Ashtabula Telegraph.

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ASHTABULA, : : OHIO.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gathered From All Quarters.

CONGRESS.

SENATE, April 27.—The Kellogg resolutions were temporarily laid aside and the Indian Appropriation bill taken up. Pending the discussion on the amendment offered by Mr. Plumb to appropriate $5,000 for seeds and implements, the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.....HOUSE.—Mr. Thomas, from the Select Committee on Pensions and Back Pay, reported back the bill to equalize bounties of the soldiers of the war of the rebellion, but the bill, not complying with the rule which requires every bill to be accompanied by a written report, was withdrawn. The District of Columbia Appriation bill and the bill to authorize registration of trade marks were passed.

SENATE, April 28.—Mr. Hamlin, from the Select Committee on Claims of the United States against Nicaragua, reported with amendment the Senate bill authorizing the President to make the necessary arrangements to carry into effect any convention between the United States and Nicaragua for the adjustment of claims which may be duly concluded between the two Governments. Placed on the calendar. Mr. Butler, from the Committee on Territories, reported favorably the House bill for the apportionment of members of the Legislature in Montana, Idaho and Wyoming. Mr. Blaine submitted a resolution calling on the President for copies of the correspondence between the United States and Great Britain relative to the alleged outrage upon American fishermen at Fortune Bay. Mr. Davis (W. Va.) presented the report of the Select Committee to investigate the accounts in the Treasury Department. Mr. Ingalls presented the minority report. The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up and pending discussion on various amendments, the Senate adjourned.....HOUSE.—The following bills were reported from committees and ordered placed on the calendar: To equalize the bounties of soldiers of the war of the rebellion; for the appointment of a commission to ascertain and report the basis for a reciprocity treaty between the United States and the British colonies. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the bill amending the Internal Revenue laws. After disposing of ten of the eighteen sections of the bill the committee rose and the House adjourned.

SENATE, April 29.—Bills were introduced and referred as follows: To grant titles to lands patented by the United States; to facilitate the business of the Treasury Department. The joint resolution authorizing the President to call an international sanitary conference at Washington was taken up and the resolution passed. The Indian Appropriation bill was passed. The report of the Conference Committee on the Immediate Deficiency bill was agreed to.....HOUSE.—The conference report on the Special Deficiency bill and the Senate amendments to the Post Route bill were agreed to. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the bill amending the Internal Revenue laws, but without final action the committee rose, and the House adjourned until 7:30 p. m., the evening session being for the consideration of the bill establishing a Court of Pensions.

SENATE, April 30.—No amendments being offered to the Indian Appropriation bill it was read the third time and passed. The regular order was then taken up, being the resolutions declaring Spofford entitled to the seat occupied by Kellogg. Mr. Vance supported the resolutions, but before concluding his remarks the Senate adjourned for the purpose of allowing the Senators to attend the funeral of Mr. Middleton, late Clerk of the Supreme Court.....HOUSE.—Mr. Singleton, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Consular and Diplomatic bill with the Senate amendments. Several of the amendments were non-concurred in, and the House then went into Committee of the Whole on the private calendar. When the committee rose a number of bills granting pensions were passed and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

A bill was introduced in Congress, on the 26th ult., to amend the internal revenue laws so as to impose a tax on every package of oleomargarine, or imitation of butter, equal to ten cents for every pound, and authorizing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to provide special stamps and to issue proper instructions and regulations in regard to the same.

A citizen of Washington calls attention to the important fact that the writing of the original Declaration of Independence is becoming so pale that it will in a comparatively short time be wholly undecipherable.

At the Cabinet meeting on the 27th ult., the Secretary of the Treasury read statements showing that the surplus receipts for April will aggregate from $10,000,000 to $12,000,000.

The report circulated on the 29th ult., that United States men-of-war will be dispatched to Canadian waters to protect American interests, is pronounced erroneous.

The Secretary of the Interior received a dispatch from Los Pinos Agency on the 29th ult., stating that miners and prospectors were daily invading the Ute reservation.

Postmaster-General Key, it is reported at Washington, will be appointed Judge of the United States District Court for Tennessee.

The United States relief ship Constellation will sail for home about the 10th of May.

The Comptroller of the Currency reports that the total number of National banks organized since November 1, 1879, is forty; with a capital of $5,312,070. Nine banks, with a capital of $1,300,000 have gone into liquidation since that time. The net increase of National bank notes for the year ending May 1, 1880, was $15,000,000. The total amount of such notes outstanding at that date was $348,579,300.

Postmaster-General Key was appointed to the vacant United States Judgeship for the eastern and middle district of Tennessee, on the 30th ult.

The total value of imports during the first eight months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, was $267,418,556, and during the same period of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, $367,005,119.

