

THE Daily Mirror.

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F. M. ARMSTRONG...City Editor

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WEATHER—Fair tonight and Sunday.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1907.

Political Announcements

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

To the Democrats of Marion County: If you think my efforts on behalf of Democracy and W. J. Bryan in the campaign of 1896 and 1900 entitle me to the nomination for Representative to the Seventy-seventh general assembly of the State of Ohio, I will certainly appreciate any effort on your part for my support given.

Editor Mirror: Please announce the name of John E. Dutton as a candidate for the nomination for Representative.

The friends of William T. Smith throughout Marion county are invited to re-operate in electing delegates to the coming Democratic convention, favorable to his nomination for state representative.

FOR COUNCILMAN.
Editor Mirror:—I wish to announce that I will be a candidate for the nomination for councilman from the 3rd ward, subject to the will of the Democrat convention, September 4th, 1907.

BOARD OF PUBLIC SERVICE.
Editor Mirror:—Please announce that I will be a candidate for Board of Public Service, subject to the Democratic convention, September 4.

Editor Mirror:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for Board of Public Service, subject to the will of the Democratic convention, September 4, 1907.

Editor Mirror:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for member of the Board of Public Service, subject to the will of the Democratic City Convention, September 4th.

Democratic City Convention.

In pursuance of the call of the Committee of the City of Marion, Ohio, the democracy of said city will assemble in convention at the Common Pleas Court Room in said city on the 4th day of September, 1907, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various city offices and to transact such business as may come before said convention.

Candidates will be nominated for the following offices: Mayor, Solicitor, Treasurer, Auditor, Three members of the Board of Public Service, President of City Council, Three Councilmen at Large, Two Members of the Board of Education.

Table listing delegates for various wards: First Ward A, B, C, D; Second Ward A, B, C; Third Ward A, B, C, D; Fourth Ward A, B, C. Total delegates: 89.

Your Welcome to Look

So many new things in Post Cards—that we're going to turn the store virtually over to their display for a few days. You're welcome to look.

C. G. Wiant BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

Said delegates shall be chosen at a Caucus held at the usual voting place in each precinct on Tuesday evening, September 3rd, 1907, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock p. m. and the Committee in each precinct shall arrange for the holding of such Caucus.

Each precinct shall also elect at such caucus the same number of alternates as the precinct is entitled to delegates in said Convention.

One candidate for a member of Council shall also be nominated in each ward at the caucuses held in each ward.

One candidate for Assessor shall also be nominated for each precinct at such Caucus.

One member of Democratic City Committee shall also be chosen in each precinct at said Caucus.

By order of Committee, P. E. BURKE, Chairman, W. E. COLER, Secretary.

Democratic County Convention.

Pursuant to the order of the Democratic County Central Committee, notice is hereby given that the convention of the Democrats of Marion county, Ohio, to nominate a candidate for representative to be voted for at the November election, 1907, will be held in the Common Pleas Court room, at Marion, Ohio.

Each precinct will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate for each 25 votes or fraction thereof of 12 or over, cast for Samuel A. Hopkins for Secretary of State at the November election, 1906. The delegates and alternates shall be elected through caucuses held at the usual voting place of each precinct between the hours of 7:00 o'clock and 8:00 o'clock p. m., central standard time, Friday evening, September 13th, 1907.

The apportionment of delegates and alternates to the convention will be as follows:

Table listing delegates for various precincts: Big Island, Bowling Green, Caledonia Village, Claridon North, Claridon South, Grand, Grand Prairie, Green Camp Village, Green Camp Township, Marion Township North, Marion Township South, First Ward A, B, C, D, Second Ward A, B, C, D, Third Ward A, B, C, D, Fourth Ward A, B, C, D, LaRue Village, New Bloomington, Montgomery East, Montgomery West, Pleasant Township, Prospect Village, Richland Township, Morrill Village, Salt Rook Township, Scott Township, Tully Township, Waldo Village, Waldo Township.

