



Previous to the Opening of the EL PASO FAIR & EXPOSITION The Herald Will Issue A Fair Edition

Special features for this Edition with reference to the Fair are already under way. Herald Agents throughout the entire El Paso territory have been instructed to send in estimates on how many extra copies of The Herald of this particular issue can be distributed free.

More Than 16,000 Circulation

In addition to The Herald's daily circulation of 12,000 (guaranteed), there will be an added bona fide circulation of 4,000 copies or more, the number depending on how many extra copies Herald Agents can distribute.

A Word to Advertisers

Advertisers are assured that they can count to a certainty on splendid returns from their announcements in this particular Edition. It is The Herald's idea to boost to the greatest possible extent the El Paso Fair and Exposition. Notwithstanding the greatly increased circulation and added expense of issuing this number, there will be no advance in the advertising rates.

Reserve Your Space at Once



SHELDON FURNITURE Is Selling Fast

Be sure and give us a call before you buy elsewhere. Special prices on more than one article. Iron Beds, Bed Springs, Cotton Felt Mattresses, Bird's-Eye Maple Dressers, Commodore, Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Wooden Blankets, Lace Curtains, Linoleum, Comforts. 50 h. p. Frost Engine, 3 h. p. Gasoline Engine, 1 28 k. w. Akron Dynamo, 1 19 h. p. Motor, 1 No. 7 Buffalo Blower. Bell Phone 400. 412 MYRTLE AVE. J. W. Fisher Salesman

VALLEY ATTRACTS MANY PURCHASERS

Tokay Grapes at Ysleta Are Ripe; Rangers to Return Next Week.

Ysleta, Tex., Oct. 4.—Interest in valley land seems to be keener than it has been for several months. A large number of buyers from a distance were looking over the valley and investing during the past week. The celebrated "Flaming Tokay" grapes, which are raised in large quantities at "The Orchards", are on the market. Capt. John R. Hughes, after establishing temporary headquarters at Valley Inn has returned to Amarillo preparatory to moving his camp here. He and his rangers will reach here about Oct. 10. J. J. Smith has returned from the Irrigation congress. While in Pueblo Mr. Smith stuck a nail in his foot which has caused him much pain. Prof. and Mrs. Curd and Misses McGill and Pool are attending the teachers' institute at Van Horn. Mrs. Curd will teach in the school here after the institute. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cole and Mrs. G. W. Huffman are on an extended trip to points in east Texas. They will attend the state fair at Dallas before their return.

ANOTHER SUIT FILED IN THE COUNTY SEAT CONTROVERSY

Lincoln Man Wants Board to Explain Why Courtship Was Moved

Carrizozo, N. M., Oct. 4.—Another suit has been filed in the district court at Alamogordo against the board of county commissioners of Lincoln county by J. J. Aragon, of Lincoln, to have the board show cause why they removed the county seat from Lincoln to Carrizozo. A hearing of the case will be had some time this month. The former suit in the county seat controversy was decided by the territorial supreme court in favor of Carrizozo, will not be taken to the United States supreme court, as the time has now elapsed in which to file application for an appeal. In the meantime work is going ahead on the new courthouse and before the end of this month the roof will be on. The southwestern has had the carpenter gang at work the past week putting in a new hardwood floor in the dining room and lunch room of the Carrizozo eating house. The lunch room is also being redecorated. Dr. J. B. Gingery of the bureau of animal industry, whose headquarters are at Carrizozo, has returned from a two weeks' tour of inspection of the sheep in Otero county. Andrew H. Hudspeth, John H. Canning and Jacobo J. Aragon, delegates to the constitutional convention, left Sunday for Santa Fe. The walls of the new school house are up a story high and work is being rapidly pushed on the building. Ray E. Lemmon, who has been ticket agent at the depot for the past year has resigned and will leave in a few days for his home at White City, Kan. His successor has not yet been announced.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY WITNESSES YET TO APPEAR

Tyler, Texas, Oct. 4.—The state in the case of ex-sheriff Robinson, charged with the murder of E. C. and S. M. Adams, in San Jacinto county four years ago, has closed its direct testimony. John McMurry and Henry Lilley testified on behalf of the prosecution. The coat which E. C. Adams wore when shot was exhibited in court. P. H. Kennard, John Blanton, Bascom Stanley, Lewis Strickland, John Palmer and John Gates testified for the defense. Two hundred and fifty more witnesses remain to be examined. The trial probably will continue all week.