The President, on the 30th ult., nominated Orange Ferriss of New York, Second Auditor of the Treasury, vice French deceased.

At a Cabinet meeting on the 30th ult., it was decided to send General McKenzie and his forces into the Ute reservation to prevent a collision between the white trespassers and the Indians.

THE EAST.

The steamer Bassano, which arrived at New York City from Hull on the 26th ult., reports passing through a field of ice, and on April 20 seeing an iceberg 300 feet high.

Joseph Seligman, senior member of the well-known firm of J. & W. Seligman & Co., bankers, at New York City, died on the 29th ult.

Eugene Fairfax Williamson, who gave so much annoyance recently to Rev. Dr. Dix at New York City, pleaded guilty on the 26th ult. to the charge of defrauding a jewelry firm of $38 by means of a forged check.

General Grant will not be with the Army of the Potomac Society at Burlington, Vt., on the 15th of June. Joaquin Miller will deliver a poem at the meeting.

W. F. Rumberger, one of the persons convicted of attempting to bribe Representatives in the Pittsburg riot case, has lost his reason in consequence of his imprisonment.

The Connecticut Democratic State Convention, to choose delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, met at Hartford on the 28th ult. The majority of the delegates chosen, it is understood, are Tilden men. The delegation was instructed to vote at Cincinnati for the retention of the two-thirds rule.

The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention, held at Harrisburg on the 29th ult., elected a mixed delegation to Cincinnati, unpledged and uninstructed. The district delegates are divided between Hancock, Tilden and Bayard, but the Hancock men are said to be in a majority. The resolutions adopted declare that the Democratic party maintains, as it ever has maintained, that the military is and ought to be in all things subordinate to the civil authorities; that the right to a free ballot is a right preservative of all rights, the only means of peacefully repressing grievances and reforming abuses; that Rutherford B. Hayes, having been placed in power against the well-known and legally expressed will of the people, is a representative of a conspiracy not only in his claim of right to surround the ballot boxes with troops and Deputy Marshals to intimidate and obstruct electors, but in his unprecedented use of the veto to maintain this insult and menace to the country; that the Democratic party as of old favors the constitutional currency of gold and silver and of paper convertible into coin; is opposed to subsidies by the General Government, and that the great corporations should remain objects of the utmost vigilance and jealousy by both the Legislature and the people.

Eugene Fairfax Williamson, the persecutor of Dr. Dix, and who pleaded guilty to forgery of a check, was sentenced at New York, on the 29th ult., to three and a half years in the State prison.

In Farmington, N. H., on the 30th ult., a quarrel arose between William Kenney and his wife, when their son Samuel interfered to protect his mother. The father seized a butcher knife and stabbed Samuel, killing him almost instantly.

During the month of April 46,118 immigrants arrived at New York City. The largest number ever landed in one month before was 42,743, in April, 1873.

The persons convicted at Harrisburg, Pa., a short time ago for corrupt solicitation in the Pittsburg riot case, were pardoned on the 30th ult.

WEST AND SOUTH.

The sixty-first anniversary of American Odd Fellowship was celebrated at St. Louis on the 26th ult.

The Chicago *Times* says: "On the day of the Marshfield tornado a large-sized roof landed in a door-yard near Lawrenceburg, Ind. Careful investigation in the neighborhood fails to disclose a building minus its covering, and the belief is gaining ground that the visitor came from Missouri."

In the recent trip of the steamship Ohio from Bremen to New York, thirteen children died during the passage. The deaths were caused from overcrowding and ill-ventilation in the steerage department. The matter is being investigated by the Superintendent of Immigration at Castle Garden.

Frank Crill was hanged at Newton, N. J., on the 24th ult., for the murder of his daughter in June last. When the handcuffs were placed on his wrists he asked the Sheriff to take them off and warm them, and also to warm the noose.

The gold fever is spreading in Georgia. Two brothers at Nacoochee have taken out 2,700 pennyweights in nuggets from eighty square feet of earth. Another party on the same lead took out a nugget weighing 100 pennyweights.

There was a bloody affray at Ellsworth, Ill., on the 25th ult. between Frank Bailey and Henry Stovenour on one side and Abraham H. Hendryx on the other. The former went to Hendryx's farm for the avowed purpose of settling some old scores by thrashing him. Hendryx shot both men, killing Bailey instantly. Stovenour died shortly afterward. Hendryx gave himself up.

John Dyer, a notorious desperado, who has caused much trouble to the people of McLean County, Ill., appeared in that county on the 25th ult. when an alarm was given and a number of citizens turned out to hunt him. He was followed in the woods and refusing to halt, was shot a number of times and captured. He may survive.

There have been fifteen hundred cases of measles in Michigan City, Ind., during the last three weeks.

