

# The Weekly Gazette.

NEW SERIES—VOL. 7, NO. 2.

LANCASTER, OHIO, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1852.

WHOLE NO. 1390.

## The Weekly Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING.  
GEORGE WEAVER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.  
John H. Wright, Printer.  
OFFICE—Talmadge Buildings—Third Floor—  
Main Street—South Side.  
TERMS—\$1.75 per annum in advance.

Thursday Evening, May 6, 1852.

**THE LEGISLATURE—Bogus Democracy.**—Mr. McCall, a Whig member of the Legislature from Harrison county, moved on Saturday, to suspend the rules of the House to enable him to offer the following resolution:

Resolved, that the Auditor of State be, and he is hereby required to furnish this House immediately with—

1st. A statement of the expenses of the General Assembly from 1848 to the close of 1851, and, as far as practicable, the certain or probable expenses of the present session of the Legislature up to the 31st day of May, 1852.

2d. A statement of the amount paid for the Legislative printing, including the laws and Ohio Reports, of the two sessions preceding the present, and, as far as practicable, the anticipated expenses to be paid for such printing during the present session of the General Assembly up to the 31st day of May, 1852.

3d. A statement of the payments made to the clerks and sergeants-at-arms, and their assistants, and messengers of the Senate and House of Representatives annually, from 1848 to the end of the present session inclusive, stating the facts in relation to each session under separate and distinct heads; also the names of the clerks, sergeants-at-arms and messenger-boys—the amount paid to each, and the amount to which each will be entitled to up to the 31st day of May, 1852.

These resolutions were promptly voted down, and the fact is worthy of consideration. We find an article in the *Zanesville Courier* upon this subject, a portion of which we copy below.

"This," says that paper, "so far as we recollect, the first time that any party in power has been bold enough to vote down a call for an exhibit of their own expenses."

It cannot fail to strike every right minded man with astonishment, and to satisfy him, that there is something rotten behind the screen—something which "the friends of the new Constitution" were afraid or ashamed to expose to the light of day. It is equivalent to an admission—it is in effect a public acknowledgment—that they are unwilling to submit their own doings to a comparison with those of other Legislatures.

"We have heard it rumored all winter that our present Legislature were permitting an extravagant and shameful waste of the public money, that they had a corps of clerks, and sergeant-at-arms, and assistants, and messengers, averaging about forty-five in number and reaching sometimes as high as fifty-four; quartered upon the State treasury—all, except the messengers, at four dollars a day."

If these things are true, no wonder the exposure should be unpleasant; but they need not hope to escape detection always.

"They can only defend it for a season.—Nor can they reasonably hope to avert the public vengeance, which is already in store for them. No efforts at covering up will ever induce the people of Ohio, to again trust their interests, into the hands of those who constitute the present majority, in the Ohio Legislature. No! after the adjourned session, its like will never be looked upon again."

**NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.**—The *Lancaster Daily Gazette* comes to us much enlarged and in a new dress. It is a capital Whig journal, and friend WEAVER is an editor who deserves abundant success.

The *Zanesville Daily Courier* has also put on a new becoming suit, an evidence of appreciation we are glad to note in the Whig dailies of Central Ohio.—*Cleveland Herald.*

**EFFECTS OF DELUSION.**—In one of the southern towns of Herkimer county, N. Y., there is a lamentable exhibition of the effects of what is called Spiritualism, in the person of a young man of fine talents and heretofore of much promise. He believes himself commissioned to cure disease by direction of spirits. He refuses to speak or to take food, and his friends fear he will recover from the mental delusion.

**SNOW AT THE NORTH.**—The snow is yet 4 feet deep in some of the hill towns on each side of the Connecticut in the vicinity of Windsor, Vermont, and Claremont, N. H. A letter from Livermore, Me., states that the snow now averages from one to two feet in depth in the roads in that town. On the 28th ult., there were three feet of snow on the Catalh mountain, and travel was much impeded.

