Juan Guaderrama Admits Killing Garlick

Describes Shooting at His Store on June 22, of Last Year.

JUST before the 34th district court adjourned its session Tuesday evening in the trial of the Guaderramas for the killing of officers Garlick and Russell at the Guaderrama store in the smelter settlement last June, Juan Guaderrama admitted that he killed Garlick. His admission came at the end of lengthy testimony and cross examination.

Guaderrama continued his testimony and was subjected to redirect questioning Wednesday morning. Jesus, his brother, took the stand shortly before noon.

Gillett Says Found Bullet Holes.

Sam R. Gillett, one of the attorneys for the defence, testified that he made an examination of the Guaderrama store on the day of the killing. He found bullet holes under the shelving and in the wall. A board which Donaciano Hernandez, a carpenter, said he had taken out of the Guaderrama store, was shown the witness. There was a bullet hole in the board.

On cross examination Mr Gillett said that Juan Guaderrama, he believed, told him where he would find the bullets.

Mr. Gillett thought that he found the bullet hole in the wall without anyone showing it to him. Juan Guaderrama had told him the condition the store was in and that was how he found it, Mr. Gillett said.

Ponce Examined Bean Box.

Demetrio Ponce, who purchased the Guaderrama store last July, testified that he examined the bean box in the store. He was shown the board in evidence and thought it was one of the boards of the bean box. The bullet hole in it Sabino Guaderrama called his attention to Sabino, Ponce said, told him: "See that bullet hole. That was one of the shots they fired at my brother."

Manuel Guaderrama Testifies.

Manuel Guaderrama, recalled, testified that a week after he got out of jail, he found four bullet holes in the store. At the hospital, Guaderrama said that his mother said to him: "The sheriff in the blue suit shot me."

Norman M. Walker, recalled by the defence, said that he saw a man by the name of Morgan or Horgan at the Guaderrama store. The man, he said, made the statement that there had been some shooting after Mrs. Guaderrama had been shot.

Juan Guaderrama Takes Stand.

Juan Guaderrama stated that he wanted to testify in Spanish. He testified: "On June 22, Sunday, about 4 or 5 oclock in the afternoon I went to my store, which was closed. I called at the store of my father, above on the hill. I ordered a supper from a restaurant for my uncle, his wife, Manuel and his wife. My uncle could not come because he was sick. We finished supper at 7:30 then went to my father's store.

"I started out to go to my house, expecting to overtake my wife and uncle. When I reached the office of the strikers, it occurred to me to go into the office to secure two men to help build a porch. I came out and saw officer Russell standing in front. 'Guaderrama,' he said, 'come here.'

Says Russell Frightened Him.

"He was sitting on the street car tracks. I sat down next to him. I thought he was going to talk to me about the strike. He said something to me that I did not understand. He finished his words by saying 'belly ache.' When I heard that I was frightened and stood up. Then I noticed the two men with him. One had large ears.

"I walked on, when he called me again. I stopped. He came to me. One man, the druggist, had a pistol. His coat was pulled back. At that time my mother arrived, coming in the middle of the county road, and passed by on one side. In place of giving an answer to a question, 'If any Mexican had anything against him,' I spoke to my mother.

Juan Says He Went Home.

"When the three got together I went on to my home. I did not use 'sabe de burro.' I recognized the men with Russell as officers at the smelter." By "druggist," the witness said, he referred to Doc Goodwin.

"The next day when I got up I was not thinking of any difficulty," said Juan Guaderrama. "I remained working at the store. I hitched up my horse to come to town to get lumber and groceries I needed and went back to the store. When near the store, near the crossing of the street car track, I saw the two sheriffs about 125 yards from my house. The fellow in the blue suit was on the left. When the wagon crossed the tracks the fellow in the blue suit grabbed the other one. He said something to him.

Saw His Wife, Frightened.

"I saw my wife standing in the doorway. She was motioning to me like she was very much frightened. She could not explain, only said: 'The sheriffs! The sheriffs!' she told me that the sheriffs had been there and punching Manuel with a pistol. I talked to the bartender. He said he thought they were a little drunk.

"I called the police station and told them the two sheriffs guarding the smelter had been monkeying around my house with guns. They told me that they could not do anything as they could not go out of the city. They told me to call '293.' I called that number and a young lady told me that the sherif had gone to dinner. Then I made up my mind to come to the sheriff's office and explain.

Came to Sheriff's Office.

"I came in on the 12:30 car. I went to Mr. Gillett's office, but did not find him. I told Manuel I thought it would be better to go to the police station. I told sergeant Fletcher to send two sheriffs to the smelter. Asked him if he had anyone who could speak English. He said that I could speak good enough. He called Simpson. I told him that my wife was very much frightened; she was in a delicate condition and I was afraid something would happen to her.

