VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — D. WALKER'S — EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

THE BLISS GARDEN FOR SALE.

IF YOU WISH A PLEASANT & good home, just enquire of the people in Ashtabula and stop over and look for yourself at a splendid garden of nearly three acres, under high cultivation and full of the choicest fruit, with good house and out buildings in good repair; also, well, cistern, and spring of never failing water, with three good pumps. The spring is eight feet square wall laid in cement, and 170 rods of tile drain on the place. It has taken the first premium for eight or ten years, without exception, and will be sold very cheap, with $1000 running one year, if desired. Also, a horse, wagon, garden tools, and household goods. Situated a little southwest of the borough limits on the Round Head road, known as the Bliss property.
Ashtabula, Jan. 1 1873. 1200

VISITING CARDS equal to the Copper Plate, and on the finest Bristol Board Cards, at the TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

Splendid Country Residence
FOR SALE.

THE residence of the late Rev. JOHN BAIN, situated in Saybrook, on the North Ridge road, one mile from the Depot of the L. S. & M. S. R. R., one fourth mile from P. O. Churches and School house. It embraces thirty-five acres of choice land.

The buildings are new and in complete repair—large and elegantly finished house surrounded by beautiful grounds, plentifully supplied with ornamental trees and shrubbery; fine barn with cellar stable; young orchard of three acres of choice fruit. This is very desirable property, and will be sold very low to settle the estate. Enquire of OMAR GILLETTE, at D. W. Haskell's, Ashtabula, O.
1216tf.

To Whom It May Concern:

I TAKE this opportunity of saying my patrons and friends that having left Ashtabula, I desire a speedy settlement of my accounts, and to invite all to call upon I. O. Fisher, Esq., who has in his hands all my books of account, and will give due attention to the business. Expressing the hope that the same promptness and attention that has characterized your deal with me in the past may be continued, I am as ever,
1239 Yours, O. B. MOSS.

Manufacturer's Loan Association.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Association for the election of officers, will be held in the Ashtabula National Bank rooms, Monday, January 6th, at 1 P. M.
J. SUM. BLYTH, Cashier.
Ashtabula, Dec. 4th, 1873. 1248

CRUMBS

Are a modern stove polish far better than any other in existence — OF — Are better, because they give a finer gloss than any other polish

COMFORT

Yield a brilliant, silvery sheen, with less than half the labor required when other polishes are used.

CRUMBS

Are a neat and cleanly article, making no dirt nor dust when used — OF — Can be used even in the parlor without the trouble of removing

COMFORT

furniture or carpets.

Has no disagreeable sulphurous or strong acid smell when prepared for use, but are pleasant & harmless

CRUMBS

Are put up in neat style and in a form more convenient for use than any other polish. — OF — In each box are 12 sticks: 1 stick is sufficient for any stove, thus all waste is saved.

COMFORT

Are the cheapest polish in the market, because one box at 10 cents will polish as much surface as 25 cent's worth of the old polishes.

CRUMBS

Have just taken the 1st prem. at the Indianapolis exposition, — OF — in competition with several of the best of the old stove polishes

COMFORT

Buy Crumbs of Comfort of your store keeper, if he has them, or will procure them for you; if not send us one dollar, your name, add the name of your nearest express station, and we will send you ten boxes, and samples of Bartlett's Blacking and Pearl Bluing, free of cost.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT can be had of all Wholesale Grocers and dealers in the United States, and Retail them the most profitable, from the fact that they are the fastest selling articles in market.

H. A. BARTLETT & CO.,
115 *North Front St, Philadelphia.*
148 *Chambers St., New York.*
48 *Broad St., Boston.*
1245 6m eow

The Best Advertising Medium.

THE TELEGRAPH,

Commences the present year

Enlarged and Improved

We have spared no expense or labor to make it

THE LARGEST AND

MOST ATTRACTIVE

County Paper

IN THE STATE,

—WITH A—

NEW POWER PRESS

AND NEW MATERIAL

the Mechanical Department, is greatly improved

—OUR—

JOB PRINTING

Department still bears is former reputation as

being the BEST and CHEAPEST place

in Ashtabula County.