**THE SPECIE MOVEMENT.**—The amount of gold deposited in the United States Mint during the month of April has been \$3,970,000. The official statement will vary but little from this amount. During this period the entire shipments of specie from this country to Europe have been only eight thousand dollars, while the receipts of coin amounted to probably a couple of hundred thousand dollars.

**MONUMENT AT WASHINGTON, IN NEW YORK.**—A bronze equestrian statue, in honor of Washington, is about to be erected in the city of New York. It is to be fourteen feet in height, exclusive of the pedestal. Messrs. Greenough and Brown, two distinguished artists, are already engaged in preparing the design.

**A FUGITIVE TAKEN IN ENGLAND.**—William H. Burnett, a corn dealer, of Gloucester, England, who committed forgeries to the amount of £20,000, and fled to this country, and was arrested in Indiana, was taken back on Wednesday last in the steamer America, from Boston.

**THE JUDGES OF UTAH.**—The Washington Telegraph learns from good authority that Judge Brocius and Branderbury, now in that city, have been informed by the President that they must depart for the sphere of their duties or expect the Executive to adopt the only alternative left him.

**THE TWO ICE-BOUND VESSELS.**—Mr. William Duncan, in a letter to the *New York Herald*, confirms the statement of Captain Crawford in regard to having seen two vessels in an iceberg, supposed to be the ships of Sir John Franklin.

**GAMBLERS IN CLEVELAND.**—The *Herald* says, "the gambling brigade has departed from our city. The power of public opinion properly directed, has forced them to leave, and we feel sure that if they dare again pursue their disgraceful practices here, they will suffer the severest penalties which the laws inflict. Two or three yet remain, but they are marked men, and the first attempt at swindling will consign them to the Penitentiary."

**SENATORIAL DELEGATES.**—John Sherman, Esq., of Mansfield, has been designated by the District Delegates, as Senatorial Delegate. Hon. S. F. Vinton, it will be remembered, is the other delegate.

**IT WAS ONLY A SUSPICION.**—"Governor Wood," says the *Hamilton Telegraph*, "who was supposed last fall of being a Democrat, nominated Adams, a rampant Whig, as State House Commissioner, but the Senate refused to ratify the appointment.—*Mt. Vernon Banner.*"

The compliment from two of his friends will be duly appreciated by the Governor. He desired to put the most competent man in the Board, but the Senate overruled him, and his Democracy is impeached. We desire our Whig friends to remember this.

**RESIGNATION OF SENATOR RHETT.**—A despatch from Columbia, South Carolina, announces that the Hon. R. Barnwell Rhett has resigned his seat in the United States Senate. The Charleston Mercury, a warm advocate of Mr. Rhett's peculiar views, in noticing the resignation, says: "Mr. Rhett has certainly filled that place with high ability and a single-hearted devotion to the State; but of so little account now appears to us the value of our representation at Washington, that we can neither much rejoice at any one being elected to the office, nor greatly grieve at any one leaving it. All good men can find something to do at home."

**HORRIBLE MASSACRE IN THE INDIAN OCEAN.**—A Maulmain paper contains an account of shocking massacres, and the destruction of vessels, at one of the Nicobar Islands. A crew of forty-five persons belonging to a Coringee craft, had been seized by the natives, taken on shore, and all but one massacred. An English bark had also been boarded, the captain, mate and two English passengers murdered, and a European lady and her child, a little baby not two years old, taken captive. For four days the lady was the victim of her brutal abuse, when death put an end to her sufferings; and she was no sooner dead than they hacked the child to pieces with their knives.

**QUICK PASSAGE OF AN AMERICAN SHIP.**—Quite a sensation has been created in the English commercial world by the arrival of the American clipper ship "Witch of the Wave" at London, after a run of ninety days from Canton to the Downs—the shortest passage on record. Up to this period the British have retained a nominal advantage in the navigation of this route, one of their traders having accomplished the distance, in a few days shorter time than any American or other craft; but by this recent achievement of one of our clipper fleet, their last dream of fancied superiority has been dispelled.