FIND FARMER DEAD ON TRACK WITH HEAD CRUSHED

Jacksonville, Texas, Oct. 4.—Henry Faulkner, aged 55, farmer, was found dead on the J. & G. N. track a short distance from town with his head crushed. He was slightly deaf and it is believed he was struck during the night by a train. His money and watch were still on the person.

GIRLHOOD AND Scott's Emulsion

are linked together. The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak Scott's Emulsion provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form. It's the food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

CHOLERA NATIONAL MENACE SAY EXPERTS

Federal Health Facilities Inadequate to Cope with Threatened Danger.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 4.—The spread of Asiatic cholera from Russia, where 90,000 cases are reported, into Germany and other countries of Europe, has caused the government to redouble the precautions taken at the port of New York, and has again directed attention to the inadequacy of our national facilities for combatting an assault of cholera or plague.

The port doctors are able to exclude any person showing symptoms of cholera, but the real danger is from healthy Americans, returning from abroad, and from robust immigrants, who easily pass the quarantine, but who may, nevertheless, carry enough cholera germs in their bodies to pollute the rivers of a whole state.

Excretions during an epidemic or among persons coming from an infected region are dangerous, says Professor Chantemesse, of the French Academy of Medicine, in a dispatch regarding the outbreak in Europe. "These excretions contain specific microbes in large quantities. They may contain as well as our springs. Whole rivers may become contaminated in this way, and when, by any means, this polluted water finds itself in the digestive tube, the cholera microbe finds a new home and multiplies."

The possibility of an act by congress at the next session to give better protection against an outbreak of an epidemic in this country by stopping the pollution of interstate waterways, in which excretions are dumped is foreshadowed by the recent remarks of Col. Roosevelt in speaking of putting sewage into the great lakes.

"We claim to be a civilized people, and civilized people ought to know how to dispose of the sewage in some other way than putting it into the drinking water. We need action by both the state and the nation to put a complete stop to the pollution of the great lakes, action by the state so far as national boundary is concerned, and action by the nation, because other states besides our own are interested."

Bubonic Plague Also a Menace.

Dr. Chas. S. Braddock, formerly chief medical inspector for the Royal Siamese government at Bangkok, where he had extensive experience fighting cholera, has said regarding the cholera menace.

"When we can control the food and water supply and secure reasonable sanitary conditions, wonderful results as to prevention are obtained."

But Dr. Braddock further states: "In my opinion we need not fear cholera so much as bubonic plague, since the prevention of the latter disease is far more difficult to attain."

According to senator Owen, who introduced into the senate the national department of health bill, one of whose provisions shall be the suppression of bubonic plague and other national menaces. "The most dangerous epidemic known to the world has been the bubonic plague, a germ disease capable of almost explosive epidemic."

After an incubation of from four to seven days with headache, vertigo, and mental depression there comes a chill, a raging fever, great prostration, occasional vomiting of bile and blood; the glands in the neck, under the arms, at the elbows, in the groins, under the knees, all over the body, become red and swollen, tender, and extremely painful. They turn dark, become filled with pus. If not opened, burst spontaneously. The disease is sometimes attended with abscesses, boils, and carbuncles. About this time the agony of life and the sting of death are both overcome by a merciful unconsciousness, and the mass of human putrid flesh ceases to breathe and lies as if dead.

"This was the 'black death' of London, killing about 70,000 people with incredible speed—a thousand dying a day. At Marseilles 87,900 died; 200,000 in Moscow."

"This is the most dreaded and dangerous of all international epidemics. In the Bombay outbreak, of 220,000 cases, 164,000 deaths occurred."

California Rats Infected. "The bubonic plague is now among the rats and squirrels of the Pacific coast," senator Owen further states. His bill, which will be reported again at the next session, aims to bring under one department, for economy and efficiency, the various health agencies of the government.

