

A Mirror Want Ad. Will Find You a Buyer.

"She Certainly Will Appreciate It; She Certainly Will."

Have you read "The Southern Maiden's Reply?" It is a touching little love poem by Mr. Charles Frederick Stansbury, now going the rounds. Under the magnolias the youth is telling his love in language hot as lava from Vesuvius. He speaks thoughts that breathe in words that burn to the extent of about thirty lines of verse.

"And this is what the maiden said— Her words were choice and few; I certainly do appreciate it; I certainly do."

One of the things that women certainly do appreciate—they certainly do—is a full page advertisement of bargains in a store near enough for them to visit. In the big cities such pages appear daily. Why? Because the merchants know that the women appreciate it. They certainly do know it.

All women are very appreciative in the matter of shopping bargains. They are so appreciative that they make mental note of the things they want, as advertised, and make a bee line for the store that keeps those things on hand and lets them know about it.

If the merchants in the smaller cities and towns—this one, for instance—would do more of this kind of advertising, the women certainly would appreciate it; they certainly would.

AND THE MERCHANTS CERTAINLY WOULD BE BENEFITED; THEY CERTAINLY WOULD.



chance. Society has increased the value of his land; he has no moral right to all this unearned increment. It belongs to those who made it valuable, society. Let him return to society something of the value it has made in the shape of taxes.

KANSAS EXEMPTS STATE AND LOCAL BONDS FROM TAXATION.

The definition of "personal property" in the tax law of Kansas included, until this year, the words, "all bonds." As reenacted at the recent session, those words are omitted, and while there is no specific mention in the list of exemptions of state and local bonds, they are exempted from taxation under section 15 of the act concerning assessment and taxation (ch. 498, laws of 1907). This section reads as follows:

"No person shall be required to list for taxation any state, county, city, school-district and municipal bonds of the state of Kansas, or other evidences of indebtedness of municipal corporation of this state."

PUBLICITY

Urged as One Remedy For Acknowledged Tax Evils of This State.

The discussions of the representatives of Ohio great agricultural interests before the State Tax Commission last month, brought out many good ideas on the big subject of taxation. Publicity was urged as one remedy. Hon. T. R. Smith, Hon. B. F. Swingle and Mr. D. E. Dunham all favored publicity as a solution of the vexing problems without amending the constitution. "How many look into the assessor's returns to see how his neighbor has listed property?" said Mr. Smith. "Once I sent the assessor to a neighbor to look up some notes he had not returned. By this means \$2,000 were added to the duplicate. I believe we could increase the duplicate by this means. Some years ago I was in Springfield and found property paying an annual rent higher than it was on the duplicate for."

"I believe most of the inequalities can be cured by publishing the property returned for taxation by each," said Mr. Swingle. "Mortgage indebtedness is a very great in some sections of the state, and, though many legislatures have tried to correct this evil none have so far been successful. The personal property of the farmer gets on the duplicate at very near its true value, while the stock of railways, telephone and telegraph companies, gas and oil companies and other corporate interests are placed on the duplicate at a very low per cent of their value."

"I am one of the men who looks into his neighbor's returns," said Mr. Dunham of the executive committee, State Grange. "We try to be fair with each other in my section of the state, and I don't believe you could find ten men who believe our government to be a failure. Most talking here today think people dishonest and ready to evade taxes. They say you can't get the property on the duplicate. I don't believe it. The only trouble is the unequal valuation. I look at the other fellow's business, and I find a lot worth \$7,000 on duplicate at \$2,700, another worth \$2,700 on duplicate at \$950, another worth \$10,000 at \$2,300. Our rate is 3.12 on \$1,500,000. It would be much less with a true valuation of property. The fact is we farmers have not looked into the other fellow's business enough. Let us get busy, and I believe without revision of the constitution every dollar could be taxed at its true value."

TAXATION BASED ON ECONOMIC PRINCIPLES.

At the last hearing before the Ohio Tax Commission, Mrs. Mary E. Lee, Grange Editor Firm and Pileside and American Agriculturist, Westerville, stated the case as follows: The intolerable burdens resulting from taxation do not arise from the power to tax, but the methods employed. Wars have been fought, systems of government overturned to escape "taxation without representation." This has come through faulty and imperfect ideas respecting economic questions. Taxation as an art and a science has not been considered save by a few thoughtful students and they have not been able to test the value of their ideas. The entire effort has been, on the part of taxpayers to get lower valuations and find means of dodging. Is it not time that sound economic principles be applied to the matter of taxation?

