

SUDDEN DEATH.—Dr. Beauchamp, of the parish of St. Landry, died suddenly at the boarding house of Madame Christine, in this city on Saturday last.

ANOTHER DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MOBILE.—Loss over Thirty Thousand Dollars.—Mobile has been visited with another disastrous fire, the particulars of which will be found in the following taken from the Evening News of Thursday:

We have taken some pains to gather up all the information we could obtain in reference to the recent fire on Royal street, and now find that our first estimate of the loss is short, rather than over the mark. Upon buildings alone the loss, as estimated by the owners, is \$100,000, while upon cotton—of which very nearly three thousand bales are ascertained to have been consumed—it will reach, at \$50 per bale, \$150,000.

SATURN'S RINGS.—Prof. Lovering, in one of his astronomical lectures recently delivered before the Lowell institute in Boston, spoke as follows concerning the famous rings of the planet Saturn:

It has been a question, of what these rings have been composed, and how they are sustained. Formerly it was believed they were a solid mass, but in 1851 George P. Bond advanced the theory that they were composed of a liquid substance. This hypothesis explains the different forms of the rings cannot be solid. They are supposed to be kept in their places by the attraction of the satellites.

AN ABOLITION COLLEGE.—"Artemas Ward" thus sums up briefly college life at Oberlin:

Oberlin is a large place. Kollidge opens with a prayer and the New York Tribune is read. A kollektion is then taken up to buy overcoats with red horn buttons on them for the indigent kullered people of Kanada. I have to kontribit librally to the glorious work as they call it hear. At the bordin house the kullered people sits at the first table—what they leave is made into hash for the white people.

P. S.—The Kollidge has bestowed upon me the honery title of K. T., of which I am sufficiently proud.

PERFUMES.—The French prepare more perfumes than any other people. In the south of France, and in Piedmont, vast crops of flowers are grown. Cannes and Nice furnish yearly about 13,000 lbs. of violet blossoms. Both cities are famous, also, for their orange blossoms, the latter producing 100,000 lbs., and the former double that quantity, and of a fine odor. Cannes abounds, too, in the Accacia Farnesiana, and affords yearly 9,000 lbs., of its finely scented blooms. Careful treatment is required to extract the ethereal oils. These are so largely mingled with other vegetable juices that 600 lbs., of rose leaves yield only about an ounce of otto of roses. The orange blossom, however is richer, and 500 lbs., of flowers yield about 2 lbs., of Neroly oil. One perfume manufactory at Cannes requires yearly about 140,000 lbs., of orange blossoms, 20,000 of accacia blossoms 140,000 lbs., rose leaves, 32,000 lbs., of jessamine blossoms, 20,000 lbs. of violet and 8000 lbs. of tuberose besides many other fragrant materials.

Almost every political editor assures his readers that his aim is to cultivate friendly relations with his contemporaries. If that is his "aim" he is a bad marksman.

THE ORDINANCE RELATIVE TO THE LANDING.

At the last meeting of the Council, the following ordinance was presented, but no action had thereon, for the reason that there was not a full meeting of the Board:

It is ordained by the Mayor and Board of Selectmen of the city of Baton Rouge, That from and after the ratification of this ordinance by the voters of this city, as hereinafter provided, the Board of Selectmen, shall elect, after due notice being given, a Wharfmaster, who shall be placed in possession of the landing, its revenues, and be protected in his rights by the city for the full term of his office, viz: one year.

Sec. 1. The city shall have regularly graded a portion of the landing, sufficient for the purpose of a steamboat landing, viz: 100 feet wide, descending in a gradual slope from the base of Levee street, to a point eight feet above low water mark, this landing to be at the most suitable point between the lower line of Main street and the old wharf. On the upper portion of this landing, the city shall build a double frame room, fronting on the line of Levee street, on the batture and about high water mark, the cost of this double room not to exceed \$200.

Sec. 2. The Wharfmaster shall be required to keep this grade and double room in perfect order and return them at the expiration of his term in like order to the city, under penalty of double the cost of restoring them in like condition, if this duty is thrown upon the city. He shall keep a suitable raised platform walk from the double waiting-room to the freight platform, and shall furnish for the reception of freight, a platform (loose and moveable) composed of two-inch plank, and covering an area of not less than fifty feet by twenty-five. This platform to be always within twenty-five feet (the lower line) of the water's edge. He shall keep a sufficiency of the best tarpaulins to cover the area of this platform, and for any temporary use, these tarpaulins, he shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$100, and be subjected to all damages arising from the loss or damage of freight caused by the inefficiency (in quality) of either platform or tarpaulins. At the expiration of his term, his successor shall be required to take these tarpaulins and platform off his hands at their appraised value.

