

SOCIETY and WOMAN'S WORK

The annual masquerade ball of the Marion Deutscher Bund, which was held in the Huber Hall Tuesday night, proved one of the grandest social events in the history of the order. The committee on arrangements, composed of Messrs. Morris Lederman, Henry Ebert and William Kern, spared no efforts in making the occasion the great success that it was.

At 8:30 o'clock fully two hundred people assembled in the hall, displaying costumes of the most humorous and novel masquerade order. The masks were removed after the grand march, and the identity of the dancers was made known.

The program consisted of twenty dance numbers which was rendered by an orchestra of five pieces. The grand march, which was the sixth number on the program was executed at 9 o'clock. It was artistically led by John Ebert and Miss Clara Hoover, followed by Edward Coleman and Miss Ethel Williams. More than one hundred couples took part in this number.

Dancing continued until after 1 o'clock when the merry makers dispersed, but not before they had expressed their appreciation, to their royal hosts, the Deutscher Bund, for a most delightful evening's enjoyment. The floor was in charge of a committee composed of Henry Ebert, Henry Meyers and John Ebert.

The Woman's Relief Corps held an important meeting yesterday and spent the afternoon devising ways and means of relieving the poor of the city who are suffering many hardships on account of sickness and lack of work.

The corps found but little work to do during the early part of the winter, and it was not thought that the work would be increased to any great extent as the weather has been very mild. During the past few weeks there has been much sickness in the poorer districts of the city and many people who have not before asked for aid, are forced to do so on account of sickness.

As the weather turns colder, the suffering will be increased and a large amount of money will be needed to carry Marion's poor through the winter. So far the ladies of the corps have not asked for any outside help and have been able to furnish relief to the needy out of the donations by members.

According to the members it will probably be necessary to call upon the general public for donations of money, clothing, shoes, eatables and other necessities.

The women of the corps personally investigate the merits of each case, and no assistance is given where it is not needed or will be appreciated.

The Daughters of America met last night and installed officers for the year. Mrs. M. C. Chipps conducted the installation. One candidate was initiated and arrangements were made for a mask party to be given two weeks from last night.

The following is the corps of officers installed: Mrs. Meta Layton, counselor; Miss Nelle Fralley, associate counselor; Mrs. Angeline Andrews, associate vice counselor; Mrs. Laura Smith, conductor; Mrs. Anna Ush, warden; Charles Osborn, inside sentinel; Mrs. Ella Wayland, outside sentinel; Charles Wayland, trustee for term of 18 months; Mrs. Agnes Edeman, pianist and Mrs. Clara Mousier, captain of guard.

The St. Mary's Sewing Circle, which was to be entertained by Mrs. E. Huber, of East Center street, tomorrow evening, will not meet until a week from tomorrow.

Today's State Journal contains a fine likeness of Mrs. Mildred Christian of this city, who as the guest of Miss Emily Daugherty, of Columbus, has been attending the pre-nuptial social events given in that city honoring Miss Katherine Early, who this evening will be married to Mr. Alvin Bonnet.

Much interest centers in the marriage of Miss Katherine Early and Mr. Alvin Bonnet, which takes place at 8:30 o'clock this evening in the Broad street Presbyterian church. Rev. Dr. S. S. Palmer, the pastor, will officiate.

The decorations will be very handsome and yellow will be the prevailing color. Mrs. F. Ellis Minshall will be matron of honor and Mr. Jay Bonnet will be best man. The maid of honor will be Miss Emily Daugherty. Miss Anne Hunter and Miss Florence Durstine, of New York, will be bridesmaids. Miss Mary Bonnet will be flower girl. Messrs. Ellis Minshall, Ralph Rarey, Frank Hulung, Ewing Marin and Fred Bonnet will be ushers.

The bride will be beautifully gowned in white tulle and will carry white roses. Miss Emma McCarter will play the

wedding music.

The ceremony in the church, which will be witnessed by a large company of guests, will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. L. M. Early, of 180 North Twentieth street. Two hundred guests have been asked to attend the reception.

After Feb. 15, Mr. Bonnet and his bride will be at home at 1339 Franklin avenue.—Ohio State Journal.

