

# The Pioneer Express.

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PEMBINA, PEMBINA COUNTY, NORTH DAKOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919.

NUMBER 39

## Official Directory

**U S Senators** - A. Gronna  
**U S Representatives** - John M. Baer  
**Governor** - E. J. Frazier  
**Lieutenant Governor** - H. R. Wood  
**Secretary of State** - Thomas Hall  
**State Treasurer** - O. A. Olson  
**State Auditor** - Carl E. Koslitzky  
**Attorney General** - Wm. Langer  
**Railroad Com.** - C. F. Dupuis  
**Commissioners** - Frank Millhollan  
**Supt of Pub Inst.** - Miss M. J. Nelson  
**Com of Insurance** - S. A. Olness  
**Com Agr & Labor** - John N. Hagan  
**Judges of the** - A. M. Christianson  
**Supreme Court** - E. K. Robinson  
**County Court** - L. E. Birtwell  
**Judge 7th Dist.** - W. J. Kneeshaw  
**STATES SENATOR** - Walter Wellford

**REPRESENTATIVES**  
1st District - Paul Johnson  
2nd District - J. J. O'Connor

**COUNTY OFFICIALS**  
**States Attorney** - Wm. McMurchie  
**Clerk of Court** - J. D. Winlaw  
**Sherriff** - F. F. Hamilton  
**Auditor** - Wm. W. Felton  
**Treasurer** - Hugh Gibson  
**Register of Deeds** - Geo. Roadhouse  
**County Judge** - Robert McBride  
**Surveyor** - Herman Campbell  
**Supt of Schools** - Charlotte Jones  
**Coroner** - Frank W. Deason  
**Public Admin.** - Geo. Peterson  
**1st - A. B. Purdy, Joliette**  
**2nd - J. S. Starnes, Cozydale**  
**3rd - Fred Radke, Cozydale**  
**4th - W. J. Watta, Leroy**  
**5th - J. T. C. Willie, Drayton**

**CUSTOMS OFFICIALS**  
**Alex. Morrison, Collector**  
**Robert Morrison, Special Deputy**  
**A. Hugh Warner, Deputies**  
**S. R. Woolworth, Deputies**  
**E. K. Russell, Immigration Inspector**

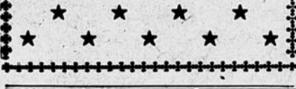
## OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM

**WARDWELL & THOMPSON,**  
F. A. Wardwell, G. G. Thompson

This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.

## The Service Flag of The Pioneer Express.



## THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Grafton Record.

The sixteenth legislative assembly has come to a close. It has been the most momentous in the history of North Dakota, or, for that matter, any state in the Union. It has considered and passed legislation far reaching in effect and revolutionary in character. It has written into the statute law of this state a pretentious program of state socialism. It has adopted, through the laws it has enacted, principles which are at best experimental, and in practice, we verily believe, ruinous.

This program of government has not been adopted in the ordinary method pursued by legislative bodies. It has not been carefully considered on the floor of the assembly, or in its committee rooms. It has been forced through by a secret caucus of the Nonpartisan League. This caucus has not been under the control and management of, or responsive to the will of the members of the legislature, but it has been dominated by men who were not members of either branch of the legislature, who had no legal right to appear on the floor of either house of the assembly.

Many of the most radical measures adopted by the assembly have never been discussed in the campaign waged by the Nonpartisan for the supremacy of the state. They are not understood by the state, and were not understood by the men who made them law.

Practically all of the most radical laws passed were declared to be emergency measures, and having secured the requisite two-thirds majority of the assembly, became the sovereign law of the state immediately on their approval by Gov. Frazier.

The unseemly and unbecoming haste in putting this program of socialism into operation is an evidence of the fear of the leaders of the league that upon a second thought, the people of North Dakota would refuse to ratify the acts of the assembly, and so the program was declared an emergency and is now ready to launch.

Men who are not residents of North Dakota, who have no interest in the future of the state, and who had no part in the making of its history, were

brought to Bismarck to prepare these laws and to create sentiment favorable to their passage. They, and not the chosen representatives of the people, were the real legislators. They and not representatives and senators from the various districts of the state, were masters of the destinies of our commonwealth.

