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GOVERNOR HARRIS IS SELECTED TO LEAD OHIO REPUBLICANS

The Big Four From the Buckeye State Will be Governor Harris, Myron T. Herrick, A. I. Vorys and Charles P. Taft--Their Election was Unanimous and by Acclamation.

Platform Adopted is Made Broad Enough to Include Every thing--Senators Foraker and Dick are Given Only a Very Slight Mention in the Resolutions--Some Lively Contests for Other Places on the Ticket Pulled off in an Effort to Make it Appear That no Slate had been Made.

Columbus, O., March 4.—With not more than half the delegates in the hall, Chairman Garfield called the state convention to order at 10 o'clock. Ross and Pike counties, whose votes were split, each giving half a vote. Attorney General Ellis was permanent chairman and Malcolm Jennings, of Lancaster, secretary. Ellis spoke briefly.

The convention rules prohibited the enforcement of the unit rule on county delegations. The usual order of nomination was agreed upon and the platform was adopted. The platform provides as follows:

THE PLATFORM.

The platform stands enthusiastically for Taft for the presidential nomination and state delegates are instructed to vote for him "until he is nominated." "He is a man equipped for the day and its duties," it declares. "His broad knowledge and experience in law and government, his genius for work, peace and advancement, his rare tact and sturdy courage and more than all else, his steadfast devotion to the enduring policies of Republicanism makes the Ohio candidate the ideal leader for 1908."

On state questions the platform declares for honesty in public office, extension of the merit system, com-

petitive bidding for supplies for state institutions, a compulsory primary election law, supervision of banks and trust companies, abolishment of child labor, the protection of employes, high taxation for saloons, local option for the people, control of public service corporations and the regulation of their rates, improvement of public roads, restoration of canals, repeal of the law authorizing political parties to approve or disapprove constitutional amendments as part of the tickets and greater equality in the burdens of taxation.

"We endorse Governor Harris and the Republican administration of state affairs," the platform says, "and congratulate the people of Ohio that our representation in senate and house of the United States maintains the state's high rank in the national legislature."

Regarding Roosevelt, it says, "We endorse his splendid administration and declare that neither a halt nor a retreat shall be sounded in the march toward better government."

On national issues the platform favors, "Individualism as against socialism, competition as against monopoly, government regulation as against government ownership, compensation for injured employes of the govern-

ment, the re-enactment of the employers liability act, limitation of injunction law, supervision of banks and adequate pensions, improvement of waterways and harbors, including the Ohio river and Great Lakes, the establishment of a health department and a revision of the tariff by a special session," insuring the maintenance of the true principle of protection by imposing such customs duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad together with a reasonable profit.

A modification of the currency laws, a reduction of the representation in congress and the electoral college in those states where white and colored citizens are disfranchised, the completion of Panama canal and the development of popular government in the Philippines are also favored.

The platform was adopted by unanimous vote.

Congressman Longworth presented names of Governor Andrew L. Harris, ex-governor Myron T. Herrick, A. I. Vorys and Charles H. Taft, as delegates at large to Chicago convention.

Hon. W. S. Kerr, of Mansfield, presented for alternate delegates at large, the names of Oliver I. Gunkel, of Montgomery county, and Alex M. Martin of Cuyahoga. All were elected, under a suspension of the rules, by acclamation.

E. M. Huggins, of Columbus, and Joseph T. Carew, of Cincinnati, were chosen presidential electors at large. Governor Harris was renominated by acclamation, his name being presented by Judge Elam Fisher, of Preble county, and seconded by Henry C. Taylor, of Columbus.

Governor Harris in accepting, said: "After expressing his sense of honor conferred by such a nomination, especially in these times when more attention seems given by the people to the policies and actions of their public servants," Governor Harris made a plea for Republican harmony and the redemption of the state from partial Democratic control. The tariff, the regulation of combines, the Panama canal, the colonial policy, all called for the Republican management. He predicted that Bryan would lead the Democrats in the national campaign and that the Republican leader would be that "fearless, able and popular jurist, governor general and war secretary, William Howard Taft."

"To all the states of the union," he said, "Ohio now sends greeting in no doubtful terms, as this convention has demonstrated that the home state of the Ohio man is for him as strongly and as sincerely as it was twelve years ago for William McKinley."

When nominations were called for lieutenant governor, Congressman Howland presented the name of Francis Treadway, of Cleveland; W. C. Collins, of Cambridge, presented the name of Speaker Sherman T. Continued on Page Four.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT TO BE INVESTIGATED

Washington, March 4.—The promise was made today by Chairman Wanger, of the house committee on expenditures of the post office department, of a searching investigation into the charges that the postmaster general is permitting the railroads of the country to take from the treasury annually millions to which they are not entitled. Personally, Postmaster General Meyer is not accused of wrongdoing.