Each industry complains of the injustices of the present laws on that business, and all are agreed that gross inequalities and injustices exist. Can a system that has bred such conditions be just? And is there justice in taxing at the same rate that property which has a fixed value, with that property whose value is determined by different men, at different times. One is the result of fixed economic laws, world wide in application; the other simply the opinion of a man elected to place as low a valuation as possible on property. The badness of this principle should have been scented without leaving experience to demonstrate it. Let us amend the Constitution, rid ourselves of the uniform rate which experience and reason alike condemn, and seek a system in accord with correct economic



Ehrenpreis Beer

is a food—not an intoxicant. Contains the right amount of alcohol—brewed at the right temperature—and it's absolutely pure. Taste Some

Brewed by Dostal Bros. in Bucyrus.

principle. It seems unwise to legislate into the Constitution. We are no more able to legislate into that instrument wisely for the people 20 or 50 years hence than were our ancestors to legislate for us. The power of the people is steadily growing through the primaries, conventions, initiative and referendum. The universal diffusion of education is enabling the people to judge more wisely each year. Leave them free from constitutional restrictions to work out their own destiny. Perfect laws do not spring full-fledged, Minerva-like, but are creatures of growth. I would recommend the creation of a tax commission in which each industry is represented, and a political economist of wide experience who could take a survey of the entire state, its sources of revenue and its needs, and could devise laws that would secure a just and equitable distribution of the burdens of taxation. It also seems imperative that the constitution be amended so that that property whose value is fixed shall not bear the same rate of tax as that property whose value is determined by the judgment of men.

The general property tax puts the burden on the fruits of industry instead of on the profits of privilege. An apportionment of the state tax on the basis of local revenue will put the burden on the profits of privilege—where it belongs.

A Six-Year-Old Preacher.

Charles Wesley Shingler, of Lewistown, Pa., the six-year-old son of a poor farmer, who has not been in school a day in his life and can neither read nor write, has suddenly blossomed out into a real preacher. Some time ago the boy accompanied his grandfather on a railroad trip. On entering the depot at Lewistown Junction some traveling men spoke jokingly of the old man. At once the boy mounted a bench and delivered a sermon on the Crucifixion of Christ, in which he gave advice to the traveling men against making light of their elders. One who heard the sermon took the boy's name and address, and assured him that he had an education that would fit him to preach before a bigger audience.

ROCKEFELLER LIVES IN FEAR.

Dread of Assassination or Robbery Always with Him.

Probably the most complete burglar alarm system in the world is installed in John D. Rockefeller's house at Cleveland. Both the burglar alarm and an intricate signaling system are tested nightly when the master is in the house, and if a defect is found an expert is immediately summoned to repair it.

It is reported, but not confirmed, that Mr. Rockefeller sleeps in a room on the top floor, the only entrance to which is through several other rooms in which trusted lieutenants are stationed. At night brilliant arc lamps illuminate the grounds around the Rockefeller house, and at least three men are always on duty patrolling the premises.

Mr. Rockefeller's fear of assassination is such that even in his own house he will not sit with his back to a window. When forced to travel he will never, if it can be avoided, enter the public waiting room of a railroad station, preferring to sit in the baggage room or some other secluded place. It was not vanity, it is said, which prompted him to buy his now famous wig, but the fact that his baldness made him too easily recognized. The oil magnate has two trusted bodyguards, one an Irishman and the other a Swiss. A century or more ago Irish and Swiss bodyguards were the favorites of royalty.

Daily Market Report.

EAST BUFFALO. East Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Cattle—Receipts 50 head; market slow and unchanged. Veal calves—Receipts 200; active and 25c higher. Top veals, 9 @ 9.25; cull to fair, 4 @ 3.75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 2,000 head; active. Lambs 10c higher; sheep steady. Lambs, 5.25 @ 7.85;

yearlings, 5.50 @ 6; sheep 2.75 @ 5.75. Hogs—Receipts 4,250; market steady trade fair. Yorkers, 6.55 @ 6.90; pigs, 6.50; mixed 6.75 @ 6.90; heavies 6.25 @ 6.50; roughs 5.25 @ 6.65; stags, 4.25 @ 4.75.