White stock thieves killed John Deffebach, and ran off 150 head of horses from Inyan, Dakota, on the 20th ult. Deffebach was one of the heaviest stock men in the West.

A boiler in a shingle mill at Savannah, Ga., exploded on the 27th ult., killing Lewis N. Torrent, superintendent, and George Hughes, engineer. Eight others were injured.

William P. Gillespie, of Columbus, Ind., on his death-bed a few days ago, made a confession that he and others, names not given, killed a wealthy stock trader named James Jamison ten years ago and divided between them a large sum of money found on his person.

Dr. Joseph T. Webb, a brother of Mrs. President Hayes, died at Minneapolis, Minn., on the 27th ult.

Prof. H. R. Palmer conducts the May Musical Festival at Marion, Iowa.

The Ohio Republican State Convention, held at Columbus on the 28th ult., selected delegates to the Chicago Convention, and nominated the following State ticket: For Secretary of State, Charles Townsend; Judge of Supreme Court, George W. McIlvaine; Clerk of Supreme Court, Dwight Crowell; Member of Board of Public Works, S. R. Hosmer; School Commissioner, A. P. De Wolf. A resolution was adopted requesting the delegates to vote for John Sherman for President. The four delegates at large are pronounced Sherman men, while eight of the district delegates, it is claimed, are Blaine men, and will vote for that gentleman on the first ballot.

John McArthur, formerly Postmaster of Chicago, was found guilty of embezzlement as Postmaster in the United States Court on the 28th ult. on four counts of the indictments against him. The amount embezzled was fixed at $30,000. The penalty is double the amount of embezzlement and from one to ten years in the county jail. He was given until June 1st to prepare for the sentence.

About two hundred delegates were present at the National Butter, Egg and Cheese Association meeting at Indianapolis on the 28th ult.

At a meeting of the City Council at Leadville on the night of the 27th ult. great excitement was caused by the action of the Council in regard to certain contested seats. The officers drew revolvers and demanded order. Many of the audience drew revolvers and a dangerous collision was threatened.

One hundred and thirty-four houses and their entire contents were destroyed by the recent cyclone at Macon, Miss. The Relief Committee have in charge seventy-two wounded and 234 destitute persons to provide for. An appeal for help has been issued.

The New York Assembly has passed a bill to regulate the transportation of freight by railroad corporations.

The excess of exports over imports for the twelve months ending March 31, 1880, was $194,405,148.

The South Carolina Republican State Convention, held at Columbia on the 28th ult., instructed the delegation to the National Convention to vote as a unit to the end of the contest for General Grant.

The Maryland Democratic State Convention to elect delegates to the National Convention, has been called for June 9.

Mrs. Houston, living near Austin, Texas, in a fit of insanity, on the 27th ult., attempted to murder her five children by driving knitting-needles into their brains through their ears. One was killed and two others seriously injured.

The Coroner's jury in the De Young murder case at San Francisco, returned a verdict on the 27th ult. charging Kalloch with the murder.

A three days' session of the Presbyterian Women's Board of Foreign Missions began at Cincinnati on the 27th ult.

The South Carolina delegates to the Republican National Convention were instructed to vote as a unit for Grant. A resolution that, in the event of Grant not being a nominee, the delegates should support Blaine, but in no contingency vote for Sherman, was laid on the table.

The California Republican State Convention met at Sacramento on the 29th ult. A resolution was adopted instructing the delegates to Chicago to vote as a unit first, last and all the time for James G. Blaine, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

The Arkansas Republican State Convention, held at Little Rock on the 29th ult., adopted a resolution instructing the delegates to the National Convention to vote for Grant, and to use their individual and collective efforts, as long as his name remained before the Convention, to secure his nomination.

The Indiana Greenback State Convention was held at Indianapolis on the 29th ult. The following ticket was nominated: For Governor, Richard Gregg; Lieutenant-Governor, Thomas Debrule; Secretary of State, J. B. Peagley; Auditor of State, George W. Demerse; Treasurer of State, John F. Ulery; Attorney-General, John L. Miller.

A boiler explosion occurred at the Toe Furnace, Briar Hill, Ohio, on the 30th ult., killing David Evans and Frank Patton. Five others were more or less injured.

The Supreme Court of California, on the 30th ult., ordered a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Dennis Kearney.

A fire at Jacksonville, Ill., on the 30th ult., destroyed two entire business blocks. The post-office was among the buildings burned.

Samuel M. Janney, a prominent Quaker and former member of the Indian Peace Commission, died at his home in Loudon County, Va., on the 30th ult.

The Chief of Police of Cincinnati, on the 29th ult., notified all the proprietors of gambling houses in that city to close their establishments that night, as gambling would no longer be tolerated after that time.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The Spanish Government has notified the Treasury Department through the United States Minister at Madrid, that no more pork need be sent to that country, as it will not be allowed to pass the custom houses. The reason alleged is because trichina is feared.

