CRIED DAY AND NIGHT WITH ECZEMA

Baby a Mass of Sores. Looked for His Death any Minute. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Brought First Good Sleep for Two Years. Soon Cured.

R. F. D. 4, Mt. Gilead, Ohio. — "When my little boy was a week old he was taken with eczema and I was looking for his death any minute. First his face turned so red, but I did not pay any attention to it. It began to get worse and he just tossed his little head to and fro on the pillow and cried day and night. He began to scratch himself so that I had to muffle his little hands, and then the rash began to go over his whole body until he was a mass of running sores. The more I doctored the worse he got. He had it so bad that his little ears began to rot off and his scalp was something awful to look at. I saw the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment advertised and got a bar of Cuticura Soap, making a lather all over his body with the Soap and hot water and then I dried him off well and anointed him with the Cuticura Ointment. He went right to sleep and slept four hours, the first good sleep he had had for very nearly two years, so I kept on using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment and it was no time before his skin began to get well. Soon he was completely cured. He is sixteen years old now and has not had a sign of the eczema since he was cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. N. M. Beecher, Sept. 12, 1911.

No stronger evidence than this could be given of the success and economy of warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address, "Cuticura," Dept. T, Boston. Tender-faced men should shave with Cuticura Soap Shaving Stick.

LIVESTOCK

HOWARD FARMERS FORM ASSOCIATION

By Rising Vote, Southern States Corporation Is Endorsed.

Big Spring, Texas, June 13.—At a called meeting of the farmers and business men of this county in this city, for the purpose of learning of the plans of the Southern States Cotton corporation, W. B. Yeary, vice president for Texas, and Sidney B. Butler, organizer, met them and organized Howard county into the corporation with the following members of the county committee: Fox Stripling, secretary; H. J. Graham, W. A. Bynum, S. H. McGorman, Lem Stallings, T. M. McWhorter, I. B. Cauble, R. D. Matthews, chairman. The courthouse auditorium was comfortably filled and by a rising vote they endorsed the Southern States Cotton corporation's plan of marketing cotton.

HARVESTER TRUST MAKING PLANS FOR BANNER GRAIN CROP

Chicago, Ill., June 13.—The International Harvester company will manufacture 12,000 to 15,000 more reapers in the current year than in 1911. Crop reports to the organization have determined the management to greatly enhance the garnering machinery. The increase is for American consumption alone.

One is inclined to make no comments, to draw no conclusions; inclined merely to state a fact which is eloquent of confidence of prosperity in a knowing quarter. But as pessimism in speculative circles has been prevalent in the last few days, the pessimists are reminded that the International Harvester company is well posted on the grain field position, actual and prospective; indeed, no organization, private or public, has such facilities for ascertaining the condition of the agricultural community.

No doubt, reliable information of what the Harvester company knows and intends doing, induced the 3 3-4 points advance in the common shares, for Chicago was the exclusive buyer. La Salle street also was the chief purchaser of Sears, Roebuck & Co. certificates. They rose 6 1-2 points.

MUCH WHEAT PLANTED IN MONTEREY COUNTRY

Monterey, Mex., June 13.—In spite of the fact that hail has damaged to some extent the wheat crop in the southernmost parts of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila and northern part of San Luis Potosi, the crop will be a very large one this year. Persons who have just returned from that part of the country report that one man alone, Genaro de la Fuente, has planted over 400 cargas of wheat (a carga is 250 pounds) in newly broken ground, and that it is growing marvelously. Modern machinery has also been introduced for the working of the ground and the harvesting of the crops. During the past few years the corn and frijole crops have been ruined by the early frosts, but at present it is thought that this year's crops will be large and will be harvested before the frosts begin.

Advices from the Lagunera cotton growing district are to the effect that fear is felt among the growers that sufficient hands will not be procurable to pick cotton this year. Generally 1 1-2 to 2 cents per kilogram has been paid for this work, but now five and six cents is being paid, making the price of cotton to go up in this country.