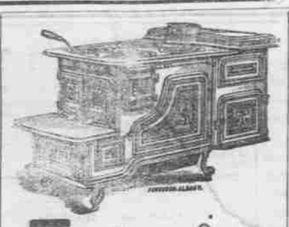
FINE WORK and LOW PRICES

WIN THE DAY.

JAS. REED & SON,

Proprietors.

Cor. Main & Spring Sts., Ashtabula.



STEWART STOVES. 1873 Pattern.
For Sale by G. C. HUBBARD. ASHTABULA, OHIO.

Great Reduction!

NEW IMPROVED
Florence sewing Machine
—FOR—
$45.00 CASH!
For particulars call on or address
AYER & SIM,
1243tf Park St., near Centre St., Ashtabula, O.

The Ever Reliable Singer

Sold on the most accommodating terms, by R. L. GROVER, Kingsville, Ag't. for N. E. Ashtabula Co. O.

Sawing, Planing & Matching.

THE undersigned having purchased the machinery formerly used by E. A. Hitchcock, can be found at the old stand, at Centre St. R. R. crossing.

ALL KINDS OF PLANING, MATCHING, SAWING, ETC.,

will be done with promptness, and at fair living rates. 1229tf H. L. WEBB.

HARNESS, &c

PAUL C. FORD,

HAS on hand a good assortment of Harness of various kinds, Heavy and Light, Single and Double, of the best workmanship and material. He is prepared to fill all orders for work of any description in his line.

SADDLES,
RIDING BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
HALTERS,
BLANKETS, &c.

TRUNKS!

He has just laid in a large supply of large and medium sized Traveling Trunks. They are of various qualities and values, and afforded at favorable prices. The assortment is altogether the largest of any in the region. The traveling public are invited to look over this stock, as they can hardly fail to find something to their mind.
P. C. FORD.
Ashtabula, Sept. 22, 1872. 1030tf.

G. E. HUTCHINSON,
144 Superior St., Cleveland, O.
Newspaper Advertising Agent
AND DEALER IN
JOHNSON'S PRINTING INKS,
Bronzes and Printers' Furnishing Goods generally, At Manufacturers' Prices.

WARRANTED
NO SHODDY!
COTTON, or WASTE!
—IN THE—
Woolen Cassimeres,
FLANNELS & YARNS

Manufactured by
JOHN HAYDEN,
Port Byron, Cayuga Co., N. Y.

For Sale by
D. W. HASKELL,
Ashtabula, O.
October 21st 1873. 6mo. 1242

FURNITURE.

CALL AND SEE

J. S. BEACH & Co's

FINE STOCK OF FURNITURE.

"CAN'T BE UNDERSOLD."

UNDERTAKING.

HAVING a complete outfit for carrying on this branch of the business, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction to those having need of the services of an Undertaker, if they will entrusts with their business.
J. S. BEACH. P. D. DOTY.
Ashtabula, March 30, 1872. 1160

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INS. CO.

TOTAL Assets, Gold, $20,000,000.
Asset in the United States, held by the Directors in New York..... $3,940,000.00
All Shareholders personally responsible for the engagements of the Company.
2226 J. SUM. BLYTH, Ashtabula.

Kiln-dried, All Pine Doors
FOR
$1.75 to $2.25

THE Subscriber, being convinced of the necessity of a low priced door, has made arrangements to furnish them at the above

Astonishing Low Prices,

And all other goods in his line in the same ratio, for CASH, and CASH only.

Small Profits & Large Sales

Is my motto in the future. A large stock of Sash, Blinds, and Doors constantly on hand. Over One Hundred different varieties of Mouldings. Scroll Sawing done on short notice, and WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

A Large Stock of
Michigan Pine on hand.

Also a large stock of Siding, Ceiling and

FLOORING,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call and see before you buy, as I am determined to make it an object for the people to buy of me.

Office and Mill opposite Church Park, Main St. Ashtabula. 77 Q. C. CULLEY.

Hair Work.

MRS. WM. GILMAN, opposite the Fisk House, Ashtabula O., would respectfully announce to the ladies of this vicinity, that she is prepared to do in the best style, all kinds of work in hair, such as BRAIDING, CURLING, MAKING SWITCHES, &c., &c.

LADIES' HAIR WANTED,

for which the highest price will be paid. Her work will compare well with any city work, while her prices are far less.
Ashtabula, Oct. 28 1873. 1240tf

Ancient Epitaphs.

