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## OHIO TO VOTE ON DRY AMENDMENT

### Anti-Saloon League To Submit It To People This Fall

### Trustees Vote To Fight It Out—Decision Means The Entering Upon A Terrific Struggle For The Perpetuation Or Total Abolition Of The Liquor Traffic In This State—Amendment A Counter Proposal To That Of The Wet Forces

Columbus, July 2.—A majority of trustees of the Ohio Anti-Saloon league, having voted to fight it out this year, the executive committee of the league cast the die and announced there would be submitted to the people this fall a straight prohibition amendment to the constitution as a counter proposal to that of the wets to write into the constitution a clause forbidding the legislature to pass a state prohibitory law and to make invalid the county option law.

The decision, which means the entering upon the biggest struggle for the perpetuation or destruction of the liquor traffic the state has had for many years was announced by Chairman A. M. Courtenay of the executive committee. Immediate way for the contest was cleared by obtaining approval of the form of the wet amendment by Secretary of State Graves and of the form of the dry amendment by Attorney General Hogan. Petition blanks on which each of the contestants must obtain 105,000 signatures by Aug. 4 were sent out. In the amendment the dries give the saloons eighteen months in which to close business should the people vote prohibition.

Chairman Courtenay in his announcement pointed out that the wets had forced the contest this year by demanding that the Ohio constitution shall go further than that of any other state by forbidding any advance in temperance legislation. He said this belied the claim of the wets that they were satisfied with the license system and that they would not inject the liquor issue into "important campaigns where men and other measures are issues."

Concluding his announcement he says: "The trustees of the Ohio Anti-Saloon league, representing the various religious denominations, as well as affiliating organizations, accept the challenge of the brewers and with faith in the patriotism and high moral purpose of the voters, submit to them the proposal to end the persistent attempts of the liquor men to force their destructive traffic upon the people by eliminating every saloon, brewery and distillery in the state. In this crucial contest we invite the co-operation of every organization in favor of the abolition of the liquor traffic and invoke the blessing of Almighty God."

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## REBEL GENERALS TO MEET

Would End Definitely The Friction Between Villa and Carranza. El Paso, Tex., July 2.—That the officers under General Pablo Gonzalez, commander of the northeastern division of the Carranza forces, will confer with General Villa's brigade commanders with a view to definitely ending the friction between Villa and Carranza, is the statement of a Carranza supporter who reached El Paso from Saltillo. The meeting of the generals, it is reported, will take place in the next week at some point near Torreon.

## EACH STANDS PAT

House and Senate Deadlocked on the Mileage Question.

Washington, July 2.—The two houses of congress are deadlocked on the provision in the legislative bill allowing mileage expenses for senators and representatives. Each house is standing pat and in order to get the bill through it may be necessary for President Wilson to act as a referee or mediator. The house wants to fix the mileage allowance at 5 cents, instead of 20 cents a mile as at present. The senate insists that the old rate of 20 cents a mile shall stand.

## TEN ARRESTS MADE FOR BOY'S ABDUCTION

New York, July 2.—Frank Longo, eight, who was stolen from his father and mother, in telling of his experience, said that at times he felt so hopeless and hungry in the dark rooms where his captors, a man and a woman, held him that one day he tried to kill himself with a knife. The boy was kidnaped May 13 last. His parents paid \$700 ransom in marked bills.

These bills led to the arrest of nine men and ten women, all Italians. Macallusi, a grocer, is among the prisoners.

For Working Women. Dayton, July 2.—The trustees of the Y. W. C. A. decided to secure a new building, as an addition to the home for working women.

## REPUBLICAN LEADER UPHOLDS GRAVES' RULING

Columbus, July 2.—That the supreme court in 1908 upheld the primary law, basing party affiliation on having voted with the party at the last previous general election, has been pointed out by Benjamin F. James of Bowling Green, member of the Republican state executive com-

mittee, in the protest he filed with Secretary of State Graves against any reconsideration by the secretary of state of his recent holding that all former Republicans who voted the Bull Moose ticket in 1912 are not entitled to take part in the Republican primary this year.

## FIRST PICTURES SHOWING GREAT DAMAGE DONE BY BIG STORM IN PARIS



1—HOW STREET IN PARIS GAVE WAY UNDER SURFACE TRACKS—2—HOW PARIS SEWERS WERE EXPOSED—

These pictures are the first to reach America from Paris since the recent storm there. This storm was so sudden and severe that streets were undermined and caved in, and several lives were lost. Much property damage was done. Great gaping holes were left in the paved streets, exposing the great sewers of Paris and leaving the surface tracks suspended in the air. Americans in Paris at the time said the citizens feared for awhile that the whole city was going to sink into the ground.