"They sent us to the sheriff's office. I found the 'officer lady.' She was very polite. She said Mr. Poyton Edwards was in California. I asked her if I could get any other and she said there would be no other sheriffs until 3 oclock. It was then four minutes after 1 oclock. I went back to the police station.

Says He Returned to Saloon.

"Simpson told me that they could not go out of the city, but he would try and send out two officers at 2 oclock. He asked me the name of the sheriffs. I gave them to him and then he took my name. I 'phoned my wife. I arrived at the store at 2 oclock. My wife asked me what I did. I told her two officers would arrive at 3.

"I pulled off my coat, my hat and hung it in the office. I went into the saloon. The bartender came and said he was going to dinner. I told him he could go. I told my uncle to watch the bar while I took dinner. My uncle could not walk very much; he was weak.

"I stood at the end of the bar. I had been been there just a minute when the sheriffs opened the door. Russell was punching a cartridge out of his belt with his finger. There was a soldier in the saloon.

Says He Felt Great Fear.

"When I saw them I saw they had a bad feeling because of what had happened in the morning. I went into the store. I remembered that Simpson had told me he would send two officers at 2 oclock. I looked at my watch. It was 2:12. I felt very much afraid, and like locking the doors. There was no lock on one. I felt consoled because my mother and wife were there. I did not think they would do anything with them there.

"I called the police station. They said they could do nothing, to call the sheriff's office. I then saw the same soldier I had seen asleep in the saloon. He came in the east door. His hat was pulled low. I stood with the telephone in my hand. The soldier did not want anything. He went to the saloon door, opened it and left it open. I told my wife to close the door as I was afraid the men in the saloon would hear what I was saying over the telephone. I called 292 again and talked to the young woman. She could not understand my name.

Says Garlick Accosted Him.

"Then the sheriffs came in. They came up close to the counter and looked at each other. Garlick asked for some tobacco. He paid me and when I turned to the cash register Garlick said: 'You want to see me.' I said, 'No.' He said, 'Yes, you do.' My mother came to the door and said: 'Gentlemen, you must get out.' Then Russell for the first time spoke. He said, 'Shut up!' My mother again asked them to go out. Russell said: 'Shut up, ——— ——, I will kill you!'

Says Russell Had a Pistol.

"Russell had a pistol in his hand. I had to wait my opportunity until he discharged the pistol so I could fall down and escape being hit. I heard my mother and brother 'holler.' Then I fell down. My trousers were torn. Then I heard the shots. I could see where Russell had fallen with his knife and pistol in one hand. I saw my wife and pistol in one hand. I saw my wife running. I could see Adolfo with my mother, and heard some one scream, 'They shot my mother.' I got up and got my pistol out of the box.

Says Fired and Struck Garlick.

"About that time Garlick was in the center of the house and I saw him fire a shot at my mother, or one of my brothers. Then I stood up and as he came toward me he fired and I fired. He then struck me and grabbed me leaving one arm loose. I tried to fire, but the pistol would not discharge.

"I struck him over the head several times. He fell. During the struggle he kept to fire the pistol in my stomach. My thumb was on the hammer. I took the pistol away from him. I struck him.

Fell at Second Shot.

"I am not sure that I fired twice, but at the second shot he grew weak and fell among the ax handles. I took the pistol and scabbard, and my pistol I put back in the drawer. I ran to my mother and then I saw Russell lying down.

"I did not stop to make any examination. I ran to my mother. I tried to get my wife away from Garlick. She grabbed me by the arm. I got a bottle of whisky in the saloon and then went back to the store.

"I bathed my wife's face. I took my wife outside to the door of her house. Then I went back to the store.

Found Knife Near Russell.

"When I passed Russell I saw a knife lying under his legs. I put this on the counter. A soldier arrived. He opened the screen door and another came in. He saw the weapons on the floor. When I was looking at something else he grabbed the pistol and the knife. I told him not to take them. He said, 'That's all right; I'll take care of it.' He went to Russell and put his finger on the cartridge belt. I told him to leave that man alone.

Put Paper on Officers' Faces.

"I then took a piece of paper, gave it to him and told him to put it over the other man's face. I put a piece over Russelle's.

"Soon people began to come. Immediately after the shooting I telephoned the police station. When I told them that three men got killed they closed the telephone. They did not want to talk to me any more.

Soldiers Had Guns Ready.