FARMING | FARMING | FARMING

The Wars of the Insects By Garrett P. Serviss

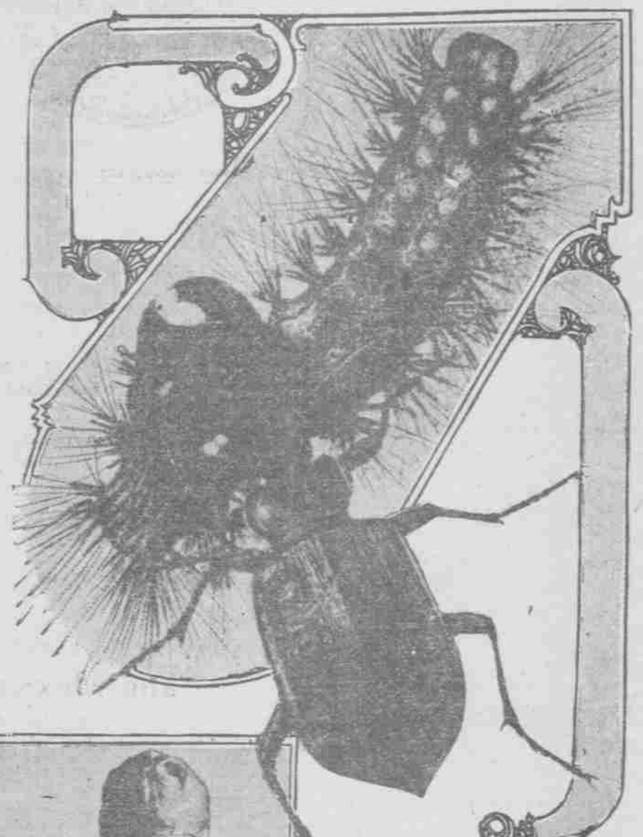
How Science Is Directing Them For the Benefit of Man

THERE is now going on in this country, under the direction of Dr. L. O. Howard, chief of the bureau of entomology, and his assistants, a warfare in comparison with whose destructiveness the irruptions of the barbarians in the Roman empire sink into insignificance. The victims of these insect wars, waged to protect forests, gardens, orchards and grain fields, are numbered by the billions and the hosts that march to the conflict make the wild armies that followed Alaric and Attila seem contemptible by contrast of numbers.

The idea of training the armies of useful insects to attack those that are injurious to man's interests is not altogether new; it was put into practice on a small scale in France in 1840, but it is only since 1885 that it has been largely developed in this country, and since 1905 it has assumed an importance not previously imagined, through the systematic cultivation of the friendly insects. A kind of training camp, a great military insect station, has been established at Melrose Highlands, Mass., where the little warriors are bred and liberated to attack their foes—a work in which they need no urging.

Romantic Interest.

A degree of romantic interest that no uninformed person would dream of its attached to the work of assembling the forces employed in these insect wars. Entomologists are sent all over the world in search of the insects that are needed, and which are known to be the foes of those against which the warfare is directed. Europe, Africa, Asia and the islands of the eastern seas are ransacked by the seekers. There is something lugubriously suggestive in the fact that on the old battlefield of Wagram the agents sent out by the American government found a colony of parasitic insects victoriously attacking the caterpillars of the formidable gipsy moth, which has wrought such destruction in this country, and they were immediately exported to Massachusetts to exercise their Napoleonic energy on a new field of battle.



A fight to the death—A Calosoma Sycophanta beetle attacking a gypsy-moth caterpillar pest.

Headgear devised by E. S. G. Titus for protection against browntail rash.

Wherever they find the insects needed, the searchers box them up and send them by mail or freight to this country. Some of them are adult insects, and they are carefully fed during the journey. Among these is a handsome beetle called the Calosoma, of a shining bronze color. They are usually sent in packages of safety-match boxes, one beetle in each box, with a wisp of sphagnum for it to feed on. Sometimes one or two caterpillars are put into the box to serve as food. Occasionally the beetles have been sent, especially from Japan, in cold storage, for the cold simply stagnates without killing them. To see one of these beetles attack a caterpillar of the gipsy moth is a cheering sight for the trainers, who are trying to save the trees that these moths destroy by thousands. In their native countries they have already put their enemies under their feet.

