

Local Correspondence.

Exclusive to the Pioneer Express.

Hamilton

Pembina County Fair July 22, 23 and 24th.

Ray Keena drove to Cavalier Sunday evening.

Mrs. Geo. Hess is reported quite ill at her home in south Carlisle.

Mrs. W. A. Sterns and Mrs. Bella Johnson were in from Carlisle Monday visiting with friends.

Nurse Thompson of Bathgate was in the city for a short time one evening last week visiting with friends.

Miss Mildred Semp, who is teaching at Walhalla, spent Saturday and Sunday visiting with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Page were over from Cavalier Sunday and spent the day visiting at the Paxman home.

Harold Saunders was in from the Fairport district Friday evening and reports farming operations well advanced out there.

Mr. Jas. McQuarters and A. K. Parker drove to Emerson Monday morning where they spent the day visiting with old friends.

We are informed that D. D. Warner, our local real estate man, sold a section of choice Red River valley land last week to eastern parties.

Mr. E. Williamson has purchased a well machine from J. H. Ross that can drill wells a hundred feet high just as easy as a pump. Mr. Williamson is meeting with good success in the well business this season.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Chambers drove over to Cavalier Sunday last and visited with Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hamilton. Mr. Chambers returned in the evening and Mrs. Chambers remained to visit for a few days.

C. R. Staples has purchased a new Dodge touring car from the Pope & Boyce agency here. Cecil has had a number of cars but now he has a real one that he can depend on. The Dodge is one of the best medium priced cars on the market today.

Memorial day passed very quietly at Hamilton, most of the business places being closed and some of our citizens took in the doings at Pembina and other places while others made a pilgrimage to the local cemetery where they decorated the graves of loved ones who had passed over the Great Divide.

Mr. Clark of the Peace river country is spending the week visiting with old friends in Hamilton. Mr. Clark was a resident of Hamilton 25 years ago and in that time many changes have taken place. He has some very interesting stories to tell of life in the Klondike during the rush for gold, in which he was a successful participator.

Jos. Paxman has purchased what is known as the Brynjolfson residence at Cavalier and will move there soon so we are told. Mr. Paxman is one of the old timers in Hamilton and has many friends who will regret to see him take up his residence elsewhere but who will wish him and his family all success in their new home.

The funeral services of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Gillis of this place was held at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon. The church was packed to the doors with friends of the bereaved parents and the services were very appropriate. Interment was made in the Hamilton cemetery. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

T. R. Chambers has erected a nice new and up to date garage on his property, one that is roomy and well lighted and first class in every respect with the exception of steam heat. Dick informed the writer that there is room for a nice work bench so when his tin lizzie goes on a strike he will be in a position to tinker it up. The garage was so complete in every way that Geo. Dickie decided that he would have to have one like it too. So Dick is out in the country this week.

Colts Lost.

Two mare colts, coming two years old one roan and the other grey, left my premises about May 15th. Any information leading to their recovery will be rewarded. CHAS. NORDSTROM, 504 Hamilton, N. D.

Pope and Boyce have bought out O'Hara & Purdy of this place and will engage in the auto business on a large scale. They will handle several makes of cars and will also have a repair department in charge of a first class expert. We are informed the O. H. Johnson implement building and will have it fixed up with a new cement floor and other improvements. The retiring firm has met with excellent success during their business here, both being very pleasant gentlemen and their motto has been "pleased customers" at all times. Mr. O'Hara who has been at the head of the machine department, is an expert in his line and needs no recommendation from us. Mr. Purdy is always pleasant

and a good business man. The new firm is well known here and we feel sure they will meet with unqualified success from the start.

Carlisle

Little Eliza McClellon, who was so seriously ill, is able to be around again.

Mrs. D. J. McCaffery has been confined to the house for a week with the mumps.

Miss Susan Stewart spent last week visiting the Dan Beaton family at Joliette.

Carl Grell has been seriously ill with the mumps but at this writing is much improved.

Miss Roberta Menzie and Stanly Smith spent Sunday evening visiting Miss Grace See.

Mrs. James Middaugh arrived home last Saturday after a two weeks visit with her mother.

The Farmers' Club will give another dance in the Carlisle Woodmen hall on June 6th. Good music.

Mrs. Johnston arrived here on Wednesday to meet her son, Murray who returned from France the same day.

Robert McClellon departed last Saturday for his farm in the Canadian Northwest. He expects to be gone for three or four months.

On June the 8th a special Children's Day program will be given in the Carlisle Sunday School. Church at eleven and Sunday School directly after.

