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DELMAS BLOCKS JEROME'S GAME AT EVERY MOVE

Attorney Longfellow is Placed on the Stand but the Attorney for the Defence Would Not Allow Him to Answer the Important Questions.

Jerome is Said to Have Received a Letter From a Secretary of the London Embassy Which is Said to Contradict Some of the Statements Made by Evelyn on the Stand—First Day of the Rebuttal Proves a Defeat for the State.

New York, March 11.—No matter which way Jerome turned, he found Delmas there before him, and his pathway blocked, today, against the rebuttal evidence on which the state depends for the conviction of Thaw.

Jerome tried to prove by Attorney Longfellow that Thaw had knowledge, two years previously, of the facts related to him in Paris, by Evelyn, and which are alleged to have caused his "brava storm." Delmas interposed the privilege of Thaw as a client of Longfellow, and the witness could not be forced to answer.

Jerome tried to show that the Hummel affidavit, in which Evelyn is alleged to have told of Thaw's reported enmity to her, had fallen into the hands of the defense. There he failed again. He tried to get in a telephonic conversation between Longfellow and Evelyn, but could not. Delmas blocked the way to the examination of the witness on letters written to him by Thaw, and Jerome dismissed Longfellow without having made a point.

The district attorney in his remarks, showed that his main hope is to prove that Thaw was sane when he killed White.

May MacKenzie may be called to the stand today.

Policeman Wright and Sergeant

McCarthy, who saw Thaw on the night of the killing, testified that they considered Thaw rational at the time.

New York, March 11.—District Attorney Jerome received by mail Sunday a long letter from Craig Wadsworth, third secretary of the American legation at London. Wadsworth wrote to give his side of certain episodes of 1904 in England in which Harry K. Thaw, Evelyn Nesbit, Evelyn Nesbit's mother, Stanford White and Craig Wadsworth were all more or less directly concerned.

In the letter Wadsworth emphatically contradicts the accounts of circumstance which Evelyn Nesbit Thaw told upon the stand as a witness for her husband. He denies that he ever annoyed Mrs. Holman, or insulted the daughter, and he puts a construction upon Harry Thaw's famous cablegram, sent from Paris to White and signed with the girl's name, which does not agree with Mrs. Harry Thaw's interpretation of the message.

On the strength of what Wadsworth wrote, Mr. Jerome sent process servers to find and bring to his office several men and women in New York whose names

have not heretofore figured in the developments of the great tragedy.

Delphin M. Delmas, senior counsel for Harry K. Thaw, communicated with his client yesterday through his confidential stenographer, who was admitted to the Tombs early in the day. The young woman said that she had come from Mr. Delmas, who was spending the day at Atlantic City and after being identified by Warden Flynn was escorted to the second tier, where she talked with Thaw outside the gate for some little time.

Upon receiving the message the prisoner spent some time in writing, after which he summoned a clerk, to whom he gave \$5 to defray the expense of some long distance telephoning.

This disposed of Thaw turned his attention to a letter from his mother, which had been brought to the Tombs by Joseph Thaw's chauffeur.

For 45 minutes Thaw was engaged in answering his mother's letter and some time later devoted nearly an hour in replying to a letter which in the meantime had arrived from his wife.

Sunday afternoon Mr. O'Reilly of Thaw's counsel called. Upon leaving, the attorney said that he had found the prisoner in "pretty good spirits," that Thaw attended the chapel service. He had nothing to say to newspaper men, beyond the message that he had been warned by counsel that he should have nothing further to say and that his attorneys would have to do the talking.

District Attorney Jerome remained at his home and was again in conference with the attorneys for the state.

It is said that a hypothetical question was formed. Assistant District Attorney Garman was at the criminal courts building during the afternoon and assisted in the work of the stenographers who made copies of questions which later were submitted to Mr. Jerome.

Shippene servers were kept busy throughout the day and made frequent trips to the criminal courts building and to Mr. Jerome's home.