A Precarious Period.

One of the most interesting chapters in the history of this war of races is that concerning the battle with the terrible San Jose scale insect in California. The orange and lemon groves of the Pacific slope were threatened with extinction through the attacks of this scourge, when a remarkable insect of the lady-bird family (Coccinidae) called the Novina Cardinalis, was imported from Australia. The moment the lady-bird larvae were liberated in California they attacked the first scale insects they met, and the orchard in which they were let out was freed from the enemy in short order. Within less than a year after their arrival the lady-birds had won so complete a victory that Prof. Riley was able to report that the scale insect was "practically no longer a factor to be considered in the cultivation of oranges and lemons in California." Everybody has seen lady-birds of some species. They are little, round, shining-backed creatures, marked with dots and often beautifully colored, and all of them are enemies to noxious insects of one kind or another, so that they should never be destroyed.

Later on, when the orange and lemon trees in Portugal were threatened with destruction by scale insects that had found their way to the continent from the Azores, Australian lady-birds from California were sent to Portugal. Out of a shipment of 60, only five remained alive. But they were good fighters. A larger shipment was subsequently sent and the little warriors were scattered among the gardens and orchards of Portugal. They marched to victory as triumphantly as they had done in California, and now Portugal is practically free from the pest.

In this country at present, the war of the insects is directed mainly against the gipsy and brown-tail moths. Among the enemies of these moths are various species of beetles, bugs and flies. Many of them are cultivated from the eggs that they lay in the bodies of their enemies.

Many devices have to be resorted to in order to preserve the useful species while destroying the noxious ones. Those who are interested in these details will find much information in bulletin No. 91 of the bureau of entomology. The handling of the caterpillars containing the undeveloped parasites is sometimes a disagreeable if not dangerous affair. The poisonous microscopic hairs and spines from the browntail moth larvae get into the eyes, the nostrils and the throat, and caused inflamation of the skin. To protect themselves the handlers wear goggles and coverings for the face and hands. Miss Rubi, of Zurich, who handles many packages to be sent to the United States, has invented for herself a complete costume of finely woven cloth, capped with a large helmet, which is furnished in front with a sheet of transparent celluloid.

Preparing For Battle.

When all is ready a field of strife is prepared by the men in charge. A large cage, covered with wire gauze, is placed over a moth-infested tree. The warlike fly parasites are confined in the cage, and they are not long in making their attack by depositing their eggs in the larvae of the moths. The insects developed from these eggs become the rank and file of a larger army which may be sent upon a campaign in the open. But experience has shown that smaller cages, of various forms, are more effective in the work of breeding and training an insect army.

Curiously enough it has been found that some of the parasites attacking the moths, particularly the flies called Tachinids, are themselves attacked by secondary parasites, which thus serve as allies of the enemy. One of the problems with which it is necessary to deal is that of guarding against or getting rid of these secondary parasites.

But many other noxious insects beside the moths named have mortal enemies which are now known, and the cultivation of these and their formation into armies of rescue are receiving attention. The elm leaf beetle, the plant tick, the mulberry scale insect, the various weevils, and the plant lice and grain aphids all have their insect foes, which can be let loose upon them. Recently a species of large bembecid wasp has been sent from New Orleans to Algeria to wage war upon a kind of fly which imparts the "sleeping sickness" to dromedaries. The wasps went over in refrigerated cocoons, from which full fledged insects were developed in Algeria, but their subsequent history is not yet known.

Considering what has been accomplished, one might be tempted to hope that an insect foe of mosquitoes and house flies may yet be discovered and sent out on a species of warfare to which the most tenderhearted sentimentalist could hardly object.

PANHANDLE WHEAT CROP NOT PROMISING

Central Western Texas Crops of All Kinds in Good Shape.

