembly when the session opened here today.

Would Close Movies. "Close up the movie theaters, shut the gates of the ball parks, lock the doors of many places of business and the paramount problem of the church will be well on the way to solution," the Christian Sabbath committee stated in a report to the conference.

F. TRAYNOR NOT IN RACE

Fred J. Traynor, announced as a candidate for election to the board of education to occur June 7th, has declined the honor proffered him by friends and refuse at this time to be considered in the race.

GREAT FALLS TO GET A. O. U. W.'S

Alex. Elmslie Headed Delegation From This City

Alex. Elmslie of this city, represented the A. O. U. W. lodge Number 31 at the state convention held at Bismarck last week. Others from this region in attendance were: J. D. Kerns, district manager; Delegate Smith of Edmore, Donald Baldwin of Webster, Representative Shively of Lakota, Martin Stueberg of Leeds and Attorney Benson of Bottineau.

Bismarck, N. D.—Great Falls, Mont., was chosen convention city for the 1923 biennial convention of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, jurisdiction of North Dakota, here today. This jurisdiction embraces beside North Dakota: Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and Northern California.

The organization voted to enlarge its insurance field by issuing total and permanent disability and health and accident insurance.

Among officers chosen were: Past Grand Master Workman, J. E. Nuss, Grand Forks, N. D.; grand overseer, J. P. O'Leary, Grand Forks; grand guide, P. H. Wilde, Grand Forks; and grand inside watchman, J. P. Corcoran, Great Falls, Mont.

Drake Mill Begins Operations Again

Drake, N. D.—The state-owned mill at Drake resumed operations this week after being shut down three weeks for a complete overhauling. F. J. Gorman, manager of the mill, stated the honor proffered him by friends and refuse at this time to be considered in the race.

LAWTON

(From The Republican)

Charles Jechort was a Lakota visitor Wednesday.

Miss Opal Leith of Broot, spent Sunday evening in Lawton visiting friends.

A. J. Stepanek, wife and little daughter visited Park River Wednesday, returning home in the evening.

E. C. Brandt and family have moved into the Joe Smith residence, corner Fourth avenue and Chapman street.

Mrs. W. Whiteley, who went to Grand Forks to consult a specialist regarding her health, returned Tuesday.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Bina, Friday, May 13, and presented them with a son. All doing nicely.

Rupert Adler and family visited Omer Jones and family Sunday.

W. J. Parke and family visited at the James Donahue home Sunday.

Ward Langton and Arthur Thompson were Edmore callers Saturday.

Mrs. Oscar Eiton spent Sunday at the home of her mother, Mrs. Jacob Iverson.

Pat Connelly and family enjoyed supper at the Jacob Everson home Wednesday evening.

Mrs. James Donahue and J. H. Langton were entertained by Mrs. John Halverson Wednesday afternoon.

Andrew Weaver of Fordville, was a Lawton visitor Tuesday. He intends to be a Lawton citizen soon. Watch Lawton grow.

C. H. Creasy, L. C. Vobayda, A. H. Kops and A. L. Hjortland drove to Edmore Wednesday evening to be present at a meeting of the A. F. & A. M.

T. O. Kraabel and Alanson H. Kops, accompanied by Mrs. Oluf Gagen and Theresa, and Mrs. C. G. Kops drove to Bachelor's Grove Tuesday, returning in the evening.

Bayard, (Iowa) Bulletin: Mr. and Mrs. James J. Scott left here Monday evening for Burlington, Wisconsin, to visit at the old home of Mrs. Scott for a few days before going into Chicago, where Mr. Scott will consult specialists regarding his health.

George Humes and wife and F. Woolbridge, wife and daughter Laura, were visitors at the Sam Bowers' ranch Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Sigurd Hagen entertained the Ladies Auxiliary last Friday. Everyone enjoyed the afternoon, Market Day being the center of conversation, and the ladies departed declaring to do their bit towards making that day a success.

D. L. Davison is having constructed this week a fine cistern, at the north end of his home on Chapman street.

The excavation work was done by Ray Booth, while the brick, cement and carpenter work is in the hands of a Charley Dodge, a master workman in the art of constructing containers for aqua pura or any other heaven-sent gift to a parched world.

Mrs. J. E. Stevens, organizer of the L. T. I., is taking great interest in the welfare of the youngsters of this generation. Organized only a few months is quite apparent, and their general deportment now is that of young ladies and gentlemen who desire to grow up good and useful citizens.

It Leaked!

The Radiator

No more trouble with the ding-busted thing if you have it fixed right.

Where?

Lake Metal Products Co.

211 Sixth Street—Devils Lake

Phone 7055 Work Guaranteed

We do recore work as well as other repairs.