**THE DAY BOOK INTIMATES** that New York may be afflicted with another Forrest trial. It says that Mrs. Forrest, or rather Miss Sinclair, having offended some of the witnesses who swore her through the perils of the late trial, had taken against her, and accused her of more crimes than those sworn to by Ann Flowers. They have been to Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Forrest, and informed them of the indiscretion and familiarities of their late patronesses, and stirred up jealousy to a new trial.

**MARKING NEWSPAPERS.**—A circular from the First Assistant Postmaster General decides that marking an advertisement in a newspaper, sent by mail, does not subject the package to letter postage.

**SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN.**—A number of ladies and gentlemen, lovers of art, have concerted to institute in New York city a school of design for women, to be under the charge of seven ladies and nine gentlemen as a joint advisory committee.

**MISSIONS.**—The Missionary society of the M. E. Church has appropriated \$200,000 for the ensuing year, and a mission to India is contemplated; also, enlargement of the California mission.

**A LARGE NUMBER OF SLAVES** were sold at Aiken, Georgia, last week, at prices ranging from \$700 to 1,400, averaging \$905 each.

**SINCE THE 7th ultimo**, Bishop Chase has confirmed 419 persons in the Episcopal churches of New York and Brooklyn.

**REDUCTION OF TOLLS.**—The Pennsylvania Railroads have made an important reduction in their rates of toll. Dry goods are now carried at the rate of 90 cents per hundred pounds, which heretofore cost \$1.12.

**GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI.**—We learn from the St. Louis papers that Gen. Doniphan had declined the nomination of Governor, tendered him by the Missouri Whig State Convention.

**CHOLERA.**—The St. Louis Signal learns that there have been several cases of cholera at St. Joseph, with some deaths. It has, as yet, heard the name of but one victim, Mr. James Roberts, of Ohio.

**TRIAL OF BISHOP DOANE.**—It is stated that the Bishops of Virginia, Ohio and Maine, have come to the conclusion to present for trial Bishop Doane, of New Jersey.

**FOUR TIMES BETTER THAN GOLD.**—Arkansas is said to be the only State where the mineral called lapis lazuli is found. It is worth four times its weight in gold.

**THE AMOUNT OF CANAL TOLLS** received at Albany for the first nine days of navigation was \$17,112 98 against \$21,235 81 in the corresponding days of 1851.

**SPURKS AND POLITICANS.**—A surgeon dentist, who operates somewhere in Massachusetts, relates in the *Kniecherbocker* the following anecdote of the spunk and politeness of an Irish servant girl, under "trying circumstances," which is altogether too good to be lost:—"I took, lately," he writes, "with a world of winking, an immense molar from the right lower jaw of a stout Irish 'help.' She bore it all without seeming to be aware of what I was doing. After the tooth was out, she said, looking up to me with an air of confiding sincerity, 'I was sorry to trouble you, doctor, so much, me teeth always com hard; but I couldn't help it. It was mighty hard wurrick, so it was, for ye.'"

**IRITABLE CHRISTIANS.**—The following is cut from the Religious Magazine, and commended to Christians of irritable temperament:—"There was a lefey man who often became quite vexed at finding his little grand children in his study. One day one of these little children was standing by his mother's side, and she was speaking to him of Heaven. "Ma," says he, "I don't want to go to Heaven. "Don't want to go to Heaven, my son!" "No, ma, I'm sure I don't." "Why not, my son?" "Why, grandpa will be there, won't he?" "Why, yes, I hope he will." "Well just as soon as he sees us, he will come scolding a long, and say, 'When, when, what are those boys here for?' I don't want to go to Heaven if grandpa is going to be there."