Austin, Texas, June 13.—After an extensive tour of inspection of the central west and the south plains country of Texas, J. W. Neill, director of farmers' institutes under the department of agriculture, says that he found the crops to be very good in most places. He found that rain is badly needed west of Fort Worth as far as Big Spring, but in Fisher and Lubbock counties, there has been a sufficiency of rain.

The wheat crop in the Panhandle, he said, was very poor, due principally to the lack of up to date farming methods by the farmers. The farmers as a rule do not know how to prepare the soil for the cultivation of wheat. This condition was apparent in Fisher county and the south plains section. He noticed a slight decrease in the cotton acreage and more attention is being paid to diversification of crops.

The fruit crop in that section be found to be excellent and the indications for a large yield appear to be excellent. The cold weather of the past winter, it develops, did little, if any, damage to the fruit trees, and thousands of bushels of fine apples will be raised this season.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE TO BE HELD AT PLAINVIEW

Plainview, Tex., June 13.—Under the direction of the state department of agriculture, a farmers' institute will be held at Plainview Tuesday, June 18, at 1:30 p. m. This institute will be conducted by J. W. Neill, who will discuss dry farming, the conservation of moisture, selection and improvement of home grown seed, diversification of crops, the cotton root rot and the boll worm.

A dispatch comes from Washington to the effect that senator Culberson has introduced a bill for the establishment of an agricultural plant, shrub, fruit and ornamental trees, berry and vegetable experiment station at Plainview.

BUMPER CROP OF GARBANZO EXPECTED IN YAQUI VALLEY

Guaymas, Mexico, June 13.—Thomas Conant, of Torin, is registered at the Almada hotel. Mr. Conant has one of the largest garbanzo ranches in the Yaqui valley, and reports that this year's crop promises to be a bumper. He is shipping in carload lots at the present time.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wagner, managers of the Sonora News, have gone to Philadelphia, to spend the next three or four months visiting Mr. Wagner's brothers and sisters.

W. E. Richardson, of Esperanza, was in the city on business.

FARMERS GETTING TOO BUSY TO TALK POLITICS

Within a few days the farmers in the lower valley will be too busy to talk politics or anything else. A second cutting of alfalfa will be in progress, and as the second crop will be a greater yield than the first, the farmers will have all they can do to cut, bale and load their hay on the cars bound for eastern markets, where it finds ready demand and sale at good figures.

LATE FROSTS DAMAGE FRUIT AROUND GLENWOOD

Glenwood, N. M., June 11.—Fruit crops are damaged by late frosts. There will be about one-third of a crop this year. Strawberries and cherries are ripening nicely and of a good quality. Also the speckled trout are jumping out of the water to show the angler that they would like to be caught.

ELGIN VALLEY IS SCENE OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY

Elgin, Ariz., June 13.—The valley in the Elgin country is a busy scene of planting, plowing and fencing. There is abundance of moisture in the soil and early rains are indicated. Apple trees planted on the 11th of May have healthy leaves and are growing finely without irrigation.

OKLAHOMA MAN BUYS FARM NEAR ARTESIA

Artesia, N. M., June 13.—William Demland, of Shawnee, Okla., has purchased of Owen McClay 160 acres of land on the Cottonwood, which he will put in a high state of cultivation. He is looking after the holdings of William Belt, of Shawnee, and with Mr. Belt will spend $20,000 in developing their land.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

Do not sap the springs of life by neglect of the human mechanism, by allowing the accumulation of poisons in the system. An imitation of Nature's method of restoring waste of tissue and impoverishment of the blood and nervous strength is to take an alterative glycerie extract (without alcohol) of Golden Seal and Oregon grape root, Bloodroot, Stone and Mandrake root with Cherrybark. Over 40 years ago Dr. Pierce gave to the public this remedy, which he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. He found it would help the blood in taking up the proper elements from food, help the liver into activity, thereby throwing out the poisons from the blood and vitalizing the whole system as well as allaying and soothing a cough.