In this grave reposes a dear little dear,
Susie Lee her name, and her age just one year;
She died of drug stuffs in too large a dose,
Which threw her in fits and made her vamose.

Sally Thompson is here, and that's enough;
Her departure from life was certainly rough.
From Sally take warning, when the cholera's around,
To avoid unripe fruit, and eat only the sound.

Here lies a spinster who wouldn't marry;
Didn't care what people said;
She knew herself, which was enough,
She was made of thin and brittle stuff,
And had great spunk, and when aroused
Could give a damap, if were her spouse.
She knew no man would stand her tongue,
Or sit in silence when she flung
Things at his head.
This is the reason, so she said,
Why she never mar-ri-ed.

This one seems to be especially harrowing:

Go, cruel Death! Thou hast cut down
The fairest angel in all this kingdom.
Her virtues and good qualities were such
That surely she deserved a lord or judge;
But her piety and great humility
Made her prefer *me*, a Doctor of Divinity,
Which heroic action, joined to all the rest,
Made her to be esteemed the phenix of her sex.
My grief for her was so sore
That I can utter but two lines more:
For this and all other good women's sake,
Never put blisters on a dying woman's back.

This on Martha Snell:

Poor Martha Snell; her's gone away;
Her would if her could, but her couldn't, stay.
Her'd two sore legs, and a badish cough;
But her legs it was as carried her off.

From the Chicago Tribune.

DELICATE CRIMINALS.

It is a very remarkable fact in physical science, and one not hitherto treated in any of the medical works, that great criminals have very delicate constitutions. The man who steals a coat to protect himself from the winter's cold, or who is driven, perhaps by sheer necessity, to steal money with which to provide himself and family with the necessaries of life, goes to the Penitentiary, remains in good health, and thrives well on prison fare. The man who steals a million, or murders his companion in cold blood, is sent to the Penitentiary, takes cold as soon as his head is shaved, and develops all the symptoms of consumption by the time he has got his legs well into his striped trowsers. Several instances of this singular tendency towards sudden disease have been furnished the public of late. Frank Walworth, an elegant young gentleman, who cooly shot his father one morning in order to maintain family discipline and correct certain maudlin and absurd paternal expressions, went to the Penitentiary instead of the gallows, where the elegant young gentleman should have gone, and has been there just long enough to develop an interesting case of consumption. Stokes, another elegant young gentleman, who shot his whilom friend and associate, mainly for the sake of an abandoned woman, also went to the Penitentiary. He has not been there as long as Walworth, however. Accordingly, his consumption has not reached its tubercular stage, and he has contented himself with the bronchitis. Mr. Tweed, an elegant old gentleman, who betrayed the official trust confided in him, and took $1,000,000 out of the Public Treasury, has gone to the Penitentiary, and the clank of the cell door has hardly ceased to reverberate before he commences to manifest all the signs of disease. We are informed in one dispatch that he is dead, and in another that he has inflammation of the brain, and, if these do not create for the illustrious criminal the requisite amount of sympathy, we shall undoubtedly soon be informed that his burly form is wasting away under the ravages of consumption, and shall be called upon to pity the sorrows of a poor old man, placed where he can do the most good, and struggling with untoward fate in a pair of striped trousers.

If all these illustrious criminals, these murderers who murder in a genteel fashion, and these thieves who steal by millions, are to go off into consumption with such frightful rapidity, it is time the inhumanity was stopped. Some consideration should be displayed for their sensitive temperaments and delicate constitutions. They are not used to this style of life. They have been accustomed to dress in purple and fine linen. Their hands have not been soiled or hardened with work. They have eaten from gilded china, and drank from crystal, and slept upon down. The barber who has dressed their heads has annointed them with sweet smelling unguents. This sudden change to the coarse prison particolor, to the necessity of earning a subsistence by the sweat of their brows, this eating of bean-soup from a tin-platter, and drinking of pea-coffee from a tin-dipper, this inartistic shaving of the head, and numerous other little inconveniences of this sort, consequent upon their sudden change of circumstances, are very modifying and embarrassing to gentlemen who have moved in higher circles. The poor wretch who has stolen his supper ought not to expect any different treatment, and wouldn't receive any sympathy if he had all the diseases to which flesh is heir. Never having been genteel during any period of his miserable career, he can stand it. What is more, he deserves it. He shouldn't have been a low-down thief. If he had wanted sympathy, he should have purloined thousands with kid gloves on and spent it in diamonds, tuberoses, Green Seal, and a dashing equipage, instead of taking a paltry handful to supply himself with something to eat or wear.