The King of Sweden has decided to create Professor Nordenskjöld, the Arctic explorer, a baronet and to present to him the Grand Cross of the order of the North Star in diamonds of the value of 1,000 guineas.

The powers have address sed a collective note to the Porte demanding that the frontier evacuated recently and since occupied by the Albanians be immediately reoccupied by the Turks and then surrendered to the Montenegrins in accordance with the terms of the convention.

A dispatch from Calcutta, on the 28th, states that while reports of King Theebaw's death are not confirmed, official intelligence has reached India that he is suffering from some dangerous malady, and attempts are being made to stay the disease by sacrificing virgins.

Lord Gladstone has declined any place in the new English Cabinet.

The Dublin corporation have conferred the freedom of the city upon Captain Potter, of the relief ship Constellation.

A St. Petersburg paper says the plague has appeared in the Volsk district, Government of Sartoff. Famine also prevails. Twenty-seven peasants had died from starvation.

Bank stocks fell two per cent. in Montreal on the 27th ult., on the report of hostile legislation in the New York Legislature in regard to taxing foreign capital.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says the missing workmen who had been lodging in the basement under the guard room of the Winter Palace until the day of the explosion, was arrested there on the 24th ult. He has confessed the deed. He was placed in the palace by the Executive Committee six months before the explosion. Three other persons of high rank were also arrested.

The village of Medenitez, in Galacia, Austria, was destroyed by fire recently. Three hundred buildings were burned.

The new English Cabinet formed by Gladstone is as follows: Duke of Argyll, Lord of the Privy Seal; Earl Kimberly, Secretary of State for the Colonial Department; John Bright, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster; Marquis Hartington, Secretary of State for India; Marquis of Ripon, Viceroy of India; Earl Granville, Secretary of State for the Foreign Department; Sir William G. Vernon Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Home Department; Lord Selbourne, Lord High Chancellor.

Twenty-six thousand weavers employed in 118 mills in the Blackburn district, in England, gave notice on the 28th ult., of their intention to strike in a fortnight unless their wages were advanced in the same proportion as was recently conceded to the spinners and card-room hands.

The resumption of diplomatic relations between France and Mexico is settled.

A Berlin dispatch says the German Government, in concluding extradition treaties with foreign countries, insists on the inclusion of regicides among offenders liable to expulsion and surrender.

A Cabul dispatch reports an engagement at Hydabad on the 25th ult. between General Ross and the mixed tribesmen. The enemy was defeated with a loss of 1,200.

Prince Gortschakoff is reported to be rapidly recovering.

A Berlin correspondent reports that all Jews of foreign birth in St. Petersburg have been ordered to quit the city.

A Tiflis telegram states that the town of Osurgeti was burned to the ground recently, and that there is much distress in consequence.

Sastka, the revolutionist, who robbed the treasury of Kherson, Russia, last summer, has been arrested.

LATER NEWS.

Seventy houses were burned, recently, at Radouyal, Government of Tchernigoff, and 130 at Nemeroff, in Podolia.

Emphatic denial is given the story that foreign Jews are being expelled from Russia.

A Berlin dispatch says that owing to Bismarck's nervous system being much overstrained, the physicians of his family urge his temporary retirement from State affairs, and it is expected he will take a long leave of absence.

The Methodist General Conference assembled at Cincinnati on the 1st.

A Washington dispatch says the Republican members have agreed to co-operate with the Democrats to secure an adjournment of Congress by the first of June.

Coinage at the United States mints during April: Double eagles, 1,320,000; eagles, 8,175,100; half eagles, 2,317,600; silver dollars, 2,800,000; cents, 21,200; total coinage, $9,131,900.

The public debt statement for the month ending April 30 shows a decrease in the debt during the month of $13,078,070; decrease since June 30, 1879, $58,892,502; total debt, $2,147,957,048; cash in Treasury, $199,464,993; debt less cash in Treasury, $1,948,314,755.

Near Paterson, N. J., on the 30, a party of young men belonging to a German society, attempted to cross the lands of Dalzell, a farmer, when they were forbidden to trespass, but persisted, when one of their number named Van Houten was shot dead by Dalzell. The party then pursued Dalzell to his house, where the police were powerless to protect him. They fired the barn and house, and when he came forth seized him and were about to hang him to a tree when reinforcements of policemen arrived and Dalzell and his son, who was also implicated, were rescued and taken to Newark.

Memorial Hall, at the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 1st.

Major General Samuel P. Heintzelman died at Washington on the 1st.