UNION STOCK YARDS

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Sept. 18.—Cattle—Receipts 20,000; estimated for Thursday 7,000; market weak to 10c lower. Prime heaves 5.30 @ 7.15; poor to medium 4 @ 5.50; stockers and feeders 2.65 @ 5; cows and heifers 2.50 @ 5.35; gainers 1.50 @ 2.40; Texans 5.25; westerns 4.10 @ 6.25.

Hogs—Receipts 20,000; estimated for Thursday 15,000; market strong to 5c higher. Light 6 @ 6.55; rough 5.25 @ 5.50; mixed 5.45 @ 6.50; heavy 5.60 @ 6.25; pigs 5 @ 6.15.

Sheep—Receipts 32,000; estimated for Thursday 12,000; market 10 @ 20c lower. Native sheep 3 @ 5.50; western sheep 3 @ 5.60; native lambs 4.75 @ 7.50; western lambs 4.75 @ 7.50.

CLEVELAND

Cleveland, Sept. 18.—Hogs—Receipts 20 cars, shipments light. Steady Yorkers 6.45 @ 6.70; mixed 6.55 @ 6.60; heavies, 6.40 @ 6.50; best pigs 6.40; stags and roughs, 4 @ 5.80.

Calves—Receipts 500 head; strong; good to extra 8 @ 8.25; fair to good 6 @ 7; heavy and thin, 4 @ 5.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 6 cars, steady; good to choice wethers, 5.50 @ 6; choice ewes, 4.75 @ 5; fair to good, 3.50 @ 4.50; culls and common, 2 @ 3; choice yearlings, 5.50 @ 6; fair to good, 4.50 @ 5; good to extra lambs, 7.40 @ 7.60; fair to good, 6 @ 7.

Cattle—Receipts light, steady. Good to choice, 5.50 @ 6; good, 4.75 @ 5; good butcher cattle, 4 @ 4.50; fair butcher cattle 3.50 @ 4; common light cattle, 3 @ 3.50; best cows and bulls, 3.75 @ 4; common 3 @ 3.50.

PITTSBURGH

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 18.—Cattle—Supply light; market slow. Choice 6.35 @ 6.50; prime 6 @ 6.30; good 5.65 @ 5.90; tidy butchers, 5.35 @ 5.60; fair 4.60 @ 5.10; heifers, 3 @ 5; fat cows, 2 @ 4.25; bulls, 2.25 @ 4.50; good fresh cows and springers \$20 @ \$30.

Sheep and lambs—Supply light; market steady. Prime wethers, 5.60 @ 5.65; good mixed 5.25 @ 5.50; fair mixed 4.60 @ 5.10; culls and fair, 2 @ 3; lambs, 5 @ 7.50; veal calves, 8 @ 8.50; heavy and thin, 4.50 @ 5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 10 doubledecks; market slow on pigs, active on other grades. Prime heavy hogs, 6.50; mediums and heavy Yorkers, 6.90; light Yorkers and pigs, 6.75 @ 6.80; roughs, 5 @ 5.75; stags, 4 @ 4.50.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Wheat—Unchanged to 1-8c higher, best prices failing to hold, September closed at 94 3-4; nominal; December sold between 98 1-2 and 99 3-4, opening at 99 1-2 and closing at 99 1-8; May between 1.04 1-2 and 1.05 5-8, opening at 1.05 1-2 and closing at 1.05 1-8; No. 3 red winter, 96 1-4 @ 96 1-2. Corn—1-8 @ 5-8c higher; September closed at 60 1-8; December sold between 55 7-8 and 56 5-8, opening at 56 and closing at 56 1-2; May between 57 and 57 3-4, opening at 57 1-8 and closing at 57 5-8; No. 3 yellow, 63. Oats—Unchanged to 5-8c higher; September closed at 53 1-2; December sold between 50 7-8 and 51 1-2, opening at 51 and closing at 51 1-4; May between 52 1-4 and 52 7-8, opening at 52 1-2 and closing at 52 1-2; No. 3 white 43 @ 50 1-2.

TOLEDO GRAIN

Toledo, O., Sept. 18.—Wheat—Cash 96; September 96; December 99 1-4; May 1.05 1-4. Corn—Cash 67 1-2; September 67 1-2; December 57; May 58. Oats—Cash 53 1-2; September 53 1-2; December 52 1-2; May 52 1-2. Cloverseed—Cash 10.02 1-2; September 53 1-2; December 52 1-2; May 52 1-2. Cloverseed—Cash 10.02 1-2; September 10.00; December 9.35; March, 9.35. Alsike, September 9.40. Timothy, September 2.30. Rye—No. 1, 88; No. 2, 87; No. 3, 83.