Miss Katherine Early was the recipient of a number of gifts yesterday in the way of kitchen utensils. The "shower" was given at the home of Miss Florence Lindenberg.—Ohio State Journal.

Invitations for the Bon Ton club card party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Neely of John street have been recalled on account of the illness of one of the hostesses. The meeting will be held Tuesday evening January the twenty-second.

Miss Marjorie Stowe, of Cleveland, a house guest of Miss Clara Fisher during the engagement of the Kenyon Glee club in this city, returns to her home today. Miss Stowe and Miss Fisher were school mates at Harcourt Seminary, Gambier, Ohio.

A quiet pretty wedding event was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jean Conklin of south Prospect street, at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning when their eldest daughter Kitty Phelps Conklin was united in marriage to Mr. Fred J. Crafts of this city.

Exactly at the appointed hour the contracting parties took their place beneath a large wedding bell, artistically arranged in the front parlor and in the presence of only the immediate relatives of the families. Rev. G. M. Bourke, pastor of the First Presbyterian church performed the impressive ring ceremony. At the conclusion of a season of congratulations the bridal party was ushered to the dining room where an elaborate four course wedding dinner was served, covers being laid for twelve.

The home was prettily decorated for the occasion in ferns, smilax, cut flowers and potted plants. The color scheme of white and green predominated.

The bride and groom are among the best known young people in the city. The bride is a very attractive young lady and popular in Marion social circles. She is a graduate of the local high school and recently has been employed as book-keeper and stenographer at the Headley drug company.

The groom is general manager of the Headley drug company, one of the largest drug firms in the city, and is a pharmacist of repute. He is a young man of pleasing personality and possesses a score of friends who extend congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Crafts will make their home temporarily with the groom's parents on South street.

Mrs. U. K. Guthery of Pearl street will be hostess to the members of the Bay View reading club, Thursday evening.

At a business meeting of the Sigma Delta sorority held at the home of Mrs. Ernest Carl, Center street east, last evening, arrangements were completed for a 'ball masque' on the evening of Thursday, January the twenty-fourth.

The young ladies of the sorority and their friends will be the hostesses on this occasion.

The Ladies Auxiliary of the Missionary Society of the United Brethren church will meet with Mrs. Coy, of Sugar street Thursday afternoon at two o'clock.

Little Miss Mary Elizabeth Walters, of East Center street, celebrated her fifth birthday anniversary last night by entertaining a small company of little folks at a six o'clock dinner. Following the dinner, the company of guests were entertained at the Marion Family theater.

ANOTHER BOMB THROWER WORKS IN ST. PETERSBURG

St. Petersburg, Jan. 16.—A bomb was exploded in the Municipal Credit company's bank, shortly after midnight and a few moments later, the building burst into flames. Several persons are understood to have been killed, but owing to the military guard established around the building it is impossible to get details.

The first electric clock was made by J. Smith, of Leeds, in 1840.

The House in Session.



From stereograph, copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y. Legislative body which makes laws for eighty millions of people. This photograph was taken while the house was meeting in committee of the whole.

GAME IS VANISHING

HUNTERS IN AFRICA BECOMING CONCERNED OVER DECREASE.

Gradual Disappearance of Wild Prizes Once Found in Large Numbers Leads to London Movement for Establishment of Preserves.

London.—The gradual disappearance of big game in Africa has stirred the English authorities to take some steps toward its preservation, and the idea of constituting reservations on the lines of Yellowstone park in the United States, has been proposed.

A report that was issued recently by the game commission in the English possessions in East Africa shows the remarkable number of big game hunters nowadays, as compared with a few years ago.

Brig. Gen. Swayne, reporting on the reduction of game in Somaliland, says that in one place in 1891 he estimated some 10,000 animals, where now he finds only a dozen at a time. It was not an uncommon thing 15 years ago, he says, for a hunter to go and kill a couple of lions before breakfast.

The Uganda district, the commission says, nets big game hunters a revenue of \$100,000 every year. Elephants are becoming so scarce in this district that it is proposed to restrict the sale of cow ivory or tusks below a certain weight. An effort was made to train African elephants for such work as the Indian elephants do, but it was found to be impracticable. It is a curious fact that the African elephant has a concave back and the Indian animal a convex, the latter being much more easily loaded.

