

THE MARION DAILY MIRROR.

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PRICE TWO CENTS

BATTLE FOR THE SUPREMACY IN MEXICO FOUGHT TODAY AT AGUA PRIETA BETWEEN THE FORCES OF DIAZ AND GARCIA

MARKET IS VERY QUIET

Easter Holidays Exert De-pressing Influence on all Lines of Business.

WALL STREET IS HOPEFUL

Thinks There will be Plenty of Cheap Money For a Time.

The Crop Outlook Also Af-fords Considerable En-couragement to Speculators.

New Enterprises Said to be Held Back Because of Probable Action of Supreme Court in Important Cases and the Attitude of Legisla-tion Toward Corporate Interests. Weekly Letter From Henry Clews.

New York, April 17.—Owing to approach of the Easter holidays one of the duller weeks of the year has just ended. With three days' suspension of business in prospect it was inevitable that transactions should be reduced to the minimum. So far as the financial undertone is concerned no change is apparent, although stagnation upon the stock exchange exerts a depressing effect upon many minds. The chief hope of Wall Street at the moment is based upon the prospects for a plentiful supply of cheap money for at least the next four months. The crop outlook also affords considerable encouragement, and these facts, added to the belief that all known unfavorable conditions have been pretty generally discounted, afford a basis for confidence in the future which is really the reason why Wall Street today is, relatively speaking, about the most cheerful spot in the entire country.

omizing, something they are well able to do because of their present excellent physical condition. The refusal of the Interstate Commerce Commission to grant the railroads permission to raise their rates in being met in practical fashion; economies are being introduced wherever possible, and the railroads before carrying projects of improvements any further are calculating upon buying cheaper iron and steel. The copper situation is another illustration of an important industry which is suffering from purely artificial conditions. Production has been unduly stimulated by a persistent maintenance of high prices, the result being a tremendous over-supply. Probably no cure for the situation can be found except by lowering prices and thus stimulating consumption—a policy which producers at present are unwisely opposing.

In the West a very conservative business spirit prevails; the wave of depression which began on the seaboard is now working its way slowly but surely towards the Pacific Coast, where in due time it will completely disappear. So far as the business outlook as a whole is concerned there is nothing to cause anxiety. It is doubtful if readjustment is yet completed, and we may look forward to a period of more or less quiet. Business is really taking the real cure, a treatment never quite acceptable to the active American spirit.

We see no reason for withdrawing the hopeful views recently presented in these articles. Wall Street has discounted all current reverses. It may not be immediately prepared for a fresh forward movement, although the situation is certainly favorable for a new start when conditions are ripe. Easy money and good crop prospects are certain to long to promote renewed activity with in the precincts of the Stock Exchange. Another very favorable element is the return of our foreign trade to normal conditions and the creation of a large surplus of exports, thus building up and restoring our credit abroad and strengthening our command upon foreign gold. The situation abroad is favorable, and foreign investors who are less affected by current events than ourselves are inclined to long-distance views are taking a more favorable attitude toward our investments. At the moment we advise caution in speculative operations, for the market might yield somewhat to unfavorable developments, although in the long run we are still confident that a rising market will not be indefinitely postponed.

HENRY CLEWS

ROOSEVELT SAYS HE DID IT

If I Didn't Take Panama Who Did? Is the Way he Puts It.

New York, April 17.—"Well, if I didn't take the isthmus of Panama and make the canal possible, who did?" demanded Colonel Roosevelt today when asked whether he was correctly quoted while on his western trip that ended yesterday. The colonel was at his Oyster Bay home today and did not seem at all concerned over the attempt Representative Atney, of Illinois, is making to force a congressional investigation of the Panama canal acquisition. He said that, so far as he knows, he will make no more extensive trips for a long time but will buckle down to his work as contributing editor.

Anything he has to say on public questions he declared, would be recorded in the Outlook.

On his arrival yesterday the colonel exclusively inquired regarding the Tammany affiliations of Senator O'Gorman; whether the New York legislature intends passing a primary law and when it will finally adjourn. He said he had had a "bully" trip but was glad to get home.