At such caucuses the voters of each township will select the nominees for township offices to be voted on at the November election, 1907. Each Committee member will previously ascertain and announce at such caucuses the list of township offices for which nominations shall be made.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

J. W. JACOBY, Chairman, W. S. SPENCER, Secretary.

One of the results of the standard fine is the large number of things Chancellor Day isn't saying.

One of King Edward's palaces is advertised for rent. Evidently times are not as flush with the royal family as they might be.

A Chicago judge has ruled that "ladies without escorts must not loiter in saloons." Chicago is getting very particular.

The New York Sun inquires: "Will the South strangle its railways?" Most of the people in the South are to be choked by them to answer.

Of course, very little, if any, "genuine Morocco leather" comes from Morocco these days, but that will not operate as a bar in raising the price and blaming it on the present trouble over there.

The Atlanta Constitution calls vociferously upon the authorities to "finish the new reservoir." That's right; January 1 is rapidly approaching, and ample provision for Georgia's prospective increase in water consumption must be made.

Mr. Taft's "keynote speech" delivered recently at Columbus, O., has been received by the press of the country in a manner that indicates that it is a foregone conclusion that he will be the next Republican nominee for the Presidency of the United States.

Mr. Taft weighs over 300 pounds and Col. Bryan weighs 250 or thereabouts, the country will be treated to a typical fat men's race next year.

The granddaughter of "Stonewall" Jackson "ran away" and got married recently. It is not thought that she inherited any of her running away" ability from her grandfather, though her willingness to get into a fight at any cost looks real Jacksonesque.

"Anarchy by injunction" is the heading which the Darlington Wisconsin Democrat places over an article on Judge Pritchard's doings in North Carolina. Pretty good name for it. To call it government by injunction would be a misnomer.

An exchange says that while "failures" on account of the big slump in the price of securities are few, yet suicides are numerous. Of course, he doesn't regard a suicide as a failure. Yet some people regard it as worse than a failure.

The King of Siam is reported to have purchased a \$75,000 thimble for one of his wives while visiting London recently. As he has something like 5,000 wives at home, it is evident that his total expenditures for knickknacks is going to be real interesting.

The employees of the Steel Trust are said to own nearly 100,000 shares of Steel Trust stock which shows an average shrinkage in the market value of about one million dollars since the employees purchased it. Is that one of the signs of prosperity that the tariff has fostered?

NO PAPER MONDAY.

In compliance with the proclamation of President Roosevelt, supplemented by that of Governor Harris and still further supplemented by that of Mayor Scherff The Mirror will not be issued next Monday, Labor Day. The management having determined to grant the employees this concession because of faithful service during the year.

There never was a day in the history of cotton production in this county where one per cent of the enhancement of the price of cotton come from the tariff. Yet the tariff has increased the price of everything the planter or the laborer in his cotton field had to pay for plows, scrapers, shovels, axes, hoes, barbed wire, gearing, gun-cotton-oil mill machinery, clothing, sugar, salt—in fact every manufactured product. The same is true of other—all other—producers, except manufacturers. Some manufacturers have double monopolies. They have patent rights in addition to tariff protection. One or the other ought to be denied them. No monopoly should be allowed to rob people at its own will. The tariff on products made by patented machinery or processes should be abolished. If this were done the Steel Trust "protection" would no longer be worth a billion dollars but only what the Constitution secures to it as the value of its patents.

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES.

The question of railroad rates, either fixed by the States on transportation within the State or fixed by the United States on interstate business must eventually come before the United States Supreme Court on the question of Constitutionality. The pressing issue is whether the rate reductions shall go into effect at once or by injunctions issued by the lower federal courts be postponed until each case is reached and is decided by the highest court. This matter of the railroads being able to take advantage of all the laws delays was the contention of the Democrats when the railroad rate bill was being discussed in the Senate, and the Culberson amendment, which the Republicans defeated, was intended to cure that defect in the law. Regarding the same delay under State legislation the question is one of State Rights, and whether the reduced rates can be held up by the injunction of an inferior federal court issued by a judge in evident sympathy with the railroads, when the natural order of procedure would be that the case should go to the State Supreme Court and thence to the United States Supreme Court. In the North Carolina cases the railroads were forced by Governor Glenn to acknowledge the supremacy of State Courts and the reduced rate has already gone into effect.