The Speaker, on the 1st, laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury in response to its resolution of the 26th ult. calling for information as to the cause of the delay in the payment of claims for bounty and back pay allowed by the Second Auditor. Secretary Sherman replies that the official estimates of the amount required to pay such claims have been duly submitted to both Houses of Congress but no action has been taken on them.

The Senate was not in session on the 1st. In the House a resolution was adopted authorizing the Secretary of War to send 4,000 rations to Macon, Miss., for the use of sufferers made destitute by the cyclone of April 25th. The bill amending the Internal Revenue law was considered in Committee of the Whole, where several amendments were adopted, and the bill and amendments were then reported to the House. After some discussion the bill went over without final action.

THE OHIO REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A State Ticket Nominated and Delegates Elected to the Chicago Convention.

The Ohio Republican State Convention assembled at Columbus on the 28th ult. Mr. A. L. Conger, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, called the Convention to order and made a short speech, counseling harmony. Mr. Conger announced Hon. William McKinley as temporary President of the Convention and John B. Malley as temporary Secretary. Major McKinley, on being introduced, made a lengthy speech. At the conclusion of his speech the following gentlemen were named Assistant Secretaries: Frank W. Arnold, of Franklin; Harvey W. Kerby, of Carroll; James Bentley, of Hamilton; George Riddle, of Champaign, and David Lewis.

The members of the committees by districts were then reported as follows by the delegations:

COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

First District, Charles Moerlan, Hamilton; Second, John Moegley, Hamilton; Third, J. H. Kinkead, Clermont; Fourth, B. D. Gerwin, Montgomery; Fifth, M. J. Moonje, Auglaize; Sixth, Charles M. Bond, Lucas; Seventh, E. F. Blair, Brown; Eighth, O. S. Kelly, Clark; Ninth, James W. Robinson, Union; Tenth, J. F. Lanning, Huron; Eleventh, J. F. Wheeler, Stocking; Twelfth, W. B. McCaleb, Franklin; Thirteenth, R. L. Lybarger, Coshocton; Fourteenth, H. C. Hedges, Richland; Fifteenth, A. D. Brown, Meigs; Sixteenth, W. L. Kenson, Belmont; Seventeenth, Isaac Rulison, Stark; Eighteenth, A. Hunsch, Medina; Nineteenth, Peter Hitchcock, Geauga; Twentieth, W. J. Stakkweather, Cuyahoga.

COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION, RULES AND ORDER OF BUSINESS.

First District, W. H. Pearce, Hamilton; Second, Maurice Bauer, Hamilton; Third, L. R. Hadley, Fayette; Fourth, D. C. Dubbs, Preble; Fifth, A. M. Kuhn, Auglaize; Sixth, William Shefield, Henry; Seventh, Wells S. Jones, Pike; Eighth, Thomas A. Cowgill, Champaign; Ninth, Joseph C. Devin, Knox; Tenth, E. H. Wilcox, Erie; Eleventh, J. S. Follitt, Scioto; Twelfth, O. H. Brent, Fairfield; Thirteenth, H. C. Van Voorhees, Muskingum; Fourteenth, L. J. Sprengle, Ashland; Fifteenth, O. P. M. Jennings, Athens; Sixteenth, N. E. Galloway, Guernsey; Seventeenth, Joseph Brady, Mahoning; Eighteenth, John Newkirk, Wayne; Nineteenth, R. W. Ratliff, Trumbull; Twentieth, M. L. Dempsey, Cuyahoga.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

First District, P. H. Kumler, Hamilton; Second, Wm. Worthington, Hamilton; Third, John M. Davidson, Butler; Fourth, John Little, Greene; Fifth, Frank C. Cully, Defiance; Sixth, J. H. Bigham, Fulton; Seventh, Alphonso Hart, Highland; Eighth, William Lawrence, Logan; Ninth, E. M. Joy, Delaware; Tenth, John M. Jones, Sandusky; Eleventh, C. G. James, Jackson; Twelfth, William Dennison, Franklin; Thirteenth, O. P. Taylor, Tuscarawas; Fourteenth, Jonathan Ayres, Wyandot; Fifteenth, Theodore F. Davies, Washington; Sixteenth, D. A. Hollingsworth, Harrison; Seventeenth, Solomon Firestone, Columbiana; Eighteenth, W. H. Upson, Summit; Nineteenth, E. W. Clarke, Lake; Twentieth, J. W. Tyler, Cuyahoga.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District, Charles S. Fisher, Hamilton; Second, W. S. Cappelier, Hamilton; Third, J. S. Totten, Warren; Fourth, W. H. Rouser, Montgomery; Fifth, William Binkley, Shelby; Sixth, J. R. Swiggart, Wood; Seventh, H. Calhiga, Adams; Eighth, C. C. Pringle, Clarke; Ninth, Thomas B. Robinson, Hardin; Tenth, O. L. Le Wolf, Seneca; Eleventh, A. C. Thompson, Scioto; Twelfth, W. C. Clark, Fairfield; Thirteenth, John C. McGaw, Coshocton; Fourteenth, John Huston, Jr., Holmes; Fifteenth, W. C. Bailey, Morgan; Sixteenth, Thomas B. Cowles, Jefferson; Seventeenth, Henry Wise, Stark; Eighteenth, S. S. Warner, Lorain; Nineteenth, J. O. Converse, Geauga; Twentieth, E. S. Mayer, Cuyahoga.