MAN FOUND DEAD IN CHINESE LAUNDRY

Chicago, March 4.—A man, whose name is thought to have been Clarence Wiley, an actor, 508 Union St., Canton, Ohio, died in a Chinese laundry early Tuesday. According to the owner of the laundry, the man asked for a "night's lodging." He was permitted to sleep in the place, and when the Chinaman went to awaken him he found the man dead.

LEFT TRAIL OF SILVER

Cracksmen Blow a Bank Safe and Get Away with \$5000--Bank Wrecked.

Mount Orab, Ohio, March 4.—Cracksmen "blew" the Mount Orab bank early this morning and got away with \$5,000 in currency and silver. The trail of scattered silver led to the edge of a woods.

The guests in the Grand hotel were awakened by the explosions but the robbers escaped on horses. Bloodhounds followed the trail only to the woods. The bank building was badly damaged.

LAW IS EFFECTIVE

New Nine Hour Law Will Give Work to 5000 Train Dispatchers.

Washington, March 4.—By the nine hour law, which became effective today, the railroads of the country will add nearly 5,000 train dispatchers to their forces, at an average cost of \$50 a month. A number of roads will economize by closing some of their stations and lengthening the mileage of blocks. Many roads will make no changes in the stations.

Only in an extraordinary emergency will telegraphers be worked longer than a nine hour trick.

170 CLEVELAND SCHOOL CHILDREN PERISH IN FLAMES

Thirty Charred Little Bodies Have Been Recovered From the Ruins of Collinwood High School Building Which was Gutted by Fire This Morning.

All of the Pupils on the Third Floor of the Building, Excepting Those who Jumped From the Windows Perish—Twenty Five Children are Injured in Jumping, Some Fatally--Collinwood Fire Department was Unable to Render Assistance and the Cleveland Firefighters Arrived too Late to Render Assistance.

BULLETIN.

Cleveland, March 4.—At 2:30 p. m. 132 bodies were at the temporary morgue at the Lake Shore offices. Deputy coroner McNeil says the dead will number at least 170.

Cleveland, O., March 4.—At 1:30 p. m., ninety-nine bodies, of whom five were women, the remainder children, were at the Lake Shore morgue. Dead now estimated at 125.

Cleveland, O., March 4.—One hundred children lost their lives Wednesday morning in a fire which destroyed the North Collinwood school. More are missing and may be dead. The total list of dead is not complete and it will not be known until a house to house canvass has been finished.

The fire started at 9:30 in the basement from an overheated furnace. The panic stricken children rushed to the rear door, which opened inward. They massed against it until it was jammed tightly shut. There they were crushed to death or died of suffocation.

On the second and third floor many escaped down the fire escapes at the ends of the building. Halls opened to these escapes.

Others became panic stricken and were carried down to death when the floors fell.

The third floor was constructed as an attic. The school was crowded and the younger pupils, ranging from 6 to 8 years of age, were placed there in temporary class rooms.

Nearly all were killed in a mass at first floor door. This door was finally opened by men outside but a wall of flame had formed across it. Most of the children were already dead.

Before that mass a group of distracted mothers fought with the firemen, trying to drag the bodies from the tangled heap. The father of Gretchen Dorns, a member of the board of education, pulled the arms from the little body of his daughter

warned of their danger by smoke pouring into the rooms, all escape was cut off. Rushing to the top of the stairway they were met and driven back by the rush of the flames.

While the lower floors were emptied, an alarm was sent to the Cleveland fire department. Half a dozen engine companies, dispatched from the East side stations arrived, too late to rescue the victims. The floors had collapsed and only the walls of the building remained standing.

The Collinwood fire department was woefully inadequate. It was without ladders of sufficient length to reach the floor and had no life nets. The only children to escape from the upper floor were those who risked their life in jumping. Most of these are frightfully injured.

The injured pupils were rushed to the city hospitals. Some of them are fatally injured.

The death list may grow to 100, as it is impossible to obtain an accurate statement of the number in the upper rooms.

While the flames were gaining headway that soon put them beyond all control, the children crowded about the windows upon the third floor screaming wildly for help.

The scene about the building at this time beggars description. Hundreds of mothers, rushing to the scene at the first alarm, added their cries to those of the imperiled ones. Many women fainted and others were kept from rushing into certain death in an effort to reach their little ones.

It is feared that many of the bodies, carried down by the collapsed floors, will be charred beyond recognition. Those recovered were horribly burned. All were hurried to the morgue, without an effort at identification.

ISSUES AN ORDER TO DEPORT ALL ANARCHISTS

Secretary of Commerce and Labor makes a Sweeping Order that all Aliens Who Come Under His Definition of an Anarchist are to be Compelled to Leave the Country at Once.

Washington, March 4.—The secretary of commerce and labor yesterday issued a sweeping order to all commissioners of immigration and immigrant inspectors in charge, directing them to confer with the police in their respective jurisdiction with a view to securing the co-operation of the police and detective forces in an effort to rid the country of alien anarchists, and criminals within the law relating to deportation.