Portugal to Lose Colonies. London, April 17.—The despatch of the English cruiser Forte from Cape town to Delagoa bay, in Portuguese East Africa, is generally believed here to be preliminary to the virtual seizure and perhaps the complete disintegration of Portugal's colonies.

Today's Express says: "The control of this great port (Delagoa) by must be entrusted to a government capable of maintaining order. Portugal does not offer the necessary security and she must reach another power, assuring good government."

England has long coveted Delagoa bay because it is the gateway to the Transvaal.

JUDGE LURTON A LEADER IN NATIONAL CHURCH CONGRESS WHICH MEETS APRIL 25 TO 28



JUSTICE HORACE H. LURTON

REVOLUTION AMONG D. A. R. JUDGE GORMAN FAVORS RECALL

Political Strife Marked the Opening of the Congress. Other Cincinnati Judges Silent on the Question.

Washington, April 17.—Revolution among the Daughters of the Revolution, reached its high tide here today at the twentieth continental congress of Daughters, after years of internal strife.

Political bickerings marked the opening of the congress with the supporters of Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and Mrs. William G. Story working strenuously among the 1,000 delegates for their respective candidates for the presidential generalship.

Mrs. Scott is seeking reelection to the presidency, while Mrs. Story, who for years had led an insurgent element in the organization, is determined to secure the office for herself.

Today's session was opened with an address of welcome by President Taft.

Mrs. John W. Foster, honorary president general, William A. Marble, president general of the Sons of the Revolution, and Senator Robert L. Taylor, spoke.

The afternoon session tonight the president general will hold her annual reception. Wednesday afternoon the delegates will be received at the White House.

Occasion was taken by Mrs. John W. Foster during her address of welcome, to give Mrs. Scott an endorsement. "It is a pleasure," she said, "to offer you my congratulations that your sessions are to be presided over by so worthy an officer as our president general, who has served you with untiring energy and devotion."

President General Marble, of the Sons of the Revolution, said: "A large portion of the men of this country have patriotism, like their real estate, in their wives' names." He said there are 50,000 Daughters of the American Revolution, to only 15,000 members of the male organization. "We, the sons and daughters of the American revolution, would be the aristocracy of this democracy," said Marble, discussing the conditions that would prevail if there were class distinctions.

BOTH SIDES INSTRUCTED

By Uncle Sam at Washington to Walk on the Chalk Line or Take what Comes.

FEDERALS AND INSURRECTOS

Must Shiny on Their Own Side of the Rio Grande And Not Get Over the

Border Especially with their Bullets—President Taft Will Not Stand for It.

Intervention Believed to be Only a Matter of Days and Events—Red Cross Sends Money and Nurses to Douglas.

By United Press Wire. Washington, April 17.—The Mexican federals and the insurrectos were allowed one more chance today by the United States before active steps are taken toward intervention, and it was expected here that within twenty-four hours the question would be decided for the present at least.

That this is the administration attitude was revealed today in the orders sent to the American troops at Douglas Arizona, where the citizens are hourly expecting a desperate battle to begin across the border. Assurances were received from both federals and insurrectos that they will prevent the endangering of American lives during the coming attack on Agua Prieta.

President Taft today ordered the full opportunity be given them to prove their sincerity and American troops will not be sent across the border during the fight. In the event that either federals or insurrectos disregard the warning of the United States and violate their pledges, President Taft, according to his view, may be compelled to act.

Colonel Shunk, commanding at Douglas since the arrival in the early today, expecting news of an attack on Agua Prieta.

They admitted that relations between the United States and revolution-ridden Mexico were in the balance.

The Red Cross society today sent money and nurses to Douglas, Arizona. Seven nurses go from Los Angeles and San Diego, while a draft of \$2,500 was authorized in a telegram to the chapter at Douglas.

Administration officials profess satisfaction with President Diaz's call for volunteers. At the same time, the call is interpreted as an admission of the inability of his present force to cope with the situation.