**BANKS AND BANK DOINGS.**—Since yesterday we have heard that the Trust Company also intend winding up. This may be, and we hope is only a rumor. Certain it is, however, that Banks, doing only a fair business, cannot pay the State Tax, and return a dividend to their Stockholders. The consequence is, that the business men must depend upon those who make the community pay the Tax.—*Cin. Sun.*

**THE LONDON MONEY MARKET.**—A letter from London, to the *New York Commercial Advertiser*, states "that some vent for the surplus capital in England must speedily be found, as the rate of interest will steadily decline until that event takes place. The utmost interest, he says, can now be obtained on short loans in 14 or 15 per cent., so that the margin for redemption is already brought within the narrowest limits."

**MONEY IS BECOMING MORE ABUNDANT**, and can be effected on a hypothecation of stock, at from 6 to 7 per cent. per annum.—In some instances, however, are refusing to open new accounts and allow 6 per cent.—*Cin. Gaz.*

**CASS ON COFFINS.**—Some wicked wag, in a Virginia paper, we see, publishes an advertisement of Raymond's Metallic Burial Case, with a certificate from General Cass attached, conveying his "impression that it is the best article known for transporting the dead to their final resting place."

**MAINE DISASTERS.**—In the gale of April 10, of Newfoundland, sailing vessels to the number of 50 or 60 were wrecked in the ice, with a loss of a number of lives. One hundred sailors who escaped, reached the island in a starving condition. Upwards of a thousand shipwrecked sailors had reached Greensford.

**MISS DOUBIS** says the first time a coat sleeve encircled her waist, she felt as if she was in a pavilion built of rainbows, the window-sills of which were composed of zolian harps. That young women should have her feet soaked.

**QUESTION FOR EXERCISE.**—A bulky horse being given, required the power necessary to make him budge. Multiply the number of fools hailing at him by the square root of the boy who is twisting his tail, the quotient will be the answer.

**THE BURNED DISTRICT**, in this city, presents a lively scene. On the 16th, of the two principal squares, workmen are industriously employed, clearing away rubbish, and starting new buildings. Go on.—*St. Gaz.*

**LANCASTER GAZETTE.**—This paper of April 30th, comes to us much enlarged and in a beautiful new dress. Glad to see such evidences of prosperity in the Gazette, and wish its proprietor immense pecuniary success.—*Portsmouth Dispatch.*

**MAINE LAW IN INDIANA.**—The Indiana Legislature has killed the Maine law by a sweeping majority in both houses, and passed a law appropriating \$50,000 to aid the colonization of free negroes of that state.

**MARKING NEWSPAPERS.**—A circular from the First Assistant Postmaster General decides that marking an advertisement in a newspaper, sent by mail, does not subject the package to letter postage.

**SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN.**—A number of ladies and gentlemen, lovers of art, have concerted to institute in New York city a school of design for women, to be under the charge of seven ladies and nine gentlemen as a joint advisory committee.

**MISSIONS.**—The Missionary society of the M. E. Church has appropriated \$200,000 for the ensuing year, and a mission to India is contemplated; also, enlargement of the California mission.

**A LARGE NUMBER OF SLAVES** were sold at Aiken, Georgia, last week, at prices ranging from \$700 to 1,400, averaging \$905 each.

**SINCE THE 7th ultimo**, Bishop Chase has confirmed 419 persons in the Episcopal churches of New York and Brooklyn.

**REDUCTION OF TOLLS.**—The Pennsylvania Railroads have made an important reduction in their rates of toll. Dry goods are now carried at the rate of 90 cents per hundred pounds, which heretofore cost \$1.12.

**GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI.**—We learn from the St. Louis papers that Gen. Doniphan had declined the nomination of Governor, tendered him by the Missouri Whig State Convention.

**CHOLERA.**—The St. Louis Signal learns that there have been several cases of cholera at St. Joseph, with some deaths. It has, as yet, heard the name of but one victim, Mr. James Roberts, of Ohio.

**TRIAL OF BISHOP DOANE.**—It is stated that the Bishops of Virginia, Ohio and Maine, have come to the conclusion to present for trial Bishop Doane, of New Jersey.