There is another point of view from which the conditon of these illustrious criminals should be regarded in our plea for humanity. Take the case of Stokes, for instance. Either Stokes was guilty of murder or not. If Fisk was in the act of drawing a pistol from his pocket, thus placing Stokes' life in danger, as was claimed, then Stokes was not guilty of murder. If Fisk, on the other hand, did not draw a pistol, then Stokes was guilty of murder. In the latter case, he ought to have been hanged. In the former, he ought not to have been punished at all. It is a mystery, therefore, why he was sent to the State Prison. Being there, however, he should be treated with the most distinguished consideration, and his fortuitous hardship should be mitigated by such delicate little attentions as may be suggested by the sudden and very abrupt change in his circumstances. The same is true of Mr. Tweed. He has for years been accustomed to luxuries and all the enjoyments procurable by great wealth. True, he stole his great wealth; but this little eccentricity ought not to be used against him. The fact that Stokes, and Walworth, and Tweed are getting sick, shows that this inhumanity is carried to far. We would suggest, therefore, that a plentiful supply of cod-liver oil, Brown's Troches, feather-beds, Lubin's Extracts, mourning handkerchiefs, salads, and wine, and a few articles of bijouterie for their apartments, be provided, so that the change may not be too radical and that their situation may be relieved of anything which tends to make it unpleasant. As for the balance of the wretched crew, who did not steal as much or murder as maliciously, they have no rights which the prison authorities are bound to respect.

Ancient Fauna of the Far West.

Dr. F. V. Hayden, in a letter to the New York *Tribune*, gives a brief history of the United States Geological Survey of the Territories, and particularly of its operations in 1873. From it we take the following:

"For the past twenty years or more the various expeditions to the Far West have been accumulating the materials which will enable the geologist to reconstruct the physical history of these now barren, treeless plains. Numerous cemeteries of the ancient inhabitants have been discovered, whose remains have been more or less disentombed by the action of the elements. It is now known that a vast chain of fresh water lakes covered the surface of this continent, to a greater or less extent, from the Mississippi to the Pacific Coast, and from the Arctic Sea to Mexico. Some of these lakes were of enormous size. The great ancient lake basin, known as Mauvaises Terres, or the "Bad Lands," covered a large portion of Nebraska, Dakota, and Colorado—an area of 100,000 to 150,000 square miles. As far back as 1856 the writer visited one of these far-famed bone deposits, on the White Earth River, in Dakota, near the northwestern base of the Black Hills. It is one of the wildest and most desolate regions on this continent. It has been very appropriately named by the Dakota Indians, Ma-Ko Seetcha, or "Bad Lands," which signifies a very difficult country to travel over—not only from the ruggedness of the surface, but also from the absence of any good water, and the small supply of wood and game. It is only to the geologist that this place can have any permanent attractions. He wends his way through its wonderful canons among some of the grandest ruins in the world. It resembles, indeed, a gigantic city fallen to decay. Houses, towers, minarets and spires may apparently be seen on every side. These fantastic piles assume the greatest variety of shapes when viewed in the distance, and not unfrequently the rising or the setting sun lights up these grand old ruins with a wild, strange beauty. In the summer the sun pours its rays on the bare, white walls, which reflect them on the weary traveler with a double intensity, not only oppressing him with the heat, but so dazzling his eyes that he is not unfrequently affected with temporary blindness. It is at the foot of these ruins that the fossil treasures are found. In the lower strata we find the teeth and jaws of a hyopotamus, a river-horse much like the hippopotamus, which must have lived in the marshes that bordered this lake. Here, too, the titanotherium, a gigantic pachyderm, associated with a species of hornless rhinoceros. Higher up in some of these lake sediments, thousands of turtles were imbedded, and are preserved to the present time with surprising perfection, their harder portions being as complete as when the animals were swimming about in the tertiary waters hundreds of thousands of years ago. They vary in size from an inch or two across the back to three or four feet. Associated with the remains of turtles are those of a number of ruminants, all belonging to extinct genera, and possessing peculiar characters which ally them to the deer and the hog. Indeed, Dr. Leidy calls them ruminating hogs. Like the domestic species, they were provided with cutting-teeth and canines, but the grinding teeth are constructed after the same pattern as those of all living ruminants. The feet of these animals were provided with four toes, and none of them possessed horns or antlers. They appear to have existed in great numbers, and to have lived in great herds like the bison of the West. Remains of more than seven hundred individuals of one species have been already studied and described by Dr. Leidy. Their enemies were numerous; among them were wolves, hyænodons, and sabre-toothed tigers.