Mrs. Chas. Carl entertained a large crowd of young people at a turkey dinner on Sunday in honor of Murray Johnston and Enos O'Shaughnessy who lately arrived home from over seas.

Mr. and Mrs. N. O'Shaughnessy entertained quite a large number of Enos's friends one evening last week. W. A. Sterns sang several comical songs during the evening. Everybody had the very best time ever and all claim the O'Shaughnessy's royal entertainers.

Organization Certificate.

Of the First State Bank of Joliette. Know all men by these presents, that we whose names are hereunto subscribed, have this day united ourselves together to form an association for carrying on the business of banking under the laws of the State of North Dakota, and have adopted and executed Articles of Association, in duplicate for the purpose, and have forwarded such articles to the Secretary of State of North Dakota; that we do hereby under our hand, make and file the following as our certificate of organization:

First. The name of said corporation is

FIRST STATE BANK OF JOLIETTE.

Second. The place where the business of discount and deposit are to be carried on is

Joliette, North Dakota.

Third. The amount of the capital stock and the amount into which shares are to be divided is: Fifteen Thousand Dollars, divided into 150 shares of One Hundred Dollars each.

Fourth. The name and residence of the shareholders, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

Edward Florence, Humboldt, Minnesota, Fifty Shares.

T. R. Brown, Humboldt, Minnesota, Fifty Shares.

Dr. J. F. McKay, Bismarck, North Dakota, Thirty Shares.

T. E. Everson, Bismarck, North Dakota, Fifty Shares.

Fifth. The period at which this corporation shall commence business shall be within one year from date of its charter, or upon date of preliminary examination and delivery of charter by State Examiner, and it shall terminate twenty five years from date of its charter.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals, each for himself, this 15th day of May, A. D. 1919.

EDWARD FLORENCE, (Seal.)

T. R. BROWN, (Seal.)

DR. J. F. MCKAY, (Seal.)

A. T. EVERSON, (Seal.)

State of North Dakota, ss

County of Pembina, ss

On this 15th day of May, 1919, before me personally appeared Edward Florence, T. R. Brown, Dr. J. F. McKay and A. T. Everson, known to me to be the persons who executed the foregoing certificate of organization and they and each of them acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

HERBERT C. THOMPSON, Notary Public

My commission expires Sept. 13th, 1923.

Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Edw. Widell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Administrator with will annexed of the estate of Charles Edw. Widell, late of the city of Pembina in the county of Pembina and State of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within 4 months after the first publication of this notice, to said executor, at his residence in the City of Pembina in said Pembina county, North Dakota.

Dated April 23rd, 1919.

GEO. PETERSON, Administrator.

First publication May 2nd, 1919.

May 29 16-23

Port of Pembina, North Dakota, June 3rd 1919. Notice is hereby given that as provided by law a number of shipments of imported merchandise as per list on file in the custom house, remaining unclaimed over one year, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the Customs House Pembina, N. D., on the 28th day of June, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

ALEX. MORRISON, Collector of Customs.

City Dray Line

Contracts for large lots taken, and goods delivered on short notice.

WM. FOWLER, Prop.

HOSTESS HOUSE FAMILY REUNION

How it Happened to Entertain Only A. E. F. Mother Who Visited Army of Occupation.

BIG CORPORAL DUTIFUL SON.

No Knightly Courtiers Ever Acted With More Gallantry to Lady Fair Than Did He and His Doughboy Pals to This Little White Haired Woman Dressed Exquisitely in Black.

By GRACE GOULDER, (With the American Y. W. C. A. Overseas.)

Coblentz, Germany, March 28 (By Mail.)

It happened right here in Coblentz.

A big corporal came into the Y. W. C. A. Hostess House and asked for the director, Miss Ruth Woodsmall, who comes from Colorado Springs, Colo.

"Could my mother stay here?" he began at once, trying his best to cover his excitement.

"Your mother?" gasped Miss Woodsmall. "How did your mother ever get here?"

"Well, she isn't here yet, but if she comes will you keep her?"

"Of course I will, but—"

She didn't finish, for the boy had smashed his cap back on his head and was out of the door on a run.

The corporal's visit remained a mystery for two days. Then one evening just at dusk a little white haired woman dressed exquisitely in black appeared in the sitting room of the Hostess House, and the corporal was hovering behind her, trying to be beside her and back of her and in front of her all at once. He was carrying her coat—a big fur one. With them were three doughboys, pals of the corporal. They tried to keep in the background, but their eyes were glued on her face.