**FOUR TIMES BETTER THAN GOLD.**—Arkansas is said to be the only State where the mineral called lapis lazuli is found. It is worth four times its weight in gold.

**THE AMOUNT OF CANAL TOLLS** received at Albany for the first nine days of navigation was \$17,112 98 against \$21,235 81 in the corresponding days of 1851.

## TELEGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE.

**From Pennsylvania.**  
**HARRISBURG, May 3.**—During the debate in the Senate on the general appropriation Bill, an amendment appropriating two thousand dollars to the Pa. Colonization Society was agreed to. The section authorizing the Governor and State Treasurer to negotiate a loan of \$5,000,000 and issue their 5 per cent Coupon bonds to liquidate the 6 per cent loan, falling due in 1852 & 3, was agreed to without division.

**From Cincinnati.**  
**CINCINNATI, May 5.**—The National Free Soil Convention is to be held in Cleveland on the 4th of August.  
The steamer *Susquehanna*, receiving freight this port for Pittsburgh, took fire in the hold. After several unsuccessful attempts to extinguish it, the boat was run on Columbia bar, scuttled and sunk. 100 bales of cotton and 160 hhd sugar were on board. Two-thirds of her cargo was fortunately yet on the wharf.

**Printers' National Convention.**  
**CINCINNATI, May 5.**—A resolution recommending the abolition of Sunday work was discussed and adopted unanimously.  
The following was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we will not admit any Printer to membership in our respective Unions, coming from any city or town in which may be an association of printers at the time of his departure, without producing his certificate of membership from his association, or if there be no association, satisfactory evidence of having served a regular apprenticeship.

**From Virginia.**  
**RICHMOND, May 4.**—The Democrats of the 5th Virginia District have elected delegates to the National Convention without instructions. All but two favor Buchanan.

**Maine Law in Indiana.**  
**BALTIMORE, May 4.**—A committee of the Virginia House of Delegates to whom the subject has been referred, have reported against the Maine liquor law.

**Fillmore in New York.**  
**BUFFALO, May 4.**—Six towns in Erie county elected 18 Fillmore delegates to the Whig Convention.

**Arrival of the Europa.**  
**NEW YORK, May 6—P. M.**—The *Europa* arrived at 5 1/2 o'clock. She brings 52 passengers. General news of little importance. Cotton closed on Friday firm; but not buoyant. Breadstuffs in good demand. Money plenty; rate of discount at Bank of England 2 per cent. Consols touching 99 1/2.  
Ship *Futah Sallah* left Madras December 3d, with 234 natives, emigrants for Mauritius, and during the gale of the 23d, the hatches were fastened down, and every one perished of suffocation.

**Western Canal.** Philadelphia and Baltimore four 20s 6d to 21s; Ohio 21s to 21s 6d. White corn 21s 3d to 21s 9d; yellow 30s to 30s 6d; which only advanced 3s. Gardner quotes wheat advanced 1 penny; flour 6d; corn 6d to 5s. He also quotes new beefs 2d 6s to 5s higher.

**Peruvian Legation in London** cations all vessels against the shipping of the Islands of Laysan, Terra del Guano, without permission of the Peruvians, under penalty of confiscation. Thursday, in the House of Commons, the subject of abolishing the stamp on newspapers and duty on advertisements, came up. Milnor Gilson made a long speech in favor of abolishing all taxes on knowledge, and introduced a resolution to that effect. The Chancellor of the Exchequer looked upon the question as one of revenue. We can not afford to lose a million and a half per annum by this. At this suggestion the question was postponed till Friday week.

**J. W. North Bullen** has written a letter to the *London Times*, denying that the Guano Islands of the Lardies belong to Peru, as they were not enumerated among her possessions when she declared her independence.

**Ship Brilliant** arrived in Downs from Australia, with gold to the amount of £217,000. She reports that the ship *Statesman* was to sail in February with 8000 ounces. The *Oristes* sloop of war captured a Spanish slaver in the Mozambique Channel, after a desperate resistance.