When the bubonic plague broke out in San Francisco in 1900, the city board of health quarantined the Chinese district, says senator Owen. The United States circuit judge, on June 15, 1900, declared the city quarantine illegal.

Bubonic plague was then (1900) only in the city. Not having been properly suppressed, it is now scattered over the Pacific coast at points a thousand miles apart, and is requiring enormous sums of money in the attempt to stamp it out.

"It has not been stamped out," says senator Owen, "but is now endemic and spreading through the infection of ground squirrels, and rats, which connect up each other and spread the germs of the disease over enlarging areas. At any time it may break out in our thickly congested centers with tragic results that may stagger the nation."

A federal quarantine of the state of California was finally declared by the official of the public health and marine hospital service at Washington, but this resulted in activities on the part of the California sanitarians to have the marine hospital service suppressed through the secretary of the treasury, in which department the public health and marine hospital service is now placed. A false case was proved, so senator Owen says, and it was made to temporarily stand as the truth before the country, furnishing evidence and "proving" that there was no bubonic plague in San Francisco.

In actual fact, however, bubonic plague was there in sober fact, as has since been proved. Says Truth Was Suppressed. The point senator Owen emphasizes is that this bureau of public health, the public health and marine hospital service, was not strong enough to stand up against the power of a state demanding that its commerce should not be interfered with by publishing of the full truth of the nature of the plague to the world against it. Commercialism triumphed over the interests of the public health because the agencies of the public health were too weak. Senator Owen believes, therefore, that the public health and marine hospital service should be taken out of the department of the



COLORADO FAVORS THE HIGH SCHOOL BONDS

Issuance of Bonds Carries By Small Majority; Ice and Creamery in Operation; Woman in a Bankrupt.

Colorado, Texas, Oct. 4.—The school bond election was held to determine whether or not the bonds should be issued to the amount of \$10,000 for the purpose of rebuilding a new high school building to replace the one destroyed by fire last winter. Although there was some opposition, the bonds carried by a majority of 6, the vote being 84 for and 78 against issuance.

The board of directors of the Colorado Ice & Creamery company has elected the following officers: F. M. Burns, president; A. J. Hagier, vice president; C. H. Earnest, secretary and treasurer; J. F. Clayton, general manager; Mr. Rheol, operator. The test run was made and the plant is now turning out ice—300 pound blocks every 21 minutes. The creamery department was started and all the milk and cream offered was used. About 75 pounds of butter was turned out.

Dr. B. F. Dulaney has purchased the new store building recently erected by James A. Dulaney, of Sweetwater, for \$15,000.

Thomas Griswold returned home from Ark. last week and has purchased an interest in the Colorado Drug company.

District Judge Jas. L. Scofield has been confined to his bed with typhoid fever for 25 days. He is now convalescing.

The business of Mrs. Jas. Demoss was adjudged bankrupt and will go into the hands of a receiver for the benefit of creditors.

J. W. Clark, who was operated on at Dallas, died there Monday. The body was shipped back to Colorado, where the interment took place at the I. O. O. F. cemetery. Mr. Clark was the stepfather of Mrs. Phenix and uncle of Mrs. Gostline.

OPEN U. S. LAND OFFICE AT FORT SUMNER, N. M.

Fort Sumner, N. M., Oct. 4.—The United States land office has opened for business at this place with register E. A. Curran, father of the land of the D. B. I. in charge, he having to give up the editorship of the Clovis News for the work. Emma H. Salazar is the receiver of public moneys and the clerks are R. McHenry, Santa Fe, and Chas. L. Webb, Fort Dodge; stenographer, Ella Curran.

The new district includes five townships south and four north from the Texas line and sixteen townships westward on the New Mexico base line.

ISSUES INUNCTION IN RAILWAY CLERKS' STRIKE Shreveport, La., Oct. 4.—Following an assault on the son of division superintendent Hearne, of the Queen and Crescent route, an injunction signed by federal judge Foster, of New Orleans was issued this morning, restraining striking clerks from molesting the company property or employees.

BIG PARRAL MINE IS REPORTED SOLD

The Hidalgo Said to Have Been Bought by Pittsburgh Man for \$1,500,000.