Everyone in the sitting room sat at attention. There arose no English speaking men or women out of uniform in the Third Army area. Yet here was a woman in civilian clothes. Mothers are unheard of with the army. But this was a mother, everyone knew. After awhile someone found out about this mother.

Had Been Interned During War.

She and her husband, who were born in Germany, but had been naturalized, lived in San Francisco. Before the war they left for Weisbaden, Germany, that their invalid daughter might have treatment at this famous health resort.

They brought their other children with them. One was Walter, a small boy, and the other was Ralph, now Corporal Stepp of the American Army.

When the war was declared they sent Ralph back to America, because he was of military age, and they did not want him to fight for the Kaiser. Then America entered the war.

Mrs. Stepp—Mrs. Anna Stepp she is—told this part of the story:

"Until a month ago I hadn't heard from Ralph for two years and a half—even before America got in the war mail was held up. I didn't know whether he was in the army or not—but I was sure he was, because—well, because he is an American." Here she stopped a minute to smile up at him.

"After awhile we heard from some friends that he was in the army—and that he had come over here. That was all I ever knew. It's nearly five years since I have seen him!"

"Of course it was awfully hard—I couldn't get word to him and he couldn't to me. My husband used to tell me it wouldn't help Ralph any for me to cry. I tried not to—before the rest of them anyway. My daughter got worse steadily—she is no better. We couldn't get the proper food for her after awhile. And she hated to see me worried about Ralph, so I used to try to keep up before them.

"Last January my husband came to Coblentz about his citizen papers. An American soldier in Ralph's company who was in the office heard his name and asked him if he was any relation to Ralph. He didn't tell him Ralph was in Coblentz, but went after Ralph. He didn't tell Ralph his father was here. When they met they couldn't believe their eyes.

"Ever since then I have been trying to see Ralph. He couldn't come to Weisbaden because it was out of the American area, and I couldn't get through until today—more than two months."

They asked her if her Ralph had changed much in all that time.

"Oh, yes—very much. But do you know, I think it is because all that long time when I didn't know where he was or how he was—I got in the habit of thinking of him as he was when he was a baby—I kept seeing him as a baby and remembering the way he felt when he was little. Isn't that queer? And now look at him!"

And the corporal tried not to see the adoration in her eyes.

"Five years is a long time to wait to see your boy," she murmured, and kept her eyes on him. Again she had forgotten the people around her.

The corporal cleared his throat.

"This is why I ask if you if you could keep my mother, Miss Woodsmall. I didn't want her to come unless she had a good place to stay. Ah, e-e—thanks awfully."

And that is the story of how the Hostess House happened to entertain the only known A. E. F. mother who has visited the Army of Occupation.

Emerson

CHAUTAUQA

June 10th to 16th, '19.

Six Big Days, 12 Splendid Programs

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Starting Tuesday Afternoon, June 10.

SEASON TICKETS, \$3.00.

Students, \$1.50.

Children, \$1.00.

F. P. WOCKS, Mrs. C. L. Badgley, President, Secretary, Emerson, Man.

LAWS ENACTED FOR CAMPAIGN PURPOSES

Teachers are repressed in our state and other states, says the Courier-News. That's strange. Considering that over 75 percent of our teachers are working for farmer school boards and that practically every one of them hopes to teach in town some day because they get better pay, this fact put forth by the Courier-News is very remarkable. Does the Courier-News mean to say that the farmers are avaricious and stingy and do not want to pay for their children's education? Didn't the last "farmer" legislature rise and save the girls from more than eight hours' work in all villages of over five hundred? Of course it was noticeable that they didn't prescribe this eight-hour law for farmer's wives and daughters, who frequently work from fifteen to twenty hours a day several months of the year. Since higher wages are due the teachers, and no one doubts that and since eight hours is a good day for village girls, and no one doubts that, and since the nomadic bunch of reformers told said "farmer" legislature what and what not to do, and no one doubts that, "may we not," to quote our absent President, ask why did that said bunch fail to raise the teachers' salaries by fixing a minimum wage and why did they not help out the farmer's wives and daughters? We should hate to think that this was political revenge because so many of these two classes voted for Miss Neilson. We should also hate to believe that it was cowardice, a fear to meddle with the "farmers" affairs. No, it couldn't be that, because they were liberal with the farmers, especially when it came to inventing new and interesting tax laws.