When asked as to the preparation being made by Jerome for

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ARCHIE ROOSEVELT IS OUT OF DANGER

Washington, March 11.—Archie Roosevelt, who has been suffering from diphtheria ten days, is reported out of danger today. He passed a good night and the physicians announced that there will be no more official bulletins.

STRIKE AT THE POPE MOTOR WORKS SETTLED

Toledo, Ohio, March 11.—The strike of the Poe Motor car of 1500 employees was settled by Mayor Whitlock.

ZIONITES UNITED

City Which Dowie Founded will Give the Former Leader a Great Funeral.

Chicago, March 11.—Zion City will give Dowie a great public funeral Tuesday afternoon. The body will lie in state three days in Sibley House. All factional differences have been dropped and old adherents will unite with the faithful in a tribute to the dead.

MILLIONAIRE IS MISSING

Frederick Weyerhaeuser is Believed to Have Been Kidnaped.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 11.—All California money was in a hunt for Frederick Weyerhaeuser, the multi-millionaire who is said to be richer than Rockefeller, who has mysteriously disappeared and is believed to be a victim of kidnapers.

Weyerhaeuser's home is in Minneapolis. He left several weeks ago to investigate timber holdings in Frisco, Friday, he went to Santa Barbara and is reported to have taken a trip for this city, but never arrived here.

U. S. MINISTER HAS FIGHT WITH PRESIDENT ZALAYA

BLIND, DEAF, DUMB, IMBECILE BOY BARRED

Columbus, O., March 11.—The circuit court has refused to compel Superintendent Roedel of the feeble minded institution, to receive Wilbur Reynolds, a blind, deaf, dumb and imbecile boy from Logan county.

ASKS FOR ALIMONY

Wife of Ex-State Fire Marshal Files a Sensational Petition.

Chardon, O., March 11.—Mrs. Jane Hollenbeck, wife of ex-state fire marshal S. D. Hollenbeck, today brought suit for alimony. She names another Chardon woman as co-respondent and says her husband and this woman are now in Orange City, Florida. Hollenbeck is a prominent republican and former Hanna leader.

BOILER EXPLODES

Three Men Killed and Number Injured on the Pennsylvania.

Metuchen, N. J., March 11.—Three men were killed, several injured, two fatally, by the explosion of the boiler of a Pennsylvania locomotive today. Many cars were destroyed. The wreck caught fire.

Cablegrams and Papers Sent to Minister Merry Were Seized and a Quarrel and Fight Resulted When He Protested to the President.

Soldiers Tried to Seize Other Papers but the Plucky Minister Stood Them Off With a Revolver, Threatening to Shoot the First Man Who Touched Him—The Minister Leaves on the First Vessel and Hoists the Stars and Stripes Over the Vessel.

San Jose, Costa Rica, March 11.—William L. Merry, United States minister to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, is expected here, having been driven out of Managua, Nicaragua, following a fist fight with President Zelaya.

Merry's cablegrams and papers were seized by the Nicaraguan authorities, and insults were offered to the United States. When the papers were seized, Minister Merry

STEAMER LA SAVOIE HAS ROUGH VOYAGE

Lives of One Thousand Passengers Endangered by the Gales Encountered—Great Wave Breaks Over the Vessel and Does Much Damage.

New York, March 11.—The French liner steamer La Savoie, from Havre, March 2, carrying more than 7000 passengers, arrived here Sunday after perhaps the most severe experience the trans-Atlantic liners that have recently reported rough weather. This steamer ran into a series of gales which increased in violence until Thursday, when a monster wave spent the main deck and forced Captain Tourner to bring his trembling craft to. She drifted eight hours before the voyage could be safely resumed.

This wave, which measured, officers say, about 50 feet in height, broke over the ship to forward port side. In a moment tons of water flooded the vessel, shattered

LOUISVILLE STRIKERS BECOME VIOLENT

Officers and Clerks Attempt to Operate Cars—All but Three Lines Abandoned Because of Threats to Use Dynamite.

Louisville, Ky., March 11.—Violence broke out this morning in the street car strike. Clerks and company officials tried to operate cars and the crowds of sympathizers attacked the cars, pulled off the trolley and stoned the employees. The company charges that the police are in sympathy with the strikers and threaten to put armed guards on the cars. An imperfect service is being maintained.