Sec. 3. The double waiting-room shall be neatly kept, and only for the purpose of receiving passengers and baggage, or for those who are waiting for a boat. It shall not be fitted up with beds, nor shall it be used for any purposes of a shop or boarding house. The Wharfmaster shall keep a porter and not be allowed to charge persons waiting for boats. For any drunken person allowed to stay within the Wharfmaster shall be fined \$50. These fines to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace, before whom, shall also, all proceedings against the Wharfmaster by the city be instituted.

Sec. 4. The Wharfmaster shall pay into the City Treasury, in twelve monthly instalments, the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, to be secured by notes, with two available and sufficient endorsements on each.

Sec. 5. He shall be entitled to charge, for each steamboat from above Memphis putting out freight, the sum of three dollars—landing for mails and passengers only, or for freight, the amount of the charges being less than ten dollars, the sum of one dollar. For all boats below Memphis and above Baton Rouge, landing or taking on freight two dollars, charges upon which are shown for mails, or passengers alone, \$1. For all regular packages and boats running up Red River, or any of its tributaries, \$1. For each ringing of his call bell by request, twenty-five cents. For each lot of baggage, not exceeding three packages and received in the day-time and placed in his charge, twenty-five cents; received at night, fifty cents. And for the safety of all baggage received by him he shall be held responsible.

Sec. 6. He shall be allowed to make no charges for freight landed upon the wharf or platform, except when said freight is protected by his tarpaulins. For this and for the receiving and paying charges on freight he shall be allowed the customary charges. Nothing in this section or ordinance to be so construed as to prevent any person or agent from receiving or shipping freight free of charges.

Sec. 7. No freight received shall be allowed to lay upon this platform over twenty-four hours under a penalty of the costs of storage and drayage on said freight and ten per cent, on the storage, which shall be paid the Wharfmaster—who shall have the freight removed at the expiration of that time. Sugar and molasses or other heavy freight shall not be allowed to lay upon this platform in quantities, at any time to cover more than half of its area, and this portion not to be covered by the same freight more than twenty-four hours. This shall not apply to heavy freight being received and the owners of which are ready to remove it.—Freight not subject to be injured by exposure, such as brick, lumber, rough castings, etc., shall not be allowed to be placed upon this platform.

Sec. 8. The Wharfmaster shall be allowed to keep a good and substantial wharf-boat in addition to the requirements of this ordinance if he so chooses; but he shall not, at any time, under a penalty of fifty dollars for each complete day, moor her either directly opposite the old wharf or platform.

Sec. 9. The Wharfmaster shall be sworn in and have all the powers of a special constable.

Sec. 10. The rights and privileges of the coal-yard, with such restrictions as the mayor see fit to place upon it, to be sold to the highest bidder for the space of twelve months, for the benefit of the city.

Sec. 11. The revenues of the fatboat landing shall belong to the Wharfmaster; and all boats retailing at the landing, except its original load, shall come under the head of wholesale and retail merchants, be taxed accordingly, and be free from paying wharfage.

This ordinance shall be voted upon by the voters of the city, at the election to be held on the day of April. Those in favor will have on their ballots "wharf ordinance," those opposed, against the wharf ordinance."

AN ESQUIMAUX IN NEW YORK.—A meeting of the New York Geographical Society was held on the evening of the 8th instant, to receive certain gentlemen connected with Arctic explorations. The Post says:

Dr. Hays was present, and gave an outline of his contemplated voyage to the Arctic regions, for the purpose of verifying Dr. Kane's discovery of the open polar sea. Perhaps the chief attraction of the evening was Cudlockdchue, an Esquimaux.

Mr. C. F. Hall, of Ohio, said that a few weeks before the return of Captain McChesney, Senators Fugh, Chase and others memorialized to the British Admiralty to give to the Americans the use of the Resolute for the purpose of containing the search for Frankling. But even now he did not believe that all the one hundred and five men of Frankling's expedition were dead; he thought some of them were still living.