Well, probably it was just the same weakness that gets most other reformers. This notorious bunch of reformers finds it much easier to regulate and reform others than to regulate and reform their own crowd, because they do claim that they own the farmers of this State body, boots and breeches and can do with them as they please, deliver them to the I. W. W., get their money, run the State into millions of debt, etc. Oh, we've got it! Of course they could have raised the teacher's wages and given the farmer's wife and daughter an eight-hour day, without compelling her to seek it in town, but these two classes were not entitled to it. They had not paid the \$18.00, see?

But the clerks in town had not paid \$18.00, you say. Why were they entitled to consideration? That's entirely a different story.

Here in North Dakota everybody works and nearly everybody is a capitalist on a larger or smaller scale. We really have no labor problem, especially since Arthur Townley suggested to the I. W. W. that they should charge the farmers only \$6.00 a day for farm work. This they did and then proceeded to work the sab-cat in his fields. Nice bunch of kittens the sab-cat pet of the I. W. W. produced; shocks turned upside down to rot; twine bands cut, rocks and other useful things placed in the bundles to

wreck the threshing machines. Fine fellows, these friends of Arthur Townley. But as already remarked, we have no serious labor problem in North Dakota. Everybody is farming or doing some business or service connected with the farm. Back east, however, there is a continual labor problem and many laborers, good, bad and indifferent. Millions of men all classed as laborers, either because they work, ought to work or bluff at working. These millions have in all lands at all times always included a certain down and out element which consists of criminals, crooks and vagabonds. The real laborer who attends to business saves and is on the upgrade is too busy to talk, hold meetings or bother other elements which are not afraid of work. Others have time to patronize saloons and other bawling places and consider the wrongs inflicted on them by men who work, save and are successful. Among this latter crowd was born Bolshevism, Nihilism, I. W. W.-ism and all the coarser forms of socialism, all doctrines by which a way is found to give the man who doesn't care to work the blessings that honest labor generally enjoys, such as home, food, clothes, etc. In order to curry favor with this bunch of radicals and also to prove to the laboring masses back east that it would be better to follow Heywood, Debs and Townley than Gompers and the real leaders of honest labor, the farmer legislature was ordered by Arthur Townley to enact a series of labor laws, such as eight-hour day for clerks in villages of over 500 population, labor indemnity, labor home building, anti-injunction laws. None of these affect the farmers, nor was there any call for them with the possible exception of the indemnity law. But Arthur Townley needed these laws. Agitators of his stripe are always on the lookout for a mob which they might lead. The most easily led portion of society, especially into criminal or semi-criminal lanes, has always been the down and out element, to which the least thoughtful portion of real labor frequently may be added for a short time. Farmers are not material for mobs. You cannot make a mob of capitalists. All farmers are capitalists. Arthur Townley knows this. But farmers can be wheedled and fooled to furnish the money necessary agitators while they organize their forces. Besides having paid their money for Townley wisdom, they will at least stay quiet for a while. Otherwise they would be the first to rebel against the destruction of property or its confiscation. The farmers own property, want more property, believe in working hard to get property. They do not want the I. W. W. disorders, they do not want disturbance and uncertainty. That being the case, why in the name of common sense should they furnish Townley with the means to create it? Go wherever the doctrines of Socialism, Communism, Bolshevism or Townleyism have been tried in part fully and you find riot, arson, malicious destruction of property, and murder.

In line with his lifelong habit of plunging and gambling, Arthur Townley is playing a wild game for mob support, and the North Dakota farmers are his tools and dupes.

Pembina Saving and Loan Association.

Why rent when the monthly rent money will buy the property?

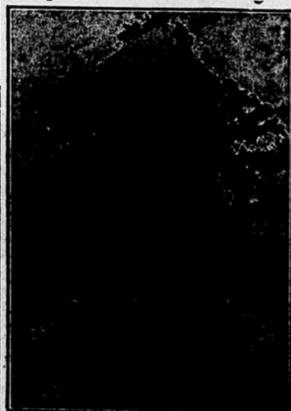
For example, suppose the house is purchasable for \$1,000, which you are renting at \$12. per month.

You buy the house putting in \$300. and borrowing \$700. from the Pembina Savings and Loan Association. Your monthly payments to the latter would then be \$10.50 instead of \$12. with the difference that every payment to Savings and Loan Association is a payment on the house, while the payments made for rent are lost to you.

Call in and let us show you the experience of others.

We can also show you that it is just as good for the investor as for the borrower. We have twenty-five years of business to prove it.

G. G. THOMPSON, President.
E. D. BOOKER, Secretary.



JAMES R. MOORHEAD, Pembina, North Dakota.

Agent for St. Cloud Monumental works. Undertaking and good horse inconection. Phone 153