In certain parts of British East Africa, however, lions are as plentiful as ever. An average of 50 a year are killed. When a lion kills a native in Somaliland, the young men of the village go out on horseback, locate the lion, and then gallop round and round him. As the lion turns swiftly around in the cloud of dust he becomes dizzy and is then shot with poisoned arrows.

HAS JOHN PAUL JONES' SWORD.

Relic of Famous Fighter Placed in Navy Department Library.

Washington.—In practically the same condition as when it was used by its famous owner, the sword of John Paul Jones now rests in the library of the navy department, where it has been placed by Commander Reginald Nicholson.

It is believed that the weapon originally was given to Jones by the North Carolina family of that name at the time he changed his own name in compliment to them.

The sword was given to Jones by Theodosia Burr, daughter of Aaron Burr. Theodosia Burr, after she was married to Joseph Alston, a wealthy planter of South Carolina, who in later years became governor of the state, presented the sword to Judge Matthew Davis, of Charleston, who gave it to the Rev. Dr. Duchet, of Philadelphia, and he gave it to Commodore Summerville Nicholson, and the commodore gave it to its present owner, Commander Nicholson.

It is 30 inches long, beautiful in design, very strong, highly tempered and still very mild. The hilt is of white brass with the portion known technically as the basket broken away. The tang is wide and strong and the grip piece of the handle is of wood covered with twisted copper wire.

Hicks Star of "Freak" Show.

Bakersfield, Cal.—Miner Hicks, whose sudden rise to notoriety through his entombment for 15 days made him the object of many show offers, has been engaged by N. J. Schmidt of Berkeley at a salary of \$500 per week for one year. The first exhibition was given in Bakersville. Harry Linville, prominent in the rescue work, was engaged to act as lecturer, and two of the miners also were taken along.

ELECTRIC SPANKER LATEST.

Inventor Comes Forward with Novel Corrective Machine.

Chicago.—Following the suggestion made by one of Chicago's school principals a few days ago that the most urgent necessity in the public schools of this city to-day is a spanking machine, Charles E. Gregory, president of an electric company, comes forward with the announcement that he has under construction an electric machine for this purpose, which he will exhibit at the January electrical show at the Coliseum.

It is described by Mr. Gregory as having the appearance of an inverted electric fan, connected with a wall fixture and usually placed in some convenient bedchamber where the noise from the "soothing" effect will not be heard by the neighbors and give the parent the reputation of being a brute.

The paddles on the device will be manufactured in various shapes. The inventor, however, is of the opinion that the style resembling a No. 12 slipper will be the most effective and popular.

The electrically rocked cradle will also be a center of great interest by the heads of families where there are infants. By this invention the proud father turns on a switch when the youngster yells at two a. m. and the electric current immediately produces an unlabored soothing rocking of the crib, which continues until the youngster is asleep.

ODD THINGS IN ANIMALS.

Eye of the Owl and Mouth of the Frog Have Their Limitations.

Washington.—Unlike most animals, horses have no eyebrows and hares are minus eyelids, says a naturalist. Consequently the eyes of the latter cannot be shut and a thin membranous substance covers them when asleep. The eye of the owl is also peculiar, seeing that it is immovably fixed in its socket and cannot stir in any direction. To compensate for this seeming disadvantage it can turn its head almost completely around without moving its body.

If you were to keep a frog's mouth open many minutes it would soon die, as, owing to its peculiar construction, it can breathe only with the mouth closed. On the other hand, fishes are compelled to keep opening and closing their mouths in order to give their respiration organs full play.

A curious fact about the eel is that it has less life in its head than in its tail, consequently when killing an eel the fisherman smashes the tail; it also has two hearts. Snakes usually have their teeth in the head, but one variety in Africa, whose principal food is eggs, is provided with a substitute for them in its stomach.

GIRL LOST EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Kidnaped at Four, She Comes Back to Her Father Married.

Franklin, Pa.—Kidnaped 18 years ago, when she was only four years, Mrs. Emma Harris has returned to the home of her father, John Wood, living near Franklin, who knew nothing of his daughter's whereabouts until he received a letter from her in North Dakota recently.