Mr. Hall commented to some extent upon the course adopted by Sir John Franklin. He proposed with ten or fifteen men, to go in the Rescue, now lying ready at New London, up through Hudson Straits to the places where traces of Sir John's party had been discovered. He thought there was but little doubt that some survivors would be found among the Esquimaux in these regions. He was sure he could find anywhere where this man (pointing to Mr. Cudlockdchue) could. He intended to go there and stay two years and a half, and bring back some news of the survivors if possible.

Judge Caly stated that Capt. Boddington had lived with the Esquimaux for a year, and had brought with him on his last voyage one who was anxious to see this country. The Esquimaux informed him that he suffered no inconvenience from our climate; he intended to return this spring.

Captain Boddington states that Mr. Cudlockdchue had drawn some charts of his coasts, which were more reliable than those of the Admiralty.

THE HISTORY OF THE KOHINOOR.—In India, a poor peasant, turning up the soil with his plow, was struck by the peculiar glitter of a pebble lying among other stones.—Stopping his oxen he picked it up, and though he understood nothing of the gems, immediately, with the quickness of an oriental, persuaded himself that he had found a prize. Abandoning his plow, therefore, and wrapping up this pebble in a rag, he walked barefooted, a distance of forty miles, to Golconda, where his good fortune directed him to an honest merchant, who informed him he was in possession of the largest diamond in the world. What sum he obtained for it is not stated; but it was sufficient to enrich both himself and his descendants. The history of this stone, if it could be given in full, would form a volume. Having been purchased by an ambitious chief, eager to barter his ornaments for political power, he presented it to the great descendant of Baber, Aurungzebe. From him it passed down, through various vicissitudes, to the last Sikh ruler of the Punjab, and became by victory the property of the East India Company. However vast might be its value, they make a present of it to the Queen; and under the name of Kohinoor, or Mountain of Light, it was beheld by millions of the English people beneath a strong iron grating at the Great Exhibition of 1851.

A BAPTISMAL SUPERSTITION.—It is not often that our parish church can produce more than one baptism at a time; but, the other Sunday afternoon, there was the unusual number of three christenings—two boys and a girl. The parents of one boy were in a very respectable class of life; the parents of the two other children were in humble circumstances. The parties at the font had been duly placed by the officiating clergyman (Mr. Milkinsop, our esteemed curate); and as it happened, the girl and her sponsors were placed last in order. When the first child—who was the boy of the poor parents—was about to be baptised, the woman who carried the little girl elbowed her way up to Mr. Milkinsop, in order that the child she carried might be the first to be baptised. To do this she had (very contrary to the usual custom of the poor, who—in all essential points at least—are generally as refined as their superiors) rudely to push her "betters"—i. e., the sponsors of the second boy. As she did so, she whispered to one of the spon-

sors, by way of apology: "It's a gift, so it must be christened first!" And christened first it was. But the peculiar manner in which this was brought about, showed that the woman was influenced by some peculiar feeling; and, on the next day, an opportunity was taken to discover her motive. This was her explanation: "You see, sir, the parson haint a married man, and consequently is disfavorable with children, or he'd never put the little to be christened after the little boys. And, though it sadly flustered me, for, to put myself afore my betters in the way which I was fosed to do, yet, sir, it was a doing of kindness to them two little boys in me a setting of my little girl before 'em."—"Why so?" it was asked. "Well, sir, I har astonished as you don't know," was the reply of this specimen of our country. "Why, sir, if them little boys had been christened afore the little girl, they'd have had her soft chin, and she'd have had her hairy beard—the poor little innocent. But, thank goodness, I've kep' her from that misfortin'!" And the woman really believed that she had done so; and moreover, the generality of her neighbors shared her belief.—Once a Week.

CHOOSE YOUR FORTUNE.—A great deal of trouble, and misery, even, arises from the continual changing of employment that we see among young men, especially in large cities. A boy who begins life as a law clerk often deserts his desk for a counter his counter for a fore-castle, his fore-castle for a work-bench, his work-bench for a desk again, and so on, gathering no moss and earning no reputation save that of the Jack-of-all-trades, Master-of-none.