THE IMPORTANCES OF THE CAUCAUSES.

The democrats of Marion have a very important duty to perform, next Tuesday evening and each member of the party should do his duty by going to the polls and help select the delegates to the convention which will name the party's candidates.

The initial step to success on election day is the selection of capable men for convention delegates, for unless those men who are entrusted with the naming of candidates are capable and conscientious in their work, the party must surely suffer on election day. The city needs good officials, the party needs good candidates and to secure these good men must be entrusted with the work of next Wednesday's convention.

Each and every member of the party should attend the caucuses, Tuesday evening and do his share toward reaping success for the party on election day. Some very important offices are to be filled at the November election. In some instances the candidates are plainly indicated by public sentiment and for them the assembling of the convention is only a formality, but in other instances the field is an open one. There will, of course, be numerous aspirants for the other places on the ticket and it is in these cases that the delegates to the convention must exercise their best judgment in making selections. The selection of capable men for delegates will settle the question of candidates and in this work every democrat in the city should have a hand. No engagements should stand in the way of your attending the caucuses next Tuesday evening. The man who remains at home has no license to object if the convention does not name the men whom he thinks should have been named. Begin the fall campaign right by being at the precinct voting place next Tuesday evening.

setting in. The main line being built will establish connection between the Argentine system, now being extended to the interior of Bolivia, with the Peruvian roads and the Pacific Coast. Then there will be a continuous line from Lima in Peru on the Pacific, through Bolivia to Buenos Ayres, on the Atlantic, 2,500 miles. On the road from LaPaz a traveler in a distance of thirty miles will pass from the frigid zone, where there is no vegetation to the land of the orange and sugar cane.

The population of Bolivia is only two and a quarter million but its resources are so inexhaustible and its advantages so great that a speedy change is expected. Of all South American countries it has never had an earthquake. It is capable of sustaining in comfort fifty million people.

We hear a great deal of the undeveloped riches and resources of Africa, but the more we learn of South America the greater does its superiority seem to be in everything that ought to attract homeseekers, and that a great and rapid development is near at hand there is most probable.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Better Than Spanking.

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

GEORGIA'S VICTORY FOR PROHIBITION.

Probably never before in the history of the State of Georgia has there been enacted such scenes as followed the passing of the Prohibition bill on the night of July 31. Thousands of men, women and children crowded the corridors and the grounds of the State Capitol, awaiting the passage of the bill. As the vote was begun, word went to the waiting watchers without, and preparations were made for a public celebration at the Grady monument, following the victory for temperance, which had long been regarded as a certainty. A few minutes before the vote was concluded, all was in readiness for the march of triumph. Mounted policemen were sent from headquarters to lead the crowd.

In the time taken to verify the call of the roll, one of the representatives, an ardent prohibitionist, scratched down the vote as 139 and 29, and carried it out into the hall. Rev. M. Eakes was deputized to read it to the eager and expectant crowd.

In a voice loud enough to be heard by every one below, he read: "The bill is passed by a vote of 139 to 29. Praise the Lord!"

A shout arose that re-echoed and reverberated through the great building, reaching out over the city. Women hugged one another, strong men embraced, children waved branches of magnolia and laurel. Big boys, strong in the case, blew horns and rung cow-bells. Pandemonium reigned in Atlanta.

"On to Grady's monument!" some one shouted. In a moment the cry was taken up by thousands of voices, "On to Grady! On to Grady!" With Mrs. Mary Armour, the State President of the Woman's Temperance Union, in the lead, fifteen hundred members of the Temperance Union followed in the march singing, "This is the grandest victory. That Georgia's ever won. So on to Grady's monument. And thank God for what he's done. With this song, the great mass of humanity surged through the streets toward the monument of Grady, the man known and loved by the people of the South as "The National Pacifier"; but at this time he was honored and remembered as the "Champion for Temperance." Before fifteen thousand people he delivered an eloquent speech that carried prohibition in Georgia in 1887.