No one ever takes cold unless constipated, or exhausted, and having what we call mal-nutrition, which is attended with impoverished blood and exhaustion of nerve force. The "Discovery" is an all-round tonic which restores tone to the blood, nerves and heart by imitating Nature's methods of restoring waste of tissue, and feeding the nerves, heart and lungs on rich red blood.

Mrs. Doax.

"I suffered from pain under my right shoulder blade also a very severe cough," writes Mrs. W. Doax, of New Brookland, S. C., to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. "Had four different doctors and none did me any good. Some said I had consumption, others said I would have to have an operation. I was bedridden, unable to sit up for six months—and was nothing but a live skeleton. You advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. When I had taken one bottle of the 'Discovery' I could sit up for an hour at a time, and when I had taken three bottles I could do my cooking and tend to the children. I took fourteen bottles in all and was then in good health. My weight is now 157 pounds.

Motherhood

The highest point of woman's happiness is reached only through motherhood, in the clasping of her child within her arms. Yet the mother-to-be is often fearful of nature's ordeal and shrinks from the suffering incident to its consummation. But for nature's ills and discomforts nature provides remedies, and in Mother's Friend is to be found a medicine of great value to every expectant mother. It is an emulsion for external application, composed of ingredients which act with beneficial and soothing effect on those portions of the system involved. It is intended to prepare the system for the crisis, and thus relieve, in great part, the suffering through which the mother usually passes. The regular use of Mother's Friend will repay any mother in the comfort it affords before, and the helpful restoration to health and strength it brings about after baby comes. Mother's Friend is for sale at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers which contains much valuable information, and many suggestions of a helpful nature.

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TUCUMCARI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ELECTS

Brass Band, With 23 Members, Organized at Tucumcari.

Tucumcari, N. M., June 13.—At the annual meeting of the Tucumcari chamber of commerce the following board of directors and officers was elected for the ensuing year: J. M. Stark, president; Joseph Israel, vice president; A. H. Mahon, secretary; Hugh Swift, treasurer; M. B. Goldenberg, J. W. Corn and J. P. Miller. An advertising committee and a standing reception committee were also elected. The association at present numbers 65 active members, and a great deal of good is being felt from their efforts in behalf of this city and community. The first rehearsal of the oratorical contests which will be held at the Evans opera house on Thursday, June 20, the proceeds of which entertainment will go toward the association, will be held Tuesday afternoon, when the entire program will be arranged. A. H. Mahon, the secretary recently elected, reports a great deal of correspondence with outside parties interested in this section of the country. A meeting of the Retailers' Credit association, which works in harmony with the commercial organization, will be held in a few days to take up several matters of importance.

A brass band of 23 pieces has been organized in this city with D. J. Cordes, of West Plains, Mo., as director. Tucumcari has never been very successful in former years in the support of a band, but it is believed that this year will show different results, as arrangements have already been made for its support in part at least. It is announced that the first public concert will be given on the Fourth of July.

DAILY RECORD

Building Permits.

To Mayfield Realty company, to erect two five room cottages, lots 28 to 30 block 97 Basset's addition, 1300 block on Rio Grande street; estimated cost, $2,500 for each cottage.

To J. S. Calhoun, to build two story brick building, 117 South Broadway; estimated cost $2,900.

To H. T. Ponsford, to wreck building at corner of Stanton and Wyoming streets; estimated cost $100.

To Julian Estrada, to build a porch, 3718 Texas-Pacific street; estimated cost $40.

Deeds Filed.

Corner of Cumberland and Houston streets—Government Hill company to Frances Vaughan Warren, lots 25 to 29 block 29 Government Hill. Consideration $900. June 12, 1912.

North Virginia, between Cliff and River streets—N. R. Lynd to J. J. O'Neill, lots 12 and 14 block 35 Alexander's addition. Consideration $100. April 18, 1911.

Corner of Washington avenue and Columbia street—City National bank of El Paso to August G. Andreas, individed one-half interest in lot 1 to 16, block 12 Highland Park. Consideration $1,000. June 10, 1912.