"In the summer of 1857, while the writer was attached to the Exploring Expedition under the command of Lieut. Warren, he discovered on the Niobraua River another of those remarkable graveyards, in which was entombed a fauna, closely allied to, and yet entirely distinct from that on White River, and plainly intermediate between that of the latter and that of the present period. Several species of extinct camels, and a great variety of the horse family characterized this fauna. One of the horses was about the size of the common domestic animal, while another allied form, about the size of a Newfoundland dog, was provided with three hoofs to each foot, though the lateral hoofs were rudimental. Dr. Leidy has already identified twenty-seven species of the horse family which are thus known to have lived on this continent prior to the advent of man—about three times as many as are found living throughout the world. Among the carnivores there were several species of foxes and wolves, five varieties of the cat family, and three species of hyena. Some of the skulls of the tiger-like animals exhibited marks of terrible conflicts with the hyena. Among the rodents were a porcupine, small beaver, rabbit, mouse, &c.

The pachyderms, or thick-skinned animals, were very numerous, and are of the greatest interest, from the fact that none of them are living on the continent at the present time. Five species of the rhinoceros are found; a mastodon, an elephant, and numerous forms allied to the domestic hog, varying in size from that of the African hippopotamus down to that of the domestic cat. From the discovery of this group of animals we may draw the inference that Nebraska and Dakota were the homes of a race closely allied to those inhabiting Asia and Africa at the present time. From their characteristics we are led to believe that the climate during that period was considerably warmer than it is now. The inference is also drawn that America, instead of being, as it is usually called, "New World," is really older than the Eastern Hemisphere.

The discoveries in Kansas and Wyoming are still more wonderful, During the past summer, Prof. Cope has occupied considerable time under the auspices of the Survey in exploring another of these wonderful graveyards of a long past period, from which he has taken the osseous remains of more than 100 species, more nearly resembling those of White and Niobrara Rivers, but most of them specifically distinct. At least seventy species are new to science, ranging from the size of the mole nearly to that of the elephant; sixteen species only are reptiles.

Many forms of the insectivorous animals related to the mole, and of very small size, have been procured. The delicacy and minuteness of these fossils is surprising. Gnawing animals, or rodents, left numerous remains of eighteen species, some not larger than the domestic mouse. Some were the predecessors of the rabbits, others of squirrels, and others of mice. Of cloven-footed quadrupeds a great many species have been found. Some were nearly intermediate between the deer and the hog in structure. Like the latter, they had no horns. They were about as large as sheep. Others were about the size of grey squirrels, being the smallest of this class of animals ever discovered. Several species of horses were living during the same period; their bones and teeth are found in abundance. The rhinoceros abounded in Colorado in former days, no less than seven species having been procured by Prof. Cope. One of the specimens is a perfect skull, with teeth complete, and covered with the moss-like crystalization seen in the moss agate. But the most remarkable monsters of the past whose present survey, are a series of horned species relating to the rhinoceros, but possessing some features in which, according to Prof. Cope, they resemble the elephant. They stood high on the legs and had short feet, but possessed osseous horns in pairs on different parts of the head. One of the largest species had a huge horn over each eye, while another had one on each side of the nose and more than a foot in length, resembling, on the back part of the head, the ox, etc. A third one, of larger size than the last, had rudimental horns on the nose. still another was about as large as an elephant. Its cheek-bones were enormously expanded, and its horns were flat. A fifth species had triangular horns turned outward. Carnivorous species were not rare in this ancient world, and served then as now to check the too rapid increase. Of the fourteen species of carnivores known, there were tiger-cats and dogs as large as the black bear, but probably much more carnivorous in their propensities, while some of the cats had remarkably canine or eye teeth. In a new species, the size of a panther, these teeth greatly resemble those of a shark. There were also many reptiles, such as turtles, lizzards, snakes, &c."