Without doubt a special election will be called in the immediate future for the purpose of referring these laws to the people. During the intervening time which will lapse between today and the day of election the true citizens of North Dakota, the lovers of fair name, the believers in the principles of democratic government, have a solemn duty to perform. It is their task to discuss the result which will follow if these laws are allowed to operate. It is their duty and privilege to hold aloft the ideals of a government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to one dictated by a small clique of visionary dreamers who would plunge the people of North Dakota into certain financial disaster.

## From France.

The letter printed below was written by Private F. C. Wardwell, Co. K 23 Engineers, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Wardwell. Varennes, France. January 1st, 1919.

Dear Mother:

I guess I'd better start the new year by writing the long promised letter to you. About all I can do is to give you a brief outline of my trip and wait until I get home to tell it all to you. We left here December 15th and got back December 30th, it sure was one grand time all the time between those dates. We took the train at St. Menesbould and got into Paris the next A. M. It was the day after Wilson arrived so the Paris we saw was sure a live one. It was gay "Paree," sure nuf. We only had eight hours there so did not see much outside of the crowds. We got into Lyon the next morning and checked in, got a good room, cleaned up and went out to see the town. Lyon was Paris all over again only on a smaller scale. The most wonderful thing we saw there was the Cathedral and it sure is a marvel. There are two parts to it, the old and the new, the old being built in the 8th century and the new quite recent, in 1898. The interior decoration, instead of the rare paintings as they usually have, are all mosaics and they sure are wonderful. They are all so big. You recollect the big one in the Library at Washington, just up the first flight of stairs, well it is a poor messy baby compared with those. The main vault is about 125 feet high and they extend clear up both sides and over the ceiling. They were so elaborate too. There were some paintings but not many. The windows are wonderful too. In it there is a basement, where they have a shrine for Belgians, that was rather scenic in its purport. This church is built on a hill top in old Lyon and on the city side it is almost a direct drop of about 400 feet to the river below. We left that night and got into Nice December 18th and here our joy was added to, because we found out that it was a regular leave area, when Uncle Sam footed all the bills. We had expected to pay our own expenses there, so our lighted resources took a jump all at once. We were lined up and taken to a swell hotel, about which I've told you some. We sure were the surprised and happy bunch. The first day the wind was blowing very hard from the sea and we sure saw some old sea rollers breaking. We took a hike in the afternoon up to some near by mountains to see a panorama of the city and also an old Roman fort built in the 8th century.

The Y. M. C. A. there is sure a club. Before the war it was a rich man's perch called the Palais de la Jutee. It was a palace all right but mostly a glass house. It is built on steel piles out over the sea about 300 feet so is rather strange in that respect. It is circular with a big glass dome. It has reading and writing rooms, lounging rooms, dancing hall, information room and a big auditorium. At the canteen and eating rooms you can get anything you want and very reasonable too. A big glass sun parlor runs all around, an orchestra gives a concert every afternoon and a vaudeville program each night. They are good shows too. We made a trip to Cannes, where most of the perfume in France is made, the air is actually scented. It is a real nice place, quite like the rest, situated on the sea shore with all its chateaux and villas on the mountain sides. We made a trip to Chateau and saw an old church built by the Romans in the 8th century. The church is still in a good state of repair but the amphitheater in connection with it is pretty badly shot. It is a big thing with a seating capacity of 8000. The trip took us through the most exclusive part of town and some of the

homes are marvels to look at.

Our big trip and the best of all was the Monte Carlo and Monaco trip, just to see what I did on that one day, I'd be glad to spend what I did on the whole trip. We left Nice at 6:45 in the morning, on the tram and had a two hours ride, beautiful trip along the Riviera all the way. The track is cut out of the mountain side, with a high cliff on one side and the sea below on the other. We got into Monte Carlo at about nine so had lots of time to go thru the Casino before the gambling started. We had a guide who took us all around and explained everything, paid our fares and for our dinners and we paid him 15 francs. It was well worth it because he knew the ropes and could parle French. It would take me all night to try to tell about the Casino so I won't.

We went all through it though, saw all the different tables and rooms. They are all fixed up so rich with their tapestries, carved woods, statuary, paintings and decorations in general. In the auditorium they have a big orchestra that plays all day long for the recreation of the gamblers. In one of the rooms there was a painting of a cherub on the ceiling and no matter where you went, it always seemed to be looking at you. The carpets were inches thick and even though there were perhaps three hundred people in there when I was, there was no sound of walking at all.

We then went over to the Cafe de Paris, where the outside gamblers stay. It is some place and it is also furnished lavishly. The cheapest room to be had there is sixty francs a night. It has two tunnels that connect it direct with the Casino so the people will not have to go out of doors to get there.