The order is as follows: "To all commissioners of immigration and immigration inspectors in charge: "It is hereby directed that, with a view to promptly obtain definite information with regard to alien anarchists and criminals located in the United States, you shall confer fully with the chief of police, or the chief of the secret service of the city in which you are located, furnishing such official with detailed information with regard to the meaning of the term 'anarchist' as used in the immigration act of February 20, 1907, and with regard to the inhibition of that statute against aliens of the criminal classes, explaining the powers and limitations imposed by said statute upon the immigration officials, with respect to such persons.

"You should call to the attention of the chief of police, or chief of the secret service, the definition of anarchists contained in sections 2 and 38 of the act of Feb. 20, 1907, and the provisions of section 2, place, but within the excluded classes 'persons who have been convicted or admit having committed a felony or other crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or being out that if any such persons are

found within the United States within three years after landing or entry therein he is amenable to deportation under the provisions of section 21 of the act.

The co-operation of said officials should be requested, making it clear that in order that any particular anarchist or criminal may be deported, evidence must be furnished showing (1) that the person in question is an alien subject to the immigration act, (2) that he is an anarchist or criminal as defined in the statute, (3) the date of his arrival in the United States, which must be within three years of the date of his arrest, (4) the name of the vessel or of the transportation line by which he came, if possible, and (5) the name of the country whence he came; the details with respect to the last three items being kept at the various ports of entry in such a manner as to be available if information is furnished with respect to the anarchists name, the date of his arrival and the port of entry.

"It is desired that the above indicated steps shall be taken at once and that no proper effort shall be spared to secure and retain the co-operation of the local police and detective forces in an effort to rid the country of alien anarchists and criminals falling within the provisions of the statute relating to deportation."

Denver, March 4.—Giuseppe Alia, the slayer of Father Leo Heinrichs, is declared absolutely sane in a report submitted to District Attorney A. Stidger today, by four experts in mental diseases who examined the prisoner for several hours.

POLICE NOW SEARCHING FOR THE ANARCHIST KING

Leader of the Band in Chicago is Now Being Sought by Detectives--Son of Police Chief Shippy is Recovering--A Number of Suspects are Being Held by the Authorities for Examination.

Chicago, March 4.—As the result of information brought into the office of Captain of Detectives O'Brien Tuesday afternoon, Detectives Sergeants Savage, Lyman, Coon and Bourke were sent out to arrest the "anarchist king" of Chicago.

This new search is the most sensational development in the great crusade against anarchy which began here Monday morning, when Lazarus Avebuch tried to assassinate Chief of Police George M. Shippy at his home, 31 Lincoln place, and stabbed the chief, also wounding his son, Henry B. Shippy, and his driver, James Foley, with a revolver.

The boy and Foley are in the Augustana hospital, and it was announced last night that Henry was recovering from the wound and shock and appeared to be in no danger of his life.

The anarchist's bullet passed through the top of his left lung but did not lodge in the body, and, thus far, there has been no indication of blood poisoning, pneumonia, or any other complication which might make the wound fatal.

Foley's left palm was pierced by one of Avebuch's three shots, and was at no time in danger. Chief Shippy, who is under the treatment of his family physician, remained at home Tuesday with his wife and daughter, although he is not suffering with inconvenience from the stab wound under his arm.

Deportation of all anarchists who are not native born or naturalized citizens is the program now mapped out by the officials and discussed at a conference where city, state and nation were represented.

Herman F. Schuetler, assistant chief of police, is still in command of the police force, directing the investigation of anarchists and anarchist societies. He is supplying the information upon which the administra-

tive officers will act and he is hunting with particular minuteness for every man, woman and child who knew Avebuch, or who might be able to tell of the meeting at which the young man was selected to kill the chief of police.

Here, in brief, is a record of all the prisoners taken in connection with the Shippy attempted assassination, together with the reasons for their arrest and disposition that has been made of them:

Olga Avebuch, 22 years old, 218 Washburn avenue, sister of the dead anarchist; held as a witness in the Harrison street annex.

Isadore Marlon, 25 years old, 294 Throop street, arrested Tuesday morning as an acquaintance of Avebuch and a possible conspirator in the plot.

Mrs. Mary Adams, proprietress of a saloon at 610 Canal street, which Avebuch was known to frequent. Discharged later in the day.

Edward Bertram, 40 years, a cobbler at 573 West Twelfth street, where meetings were held which Avebuch attended.

William D. Siegel, a partner of Bertram, arrested with him and discharged at the same time.

Tonotiss Korimossis, 632 Canal street, a bartender in Mrs. Adams' saloon, arrested and released with her.

William M. Abramovitz, 20 years old who lives with Policeman Stokes, at 539 Fifty-fifth street, and is a student at the University of Chicago, was arrested Tuesday afternoon because he was reported to be an anarchist and a friend of Avebuch; interrogated last evening by Assistant Chief Schuetler and discharged.

Apparently the police are most interested in Olga Avebuch, Isadore Marlon, for these are the only ones who have failed to pass through the sieve of investigation and are retained in prison.