## FATAL FIGHT IN JAIL

Youngstown, O., July 2.—C. B. Price, a musician, died in a hospital from a fractured skull from his being assaulted in the city jail. Price had been locked up for intoxication, with several others, among them John Peterson, colored, of Pittsburgh. A fight among the prisoners took place and Price was beaten up and his skull fractured. Paterson is held.

## COAL STRIKE HITS CUPID

St. Clairsville, O., July 2.—The large decrease in the number of marriage licenses issued during June in Belmont county is blamed on the mine strike. Each month of the three months the men have been out of work has shown a decrease.

## 6 PER CENT CUT IN RATES

Columbus, July 2.—State industrial commissioners, announcing an average 6 per cent cut in premium rates to employers in the workmen's compensation fund, declared that Ohio sells more insurance for less money than any agency, state or commercial, in North America. Ohio's workmen's insurance protection now covers more than 600,000 employees and 13,800 employers.

## GIRL'S LEG CUT OFF

Kenton, O., July 2.—Caroline Guider, nine, fell in front of a mowing machine and her right foot was cut off. A year ago her father fell into a stone crusher and lost one of his legs.

## MEXICAN MIDDLE STILL UNSOLVED

### South American Diplomats Bring Their Work to An End.

## HUERTA ENVOYS DISAPPOINTED

American Delegates No More Pleased Than the Mexicans at the Decision of the Mediators to Abandon Their Efforts For Restoration of Peace in the Southern Republic—Statement of Mediators.

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 2.—The three South American diplomats who undertook to seek a solution to the Mexican problem brought their work to an end without having found that solution. The closing of the mediation conferences was marked by a formal luncheon given by the mediators. All the members of the American and Mexican delegations were present. The formal statement by which Ambassador Da Gama of Brazil and Ministers Naon and Suarez of Argentina and Chile virtually admitted that they had abandoned hope, took the form of a speech made by the Brazilian envoy. After declaring that he and his colleagues had never disagreed, Senor Da Gama announced that the international conflict had been settled, thanks to the mediators, and that "so far we averted a war."

The optimism expressed by the ambassador of Brazil and his two colleagues does not appear, however, to be felt by anyone else connected with the mediation conference. The American delegates are no more pleased than the Mexicans at the sudden decision of the mediators to abandon their efforts in behalf of peace in Mexico. It is known here that the Washington government was quite willing to keep its representatives here until a solution had been found. Although sorely disappointed over the outcome of their fruitless labors, the Mexican delegates feel that they and the government which they represent have left no stone unturned in their effort to make peace.

No protocol has been signed as yet indicating when the American forces will be withdrawn from Vera Cruz. This has been left for consideration after the two Mexican factions agree on the new provisional government. It is expected that this protocol, along with others already signed, will be embodied later in a complete agreement to be signed by the Constitutionals, the Huerta delegates and American representatives. This would finally clear up all points of international difference and fix a date for the recognition of the new government.

Time's flight will frequently dismay With changes gradual but immense. The letter that you write today May startle you a few years hence. —Washington Star.

## LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

EAST BUFFALO, July 2. Cattle—Prime steers, \$9 10@9 45; shipping steers, \$8 40@9; butchers, \$7@8 75; heifers, \$7@8 50; cows, \$3 50@7; bulls, \$5 50@5 75; calves, \$2@3. Hogs—Heavy and mixed, \$8 85; Yorkers, \$8 75@8 85; pigs, \$3 50@3 75; stags, \$6@7; roughs, \$7 40@7 50. Sheep and Lambs—Yearlings, \$6@8 50; wethers, \$6 25@6 75; ewes, \$2 50@3 75; mixed sheep, \$5 75@6 25; lambs, \$7@9 50. Receipts—Cattle, 150; hogs, 2,200; sheep and lambs, 1,600; calves, 150.

CHICAGO, July 2. Cattle—Beeves, \$7 15@8 25; steers, \$6 90@8 20; stockers and feeders, \$5 75@7 80; cows and heifers, \$3 70@6 80; calves, \$6 75@9 75. Hogs—Light, \$8@8 40; mixed, \$8@8 45; heavy, \$7 90@8 42 1/2; rough, \$7 90@8 05; pigs, \$7 35@8 20. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$5 15@6 10; yearlings, \$6 25@7 25; lambs, \$4 50@7 90; spring lambs, \$6 50@9 10. Wheat—No. 2 red, 79 1/2@80 1/4; corn, No. 3, yellow, 65 1/2@68 3/4. Receipts—Cattle, 16,000; hogs, 31,000; sheep and lambs, 20,000.