Corner of Washington avenue and Columbia street—Dirk E. Sellgman to City National bank of El Paso, undivided one-half interest in lots 1 to 16 block 12 Highland Park. Consideration $1. June 3, 1912.

Texas-Pacific street, between Stevens avenue and Latta street—H. L. Howell to Gil N. Martinez, lot 15 block 16 Latta's addition; consideration $117.20. June 1, 1912.

El Paso county, Tex.—J. D. Hackett to O. D. Pruitt, undivided one-third interest, 80 acres in surveys 132 and 133, known as Samuel A. Maverick. Consideration $100. June 12, 1912.

Erie, between Ohio street and Indiana avenue—Cyrus H. Jones to Edgar Publishing company, lots 17 to 19 block 22 Highland Park. Consideration $1,250. June 10, 1912.

Erie, between Ohio street and Indiana avenue—Highland Park Realty company to Cyrus H. Jones, lots 17 to 19 block 22 Highland Park. Consideration $300. June 5, 1912.

Corner of Cebada and Tularosa streets—W. G. Roe and Blanche Roe, lots 23 to 25 block 84 East El Paso. Consideration $1,000. June 11, 1912.

Corner Upson avenue and Miramon street—A. J. Ross and Sarah P. Ross to Miriam Michelson, lots 16 to 20 block 23 Sunset Heights. Consideration $5,702. June 4, 1912.

Rio Grande and Montana, between Newman and Lee streets—C. E. Kelley to W. H. Anderson, undivided one-half interest in the easterly 13 feet of lot 4, 39, and an undivided one-half interest in lots 5, 6, 40, 41 block 79 Franklin Heights. Consideration $5,000. June 12, 1912.

Licensed to Wed.

Jesse Roach and Mamie Reeves.

E. R. Williams and Marjorie R. Ransom.

Francisco Sanschez and Teresa Martinez.

Births—Girls.

To Mrs. Gelio Parra, 916 Hill street; June 11.

Births—Boys.

To Mrs. Esteban Morales, 3719 Texas-Pacific street; June 9.

To Mrs. Mariano Bustillos, Durango street; June 10.

To Mrs. Juan Diaz, 1008 South El Paso street; June 4.

To Mrs. Luis Leija, 1020 Santa Fe street, twins; June 11.

RICHARD HOBSON FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

Troy, Ala., June 13.—Richard P. Hobson yesterday announced his candidacy for the United States senate. Capt. Hobson said he aimed to "purge the government of men who serve sinister liquor interests and depend for their success upon debauching the people's morals."

So Tired of Tired Feet! Use TIZ

Gets the "Tired" Out in a Few Minutes. Makes Your Feet Sore-Proof.

"O fudge! It's awful how tired feet make you feel tired all over—so dead tired. Then, when you've got a corn besides, and a bunion, and a few blisters, and your feet are terribly swollen, you don't care if you're got a million dollars—you're tired, that's all. A million dollars can't help you, any more than 25 cents will."

"Pull, Johnny, Pull!"

A quarter buys a box of TIZ.—a wonder for tired, sore, tender, chafed, blistered, swollen, sweaty, smelly feet, corns, callouses and bunions, chilblains and frostbite. The moment you use it, you give a sigh of relief, and then you smile. There's nothing as good as TIZ, so don't accept any attempted imitation. TIZ draws out all the poisonous exudations that make foot troubles.

TIZ, 25 cents a box, sold everywhere, or sent direct, on receipt of price, by Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill. Recommended by all Drug Stores, department and general stores.

"You Need a Course of Calomel"

said your father years ago when you lost your appetite --when you felt "all in."

A "course of calomel" meant to be sick--awfully sick. It meant a nasty dose and frequently salivation.

You don't need to take calomel now.

At Bedtime Tonight Take a Spoonful of

PODOLAX

It does all that calomel did without the bad effects. It even tastes good. There is no sickening, no griping, no salivation. Tomorrow you will show up smiling. After a few days you'll be your old self again. You'll be on your mettle and in fighting trim.

Stop at the drug store and buy a 50c. bottle of PODOLAX. Try it. If it don't do all that we claim take it right back again and get your money.