One day in 1888 the little girl was stolen from her father's home while Mr. Wood, who was a widower, was in Franklin. The neighborhood was searched without success and from the fact that his mother-in-law had left the community about the same time Mr. Wood concluded that she had taken the child. He was unable to locate her, however, and at the end of three years gave up the hunt.

From that time he knew absolutely nothing in regard to the child, who was married two years ago. She wrote that she had for the first time learned that her father was living and that she was coming on. She is now visiting her father's home in Cranberry township. Mrs. Harris remembers nothing of the kidnaping, but says it was her grandmother who spirited her away.

KILL 20 000 A YEAR

FATALITIES AMONG AMERICA'S INDUSTRIAL ARMY IS APPALLING.

Compulsory Data Is Wanted—Dr. Josiah Strong Says 875,000 Are Now Under Sentence of Death During Next Ten Years.

New York.—Important steps are soon to be taken in this city and elsewhere to establish a system of compulsory and accurate records of the enormous number of persons who are annually killed and injured in America's vast army of industrial workers. In New York city alone the meager records obtainable are startling. In 1904 there were 4,162 persons killed in New York city through accident and negligence as shown by the reports of the department of health, and these reports are said to be incomplete.

Dr. Josiah Strong, president of the Institute of Social Service, in speaking of the number of persons killed each year in our industrial occupations, made some astonishing comparisons. He said:

"We in the United States kill in four years some 80,000 persons—more than fell in battle and died of wounds during the four years of the civil war. We are killing more than twice as many every year as perished by violence in both the French and English armies during the three years of the Crimean war.

"There are more killed and wounded on our railroads every year than the entire losses of the Boer war on both sides in three years. We have industrial casualties enough every year to keep one conflict like our war with Spain going for 1,500 years or 12 such wars going for 100 years. Our peaceful vocations cost more lives every two days than were lost in battle during the entire Spanish war.

"From the best statistics obtainable, I may say there are to-day 575,000 persons in the United States under sentence of death to be executed at an unknown moment during the next ten years—1,100 next week and the same number every week until the ghastly work is complete. An intelligent and earnest effort would procure the reprieve of a multitude of these innocent victims."

For two weeks beginning January 28 an exposition will be held in the American Museum of Natural History, in this city under the auspices of the American Institute of Social Service for the purpose of studying and exhibiting safety devices for dangerous machinery, methods of industrial hygiene and to set in motion the movement to establish a more accurate record of industrial fatalities and accident in all parts of the country. At present Wisconsin is said to be the only state in the union where any effort is made of official compilation of these statistics.

In Europe there are several permanent museums of this character where experts are constantly studying how to safeguard industrial employes and as a result the percentage of death and injury from accidents has been greatly reduced. Ex-President Cleveland and many other prominent and influential citizens are interested in this movement.

GOT RID OF THE DEVILS.

Chinese Sailors Used Fireworks to Evict Unwelcome Visitors.

New York.—A story of a fight with devils and their conquest by its crew of 47 Chinamen was brought to this port by the steamship Erroll from Hong-Kong.

"Devils all gone down side one time, chop, chop," said Wan Goon, bos'n, in telling of the conflict. The Erroll shipped her crew of Mongolians in Hong-Kong and set out for Yokohama. On the night of August 4 there suddenly came a dazzling rain of meteors, lasting 16 seconds. In the meteoric display the moon entered upon a total eclipse. Wan Goon and his men were stricken motionless with fear. But when they found their moon had been devoured by a big devil fear was galvanized into frenzy.

Finally, in answer to their petitions, the devil disgorged the moon. After that the men were quiet, but mistrustful. There was not the slightest doubt that a great many minor devils remained on board even after two nights spent in chasing them with handspikes, capstan bars and chunks of coal.

When the Erroll made Yokohama every man went to the captain and demanded all the pay due. At nightfall a delegation of sailors returned with several great bundles of fireworks.

Wan Goon told the captain there was going to be such a pyrotechnical eviction of devils as the ports of all the seven seas had seldom witnessed. It was even so, and at the conclusion of the display the bos'n announced that not a devil was left.