This, arises, in a majority of cases, from a too hasty and ill-considered choice of employment. Very often Uncle John or Aunt Sarah has more to do with the choice than the lad himself, and he is forced into an apprenticeship from which there is no withdrawal, and in which all his duties are in the highest degree distasteful. A boy thus put of his element can never be a useful workman, for no man does any work well without liking it. A great deal of time and investigation should be bestowed upon the selection of the path which one is to pursue for a whole life-time, and on which a whole lifetime's bread and butter depend. The boy's character, his tastes, his education thitherto, even his idiosyncracies and prejudices, should be consulted and taken into account. If this is done, and a choice finally made that suits all circumstances, depend upon it, the selection will be permanent and the man successful.

Laziness is only an attribute of misplaced persons. The man who has agreeable work to do is never lazy, and if we can do away with the idleness, and the thriftless roaming up and down that are now prevalent, the time and trouble expended on a careful choice will have been meritoriously conferred.—N. Y. Mercury.

A WONDERFUL PIECE OF MECHANISM.—The clock in the tower of the Cathedral of Strasburg is not only a monster in size, but is the most wonderful piece of mechanism in the world. It is one hundred feet high, thirty wide and fifteen deep. About twenty feet from the bottom is the dial, on each side of which is a cherub, holding a small mallet in his hand, while over the dial is a small bell; the cherub on the left strikes the first quarter, and that on the right the second quarter. Fifty feet above the dial is a colossal figure of Time, with a bell in his left hand and scythe in his right. A figure of a young man in front strikes the third quarter on the bell in Time's left hand, and then turns and glides with a slow step around behind Time, when out comes an old man with a mallet and places himself directly in front of the great Reaper. As the hour of 12 comes, the old man deliberately strikes, with much power, twelve times on the bell. He then glides slowly behind Time, and the young man again comes out and takes his position, ready to do his duty when called upon by the machinery. As soon as the old man has struck 12 and disappeared, another set of machinery is set in motion, some twenty feet higher still, where there is a high cross with the figure of Christ upon it. The instant 12 is struck, the figure of one of the Apostles walks out from behind, comes in front, turns facing the cross, bows, and walks on around to his place. This is repeated, until twelve figures, representing the twelve Apostles, as large as life, walk out, bow and pass on. As the last appears, an enormous game cock, on the pinnacle of the clock, slowly flaps its wings, stretches forth its neck and crows three times, so loud as to be heard outside the church to some distance, and with life-like naturalness. Then all is still as death.

Actors are prone to use blank verse, even in their ordinary conversation. A good story is told of John Philip Kemble, in illustration of this professional tendency. He was walking about the streets of London with Bannister, the eminent actor, when a beggar accosted them and asked for alms. Kemble gave him a penny, whereupon the following dialogue occurred:

Kemble—See that thou hast a penny! Beggar—[Looking into his hand]—I have, sir. Kemble—[Turning to his friend]—Bannister! Bannister! It is not often that I do these things. But—when I do, I do them handsomely.

DIED. At his residence in the parish of Iberville, on the 18th inst., THOMAS WILLIAMS, aged about 40 years—a native of Covington, Ky.

SPECIAL NOTICES. TO COTTON PLANTERS.

The First Premium Awarded at the Industrial Fair, held at Baton Rouge, for cleaning Seed Cotton.

We, the undersigned, having witnessed the operation of the Cotton Cleaner, patented by Thomas Oliver, and exhibited by Messrs. T. J. Spear & Co., (owners) at the Baton Rouge Industrial Fair, held in March, 1859, do hereby recommend it as worthy the attention of the Cotton Planters.

JNO. A. DOUGHERTY, JOHN HILL, R. H. BURKE, JAMES M. EMBERTON, JULES S. DELACROIX. BATON ROUGE, March 17, 1860.

The Cotton Fan or Cleaner, which is so highly recommended by some of the most respectable citizens of Baton Rouge, is easily worked, and does its work well. It separates the heavy trash and seed from the cotton; opens and loosens the bolls and sifted cotton; and assists the Gin in producing a better sample, and will benefit the planter, on his ordinary cottons, from two to four cents per pound.

It is simple in its construction, easily kept in repair, very moderate cost, and effectually cleans the cotton in the seed. We, therefore, believe its general adoption will be as great an advantage to the Cotton crop as the Wheat Fan is to the Wheat crop.

F. S. Orders from any part of the cotton regions, will be punctually attended to. Price \$275 00.

THOMAS J. SPEAR, & Co., Patent Machinery Agents, No. 177 Canal Street, New Orleans.