DON'T GET RUN DOWN

Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, Dullhead pains, Dizziness, Nervousness, Pains in the back, and feel tired all over, get a package of Mother Gray's AROMATIC-LEAF, the pleasant herb cure. It never fails. We have many testimonials from grateful people who have used this wonderful remedy. As a regulator it has no equal. Ask for Mother Gray's Aromatic-Leaf at Druggists or sent by mail for 50 cts. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, moist, swollen feet. It relieves corns and bunions of all pain and prevents blisters and callous spots. Always use it to Break in New Shoes. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE 20TH CENTURY.

Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis Cured by Inhalation. Respirator Worn at Night. Heals While You Sleep. People treated at their homes successfully. For the next month it will be sent at cost. Write today for FREE description and HISTORY of the DISCOVERY.

DR. GLASS, 316 Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

Tried GETS-IT, The New Corn Cure, Yet?

See How Easy It Drives Away Corns.

"GETS-IT Will 'Get' Every Corn You've Got!"

At last, a real does-what-it-says corn cure. Nothing like it has ever before been known.

Every man and woman who has corns, callouses, warts or bunions, ought to try "Gets-It" at once and see how marvelously it works. Quit shaving your corn with a razor. You may draw blood and cause blood poisoning.

"GETS-IT" is remarkable because it never irritates or turns the true flesh sore or raw. It can't. It is as safe as water. Stockings won't stick to it. Corn pains stop. The corn or callous shrivels up, comes out. Blessed relief!

"GETS-IT" is sold at druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent on receipt of price to E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

That ulcer can be cured

Your case is no worse than what these people had.

Yet see how quickly *B.B.B.* cured them.

"I was down three years with an ulcer on the leg," writes Mrs. Marie Cooper of Mobile, Ala. "I used only three bottles of *B.B.B.* and it did me more good than fifty-six bottles of another remedy. Those who knew my condition and saw what *B.B.B.* did for me were surprised."

Mr. R. J. Irving of Center Point, Texas, writes: "I had a bad sore leg which I could not get cured. I had the best physicians; and tried various remedies. All failed until I used B.B.B. Now my leg is cured entirely and gives me no pain."

Miss Florence King of Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I had a very bad foot. I could not walk for six months. I spent much money trying to be cured. Since using *B.B.B.* the foot has healed up. All inflammation is gone and I can walk without pain. *B.B.B.* is the best blood Medicine I ever took."

These are only three cases out of thousands, which *B.B.B.* has cured quickly and completely after every other treatment failed.

Any good druggist will supply you with B.B.B. Insist on having it.

Your money back if B.B.B. fails to help you

DAYLIGHT TRAIN SERVICE VIA Mexico North-Western Railway

Most convenient time to leave, best time to arrive.

Train departs daily Union Station 7:05 A. M.

Train arrives daily Union Station 7:00 P. M.

LUXURIOUS PARLOR-OBSERVATION CAR SERVICE BOTH DIRECTIONS.

Phone Union Depot Ticket Agent—Bell 926.

T. R. RYAN, Traffic Manager. F. L. WEMPLE, Asst. Gen'l. Frt. & Pasgr. Agt.

Floods Are Conquered!

Effective June 10th, through train service will be resumed via Shreveport. This opens the entire Southeast via the shortest and most direct route.

ASK US ABOUT SUMMER RATES.

Phone Bell 7 — T. & P. Texas Pacific Railway — Phone Auto 2207

COUPON

Save it for a copy of

The American Government

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

The Book That Shows Uncle Sam at Work

JUNE 13

How to Get This Book

Cut out the above coupon from six consecutive issues of The Herald and present them with 50 cents to cover the bare cost of manufacture, freight and handling, and a copy will be presented to you without additional cost. A $2.00 VALUE FOR 50c. Act quickly if you want a copy.

Save six consecutive coupons and present them at The Herald office.

EACH BOOK BY MAIL 15 CENTS. EXTRA FOR POSTAGE.