The names of District delegates to the National Convention were reported as follows:

DISTRICT DELEGATES.

First District—Delegates, Benj. Butterworth, Cincinnati; Albert Schwill, Cincinnati; Alternates, Abraham Mayer, Cincinnati; Samuel Bailey, Cincinnati.

Second District—Delegates, Henry Kessler, Cincinnati; Charles Fleischmann, Cincinnati. Alternates, Samuel Trosh, Cincinnati; John Birnbaum, Cincinnati.

Third District—Delegates, D. W. McClurg, Butler; A. R. Cramer, Fayette. Alternates, George H. Sage, Warren; A. E. Orin, Clinton.

Fourth District—Delegates, Wm. Montgomery; Frank G. Thompson, Preble. Alternates, A. McDowell, Greene; John Devor, Greenville.

Fifth District—Delegates, Joseph Morris, Allen; J. W. Conklling, Mercer. Alternates, Lewis S. Gordon, Paulding; Cortes Ewing, Putnam.

Sixth District—Delegates, J. H. Richil, Lucas; M. M. Tromville, Fulton. Alternates, Earl M. Merry, Wood; Robt. R. Dull, Williams.

Seventh District—Delegates, Marcus Boggs, Ross; Alphonso Hart, Highland. Alternates, J. W. Barber, Pike; G. W. Rock, Adams.

Eighth District—Delegates, Calvin B. Wright, Miami; J. F. Gower, Champaign. Alternates, Jno. R. Beech, Madison; Hannibal G. Hamin, Clarke.

Ninth District—Delegates, Wm. M. Cooper, Knox; Amos Glover, Delaware. Alternates, B. M. Strong, Hardin; Hylas Sablin, Union.

Tenth District—Delegates, I. F. Mack, Erie; D. M. Harrison, Huron. Alternates, James A. Blair, Seneca; Mahlon Chance, Sandusky.

Eleventh District—Delegates, Wm. Nash, Gallia; Daniel Will, Vinton. Alternates, Frank D. Baird, Logan; Joseph Fischer, Lawrence.

Twelfth District—Delegates, F. C. Sessions, Franklin; John Grove, Pickaway. Alternates, John S. Brasee, Fairfield; N. J. Hitchcock, Perry.

Thirteenth District—Delegates, Jerome Buckingham, Licking; A. W. Train, Muskingum. Alternates, John E. Thrall, Licking; H. C. Van Voorhees, Muskingum.

Fourteenth District—Delegates, H. C. Hedger, Richland; S. D. Hunt, Wyandot. Alternates, S. M. Beer, Ashland; T. B. Cunningham, Holmes.

Fifteenth District—Delegates, R. W. Stimson, Washington; John L. Dougherty, Monroe. Alternates, Charles L. Kurtz, Athens; J. B. Foulke, Morgan.

Sixteenth District—Delegates, J. S. Pierce, Harrison; J. D. Taylor, Guernsey. Alternates, Turner G. Brown, Guernsey; James F. Sarratt, Jefferson.

Seventeenth District—Delegates, J. H. Tripp, Carroll; A. W. Jones, Mahoning. Alternates, Joseph W. Gillespie, Stark; R. R. Hill, Columbiana.

Eighteenth District—Delegates, W. H. Williams, Medina; L. A. Sheldon, Lorain. Alternates, J. H. Faxon, Lorain; Jacob Frick, Wayne.

Nineteenth District—Delegates, Evan Morris, Trumbull; J. C. Beatty, Portage. Alternates, J. O. Converse, Geauga; G. W. Clements, Lake.

Twentieth District—Delegates, A. T. Everett, Cuyahoga; James Barnett, Cuyahoga. Alternates, Wm. Kaufmann, Cuyahoga; E. H. Eggleston, Cuyahoga.