As the crowd moved on the big bell in the Second Baptist Church pealed forth, and the sound was caught up by the Presbyterian Churches, until it was echoed and re-echoed by every church bell throughout the city; the bells of all the negro churches joining in. The leading negroes of Georgia have been royal workers for the cause of prohibition. They believe that temperance has done much to retard the progress of their race.

At the Grady monument the crowd raised their voices in singing the doxology. City Attorney James L. Mayon, president of the Anti-Saloon League of Atlanta, made the first speech. He was followed by Mrs. Mary Armour, Rev. Mr. Eakes, Will D. Upshaw and others.

The crowd gave three cheers for Henry W. Grady three cheers for Sam P. Jones, and three cheers for the General Assembly which had enacted the bill into a law. GENIE ORCHARD STOVALL.—Christian Herald of August 28, 1907.

Wednesday, September 11th, is the date of the first Monnetta fall horse sale at Crow's barn. Consign early, bring in your good stuff.

8-28-31-9-4 Liptons Teas. R. T. Lewis & Co.

What Others Say.

PROGRESS IN BOLIVIA. In pursuance of the general policy of bringing the United States into closer relations with the republics of South America both social and commercial, and realizing the fact that there can be no intercourse of much value to either party without mutual acquaintance and understanding of each other's peculiarities and wants different officials of South American countries have from time to time been making addresses as opportunity offered, setting forth the attractions and resources of their respective countries. It was for a similar purpose that Mr. Root undertook his successful and fruitful mission, and volunteer efforts on our side are to be entered upon soon along the same lines. Senator Don Ignacio Calderon, Minister to the United States from Bolivia, has recently given out some interesting facts in regard to that country. While it is the third in size on the continent it lies entirely inland, having no seaport of its own. Of its total area of 799,000 square miles 66,000 cover a plateau with a mean altitude of 10,000 to 13,000 feet, above sea level, lying between the two principal branches of the Andes, which rise to the height of 21,000 feet, and about 200,000 square miles are made up of forests and rich agricultural plains extending eastward, having 7,000 miles of navigable rivers, tributaries of the Amazon and the Plata within their borders. The soil is extremely productive and the forests contain the most valuable woods. Rubber grows abundantly and the coffee and cocoa are of the best. The mean temperature of the lowlands up to 2,000 feet is 74, up to 8,000 feet 66 and on the high plateau 50, so that one may choose any climate he prefers and select what he will grow accordingly. The mountain section of Bolivia is known to be one of the richest mineral regions in the world. Lack of transportation and capital and scarcity of population have so far prevented anything like the development of the country of which it is susceptible. Coal, which at the mines is worth \$4 to \$6 per ton, costs \$60 to \$80 at the coast, but railroads are now being constructed, largely by American capital, and immigration is

FEUD THREATENS

Governor Vardaman Tries to Stop the Fight Before it Spends.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 31.—Governor Vardaman left here this afternoon for Money Station to investigate yesterday's tragedy, which it is feared may be followed by another outbreak if quick action is not taken.

Great excitement has been aroused by the fight in which the governor's cousin, Colonel James D. Money, was mortally wounded, and J. D. Money, Jr., instantly killed. R. L. Kirby and Grover Kirby are in jail. The feeling runs high between the Kirbys and Money, but at the last reports received here this afternoon all was quiet. Colonel Money is in the hospital at Greenwood where it was said today he was not expected to recover.

Bride Changes Her Mind

About Entering the Blissful State.

Pittsburg, Penn., Aug. 31.—After Mrs. Margaret Wallace, of 122 Collins avenue, East End, had agreed to marry a young man and was busy preparing for the event, she is now engaged in trying to call the marriage off. In fact she must not marry the young man and, though she was willing yesterday she isn't today. She changed her mind because her first husband, John Wallace, who disappeared four years ago and was given up for dead, has returned and very much alive, and, also, so she says, very rich. He reached Pittsburg yesterday, went to the old home while his wife was away, and when she returned he was there. She was glad to see him, too, so she says. Wallace told his wife he left because he was poor, and decided not to come back until he was rich. He said he was now head chauffeur for the Vanderbilts with headquarters in New York. He played the market and made money. Then, when his wife explained how she had promised to wed another man, the long-lost husband consulted Judge E. C. Negley, who has agreed to straighten out the tangle. Wallace is going to take his wife back to New York to live.