Asked to Decide Complexion.

Washington.—The school authorities of Washington have been called upon to decide whether a Filipino is white or colored. The problem was brought before them by Major M. F. Waltz, U. S. A., who sent a communication asking that his Filipino servant 22 years old, be admitted to the white schools of Washington. Major Waltz said that his servant had been denied admission to the public schools of Atlanta, Ga., on account of the prevailing race feeling. After much discussion the question was referred to a committee, which has not yet reported.

The Wind Was Winking. Little boy, Louie, one evening, watching a severe thunder storm, in which the sheet lightning flashed almost continuously, seemed very interested and entirely unafraid. Turning to his father, he asked: "What makes the wind open and shut its eyes so fast?"

Looking Back. Thomas Hudam, after careful studies, declares that the average man of 50 looks back on 12,250 days lived awake and 6,212 asleep. To work, 6,348 days have been devoted, but to pleasure only 4,192. Disease has claimed 600 days and slight indispositions the same number.

For This Relief.—Nervous Amateur Lecturer (who has just received a message from his lantern man that the oxygen for the limelight will last only five minutes longer)—And now, ladies and gentlemen, I must conclude, as my gas is giving out.—Harper's Weekly.

The Cento. A cento is a coat made of patches. In literature it is a poem made up of lines or passages from different authors and put together so as to make a new poem with a new meaning of its own.

Wise Nature. "How wisely Nature has planned things, after all," she said as he was helping her to splash in the surf. "If Lent came in the summer there would be hardly any chance for people to spend their winters in the south."

Oil Wells of Little Worth. Shallow wells, giving out a good quality of oil, have been discovered around Mexico City, but the flow has been exceedingly limited and explorations are not now being made in that vicinity.

Daily Market Report

UNION STOCK YARDS. Union Stock Yards, Ills., Jan. 16.—Cattle—Receipts 21,000; estimated for Thursday, 8,000; best steady, others slow, 10c lower. Prime beefs, 6.10 @ 7; poor to medium 4.10 @ 5.80; stockers and feeders 2.50 @ 4.75; cows and heifers 2.75 @ 5.30; canners 1.50 @ 2.60; Texans 4 @ 4.60. Hogs—Receipts 36,000; estimated for Thursday, 30,000; opened 5c higher, closing advance lost. Light 6.30 @ 6.60; rough 6.25 @ 6.45; mixed 6.45 @ 6.65; heavy 6.60 @ 6.67 1/2; pigs 5.85 @ 6.40. Sheep—Receipts 25,000; estimated for Thursday, 20,000; steady, 10c lower. Native sheep 3.25 @ 5.75; western sheep 3.75 @ 5.65; native lambs 4.75 @ 7.80; western lambs 4.90 @ 7.70.

CLEVELAND. Cleveland, Jan. 16.—Hogs—Receipts 40. Shipments 1,900. Yorkers, medium and heavies, 6.75 @ 6.80; best pigs 6.85; stags and roughs 4 @ 6. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 8. Cattle—Receipts 6 cars.

PITTSBURG. Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 16.—Cattle—Supply light and market steady. Choice, 5.80 @ 6.10; prime 5.50 @ 5.75; good 5.15 @ 5.40; tidy butchers 4.50 @ 5.10; fair 4.10 @ 4.50; common 3.50 @ 4; choice heifers, 1.25 @ 4.50; common to fair heifer, 2.50 @ 4; bulls 2.50 @ 4; fat cows 2 @ 4; good fresh cows and springers \$25 @ \$50; common to fair, \$16 @ \$20. Sheep and lambs—Supply fair, market slow. Prime wethers, 5.60 @ 5.75; good mixed 5.25 @ 5.50; fair mixed 4.75 @ 5.20; ewes and common 2 @ 3; lambs 5 @ 7.60; veal calves 8.50 @ 9; heavy and thin, 4.50 @ 5.50. Hogs—Receipts 20 doubledecks; market active, 5 and 15c higher. Prime heavy 6.75; medium 6.85 @ 6.87 1/2; heavy Yorkers 6.85 @ 6.90; light Yorkers 6.90 @ 6.95; pigs 6.85 @ 6.90; roughs 5 @ 6; stags 4 @ 4.75.