It is reported that the Hidalgo Mining company of Parral, Mexico, has sold out all its interests to a Pittsburgh, Pa., syndicate, headed by A. J. McQuatters, the contractor, for \$1,500,000. Included in this sale will be the mines, mills, railroad and timber lands, in fact all its holdings.

The Hidalgo Mining company operates several mining properties in Parral and at other points in the state of Chihuahua. These mines are great producers and have been operated for about 20 years. This company is a pioneer among American companies in the state of Chihuahua.

POSSIBILITIES OF PALMAREJO FIELD

Development in That Field During Past Year Shows Some Good Ore Bodies.

The Palmarejo and Mexican Goldfields company at Chihuahua, state of Chihuahua, a London holding company, offers no promise of being a bonanza. This mine is said to have been profitably worked by the Mexicans a great number of years. It has also been worked by an English company for the past 20 years. But at the end of 1908 the mine was shut down.

Some New Possibilities. An examination showed that there are in the mine two veins from seven to 15 feet wide and from 2000 to 3000 feet long, from which samples taken show an estimated value of about 18 ounces silver per ton. It is believed that a satisfactory amount of ore of this value can be opened up by development and that 87 percent of the values can be obtained by concentration, all-sliming and subsequent cyanidation; and that by treating 250 to 300 tons a day a profit of about \$200,000 per annum would be realized.

Since these estimates were made, 18 months ago, considerable development work has been done in the mine, resulting in showing that the positive ore developed was \$1,116 tons of 41 pounds value, and the amount of probable ore stood at 106,160 tons on January 1, 1910, and it is calculated that by the end of this year the positive ore will reach 175,000 tons of 30 s. value.

MEERSCHAUM MINE NEAR SILVER CITY BEING WORKED

The Dorsey Meerschbaum property, on Bear mountain, nine miles north of Silver City, N. M., is now being worked by Wm. Dorsey, D. Mooney and C. C. Royal. Mr. Mooney bought the interest of H. P. N. Gammell of El Paso and

Royal purchased the interest of W. M. Spence.

A shot in a hole on the surface exposed a deposit of meerschbaum which occurs in nodules and is milk white and spongy. There is no doubt that it exists in these mines and with development it may be found in commercial quantities.

TWIN PEAKS COMPANY DEVELOPING TWO SHAFTS

The "strike" made on one of the claims of the Twin Peaks Mining and Milling company, on the border of Arizona and New Mexico, has been developed by two shafts, one 40 feet, the other 55 feet in depth, showing ore increasing in value and a well defined vein gradually widening as depth is gained. These shafts are 100 feet apart. The ore in these events between the shafts and has been exposed by prospect holes and trenches for a distance of 300 feet, both southeast and northwest of the discovery point along the strike of the lode.

LA FE INSTALLS MILL.

M. W. LaFayette, general manager of La Fe Mining company, operating in the Guasapares district, Chihuahua, Mexico, reports that the work of erecting a ten-stamp mill and cyanide plant at the property has been practically completed. The properties are gold mines.

JICARILLA PLACERS DEVELOPED.

The Enterprise Placer Mining company has started work and is now running a full force on the placers in the Jicarilla mountains, New Mexico, 100 miles northeast of El Paso.

ASH PEAK SHIPS ORE.

Arthur Murphy, general manager of the Ash Peak Mining company, whose properties are south of Clayton, is preparing to ship 1000 tons of gold-silver ores to the company's bins and chutes at Sheldon.

T. & P. TICKET OFFICE CHANGES ITS QUARTERS.

The Texas & Pacific city officials have moved into their new office in the Sheldon block, facing the new Mills building. The offices have been changed somewhat since the southwestern vacated. The offices now have two entrances on Pioneer plaza, one entrance to the lobby and a separate entrance to the office. The quarters have been considerably enlarged.

THREE MORE SUITS FILED AGAINST CLUBS IN DALLAS.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 4.—Three more suits against Dallas social clubs were filed today by assistant attorney general Leddy for the cancellation of their charters. Suits were brought against 15 Saturday. Those named in today's petitions are: Ecclesiastical Medical university, Benevolent Order of Lagow and Royal Roosters.