The Convention then at twelve o'clock took a recess till two o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

At 2:15 Chairman McKinley rapped with his gavel and called the Convention to order. He announced that the first business in order was to hear the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization, Rules and Order of Business. Mr. W. H. Radcliffe, of Trumbull read the report, naming Hon. Ben. Butterworth, of Hamilton County, as permanent President, and the Vice Presidents as reported at the morning session; Secretary D. J. Edwards of Trumbull, and Assistant Secretaries, Geo. H. Hurst of Ross, L. J. Sprengle of Ashland, W. J. Stakkweather of Cuyahoga, and Fred W. Newburg of Franklin. The rules of the Ohio House of Representatives were to be rules for the government of the Convention so far as applicable, and all resolutions offered in the Convention were to be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without reading and without debate. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Credentials reported all delegations full except one, with no contest except in Licking County, from which county the committee were in favor of admitting the Sherman delegates. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Resolutions were announced to be in readiness, and then Hon. Warner M. Bateman of Cincinnati reported the following

PLATFORM:

Resolved, That we reaffirm the principles enunciated in the resolutions adopted by the last Republican National Convention.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the extension of the system of free schools throughout the whole country, supported by general taxation, exempt from sectarian influences, and open to every child of proper age; and, to that end, we are in favor of all appropriate and constitutional legislation.

Resolved, That we are in favor of a full protection by the National Government of every citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, as well within as without our territorial limits, in the exercise of every right conferred upon him by its Constitution and laws, and against every infraction of such right, in whatever way or by whomsoever committed, and for the purpose of affording such protection the whole power of the Government should be used.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the National Government to protect the election of Representatives in Congress from fraud and violence, and we condemn the attempts of the Democratic party to nullify or repeal existing laws on this subject as unpatriotic and calculated to encourage and foster fraud.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the maintenance of a sound currency, based upon coin or upon notes redeemable in coin, and the sacred observance of the public faith against all taint or suspicion of evasion or repudiation.

Resolved, That we congratulate the country upon the resumption of specie payments, now assured and permanent, as the fruits of Republican policy and the splendid achievement of Republican administration; and we likewise congratulate the country upon the general revival of business and industry, secured, as they are by the soundest and most convenient currency and the wisest financial policy the country ever enjoyed.

Resolved, That the great ability, invaluable services, long experience, pure and exalted character and unwavering fidelity to Republican principles of our distinguished fellow citizen, John Sherman, entitle him to the highest honors and confidence of the Republican party of Ohio and of the country. His matchless skill and courage as a financier has mainly contributed to accomplish the invaluable and difficult work of resumption and refunding the public debt, and make him the trusted representative in public life of the business interests of all classes of the American people. He has been trained from the beginning of his public life to advocacy of the rights of man, and no man has been more unflattering in his demand that the whole power of the Government should be used to protect the colored people of the South from unlawful violence and unfriendly local legislation. And in view of his services to his country, and his eminent ability as a statesman, we, the Republican party of Ohio, present him to the Republican party of the country as a fit candidate for President, and respectfully urge upon the Republican Convention at Chicago his nomination, and the district delegates are respectfully requested to vote for his nomination.

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the administration of President Hayes in maintaining the legislation, principles and purposes of the Republican party, designed as they are to maintain the existence of the Government, and to protect all citizens in the enjoyment of all rights given or guaranteed by the Constitution and laws, and to secure prosperity to the industries of the country.

Resolved, That we pledge the united and earnest efforts of the Republicans of Ohio for the election of the nominee of the National Republican Convention.

CHOOSING DELEGATES.

The Chair said nominations would be made for delegates at large to the National Convention.

Judge J. W. Tyler, of Cuyahoga, immediately came and in a brief speech, alluding to the war Governors of Ohio, he named Hon. William Dennison. Other nominations followed in rapid succession, as follows: Hon. Valentine P. Horton, Hon. Warren M. Bateman, General James A. Garfield, Hon. Charles Foster, Hon. R. B. Warner, Major William McKinley, Robert Harlan, Solomon Day, John B. Taylor, of Hamilton, Mr. I. F. Mack, of Sandusky presented the names of General John Beatty, Frederick Wickham, W. R. Shutts, and Judge J. P. Bradbury, as candidates of the Blaine delegates, and asked all Blaine men in the Convention to vote for them. Before the balloting commenced, Major McKinley declined to be considered a candidate. The ballot resulted as follows:

Dennison	462
Bateman	137
Garfield	49
Foster	855
Beatty	20
Bradbury	191
Shutts	191
Wickham	179
Warner	72
Horton	66
Day	49
Harlan	39
Tyler	19
Whole number of votes cast	670
Necessary to a choice	336

Electors at large were chosen in the persons of General Charles Grosvenor of Athens, and Hon. S. S. Warner of Wellington.

The Convention then took up the nomination of State officers, Secretary of State being first on the list. For this position the following names were presented: Morris Ostrander, Alex. Cope, General Wildes, W. S. Cunningham, J. K. Rankenbrod and Charles Townsend.