We then went over to Monaco and saw the Prince's yacht, palace, church and museum. He is quite a scientist along a zoological line, and has made a life's work collecting this data. The museum is really more of an aquarium than anything else and he has every variety of fish known, from an octopus to a horse fish. It was sure interesting but we had to hurry away.

We came back to Monte Carlo and took a walk through the famous terraces and gardens of the Casino. The whole thing is just an example of what building with absolute disregard to cost will do.

We then took the tram back to Nice and over to Menton on the Italian border, when there we got into "sea-going" hacks, as we call these carriages, and drove out along the quay up to the border, we could just cross into Italy but that's all. The guards were there to stop us. It was very pretty up there, as the line is a very deep ravine over which an arch is thrown. It is about 250 feet from the bridge to the ravine bottom. This is a bare outline of our trip, but it was wonderful. I got quite a few cards along the trip and also have a five franc chip like they gamble with, so I have a pretty good souvenir I think.

The day before Xmas we had a big show in the Y for all the little kids of Nice, and they were sure some happy gang. There were 732 of them as they took them into the auditorium for the show, they gave them each a whistle, you should have heard the roar. After the show they were all given candy, cookies and some sort of a present. The Y was all decorated up with a big tree too. Xmas was sure a great day for us and one I will long remember. I had just as good a time as I possibly could have away from home. I've told you that we all put in five francs extra for a feed and they sure gave us one too. We were to all sing for them first so we went down at 8:30. The tree was all lighted up and I believe there were a million candles on it, placed as it was in front of a big mirror it looked to have twice as many. I had not till then had much Xmas feeling, but that tree sure fixed me up. We sang quite a few war songs for them and the Star Spangled Banner and they sang the Marseilles for us. The tables were fixed up pretty, decorated with mistletoe, holly and orange blossoms.

Here is the feed; the bombe glacee a la Wilson means ice cream Wilson style, which was the crowning feature of the dinner and was sure a dandy. The ice cream was brought in on a great silver platter on which was a cake of ice, this base was covered with Xmas greens and orange blossoms and roses, lighted with small electric bulbs, on the ice cream another platter on which was the ice cream in two large cone shaped sections with an American and French flag decorating them; over all was a handle, wrapped in red white and blue ribbon. The whole represented and looked much like a ship. It was as cute a contrivance as I have ever seen. We surely were a happy bunch, it was a fitting conclusion to an excellent vacation.

We left the next day, it was hard to leave a place of ideal weather to one where it rains every day, but we had to

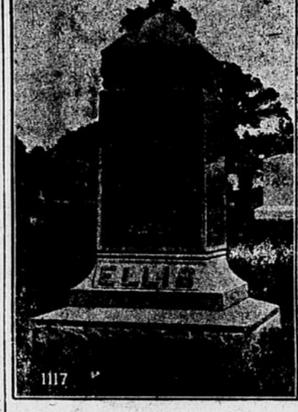
come out of our dream and be soldiers again. We stopped at Marseilles, Lyon and Paris again on our way home. In Paris we saw some of the noted sights, Notre Dame, Eiffel Tower, Napoleon's tomb and the Art Gallery. They were taking the sand bags from the Art Gallery while we were there, they bagged them all up, you know, when the long range guns were shelling Paris. We had twelve hours so saw a good deal.

Left that night and got back to camp, checked in' got payed, and found our Xmas box and letter with the V in so I surely have something to cheer me up even though the mud is feet deep.

Lots of love to all, Fred.

**Joliette Election Notice.**  
Notice is hereby given that the annual election for the township of Joliette will be held in the Town Hall, Joliette, on Tuesday March 18, 1919, for the purpose of electing one supervisor for a term of three years, one clerk for a term of one year, one justice of the peace for two years. And to transact any other township business. The annual township meeting will be held at two o'clock in the afternoon on that day. Polls will open at eight o'clock in the morning and close at five o'clock in the afternoon.

R. RICHIE, Clerk.  
Dated Joliette, N. D. March 6th, 1919.



**JAMES R. MOORHEAD,**  
Pembina, North Dakota.

Agent for St. Cloud Monumental works. Undertaking and good hearse inconection. Phone 153

**Notice to Creditors**  
In the matter of the estate of Robert W. Scott, deceased.  
This is a bare outline of our trip, but it was wonderful. I got quite a few cards along the trip and also have a five franc chip like they gamble with, so I have a pretty good souvenir I think.