NEW YORK PRODUCE

New York, Sept. 18.—Butter—Receipts 14,584; choice firm, fair demand. Creamery extra 27 1-2; firsts 26 @ 27; state dairy fubs firsts 26 1-2 @ 27; factory firsts 22 @ 22 1-2. Eggs—Receipts 12,770; choice firm, nearby white fancy 28 @ 30; do extra mixed 25 @ 27; western firsts 22 @ 22 1-2; do seconds 19 @ 21.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Eggs—Extras 23 1-2; firsts 19 1-2; prime firsts, 21. Butter—Extras in creamery 27 1-2; firsts 25 @ 26; packing stock, 20. Live poultry—Turkeys, 13; chickens, hens 11 @ 11 1-2; chickens, springs 11 1-2 @ 12; ducks, 10 1-2 @ 11; geese, per dozen, 35 @ 37.



Peoples' Transfer & Storage Co.

Phones 155

Figure Up!

The amount of money you have lost by keeping your spare rooms vacant so long. A large sum is it not? Make up your mind that you will lose money no longer in this way. Have your ad inserted in The Mirror for a week, which will cost you 50 cents. Your room will then be rented. Cheap commission to pay, is it not? Phone ads to No. 5 either phone.

WANTED—Dining room girl at the Colonial Dining Hall, 303 East Center street. 9-17-37.

WANTED—A young lady to work in a studio. Steady employment for one who will work. Call Brunskill's studio, 113 1-2 South Main street. 9-18-41

WANTED—Skilled mechanics, by large manufacturing concern in central Ohio. Address application in care of this paper, advising salary expected. 9-16-18-20

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. No washing or ironing. Good wages to an experienced girl. Apply to Mrs. O. Wollenweber, 262 South Greenwood. 9-12-41

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps: men between the ages of 19 and 35. An opportunity to see the world. For full information apply in person or by letter to recruiting office, 107 E. Center street, Marion, Ohio. 9-15-20

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Competent married man and wife, with not more than one child to work by year. Must have satisfactory references. Apply at once. F. E. Coon, Bell 178 R 2. 9-17-37

FOR RENT—Furnished room with use of bath room. Call at 265 S. High street. 9-18-37

FOR RENT—House, seven rooms, modern, South Main street. Five roomed house Washington Avenue, gas, electric. Mrs. Summers, 500 South Main street. 9-18-37

FURNISHED ROOMS—First or second floor. Bath, gas and all modern conveniences, 113 Blaine Avenue. 9-18-37

FOR RENT—8 room house with bath, cellar, drilled well, filtered cistern; city water, paved street. See O. L. Cozad, 229 Blaine Avenue. 9-14-18-21

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FOR SALE

The heirs of John M. Hochstetter, deceased, will offer for sale, the old homestead, situated on the Inbody pike in Green Camp township, Marion county, consisting of 57.78 acres. For price per acre and terms of sale, see F. M. Hochstetter at Marion Department company or address 317 South Vine street. 9-14-71

MISCELLANEOUS

SPECIAL ENGLISH CLASS—Beginning October 1, The School of Commerce will start a Special Class in English, teaching Penmanship, Arithmetic, Spelling, Reading, Letter Writing, Composition, etc. A good chance for all deprived of earlier schooling. Teachers, Bauer and Elieker. Telephone 1790. Office open every evening this month. 9-16-61

AUCTIONEERS

AUCTIONEERING—J. W. Clark will cry sales of every description at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed. Your interest is my interest. Office rooms, Court street. Both phones, Marion, Ohio. 9-11-07

MOVING AND TRANSFER.

THE PADDOCK TRANSFER STORAGE CO. Transfer Storage and Crating.



THE PADDOCK TRANSFER STORAGE CO. Transfer Storage and Crating.

WAS MERELY MAKING WORK.

When Target Practice Was Not So Important as It Is Now.

"In recent years," said an ordnance officer, "everything on a war vessel gives way to target practice. The one thing a commander is more interested in than anything else is the record that his men can make at the ranges. But there was a time when the man behind the gun was not recognized as the most important element in the efficiency of a fighting ship."