A telegraphic despatch from Vienna says the prosecutions against the mother and sister of Kosuth were stopped. They are to be allowed to come to America.

The cholera has again broke out in Persia.

**FRANCE.**—The *Patric* announces officially that the President has no intention of proclaiming an Empire.

**From Washington.**  
**WASHINGTON, May 6.**—The House was engaged to-day upon the homestead bill, and the Senate upon the deficiency bill.  
Several bills were reported, granting rights for railroads to Western and South-western States.

The House will adjourn from the 13th to the 17th of May, to have the Hall put in summer trim.

The Michigan railroad bill passed the Senate.

**WASHINGTON, May 7.**—House.—Mr. Stanton, of Kentucky, read a long report from the committee on Printing. Report states that Boyd Hamilton, the contractor for the public printing, had in no instance complied with the terms of his contract. That committee had contracted with Donaldson & Armstrong, of the Union, and Gideon and Co., of the Republic, for what work Hamilton could not execute. He explained the grounds of the action of the committee. The House having instructed the committee to let out the printing to the lowest bidder, they report that it is illegal, and that they cannot comply with the requirements of the instruction.

Report of committee after long debate, was postponed until Wednesday.

**Senate.**—Private calendar postponed for the day in order to take up the deficiency bill. Mr. Cass advocated increasing aid to the Collins line, and continued up to adjournment.

**From the Rio Grande.**  
**NEW ORLEANS, May 3.**—Dates have been received from Brownsville to the 28th inst. Great excitement prevailed at Rio Grande city, in consequence of the murder of Mr. Patton, a respectable merchant, by the Mexicans. A number of citizens pursued and overtook the murderers and lynched them. Also, a party of six men belonging to an organized band formed for robbing and murdering Americans. The murderers professed to act under Gen. Canales, and say Canales intends to capture Brownsville. The settlers are preparing to receive him.

**THE PREPARATIONS** for the Navy religious anniversary are going on rapidly in New York. The first meetings will take place on Sunday, the 9th inst.

## Friday Evening, May 7, 1852

**APPROPRIATION OF LANDS.**—The new law for appropriating the lands of citizens of this State for railroad or other purposes is published. It provides for a trial by jury of twelve men. The agent of the company is to make out a description of the property to be appropriated and the names of the owners and file the statement with the Probate Judge. He then has the Clerk and Sheriff to select the jurors and these make actual view of the premises. After their return to court, witnesses may be examined, but if over three are called, the party calling them pay the fee of the additional ones. The jury then assess the damages, and the costs are paid by the company. The Probate Judge may, for good reason shown, grant a new trial, or the case can be taken up on the Court of Common Pleas. In this case, the party, at whose instance the writ of certiorari was issued, shall pay the costs, should the judgment below be affirmed. In either case, should the assessment be increased, the corporation pays the increased amount to the owner of the property; and should it be decreased, the owner pays back the difference to the company. These are the main features of the law, which in some respects may be superior to the old one; yet it seems to us that in many instances unnecessary delay will be created. Under the new Constitution, the Courts, we thought, were framed to facilitate justice.

**A NEWSPAPER.**—The *Boston Times* says that a man eats up a pound of sugar, and the pleasure he has enjoyed is ended; but the information he gets from a newspaper is treasured up in the mind to be enjoyed anew, and to be used whenever occasion or inclination calls for it. A newspaper is not the wisdom of one man or two men; it is the wisdom of the age and the past ages too. A family without a newspaper is always half an age behind the times in general information, besides they never find much to talk about.—And then there are little ones growing up in ignorance without any taste for reading.—Besides all these evils, there's the wife, who, when her work is done, has to sit down with her hands in her lap and nothing to amuse her, or divert her mind from the trials and cares of domestic life. Who, then, would be without a newspaper?