Militiaman Died from Hazing.

Baltimore, Aug. 31.—Col. Henry M. Warfield, commander of the Fifth regiment, Maryland national guard, has ordered an investigation of the treatment received by D'Arcy Didier, 21 years old, a member of Company A, while at camp at the Jamestown exposition three weeks ago. Didier, who was a son of Eugene L. Didier, the magazine writer of this city, died a week ago, and his friends believe his death was due to the rough treatment received by him while in camp. They say that he was brutally tossed in a blanket and otherwise severely handled by members of his company.

They Win a Greater Per Cent of the Divorce Suits Filed.

Columbus, Ohio, August 31.—The statisticians in the Department of State has completed the judicial figures of the state for the year ending June 30, as reported by the Probate Judges and the Clerks of the Courts. There was a total of 12,157 divorce suits in the state, of which 4,974 were granted and 1,664 which 4,974 were granted, with 5,490 still pending. The women got the better end of justice in this class of suits, for they were given decrees in 3,697 cases, while the men secured 1,397. In crimes against persons there was a total of 2,544 indictments, including 2,808 persons with 1,018 convictions. In crimes against property there were 2,409 indictments in which 2,949 persons were included and 1,060 persons convicted. Other crimes show that there were 4,252 indictments, including 4,206 persons, and the convictions amounted to 1,061. They were 2,665 inquests divided among the whites and the blacks with 2,562 for the former and 103 on the latter. The total number of suicides was 340, while the homicides brought a total of 193.

In the Circuit Courts of the State there was a total of 2,842 cases filed, with 1,545 disposed of, 364 carried up and 933 still pending. The Common Pleas Court had a total through the state of 76,014 cases filed, with 33,956 disposed of, 1,882 carried to the Higher Courts and 40,176 still pending.

NO MORE FOREIGN LABOR ON THE CANAL

Marseilles, France, Aug. 31.—The United States authorities having discontinued hiring foreign labor for work on the Panama canal, six hundred Italian workmen just arrived here are thrown on their own resources, their service being no longer required at the isthmus.

FIRE SWEEPS JERSEY CITY

Half a Million Dollars Worth of Damage is Done by the Fiend.

New York, Aug. 31.—Jersey City's fire last night, in which an entire block of buildings was consumed and 100 families were rendered homeless, is estimated today to have done \$500,000 damage. The fire started in the Uvalde Asphalt company's plant and spread to the establishment of the Graef Preserving & Canning company and Snare & Triest, bridge builders. Later rows of tenement houses on Hudson and Essex streets fell before the flames. Fireboats from New York were sent to the Jersey City department's aid, but could not get within fighting distance of the flames. Rumors were in circulation for a time of heavy loss of life. They were unfounded.

EIGHT WAIFS

Missouri Man Adopts That Number and Says He Has Only Nine

Ravenwood, Mo., Aug. 31.—With the adoption of an orphan baby from the St. Louis receiving station of the Children's Home Finding Society, of Missouri, today, O. P. Russ, of Ravenwood claims the record for the adoption of homeless children. He now has taken eight waifs into his home. Five motherless and fatherless boys and girls were adopted during 1906 and within the past week arrangements have been made to take three more. "And this is just the beginning," says Mr. Russ. "The farm is big enough for twice as many more." Mr. Russ has no children of his own.

AUTOMOBILE STATION DESTROYED BY FIRE

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Fire early today burned the Lakeview Automobile station, a three-story brick building in Evanston avenue, destroyed or badly damaged twenty-five automobiles and caused a loss of more than \$100,000.

WIVES ARE WINNERS

They Win a Greater Per Cent of the Divorce Suits Filed.

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THE Denman-Jenner Co.

West Center St.

New Fall Goods

are now coming in.

New Dress Goods

New Flannelettes

Fall Dress Skirts

Heatherbloom Petticoats

New Fall Hosiery

and Underwear.

Come in and see

the Big Store out of

the high rent district.

—THE—

Denman-Jenner Co.

West Center St.