CLEVELAND, July 2. Cattle—Choice fat steers, \$5 50@6; good to choice steers, \$8@8 50; heifers, \$7@8; cows, \$3 50@6 75; bulls, \$4@7 25; mothers and springers, \$3@3 50; calves, \$6@8 11. Hogs—Yorkers, light Yorkers, mixed, heavies, mediums and pigs, \$8 50; stags, \$6 20; roughs, \$7 50. Sheep and Lambs—Wethers, \$5 50@6; spring lambs, \$7@9 50.

CINCINNATI, July 2. Cattle—Steers, \$5 50@8 60; cows, \$3 25@5 50; heifers, \$4 50@8 40; calves, \$5@10 25. Hogs—Packers and butchers, \$8 40@8 50; common to choice, \$5 75@7 75; pigs and lights, \$4 75@8 50; stags, \$4 75@6 50. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$3@4 50; lambs, \$5 75@9 20. Receipts—Cattle, 70; hogs, 4,000; sheep and lambs, 7,000.

BOSTON, July 2. Wool—Ohio fleeces: Delaine washed, \$1@32; half blood combed, \$7@28; three eighths blood combed, \$7@28; delaine unwashed, \$7@28; fine unwashed, \$4@25. TOLEDO, July 2. Wheat, \$7; corn, 1 1/4; oats, 3/4; clover seed, \$8 20.

## WILL DISPOSE OF THE TRUST BILLS

### Democratic Senators Vote To Remain In Session

### Not Made Party Measures—Effort To Obtain A Caucus Pledge To "Pass" The Pending Bills Fails—Night Sessions To Be Held To Dispose Of Measures On Calendar—Opposition To Trade Board Bill Develops

Washington, July 2.—All hope for an early adjournment of congress before early fall disappeared when a caucus of Democratic senators voted to remain in Washington until the pending trust bills are disposed of.

In connection with this action an effort was made to obtain a caucus pledge to "pass" the pending anti-trust bills, but it failed. The original resolution was submitted to the caucus after a conference with President Wilson and after it had been approved by the steering committee of the senate. It provided that the session of congress should go on until the bills were passed.

The resolution was presented by Senator Stone. There was such a protest against the language of the resolution that it was modified so as not to bind any senator to vote for the "passage" of any of the three trust bills. Senator Pomerene of Ohio went on record as saying that he would not approve the Clayton bill with the exemption for labor unions. Senator Reed declared himself against the fifth section of the pending federal trade commission bill which forbids "unfair competition."

Many Democrats wanted to go home after the federal trade commission bill is passed, if it is ever put through. More than one of the Democrats present served notice that congress would not get away before September if the trust legislation was insisted upon. As passed finally the resolution read:

## CHARGE OF CONDUCTING A FAKE BUSINESS

Dayton, July 2.—Immediately upon giving a \$2,000 bond to insure his appearance before a federal grand jury, to which he was bound over, Carl F. Geyer was rearrested upon other charges of misuse of the mails. Elden Gray also was arrested. At the same time three other men alleged to be connected with them in enterprises with which fault has been found, were sought on warrants.

Warrants drawn by representatives of the federal government were issued for Howard Broenstrup, A. E. Patchin, Charles Snyder, Carl F. Geyer and Elden E. Gray, charged with participating in a conspiracy to defraud customers and creditors. They also are charged with misuse of the mails. All five men are alleged officials of the Mercantile Publicity company and of all or part of the thirty-five other companies formed to sell auto and bicycle tires, hosiery, neckwear, and a long list of other merchandise. It is said the various companies controlled by the quintet did business with approximately 3,000 newspapers in all parts of the United States.

Killed at Crossing. Newark, O., July 2.—Fred Nixon, sixty-five, of Malta, Morgan county, was killed while driving across the Ohio Electric tracks two miles east of here.

Found Dead On Treetop. Sunbury, O., July 2.—After hanging lifeless for several hours, the body of Thomas Lee was removed from the top of a cherry tree here. It is presumed that heart failure caused Lee's death.

## BODIES RECOVERED

Williamson, W. Va., July 2.—Rescuers who had worked steadily for fourteen hours completed an emergency tunnel into the burning mine of the Sycamore Coal company and found the bodies of the five miners imprisoned by the blast. The fire, despite the efforts of 100 men to quench it, still is burning fiercely.

## MARRIED MASHER

Cincinnati, July 2.—A warrant charging Carl Watts, thirty-one, contractor of Columbus, with violating the "married masher act," was sworn to in municipal court by Lulu Dennison, seventeen, of this city. The girl claims Watts proposed marriage to her.