**THE HOMESTEAD BILL.**—It is now stated, upon reliable authority, that this bill cannot become a law and will therefore be tabled by the present Congress. It has served the purpose of those members of Congress who desired to make speeches to the people and not for the people, and having thus satisfied themselves and wasted a large portion of the valuable time of Congress, the measure will be permitted to rest in the hope that at some future day it can be inserted upon some party banner and serve the purpose of catching votes. As much as the people ridicule the Ohio Legislature, we do not know that the latter body greatly surpassed the former in doing nothing.

**POLITICAL PROFLIGACY.**—To pass an apportionment law, disfranchising over one-half the Whig voters in Ohio, and give us an excuse that the Whig party might have done a similar thing, had they been in power. See the last *Eagle*. If any honest man in the Democratic party can stand this, when he once looks at it with a desire to do right, we must confess that we know nothing of human nature. None but tyrants and despots are guilty of robbing the people of their rights, and it is immaterial whether a king of majority do this, it is equally unjust and despotic.

**WE ARE NOT AT ALL SURPRISED** that the *Eagle* fails to understand how the Whig party can be united from principle and not from spoils. The individual who never practices charity, knows nothing of the feeling it creates nor the happy results it produces.

**MISSOURI.**—The Bentonites and Anti-Bentonites are still carrying on their warfare in this State, and it seems that a union has become impossible. "All things work together for good."

**THE EAGLE SAYS** "the new Constitution is still in the hands of its friends." If it remains there much longer the money of the people will be in the pockets of the same individuals.

**TAX ON BANKS.**—The *Eaton Democrat*, a strenuous Locofoco paper has its say about the Banks and the Tax Law.  
Rumors have been afloat in our community, that the Eaton Bank has determined to go into liquidation. We can inform our readers that this is not the case. The bank will do business as usual, notwithstanding the operations of the New Tax Law, under the provisions of which it does not intend to come. If it is true, as is asserted, that Banks are taxed more than individuals, we are glad that they are determined to resist the law, for by that proceeding, the true position of matters, and the constitutionality of the law, will be tested by the proper tribunal, the Supreme Court. The bank at this place, has expressed a willingness to pay taxes as individuals, and we do not think it just that it should be asked to pay any more. Banks should be compelled "to bear an equal burden of taxation with other property;" so more, no less!

**LANCASTER DAILY GAZETTE.**—This excellent paper has been enlarged and much improved in appearance. It is now one of the best looking little dailies in the State, edited, as usual, with much ability. If the people of Lancaster understand their own interests, they will give it a liberal support.—*Portsmouth Tribune and Chipper.*

**FRIEND WEAVER** of the *Lancaster Gazette* has enlarged and improved his *Daily*. We take this as an evidence that the enterprise is no longer an experiment, but a "fixed fact." We wish the *Gazette* continued and increased prosperity.—*Piquette Register.*

**YALE COLLEGE.**—The annual exercises of the Junior Class took place on the 14th ult. The prize for an English composition was awarded to Young Wing, a Chinese.

**WHIG PROSPECTS.**—After brooding over the distractions in the Locofoco ranks, and in relation thereto maintaining the proud position of a silent neutrality, our neighbor of the *Eagle* has suddenly awakened out of his long sleep and thinks he sees something in the action of less than a dozen inferior members of Congress to give him a hope of holding the Whig party in the same predicament. He need not feel alarmed. So far as Kentucky, North Carolina and Tennessee is concerned, States which generally vote for the Whig candidate, the action of the men representing these States do not give us any cause of alarm whatever. Their men of influence and standing with the party are with us, with the Whig party, for the Whig candidate, and we can assure our neighbor that he need not feel alarmed for us, and can confine his services towards consolidating his own party; and now that he has for once discovered that his friends are alienated from one another, we hope he will let his readers understand for once how men of the same faith are fighting against each other for the national spoils. Suppose, by the way of variety, he copies a few paragraphs from the leading organ of the Democracy.—It will add interest to his columns.