We would beg leave further to offer, in conjunction with others in the recommendation of the Cotton Fan, the names of some of the most respectable and influential Cotton Planters of the States of Georgia and Mississippi, which will be found in other circulars, already published, to wit:

L. HOPKINS, J. R. SIMPSON, A. P. GIBSON, J. J. PEARCE, S. T. OGDEN, GEORGE SCULLY. Of Mississippi, P. J. PARKER, GEO. S. YERGER. mar20.

REMOVAL. The undersigned gives this public notice of the removal of her Store and residence to the new house, corner of Third and North Boulevard streets (near the State House). Entrance on North Boulevard Street. mar20 FANNIE T. O'CONNOR.

FOUND. At the Barracks, on the night of the 18th, a GOLD RING, with a set containing hair. mar20-31

STRAYED OR STOLEN. SOME TIME in the last week, a large Newfound Land BLUT, about one year old, black, his four feet white, a large bushy tail, also tipped with white, a white forehead. The finder will be liberally rewarded by restoring the dog to his owner, Mr. J. A. DeKusey, on North Street, next door to Mr. Pike's stables, corner of North and Third Sts. [mar17-18]

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES! MRS. THOMPSON, of Esplanade, formerly of New Orleans, has the pleasure of announcing to the Ladies of Baton Rouge, that she is prepared to give lessons in Cutting Ladies and Children's dresses. Any lady with a knowledge of this art, which can be learned in a few hours, can fit herself or others in any required style. Also, several styles of Sewing and Worsted Embroidery, Wax Paper and Worsted Flowers, Painting, etc., taught in classes. Dress Patterns of all kinds cut in a few minutes. Mrs. T. can be seen at Miss Duggan's for a short time only. [mar16-17]

SEWING MACHINES. JUST RECEIVED the Sewal & Goodell NEW PATTERN MACHINE. This Machine has been enlarged expressly for Planners' use. [mar17-18]

DETER'S WORSTED STORE! WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Canal Street, near Dauphin, NEW ORLEANS. mar18-19

Direct Importation of Berlin, Zephyr and Split Worsted, Shetland Wool, Embroidering Silk, Canvas, Beads, Patterns, etc., etc. All orders promptly attended to. Orders for this place may be left with Mr. S. M. Asher, Lafayette Street. mar14-15

TO TEA DRINKERS. I HAVE just received from the Canton Tea Company, the best assortment of Teas ever before offered for sale in this city, of the following well known varieties: FINEST ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA; SILVER LEAF YOUNG HYSON; GOUNG, of various kinds; YOUNG HYSON, four varieties; IMPERIAL, "No. 1 and 2"; GUNPOWDER, Common and Fine; IMPERIAL, Fine; POUGHONG, Common. mar13-14

Parker's Celebrated Garden Seeds. I HAVE in New York a large assortment of Garden Seeds from Parker's Garden Seed establishment, Fredonia, New York, which are guaranteed to be of the best quality, and Fresh and Genuine. mar13-14

LOST. LOST. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. mar 10 1/2

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned, will please come forward and settle the same without delay. FREDERICK ARBOUR, Esq. mar13-14

LUMBER! LUMBER!! THE UNDERSIGNED, would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that his Steam Saw Mills—The "Baton Rouge Mills," are now in full blast, with a good supply of lumber and ready to fill any and all orders—order early. THE GREENS TETE MILLS on Greene Tete Bay, are also at work, where orders for lumber will be filled on the above terms. June 1, 1858 FREDERICK ARBOUR, Esq. mar13-14

HAY! HAY!! BALES of very choice Hay, just stored and for sale by JOSEPH BEAL. Jan 14

CANDIDATES.

EDITOR GAZETTE AND COMET: Please announce J. R. BLAN, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor. Election Monday, the 9th day of April.

EDITOR GAZETTE AND COMET: Please announce J. R. DUFROUCQ, Esq., as a candidate for Mayor at the next April election, at the request of MANY VOTERS.

EDITOR GAZETTE AND COMET: Please announce LEVI KELLUM, as a candidate for City Marshal. Election first Monday in April. [Feb 3-p.]