We Devide The Profits With You

Furniture—Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

We are not looking for a large profit, as we are located in a way that does not require a large profit to carry on the business.

We Stand For A Square Deal.

When In Need Of—

Anything in the furniture line, look us up. We will always be glad to show you what we have.

Remember We Buy Also

Let us know what you have for sale, we are always on the lookout for, buying, selling and exchanging goods.

All Kinds Household Equipment

Square Deal Home Furnishers

107 Seventh Street

Specifications

Chevrolet "Four Ninety" Touring Car

Motor: Four-cylinder, valve-in-head type, 8 11-16 in bore, 5 1-4 inch stroke.

Cylinders: Cast in block with upper half of crank case. Head detachable.

Valves: 1 1-2 inch, enclosed.

Connecting Rod Bearings: 1 1-2 in. x 2 1-8 in.

Crankshaft Bearings: Front 1 1-2 in. x 2 11-16 in.; Center, 1 81-32 in. x 2 in.; Rear, 2 in. x 3 1-2 in.

Center Main Bearing: Dohler bronze back.

Camshaft Bearings: Front, 1 9-16 in. x 2 1-4 in.; Center 1 1-2 in. x 2 in.; Rear, 1 15-32 in. x 2 in.

Oiling System: Splash, gear pump and individual oil pockets. Oil pressure gauge on dash.

Carburetor: Zenith improved double jet.

Electric System: Auto-Lite generator, starting motor, and lighting system. Two-unit type.

Ignition: New improved Emy system.

Clutch: Cone, leather faced, with adjustable compensating springs.

Transmission: Selective type, three speeds forward and reverse.

Front Axle: Drop-forged 1-beam, with integral yokes. Wheels fitted with New Departure ball bearings.

Rear Axle: Three-quarter floating type. Shafts run on Hyatt roller bearings.

Cooling: Water pump and fan; radiator extra size.

Brakes: Service, external contracting; emergency, internal expanding (hand-controlled); 12 in. brake drums.

Springs: Front, semi-elliptic; rear, semi-cantilever.

Tires: 33 x 4 inches, non-skid on rear. Plain tread on front.

Drive: Left side, center control.

Body: Five-passenger Touring car.

Steering Gear: Worm and gear wheel, 18 inch steering wheel with inserted spider.

Gasoline Supply: Seventeen-gallon tank hung on rear, with gauge. Stewart vacuum system.

Wheelbase: 110 inches.

Equipment: Electric lights and starter; highest type two-unit system, double wiring used. Complete lamp equipment, including headlight dimmers; top, top cover and side curtains; electric horn; speedometer; demountable rims, with extra rim; tire carrier; license holder; complete tool equipment including pump and jack.

Delivered Prices Devils Lake			
"Four ninety" Touring	\$ 750.00	Sedan	1,860.00
"Four ninety" Roadster	740.00	Chassis	700.00
Coupe	1,810.00	Light Delivery	745.00

Lake Motor Company

Devils Lake, N. Dak.

	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
\$1.00				
The goods picked for this extraordinary \$1.00 sale are of the finest that are on the market today- You will profit by attending this money saving sale. Below is a list of the numerous articles that we are including, as follows:				
Friday and Saturday Only				
10 cans of Fall City Pork and Beans	-----			\$1.00
6 cans of Honor Brand Apple Sauce	-----			\$1.00
10 pkgs of Jiffy-Jell	-----			\$1.00
3 cans of Standard Pair	-----			\$1.00
3 Cans of Blackberries, standard	-----			\$1.00
10 pkgs of standard Corn Flakes	-----			\$1.00
8 pkgs of Standard Puffed Wheat	-----			\$1.00
5 cans of No. 3 Standard Tomatoes	-----			\$1.00
10 cans of Dutch Cleanser	-----			\$1.00
10 cans of Rex Lye	-----			\$1.00
8 Pkgs. of Corn Puffs	-----			\$1.00
4 lbs. of Standard Steel Cut Coffee	-----			\$1.00
4 cans of Libby's Corned Beef	-----			\$1.00
7 pkgs of Shredded Wheat	-----			\$1.00
12 bars of Grand-Pas Tar Soap	-----			\$1.00
8 cans of Standard Salmon	-----			\$1.00

Peoples Cash Store

Phone 31 Free Delivery

Opposite Lake Grocery

	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
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BEWARE

FIRE, like a flaming arrow, finds its mark in property that is unprotected. For more than a century the Hartford has sold insurance against loss by fire and the interruption of business by fire.

The Hartford pays losses fairly. In addition, and at no extra cost, the Hartford's trained Fire Prevention Engineers seek out hazards, which, if not corrected, may cause fire.

This is the protection that your property demands.

Get Hartford Insurance and Hartford Service through this agency.

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