The first ballot resulted:

Cunningham	28	Ostrander	46
Cope	204½	Donaldson	202
Smith	9	Wildes	72
Rankenbrod	38½	Townsend	97

As this result was announced Ostrander's name was withdrawn, and a second ballot resulted:

Cunningham	10	Wildes	56
Cope	61	Rakenbrod	56
Donaldson	22	Townsend	193
Smith	7½		

As this point Messrs. Rakenbrod, Wildes and Cope withdrew, and their strength went to Townsend. After long voting and many changes back and forth, Donaldson's name was withdrawn and Mr. Townsend was nominated by acclamation.

SUPREME JUDGE

was next taken up, and George W. McIlvaine, of Tuscarawas, was nominated by acclamation.

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT

nominees stood as follows on the first ballot:

Thomas H. Ricketts	91	W. E. Sheppard	12
R. W. Page	153½	A. Ullery	44
Dwight Crowell	122	Capt. Reiffenberg	66

A motion to suspend the rules and nominate Crowell by acclamation was strongly opposed and finally withdrawn. A motion to take a recess for one hour was voted down by an overwhelming majority and Ullery's name was withdrawn, and the second ballot was called and resulted as follows:

Ricketts	0	Page	125
Sheppard	6	Crowell	416

Captain Reiffenberg was withdrawn after the call was half over. By motion the nomination of Crowell was made unanimous, and the convention proceeded with the nomination of

MEMBER OF BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,

with the following names to select from: S. R. Hosmer, Muskingum; Philip Herzog, William Welch, James Marshall, Erastus Pond, J. Howard. After the roll had been called Mr. Howard was withdrawn in favor of Mr. Hosmer, and one county after another changed their vote to Mr. Hosmer. Mr. Pond, Herzog and Welch withdrew, and the nomination of Mr. Hosmer, of Muskingum, was finally made unanimous.

STATE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,

was next announced, and the following were put in nomination: E. B. Perkins, of Medina; J. P. De Wolf, of Summit; Professor Ogden, of Franklin; Professor Eberle, of Wayne; President Tappan, of Gambier; Professor D. Row Boyd, of Van Wert; H. S. Doggett, of Hillsboro; George Ormsby, of Xenia; Joseph B. Lakens, of Lebanon.

The first ballot stood:

Lakens	54	Doggett	41
Arnsby	94	DeWolf	126½
Perkins	141½	Tappan	64
Eberle	9	Ogden	80
Boyd	11		

Boyd and others were withdrawn during the second ballot, and at the close the fight had narrowed down as follows:

DeWolf	309½	Perkins	304½
Lakens	37		

On a third ballot 673 votes were cast, Perkins receiving 295¼ and DeWolf 377¾. A motion to make the nomination of DeWolf unanimous was carried, and the Convention adjourned.

SHERMAN ALTERNATES.

Alternates for delegates at large, as chosen by the delegates, are John P. Kumler of Toledo, Christian Moerlins of Cincinnati, James Buford (colored) of Springfield, and Orren B Gould of Scioto.

Hindoo Widows.

THIS war will make a large number of Hindoo widows, of whom there are already no less than eighty thousand between the age of six and sixteen! A mere child five or six years old who has never lived with her husband, may become a widow, and by the custom of the country she is forbidden to marry again. To become a widow is the most dreadful fate that can befall a Hindoo woman. Since suttee is abolished by law she can no longer cast herself upon her husband's funeral pyre, but must live on in misery and and disgrace. She takes off all her ornaments, which were never off her person since her marriage—wears coarse clothing, cuts her hair off close to her head, eats a given portion of the coarest food, is not allowed to mingle with the family, as her presence is contamination, but is a menial for all the household as long as she lives. It is no wonder that she prefers suttee to such an existence. One day our little son came running to his papa with flashing eyes, dilated nostrils and quivering flesh, saying excitedly: "Papa, Hettie calls me the son of a widow. I won't stand it; I'll kill her if she says it again." His papa explained to him that his mother wasn't a widow; he and his little sister didn't know the meaning of the term, widow, etc. When it was all made plain to him he ceased to feel injured and insulted, and was ashamed that he behaved so much like a native. One day Hettie and her papa failed to agree upon an important point, when he said: "You are no longer my good little daughter." She immediately melted into tears and exclaimed, in pure Hindoo: "Then I will be your Honor's little slave!"—a purely native idea and expression. I mention these two incidents to show the power of Hindooism even over Europeans, and the difficulty of resisting its influence. Children born of European parents, and brought up here, become more or less Hindooized, and unless carefully watched and taught, will adopt the native manners, ideas, language, food and superstitions as naturally as a bird plumes its feathers.—*Wm. Mansell, M. D., India.*

THE oldest living boatman is said to be David Burns, who lives at Burns' Landing, on the Kentucky River, and is ninety years of age. He has walked from New Orleans to Frankfort six times,