CHICAGO GRAIN. Chicago, Jan. 16.—Wheat—1-8c higher. May sold between 75 7-8 and 76 3-8, opening at 76 and closing at 76 1-4; July between 75 5-8 and 76 1-8, opening at 75 7-8 and closing at 75 7-8; No. 2 red winter 73. Shorts bought late Argentine crop is 15 per cent larger than last year. The fact that the receipts at the Northwester were again small, 158 cars at Minneapolis and Duluth and 30 cars at Winnipeg, compared with 449 and 92 respectively a year ago cut quite a swath in the matter of price making. Corn—3-8 and 5-8c higher; May sold between 43 7-8 and 44 3-8; opening at 43 7-8 and closing at 44 1-4; July between 43 7-8 and 44 3-8, opening at 43 7-8 and closing at 44 1-8; No. 3 yellow 40 1-2 and 40 3-4. Light local receipts, wet weather in good part of belt and sufficient local speculative buying were the helps earlier. The damage in Argentine by drought and locusts was the bull factor late. Oats—1-2 and 3-4c higher; May sold between 37 1-8 and 37 5-8, opening at 37 1-8 and closing at

OF COURSE IT IS
Isn't it rather foolish to allow a house to stand idle in this city when there is a real scarcity of desirable places, and renters are watching
THE MIRROR WANT ADS
WITH "EAGLE EYES?"

HELP WANTED
WANTED—A night watchman who is a licensed fireman, at once. Apply to Gebhart Plano Co. 1-16-3t
MEN AND BOYS—Plumbing or Brick-laying Trade pay. \$5 to \$8 per day; we teach you by practical instruction in 3 months; position guaranteed; free catalogue. Coyne Trade School, 4975, Easton Ave., St. Louis Mo. 12-5-1f

WANTED—A woman over 21 years of age, of good character, who is energetic, to look after business of an old established company. Permanent occupation for right party. Address Western Ohio Vial Co., Room 3 and 4, Masonic Block, Postoria, Ohio. 1-15-1t

WORK WANTED
WANTED—To do housework in small family. Call or address 514 West Church street. 1-15-3t

FOR SALE
FOR SALE—My modern home at 137 S. James street. 8 rooms and bath, hot water, heat. Fruit, chicken house and park, 150 bbl. cistern. C. P. Phelps. 11-21-1f

FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Room over our store 15x20 feet. Ohio Decorating Co. 12-26-1f

FOR RENT—A barn. Inquire at 325 North Main street. 1-16-3t

FOR RENT—A nine room house and bath, very centrally located. Apply at Vall's Studio, 218 East Center street. 8-11 6odif

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished front room, modern conveniences. Centrally located. Gentlemen preferred. Call Citizen 283; Bell 414 L. 1-15-3t

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AUCTIONEERING—J. W. Clark will cry sales of every description at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed. Your interest is my interest. Office rooms, Court street. Both phones, Marion, Ohio. 9-8-1f

Big trade and general heavy speculative buying and longs traings no offerings.
Pensions—2 1-2 and 10c lower; May products ranged. Pork 16.70 and 16.55, lard 9.60 and 9.50; ribs 9.20 @ 9.15.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.
New York, Jan. 16.—Butter—Receipts 4,024 packages; steady. Creamery extra 28 and 29 1-2; firsts 25 and 27; state dairy tubs firsts 25 and 26; imitation creamery extra 23 and 24; firsts 21 and 22; factory firsts 20 1/2 and 21.
New York, Jan. 16.—Eggs—Receipts 6,080 packages; firmer. Near by white fancy 34 and 35; extra mixed 31 and 32; western finest 30. Firsts 29; southern 23 and 29.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.
Chicago, Jan. 16.—Eggs—Fresh at mark 21 and 23; prime firsts 24.
Butter—Extras in creamery 30; June extra 28 and 1-2.
Cheese—Twins 13 and 13 1-4; young Americas 14.
Live poultry—Turkeys, hens 11; chickens, hens 10 1-2; do springs 9 1-2; ducks 10 1-2 @ 11; geese per dozen 85 and 87.50.

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