A number of arrests were made by the police of men who interfered with the cars.

At noon all but three lines were abandoned by the company, who claim threats were made to use dynamite.

This afternoon the company suspended all cars with the statement that the city is in the hands of a mob and it is not safe to run, without proper police protection.

BRYAN AND JOHNSON

Hold a Conference but the Nature of it Cannot be Ascertained.

Cleveland, March 11.—William Jennings Bryan held a mysterious conference with Mayor Tom L. Johnson at the home of the latter, on Euclid avenue last night.

Mr. Bryan arrived early in the evening, and was scheduled to leave

ASPHYXIATED BY GAS FROM A STOVE

Piqua, O., March 11.—H. M. Peckonpaugh of Lebanon, a musician who is visiting in Piqua, was asphyxiated by gas from a stove,

STEPHENSON WILL BE SPOONER'S SUCCESSOR

Every Indication Points to His Appointment in Case Senator LaFollette Does not Come Out Flat Footed Against the Marietta Man.

Milwaukee, March 11.—Isaac Stephenson, of Marinette, will be the next United States senator from Wisconsin to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Spooner, if Senator LaFollette gives any intimation that Mr. Stephenson's election will be acceptable to him. Unless such intimation comes, however, there will be a free-for-all fight, with the promise of one of the hottest combats ever seen in the state.

From Washington, there comes no word as to what Senator LaFollette intends to do, even if he knows himself. He is still confined to his bed with the grip and is not seeing any visitors. There is a strong belief, both here and in Washington, that LaFollette will not show his hand at all unless convinced his candidate will win, although Mr. Stephenson's friends are insisting that the former governor will undoubtedly come flatly for their man.

Mr. Stephenson's adherents further say that if Senator LaFollette does not declare himself for the Marinette aspirant, he will be guilty of ingratitude if being insisted that Stephenson has done much for the political fortunes of the senator. Mr. Stephenson's numerous campaign contributions and his services to the Republican party for many years are also recalled by his friends as further reasons why he should now receive recognition. It is argued that he is the logical successor of Senator Spooner.

Mr. Stephenson's friends are thus optimistic to a degree that he will obtain the support of LaFollette, but their faith is being strained by the silence maintained at Washington. Some of those who are closest to LaFollette state that he will never speak the word for which the Stephenson forces are so anxiously waiting. These pessimists, however, are in a minority.

A general feeling is noticeable,

both outside the ranks of Mr. Stephenson's friends and outside the legislature, that he is entitled to this return, as a reward for his steady fighting for six years past in favor of the reforms demanded by LaFollette. This feeling may have weight with the legislature, although it is impossible as yet to gauge the full force of its influence.

The open and avowed candidates are Mr. Stephenson and W. H. Hatton, of Waupaca, with Congressman Esch a probable third. Mr. Stephenson is a candidate only for the unexpired term, and this fact will help him greatly if a fight comes. The other candidates, both avowed and unavowed—and of the latter class there are many—will seek re-election two years hence. Old politicians therefore, incline to a belief in the chances of Stephenson, on the theory that other candidates will prefer to see him elected than one of themselves, if none feels assured that he can wrest the laurel from the Marinette man. The other candidates then will be in a position to lay their plans and marshal their forces for the contest of 1909.

As it stands now, all the candidates have been taken by complete surprise. There were several aspirants who had begun to prepare their campaign for two years hence, but the present crisis has scattered all schemes to the winds. W. L. Howser, for instance, had planned to become a candidate in 1909, but he is not even in the field for the unexpired term. Governor Davidson was expected to develop into a formidable candidate in the next two years, but he is handicapped by present developments. Mr. Hatton was assembling his legions for a march to the senatorship in 1909, and several others were looking to that year as a time when they would enter the fight for a senator's toga.

AS VIEWED IN FRANCE.



Japan: "Allow me to give you this slight token of my regard."
Uncle Sam: "Be so good as to take this seat, my yellow friend."

—La Silhouette (Paris)