MR. EDITOR.—Please announce the name of CHARLES GRENNETTE as an independent candidate for City Marshal at the approaching April election. He will be supported by MANY VOTERS. Feb 1

EDITOR GAZETTE AND COMET: Please announce the names of Messrs. JIM IRVING and AUGUSTIN DUFLANTIER, as candidates for Selectmen in Ward No. 1, at the approaching election in April. mar10 MANY TAX PAYERS.

EDITOR GAZETTE AND COMET: Please announce ALFRED DELARODERIE, as a candidate for Selectmen for Ward No. 1. [communicated]

MR. EDITOR.—Please announce LUCIEN LEGENDRE, Esq., as a candidate for the City Council from Ward No. 1. mar10

MR. EDITOR.—You are requested to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for Selectmen, to represent Ward No. 2. F. R. BRUNOT, and ERNEST ARBOUR.

We are authorized to announce as candidate for the Council from Ward No. 3. T. FAY, LOUIS KONBERT, and R. H. BURKE.

We are authorized to announce Col. LOUIS HEBERT, as a candidate for Councilman from Ward No. 1.

We are authorized to announce H. PERALTA, as a candidate for Selectman from Ward No. 1.

Important Notice.

The use of P. Marmay's SANITARY GRUEL has produced most salutary effects, which we hasten to make known to the public at large.

Among its other good qualities, which are universally acknowledged, it has been found to be highly useful and beneficial to Women in the state of Pregnancy, and that it facilitates their delivery.

It also improves positively the quality and increases the quantity of Milk of Nurses. No other kind of Food can be compared to it. It may be administered without fear to the youngest children; it refreshes and strengthens them, and preserves them, against a great many diseases peculiar to their age.

We may therefore earnestly recommend it to every family. Every one-pound paper of the SANITARY GRUEL contains thirty-two portions for one person. They are all signed by P. MARMAY, Inventor and Patentee. General Depot at New Orleans—44 Conti street, between Chartres and Royal. mar10-11

NEW BOOKS!! NEW BOOKS!! AT J. MCCORMICK'S

BURTON'S WIT AND HUMOR. THE MIRROR OF FORTUNE—a book of parlor amusements.

INNOCENCE OF CHILDHOOD. OGDEN'S SCIENCE OF EDUCATION. HILLS OF THE SHALEMUC—by the author of the Wide World.

THE WHITE HILLS—their Legends, Landscape and Poetry—by Thomas Starr King. LIFE OF LAFAYETTE—by Cecil; for children.

GUY CARLETON; the Boy who belonged to the "Try Company." Just received at the POST OFFICE BOOKSTORE. mar10

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Baton Rouge and vicinity, that he is prepared with an ample stock of the very best materials to make, mend and repair Pianos, Violins, Guitars and other musical instruments. Orders left at Heroman's Book Store will meet prompt attention. JULIUS GRUENEBERG. mar10-11

CEMENT, PLASTER PARIS AND FLASTERING HAIR.

FULL supply always on hand. Sole Agents BARBER & BENJAMIN. VAN HAAGEN & McKEONE'S ORIENTAL DETERGIVE SOAP!

ONE POUND of this Celebrated Washing Soap will go as far as Three Pounds of Common Rosin Soap. It saves half the time and labor; clothes need no boiling or rubbing on a wash-board, and it is warranted to give entire satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.

Van Haagen's & McKeone's "No. 1 SOAP," for Scrubbing and Rough Washing, "EXTRA PALE," and CHEMICAL OLIVE SOAPS, for general-house use, are superior to any other similar soaps made in the United States. Our prices will be found lower than those of any other manufacturers in the country.

Circulars and other information furnished by addressing the sole Agents THAIN & McKEONE, No. 22 and 24 South Wharves, Philadelphia, Pa. mar10-11

APPLETON'S NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.—The eighth volume of this work is now ready for subscribers. Specimen copies to be sent at the Postoffice, where subscriptions will be received. The volumes can all be taken at once, or one each month until complete. The work will be complete in about fifteen volumes. Price, \$3 in cloth, and \$2 50 in leather. J. MCCORMICK, mar10-11 Postoffice Bookstore.

THE BELL OF THE SOUTH! The Ladies are respectfully informed that I have just opened a splendid lot of Douglas and Sherwood's much admired "BELLE OF THE SOUTH."

Battle Hoop of 20 and 40 Springs, secured by lace strings, which for convenience and durability have no equal. C. SIMON, Capital Cheap Store. Feb 29