"A slender officer who brought us to jail—I have not seen him since—asked where was the gun. I pointed to the soldier and said that man has one. The soldier said, 'I got mine.' When I got into the machine there was about 15 or 20 soldiers. They all had their guns ready. I sat on the machine. I saw the same sheriff with my uncle. He was twisting his arm. I told Juan Franco to call his attention to that as my uncle was sick.

Feared the Sheriff.

"The sheriff got into the automobile and then told Franco to get in too. I was afraid that the sheriff would kill me on the road. He told me if I moved my eyes he would kill me. David, Adolfo, Jesus and Lydio were in the machine."

Denies Wife Brought Pistol.

Guaderrama denied that his wife brought a pistol to him, as testified to by Francisco Alonzo. The pistol, he said, he had was left by a friend.

"I cannot tell who fired the first shot," he declared. "Both leveled their guns at me and both were cocked. I fell down. I thought I was punctured. I did not think they missed me.

Says He Shot at Garlick.

"At the time I heard my mother had been killed I had made up my mind to put up a defence. My brothers were not armed. I did not shoot at Russell.

"I fired at Garlick, but I am not sure that I hit him every time. I think I hit him the last shot. I expected to be shot. I did not know where Russell was at that time. From the time I got up I put my sight on Garlick and I never quit him."

Saw His Mother Was Shot.

Guaderrama said that he had never fired his friend's pistol until that day. His mother did not tell him who shot her. "I made an examination," said Guaderrama, "and saw that she was shot through."

On cross-examination Guaderrama testified that he had known Garlick three or four weeks. He thought Garlick weighed 175 pounds. Guaderrama had been a merchant and a blacksmith helper at a mine for seven years.

Has Lived Here 27 Years.

He is 35 years old, and has lived in El Paso 27 years, and seven years in California. On the day of the killing he said he took the 12:20 car and reached town at 12:40. Six minutes before coming he called the sheriff's office. A "lady" answered the call. He talked to her about 1:20 in the afternoon. She told him that the sheriff had gone to dinner.

Simpson told him, he said, that they would send two men to the smelter at 2 oclock. He returned to the smelter at 2 oclock.

He did not know Francisco Alonso. He saw him for the first time at old Fort Bliss on the day that he was going to town. He took the boy on the wagon. The boy was not at the place when the wagon was unloaded. He might possibly have been on the outside of the store when the shooting occurred.

Says Russell Appeared Angry.

Jesus, David and Lydio Dominguez were not at the store when he arrived there at 2 oclock that afternoon, he said. His uncle and a soldier, who "looked to be drunk, or asleep," were in the saloon, also the two "sheriffs." Garlick, ahead of Russell, came into the saloon pushing a cartridge out of his belt with his finger. Russell appeared to be very angry. Guaderrama had never had any trouble with Doc Goodwin. He had nothing to do with rattle.

Didn't Know What Steer Was.

"What is a steer?" Guaderrama asked district attorney Bridgers.

"A steer is something that is opposite a heifer in sex," replied the district attorney.

Stating that it was a question of motive, district attorney Bridgers was permitted to ask the defendant about the sequestration of a steer and some hides.

Guaderrama said he supposed his brother, Sabino, had been arrested about some cattle. Guaderrama said he had a meat market. He said he bought his beef from Opitz and Peyton. Sabino had purchased six or seven head of cattle. One steer had been sequestrated. Lydio Dominguez had worked for him two days. He did not know the business relationship between Sabino and Dominguez.

Ignorant of Sabino's Arrest.

He thought Dominguez was going to kill the cattle he had purchased. Guaderrama did not know that Garlick had Sabino arrested about these cattle. Sabino did not tell him who arrested him. "That was four or five weeks before the killing," he said.

"If the justice court record shows that Sabino was arrested on June 17 and had his trial on the 18th, you must be mistaken about the four or five weeks?" was asked the witness.

"I cannot possibly be mistaken," he replied. "The inspector went to look at the cattle. I had some books and said he could not find the brands of any of the cattle." Sabino and himself were the "Guaderrama Bros." Sabino had the saloon and he looked after the store, Juan testified.

Guaderrama was shown a check. He said he endorsed it. The introduction of the check was objected to by the defence. In consultation with judge Jackson and the attorneys for the defence district attorney Bridgers stated he expected to connect the check with the purchase of hides. The matter was passed.

Says He Fired Three Shots.

Guaderrama said he fired one shot from the automatic and two from Garlick's pistol.

Guaderrama saw Manuel Gonzalez after the killing, he said. He thought the first shot was fired at him. The office then was full of smoke.

"When I first got up I got my pistol and put down the safety," he said. "I saw Garlick fire a shot in the direction of my mother. He turned. I fired at him and he fired at me. I was behind the counter. He then grabbed me and I grabbed him.