The valuable material from which merschmann pipes are made is continually getting scarcer, and in the large industry which has flourished in Vienna, Budapest, Nuremberg, Paris and in the Thuringian town of Fulda, seems endangered. The manufacture of merschmann pipes is much more important than is generally supposed. The town of Rohla alone has been exporting in round figures pipes to the value of about \$1,500,000 annually. The finest grade of merschmann is found near Eski-Schehr, in Anatolia, Asia Minor, in a hollow, which in early days was a lake, in which the merschmann was precipitated. Merschmann is also found in other places, including Thebes, Egypt, the Bosnian mountains in the neighborhood of Bruseltse, and Nuremberg in Moravia, and in some sections

Representative Langdon finds a suspiciously large number of errors in the public utilities bill as printed especially on stocks and bonds.

Depositions are being taken in the John O. Schenk divorce suit.

Chief Clerk of New York City fire department resigned today.

The April American Magazine's fearful criticism of the way the U. S. Steel Company works 100 men has led to an investigation as to the facts.

A general engagement is expected at Juarez soon.

Ninety-eight thousand persons have paid a penny each for admission to the famous maze at Hampton Court palace last summer, the largest number for some years. It is estimated that about 25 per cent. of these were foreigners, mostly French and German. During August 24,000 people passed through the turnstiles. For a number of years the takings at the maze were the perquisites of one of the palace attendants, upon whom the right to collect and retain them was conferred by the late Queen Victoria. Since his death a few years ago the takings have gone to his majesty's office of works.

H. G. SELFRIDGE BADLY HURT

In an Automobile Smash-up At Westmoreland, England, Today.

Laborer, Seeking Sleeping Place, Falls Down Grain Chute.

Abnuta, N. Y., April 17.—A strange accident that caused his victim to stand on his head all night occurred to Charles Stokes, a laborer, when seeking a place to sleep in the barn of Attorney John Hunter.

He poked his head into a grain chute in the loft and fell forward, diving into the dark tube. His arms were jammed against his sides and he struck the chaff at the bottom, the stiffness of which saved him a broken neck.

His shouts were unheard, and after struggling to exhaustion he gave up the fight and was held prisoner all night. Early in the morning a caretaker found Stokes, and with the aid of the police rescued the man and sent him to the city hospital. He will recover.

In the car with Selfridge were his wife, mother and three children, besides the chauffeur. Mrs. Selfridge's arm was broken and her face severely cut. The mother and oldest daughter were severely bruised but the chauffeur and the two younger children escaped with only a shaking up.

Two Men Killed. Chicago, April 17.—A daring saloon hold-up in which one man was instantly killed and another fatally wounded, was today's addition to the reign of crime that has been sweeping Chicago. While Daniel Meyer and his partner, Ernest James, a negro, were preparing Meyer's saloon for opening early today, three men entered and ordered them to hold up their hands.

As no weapons were displayed, Meyer started behind the bar, thinking the men were joking and wanted a drink. The three Italians immediately opened fire, hitting the negro and shooting Meyer through the breast but over the heart. He will die. No arrests have been made.

Before and After Fire

Grandstand and Pews at New York Polo Grounds.



Grandstand and Pews at New York Polo Grounds.

By United Press Wire. Douglas, Ariz., April 17.—The much heralded battle of Agua Prieta, expected to be the most decisive of the present Mexican rebellion, is now in progress across the international boundary from this city.

One thousand troops under Colonel Gonzalo Diaz, nephew of the Mexican president, are engaged on the one side, with upwards of 1,500 insurrectos on the other side.

Despite the apparent efforts of both armies to prevent bullets from crossing the border, Oscar K. Goff of Tombstone, Arizona, was struck in the head by a flying bullet while on the Mexican side of the border. The wound, while slight, causes the fear that greater casualties on the American side of the border will occur during the engagement, especially as bullets have also struck a number of residences here.

Forming Battle Line. As soon as the formation of the Diaz troops was apparent, the insurrectos formed a line to meet the federal planes. General Garcia spread out his forces in a semi-circle, the center of which was opposite Douglas. Six hundred insurrectos were ordered into the newly dug rifle pits not more than 500 yards from the federal line.

Fight Begins at 6:30.

The action began at 6:30 when General Diaz sent a machine gun to within half a mile of Agua Prieta and opened fire on a group of adobe houses on the southwest edge of town.