**CONGRESS.**—We have but little to report of the doings of this body. They are doing scarcely anything. They occupy their time in laboring to advance the pretensions of candidates for the Presidency, and for this receive eight dollars per day. Upon this subject we extract the following from a Washington correspondent of the *Baltimore Sun*, whose known proclivities towards the majority party will save him from being charged with "slandering" the men who have control in that body:

"Congress is too much absorbed in Presidential making to make much progress in any of their appropriate business. Of all the measures that were brought to the notice of Congress in the President's Message, on proper subjects of legislation, not one has yet been acted upon, or even noticed. The committees, if they have done anything, have not had an opportunity to make reports of what they have done. The evils of Congressional inactivity in Presidential making, is beginning to be felt as the great evil of the day, and either it must be abolished or the government itself must be destroyed."

**THE APPOINTMENT BILL.**—The Apportionment Bill has passed the House and will not doubt go through the Senate on the fast line. It is an abominable thing a monster of iniquity! Athens, Meigs, Vinton, Hocking, Fairfield and Perry counties, Senator Smith's Congressional District. Why did he not take in Licking, Monroe and Guernsey, and then stride over into the Northwest and attach Allen Van Wert and a few more counties and thus make "assurance doubly sure" As it is it makes over the largest District in the State—some sixteen or seventeen thousand above the ratio, and thirty-five thousand above one of the Hamilton Districts! But that makes no difference—Smith must go to Congress, or Government can't long survive—hence the course of his residence must be attached to a lubberly, overgrown monster.

**THE BILL MAKES** four Whig Districts, in which the average Whig majorities will be about 2200—thus swallowing up all the Whig counties possible. This infamous transaction will be heard of before the election.—*Mark that!—Athens Messenger.*

**A GREAT COAL MINE.**—On the steamer *Logan*, that arrived here Thursday, there were several specimens of coal taken from the mines several miles back of Cloverport, Ky. Each of the pieces weighs about 800 pounds and were taken from the surface of the earth. The coal was in possession of J. W. Johnson, one of a company from New York, who recently purchased the ground embracing the range of the coal. This coal district was first sold for five dollars per acre, some years since, and it was subsequently purchased by a speculator for the sum of \$10,000. He has since sold out to the present owners for a handsome sum of \$100,000. The mines have been worked but very little, and are almost inexhaustible. The coal burns like gas, and imparts great heat, and is accompanied by no dirt whatever. It will as readily ignite as a candle, and the steamboats use it instead of pine wood for torches.—*Louisville Courier.*

**FROM ROME.**—Some Americans had been arrested in Rome, about the 10th ultimo. Mr. Cass, the American charge d'affaires, had taken the matter up. One of the persons (probably Park Godwin, of New York) arrested was accused of publicly addressing the inhabitants and abusing the Papal government. These matters would, however, be presumed, be easily adjusted, as the Papal authorities were on good terms both with the United States Government and their representative resident in the Eternal City.

**EMIGRANTS FOR LIBERIA.**—The emigration to Liberia the present season under the auspices of the American Colonization Society has met with much success of previous years. This successful establishment of the Republic of Liberia, the good government and good country opened to the enjoyment of the free colored race, and the good reports from the residents therein, are doing much to aid the Colonization cause.

The Baltimore American states that the barque *Ralph Ross* will sail from that port for Liberia in a few days with some two hundred emigrants, the largest number that has sailed in one vessel since the origin of the Colonization enterprise.

**LATEST STREAK FROM THE SPIRIT WORLD.**—We learn that the party who constitute a "spirit circle" in this city, had a very important revelation on Saturday night last. They ascertained through the "medium," that a revelation had broken out in France, and that at the time of making the announcement, the insurrectionists were cutting each others throats in the streets of Paris. The arrival of the next steamer will of course be looked for with considerable interest; and in the mean time it would be well for the incredulous to "stick a pin there."—*Dayton Empire.*

**IRELAND.**—The *Galway Mercury* states that so great is