CHICAGO

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

THE LEADING NEWSPAPER IN THE NORTHWEST.

THE PAPER FOR THE

FARMER,
MECHANIC,
MANUFACTURER,
MERCHANT,
BANKER,
PROFESSIONAL MAN
AND FIRESIDE.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1874.

The coming year promises to be the most eventful in a political sense that we have seen since the close of the war. The questions which have engrossed and divided the public mind during the past twenty years, are rapidly passing away, and we find growing up in different parts of the country a party called by various names—in California the Independent party, in Iowa the Anti-Monopoly party, in Wisconsin the Reform party, in Illinois the Farmer's Movement—having a common purpose and inspiration, and exhibiting a strength which proves that it answers one of the chief demands of the hour. The CHICAGO TRIBUNE will give a large share of its attention to this NEW MANIFESTATION OF PUBLIC SENTIMENT. It holds:

1st. That old party organizations are essentially corrupt and fraudulent. Having no longer any principles to carry into effect, they have become mere business enterprises, making a show of opposition to each other, but really sharing in the proceeds of profligate and dishonest legislation. To suppose that any healthful reform can flow from the pretended efforts of these worn-out and demoralized partnerships is altogether vain and illusory.

2nd. That the tariff system now in vogue is a cunning device to rob the many for the benefit of the few, and that its effect is to cause farm products to exchange for about one half the quantity of foreign or "protected" goods they would otherwise buy.

3d. That railroads cannot exact more than a fair rate of interest on the capital actually invested in them, and that when in addition to this, they claim dividends on watered stock and fraudulent bonds, the State may rightfully interfere for the protection of the people; that unjust discriminations between different localities are in violation of law and should be prohibited.

4th. That subsidies or bounties of money, land or public credit to railway, steamship, or other corporations, are flagrant abuses of the powers of government, fraught with the gravest dangers to the people, and tending to promote corruption, extravagance, speculation, and financial disaster.

The general character of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is too well established to need recapitulation. It is always independent and fearless in the expression of its views. In its news department it is second to no paper in the United States. The Weekly Edition contains a carefully prepared summary of the news of the week, brought down to the hour of going to press.

Literary, political, financial, social, and agricultural topics will constitute, as heretofore, the leading features of the Weekly Edition, and no pains will be spared to increase its attractiveness in these departments. Its market reports are unsurpassed, embracing all the information which farmers require for the intelligent transactions of business, both as sellers and buyers.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is a large eight-page sheet, of the same size as the Daily Tribune, consisting of fifty-six columns of closely printed matter, and, as a family newspaper and its general make-up, is unsurpassed by any paper in the land.

THE TRIBUNE will be furnished during the ensuing year at the following low rates, payable in advance:

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

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WARREN, OHIO, NOV. 24th, 1873.

In conformity to the rates adopted by all Eastern and Western markets, the undersigned Tanners and Hide Buyers, throughout the Shenango and Mahoning Valleys, will from and after DECEMBER 10, 1873, accept Green Hides, "TRIMMED ONLY," f. o. FREE FROM HORNS, SKULLS, SINEWS, TAIL-BONE, AND ALL OTHER TACHED OFFAL.

A deduction of ONE CENT PER POUND, will be made from all hides brought to us NOT trimmed as above.

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S. R. CHENEY, Warren and Niles, O.
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S. L. HUNT & SON, Warren, O.
J. B. RAMSDELL, Bristolville, O.
C. G. HART, Gustavus Ohio.
FIESTER & WICKLINE, Warren, O.
MOHERMAN, BECK & POND, Warren, O.

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL.

This is to certify that ——— approve the action of the "Tanners and Hide Buyer's Association" at a meeting held at Warren, O., Nov. 24, 1873 and will adopt the rules made at said meeting, on and after Dec. 10th, 1873. 4151

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Ashtabula Nov. 10, '73. 1236tf J. S. BEACH.

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