Heading his promise not to fire across the border if it could be avoided, Diaz advanced with his main body deployed his troops to the west of the town. The federals ignored the offer furnished by a series of rolling hills to the south of the town and advanced in the open.

The pistol outpost offered little opposition in the federal advance and were called into Agua Prieta after firing a few long range shots. When the Diaz machine gun opened and his main body approached on the double quick the rebels poured several volleys into their trenches. Simultaneously General Barahera Garcia, the rebel commander sent J. C. Edwards, an American, and five American Indian sharpshooters out to silence the gun. They crept through the mesquite to within 100 yards of the machine gun and for an hour attempted to pick off the gunners. After a good deal of firing of deadly character, Wells succeeded in picking off most of the gunners and the machine gun was silenced.

Federal Charge.

While Wells was picking off the gunners a detachment of 200 federals crept up a gully and suddenly appeared east of Agua Prieta, yelling wildly they charged a cluster of adobe and brick houses used as a curtain by the insurgent cavalry. They had almost gained the huts when the insurgents uncovered a machine gun mounted on the roof of a nearby building and raked the federal ranks with a galling fire. The federal ranks broke and fled under a terrific rifle and machine gun fire, leaving a dozen men on the field.

During this charge bullet flew thick and fast over Douglas. It was one of those which struck Goff. Men some of the families of Robert Day and A. W. Warr, whose homes were struck by flying bullets, fled out of their homes and asked protection from Colonel Shunk. He declined, saying his orders were not to interfere until Americans were killed or seriously wounded.

At 8 o'clock the firing fell off when the federals who had attacked the central reached the main body of Diaz troops.

Five ambulances, manned with volunteer Red Cross nurses, immediately rushed upon the field to bring the wounded into Douglas.

Attack Falls. At this stage it was apparent that the federals had failed in their opening attack but at 8:30, having reformed his troops, Colonel Diaz brought his entire force into action. One wing of the advancing federals was broken out in a wide semi-circle to a point south of Agua Prieta, making it certain that when this wing was engaged a rain of bullets would sweep Douglas. By 9 o'clock firing was in progress along the entire border.

COULDN'T HIT LIVELY

Detroit-Cleveland Game Played in Freezing Weather.

Detroit, April 17.—The work of Pitcher Jack Lively was the feature of the opening game of the Cleveland series. The temperature was at the freezing point, but when Lively got warmed to his work he was practically unhittable.

American League.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Det. 4 0 100 81.1	2 2 30
Phila. 2 1 567 211.1	1 2 25
N. Y. 2 0 100 100.0	1 2 25
Wash. 2 1 567 211.1	0 1 25
Cleve. 2 2 200 110.0	0 1 25

National League.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
St. L. 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
Phila. 2 1 567 211.1	1 2 25
Pitt. 2 1 567 211.1	1 2 25
Brock. 2 2 200 110.0	0 1 25

American Association.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
K. C. 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
Milwa. 1 1 500 100.0	1 2 25
Colo. 1 1 500 100.0	1 2 25
Ind. 2 2 200 110.0	0 1 25

AT PITTSBURGH.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT CHICAGO.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
Pittsburgh 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT CINCINNATI.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT ST. LOUIS.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT CLEVELAND.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT PHOENIX.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT COLUMBUS.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT LOUISVILLE.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

AT TOLEDO.

CLUBS W. L. P. C.	CLUBS W. L. P. C.
Cleveland 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25
St. Louis 2 0 100 100.0	2 2 25

Continued on Page Four.

MISS GRAHAM NOT A PRINCESS

Judge Dole Says Young Lady Who is to Marry Jay Gould Not of Royal Blood.

Cleveland, April 17.—Judge Sanford D. Dole, of the United States district court of Honolulu and at one time head of the provincial government there, today denied that Miss Annie Douglas Graham, who is to be married to Jay Gould, is a princess of royal Hawaiian blood. Dole states that Miss Graham is the granddaughter of a Mrs. Coney, whose sister it was that was the wife of a famous Hawaiian chief. "However, Miss Graham is a most charming woman," he added, "and we think over there she is even better than a princess."