Saw Mother Being Removed.

"At that time where was your mother?"

"I had not seen her until they were taking her out into the room."

"You mean to say before you fired that shot they had carried your mother out into another room?"

"When I got up I noticed Jesus carrying my mother out through a narrow door. I barely saw them," he said.

"How long were you down behind that counter?"

"As soon as I fell down I got up as soon as I could. When I did, I saw them carrying my mother out."

Juan Says He Killed Garlick.

"Who struck Garlick in the back of the head?"

"I do not know."

"Who shot Russell in the back of the head?"

"I do not know."

"Did you kill Russell?"

"No."

"But you did kill Garlick?"

"Yes, sir."

Grabbed Garlick's Pistol.

Wednesday morning Juan Guaderrama, still under cross examination, testified that he did not indicate a bottle of whisky and say to Lee Hall: "See that; they have been drinking. They had that in their hands." Guaderrama said hat the "officers" looked like they had been drinking, especially the "little" one. He said he meant Russell.

At the time his pistol fell from his hands Guaderrama said that he grabbed Garlick's pistol with both hands and wrested it away from him. Indicating a place at the left side of his head near the ear, Guaderrama said that is where she shot Garlick. He discharged the pistol with his thumb, he said. The pistol was already cocked and close to Garlick's head. The last effort he made to fire the pistol Garlick fell," he said.

Denies Shooting Garlick on Floor.

"I made an effort to fire at him twice," said Guaderrama. He thought the first time he struck Garlick his hat fell off.

"Who fired that shot on the floor beside him after he fell?" asked district attorney Bridgers, pointing down to the floor.

"There were no shots after he fell."

"You did not shoot at him after he fell, did you?"

"No, sir."

"How many cartridges were there in the pistol?"

"I think there were five."

"When did this cartridge jam the pistol?"

"Certainly it must have after I fired the first time, because when I tried to shoot again it was out of fix."

Denies Knowledge of Russell's Killing.

"You dont know who struck Russell in the head?" asked the prosecutor.

"No, sir," Guaderrama replied.

"You don't know who shot Russell in the arm?"

"No, sir."

"You don't know who shot Garlick in the side?"

"I shot at him in the middle. I don't know if I hit him."

"You did not have a scratch on you when this thing was finished?"

"No, sir."

Says He Got the Weapons.

"Don't you know that David left the store with those pistols and went to your father's house on the hill?"

"No, sir."

"You had Garlick's pistol after the killing and a knife?"

"Yes, sir I got the knife under Russelle's leg."

"Is it true that Russell was chopped in the head?"

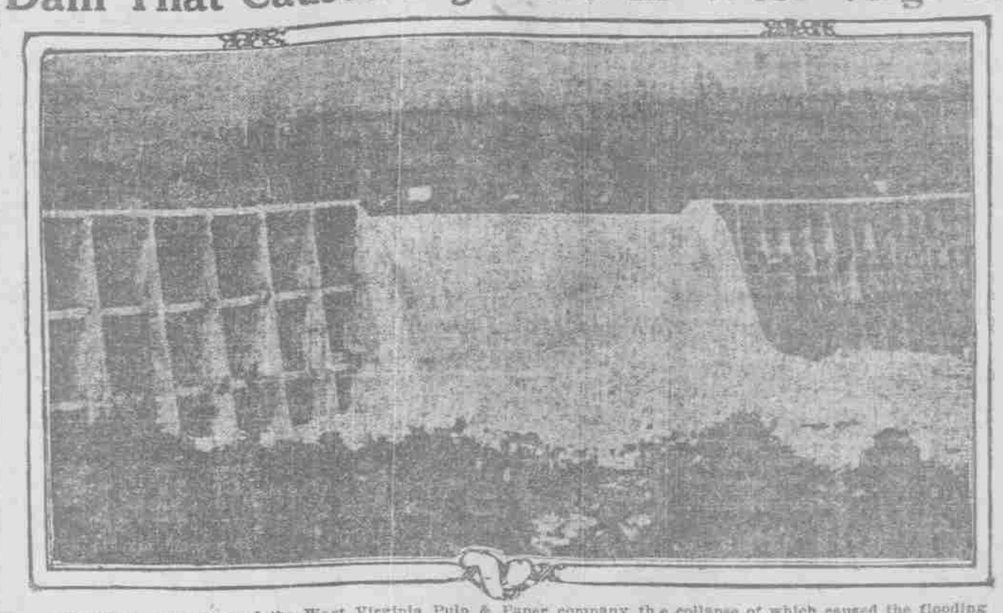
"Perhaps so. I do not know anything about that."