**Notice to Creditors**  
In the matter of the estate of Frederick William Vollrath, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, C. W. Clow, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Robert W. Scott, deceased, late of the town of Bovine, in the county of DeWaver, and State of New York, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within six months after the first publication of this notice, to the administrator at his office in the City of Cavalier in said Pembina county.  
Dated February 28th, A. D. 1919.  
C. W. CLOW, Administrator.  
First publication February 28th, 1919.  
Feb 28-March 7-14-21

**Notice to Creditors**  
In the matter of the estate of Frederick William Vollrath, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, George H. Morris, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Frederick William Vollrath, late of the township of Neche, in the county of Pembina and state of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within six months after the first publication of this notice to said executor, at the office of H. B. Spiller, attorney at law, in the city of Cavalier, Pembina county, North Dakota.  
Dated February 21st, 1919.  
GEORGE H. MORRIS, Administrator.  
First publication February 21st, 1919.  
Feb 21-28 March 7-14

**Merchants Bank Report.**  
Report of the condition of the Merchants Bank of Pembina at Pembina in the State of North Dakota at the close of business March 4th, 1919.

**RESOURCES.**  
Loans and discounts.....\$228,235.05  
Overdrafts secured and unsecured 532.05  
Warrants, stocks, tax certificates, 3,059.15  
Banking house, furniture and fixtures..... 5,450.00  
U. S. bonds and certificates..... 73,134.97  
Due from other banks..... \$ 30,155.40  
Checks and other cash 122.05  
Items..... \$11,433.74 \$100,706.19  
Total.....\$408,119.69

**LIABILITIES.**  
Capital stock paid in..... \$25,000.00  
Surplus fund..... 5,000.00  
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid..... 3,894.31  
Indiv. deposits subject to check..... \$194,701.36  
Time certificates of deposit..... 200,000.01  
Cashier's checks outstanding..... 4,036.81 372,425.08  
Total.....\$408,119.69

State of North Dakota, ss:  
I, J. A. Wilkins, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
J. A. WILKINS, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1919.  
G. G. THOMPSON, Notary Public.  
My commission expires Dec. 15th, 1920.  
Correct Attest: CHAS. B. HARRIS, J. A. WILKINS, Directors

## Heneman Says:



**A name that guarantees service**

Curlee suit service is guaranteed—a Curlee suit must make good with you, or we will.

In Curlee Clothes you get absolutely correct style. You also get a value and wear that can't be duplicated in ordinary clothes.

Let us show you the new models—prices \$22.50 to \$35.00

The new spring line of made to measure Clothing show up well and are on display at our Store

You surely will be delighted when you see our splendid line of Spring Coats, Capes and Suits.

The Palmer line and you know what the Palmer stands for. This week will be our opening week on Coats and Suits and will offer special inducements by giving 10 pr. ct. on anything you buy in this line.

We have a lot of 6 yd. lengths of Gingham at 1.75; and 10 yd. lengths of Percale at 2.75. This means a big saving to you. Take advantage of these bargains.

## "Home of Home Brand Goods."

Better plant your tomato seed. Buy good seed and get good fruit. We have Northrup, King & Co's seed in bulk and package. Also D. M. Ferry's well known seeds. Save your money by buying seeds in bulk. Come in and look over our seed cases and pick out what you need.

## J. T. COCKBURN & CO.

**Notice to Creditors**  
In the matter of the estate of Annabelle Scott, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, A. Short, administrator of the estate of Annabelle Scott, deceased, late of the town of Puente, in the county of Los Angeles and State of California, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within six months after the first publication of this notice to said administrator at his office, in the city of Cavalier, in said Pembina County.  
Dated February 28th, A. D. 1919.  
A. SHORT, Administrator.  
First publication February 28th, 1919.  
Feb 28-March 7-14-21

**Notice to Creditors.**  
In the matter of the estate of Roy F. Menzies, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Elizabeth Ray Menzies, administratrix of the estate of Roy F. Menzies, late of the township of Carlisle, in the county of Pembina and State of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said administratrix, at the office of H. B. Spiller, attorney at law, in the City of Cavalier, in said Pembina county.  
Dated February 28th, 1919.  
ELIZABETH RAY MENZIES, Administratrix.  
First publication February 28th, 1919.  
Feb 28-March 7-14-21