"To illustrate: I was junior officer on the old Essex many years ago. In those days we had target practice once a quarter. We were forced by regulations to expend so many rounds of ammunition every three months, and—well, that was about all there was to it. It was a perfunctory kind of practice, and every one was glad when it was over."

"One day we went out for the quarterly practice, anchored the target and went at it. The targets we used in those days were three planks fastened in a triangle, a spar stepped in the center to hold the canvas which formed the target proper."

"Now the gun captain of the forward pivot rifle was an excellent marksman, and on his first trial he sent a shell through the spar, which smashed it into splinters. That, of course, stopped the practice, and out went a boat to tow the wrecked target alongside for repairs."

"When it had been patched up, it was towed back to its place, and firing was resumed."

"Again the same gunner had the first shot, and again his shell brought down both the spar and the canvas."

"The boat was again sent out, but when the repaired target was being towed back to the range, the captain, who was much out of humor by the delay, spoke his mind."

"Tell Gunner Blank," he commanded, "that if he hits that target again I will put him in the brig!"

THE LOAD OF THE LAZY.

This Man Worked Hard in His Own Particular Way.

One of the neighborhood loafers sat comfortably smoking his foul pipe, according to his daily custom, in the prescription room of a drug store. He was soliloquizing aloud to the clerk. Here is a sample of his sound, contented philosophy: "I'll tell you what! A man is mighty miserable if he ain't got nothin' to do, when he ain't workin' at nothin'. I know it—I've tried both ways an' I find that there ain't nothin' that makes a man more miserable than doin' nothin'. But, you know, there's two kinds of work; one of them is where a feller goes to work at six in the mornin' an' works with his hands till six at night. The other is where a feller sits around an' thinks. I ain't never happy unless I'm workin', but I don't believe in that first kind of work. I believe in thinkin' all day long, an' that's harder than the other kind, I can tell you—you just try it if you don't believe me; a man is mighty miserable when he ain't workin'."

New Guinean War Canoe.

At Matupi is preserved the last of the great New Guinean war canoes. This is an immense and wonderful structure, 70 feet in length, which besides several hundred natives could carry 6 1/2 tons of cargo upon the deck joining the canoe proper and the outrigger. At either end is a quality carved wooden figurehead (or tail), covered with casowary feathers, and the immense outrigger consists of a whole palm tree hollowed out and sharpened fore and aft.

TAX DISCUSSIONS

Farmers Have a Parliament On Ohio's Tax Laws.

The farmers of the state are convinced that Ohio's taxation system is wrong. At the last meeting of the State Tax Commission, the agriculturists appeared before that body to urge reforms. After the prepared addresses were delivered and which have been published in these columns, those present entered into animated discussion of the subject.

"I have listened all the afternoon," said C. M. Freeman, Tippecanoe City, Secretary National Grange, and have not changed my mind a bit. I do not believe we are a state of perjurers. I believe we are honest and that our government is not a failure. I would never put my hand to a document that says we have found a state of perjury and are going to legalize it."

Dr. W. I. Chamberlain, editor of the Ohio Farmer, replied. "We have failed for 56 years to tax intangible property. It seems to me that we farmers could agree after this long trial that the plan we thought would work, but never has worked and never will work as long as you try to tax money at 100 per cent, and other property at 30 to 40 per cent of its true value. We have fought it out on this line for 56 winters and 56 summers, and we want a change. We want a wise commission that will adjust the details of taxation, and shall tax all tangible property once and prevent double taxation. I don't say our government is a failure, but wouldn't it be well to change our base and take a new line of attack?"

WANTED

A CASE OF ECZEMA

Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis or Ulcers that has baffled all doctors' skill and other medicines.

Dr. Taylor's Eczema Remedy

will positively cure it—the worst kind of case or up pay. Sold by Headley Drug Company, Marion, O. Ask for free illustrated booklet.

WE GUARANTEE

not to shrink or fade and we guarantee to do better—berg allover lace or drawn work without ruining the garment or breaking a thread. DON'T SEND YOUR WORK OUT OF TOWN. We can do it and do it RIGHT. We are French dry cleaners. There is no others.

THE BROWNS

112 Court Street, Marion, O.

Goods called for and delivered. Phone 1651.

P. S.—Second hand clothing bought and sold. Suits sponged and pressed, 75c.