THINK VENETTA DID IT.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 4.—The police today are working on a theory that the Italian vendetta or Black Hand was responsible for the attack on Vita Genounoua, the aged Italian who was wounded last night by a gunshot. This is the second attempt on his life in three weeks.

SAHUARIPA DISTRICT IN SONORA MAY HAVE SOME BIG DEVELOPMENTS

Judge Fall, of El Paso, Endeavoring to Work the Dios Padre Mine There.

The Trinidad Mining company, one of the holdings of the Green Gold and Silver company, which owns the Dios Padre and other properties at La Trinidad, in the Sahuaripa district, Sonora, Mexico, is idle at present, says Charles Fall, in charge of the property and has in charge of the property and has just come from La Trinidad to confer with Judge A. B. Fall, the general manager and counsel of the company, who is now in Santa Fe.

The ore of the Dios Padre mine is gold, silver and copper. Fall wants to operate. Judge Fall is negotiating to begin operations and to work the property which will probably be opened up in the near future. This property, says Mr. Smith, is one of the biggest mines in Sonora. It is a Spanish "antigua" with a record production of several million dollars. Of late years it has proven unprofitable. The mill was originally put up by the English company, former owners, and had a capacity of 400 tons per day. The old company spent all the funds on the surface without developing the mine, while they held it under bond and option from the Mexican owners. After the English company's option expired the mine reverted to the owners, the Aliza family, who thereafter worked it at a profit for several years.

After that Richardson Bros., of California, took it over, but did no work to advantage. The present company has not done anything of value either. There is no doubt in the world that with proper development and competent management the mine would pay well," says Mr. Smith.

The Republic Mine. Speaking of other properties in that section, Mr. Smith says that the Republic, which is east of Trinidad and across the line in the state of Chihuahua, is now working in good shape and, after a great deal of trouble in unwinding it, the company now has the water under control and is getting plenty of good ore.

The Mina Mexico, also in the Sahuaripa district, about 25 miles east of Tonichi, of which W. E. Pomeroy of El Paso is manager, is in good shape. It has been a steady and profitable producer for 40 years. Until lately it was worked by Mexican owners, when Mr. Pomeroy organized a company and purchased it. I understand the company will build a wagon road from the mine to Tonichi and will install a 30-ton smelter and a concentrator and will treat the ore on the ground. The ores are lead and silver.

There are thousands of tons of ore on the old dumps which will be sorted and concentrated. I have no doubt that it will be a great paying investment to the company.

La Dura Property. In the same district, the Prieto company, that has taken over La Dura, is doing much work. The workings are down to a depth of 1200 feet and still in bonanza.

There has been much rain in that district this year, the grass is luxuriant and cattle fat. There is a good crop of corn. In fact, it is one of the finest cattle countries in Mexico.

An English company has lately bought the Milpilla ranch of 100,000 acres from the Sonora Land company, 20 miles from Tonichi, and will farm it and raise cattle. It abounds in grass, timber and water.

There are a few American prospectors in that section.

YOUNG MOTHERS

is woman's safest reliance; it is a medicine for external use, composed of oils and other ingredients which assist nature in all necessary physical changes of the system. Its regular use before the coming of baby prepares the muscles and tendons for the unusual strain, aids in expanding the skin and flesh fibres, and strengthens all the membranes and tissues. Mother's Friend lessens the pain and danger at the crisis, and leaves the mother in such healthful condition that her recovery is always rapid and natural. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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MOTHER'S FRIEND

The greatest crisis in a woman's life is when first she becomes a mother. All the physical strength of her nature is demanded at such times, and it is necessary that her system be thoroughly prepared for the event. In order that her health be preserved for future years, Mother's Friend is woman's safest reliance; it is a medicine for external use, composed of oils and other ingredients which assist nature in all necessary physical changes of the system. Its regular use before the coming of baby prepares the muscles and tendons for the unusual strain, aids in expanding the skin and flesh fibres, and strengthens all the membranes and tissues. Mother's Friend lessens the pain and danger at the crisis, and leaves the mother in such healthful condition that her recovery is always rapid and natural. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.