On redirect examination Guaderrama testified his mother was a Catholic and 55 years old. The answer that his mother was a Catholic was excluded from the testimony on objection of district attorney Bridgers.

Guaderrama did not think a knife shown him was the knife he said he found under Russelle's legs. Guaderrama then left the witness stand.

Jesus Guaderrama was the second defendant placed on the stand Wednesday.

Dam That Caused Big Flood In West Virginia



The Stony river dam of the West Virginia Pulp & Paper company the collapse of which caused the flooding of miles of territory in West Virginia and Maryland and the destruction of hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property.

A. Krakauer, Pioneer Merchant, Dies

Was Identified With the Growth of El Paso For 42 Years.

Adolph Krakauer, president of Krakauer, Zork & Moye's, Sucrs., Inc., and subsidiary companies, president of the Two Republics Life Insurance company, president of the Mountainside Realty company, director in the First National bank and Rio Grande Valley Bank & Trust company, and pioneer business man of El Paso, died at 1 oclock Wednesday morning at the Krakauer home, 1101 Mesa avenue.

Mr. Krakauer had an attack of heart trouble at midnight. He had been afflicted with this disease for several years. His condition did not improve and his death followed at 1 oclock, with his family at his bedside. Mr. Krakauer went abroad recently for a vacation trip and had been home only a few weeks. He would have been 68 years old, if he had lived until May 23, as he was born in Furth, Bavaria, on May 23, 1846.

In 1865 Mr. Krakauer came to America alone and was employed as a clerk in New York City, where he gained his first business experience. In 1869 he removed to San Antonio, Texas, where he worked for Louis Zork, whose daughter, Miss Ada Zork, he married in San Antonio before coming to El Paso to make his permanent home.

Came Here 42 Years Ago.

Forty-two years ago Mr. and Mrs. A. Krakauer arrived in El Paso as bride and groom. Mr. Krakauer first worked for Joseph Schutz at his store on San Francisco street, near the present location of the big plant of Krakauer, Zork & Moye's, Sucrs. He then went with the Ketelsen & Degetau wholesale hardware dealers. It was in this store that Mr. Krakauer learned the heavy hardware business which afterward made him his fortune.

Realizing the importance of El Paso's trade territory, he organized the Krakauer, Zork & Moye Hardware company, together with Gus Zork, who has been identified with the Chihuahua branch of the company in recent years, and Ed Moye, now a local banker.

Relinquishes Control to Sons.

Mr. Krakauer had gradually retired from the active control of his hardware business here, relinquishing details to his two sons, Julius and Robert Krakauer. However, he continued to take a keen interest and was at his desk every day.

The Two Republics Life Insurance company was one of his pet projects and he devoted much time to its building up. He has been president of the Two Republics since it was organized. He was also president of the Krakauer-Zork Investment company and the Mountainside Realty company. He always attended the directors' meetings of the First and Rio Grande banks and was active in their directorates.

Was Alderman Years Ago.

He was alderman for a number of terms in the old days and the old timers recall when he presided at the mayor's court as acting mayor in the days when the recorder's court was conducted by the mayor. He was a member of the Country club, the Progress club and of the chamber of commerce. He always took an active interest in civic welfare, and was a member of the council committee which arranged for the sewers, also of the courthouse committee and other public enterprises. The flag on the chamber of commerce was at half mast Wednesday in honor of the deceased merchant, whose son, Robert, is a director of the chamber.

Mr. Krakauer is survived by his widow, two sons, Julius and Robert, and his daughter Addie. The funeral will be held from Temple Mt. Sinai this afternoon at 4 oclock. The burial will take place in the Mt. Sinai section of Concordia cemetery. Rev. Martin Zielonka will preside at the service. The honorary pallbearers are I. Haas, A. A. Klein, A. Silberberg, M. Solomon, J. Calisher, W. H. Burges, Joseph Magoffin, W. B. Gillespie, P. C. March, M. B. Davis, J. W. Fisher and H. Nordwald, of Chihuahua. The active pall bearers are Edgar W. Kayser, L. St. J. Thomas, S. C. McCurdy, F. M. Reall, Frank Elmendorf, G. B. Davis, Winchester Cooley and Ben Levy.

The flags in San Jacinto plaza and on the city hall were at half mast Wednesday in honor of the memory of Mr. Krakauer. The banks closed at 2 oclock for the funeral.

MRS. BESSIE W. GURNEY.

Funeral services for Mrs. Bessie W. Gurney, the wife of Frank W. Gurney, were held Monday afternoon at 110 North Campbell street, in charge of Rev. Perry J. Rice. The Eastern Star had charge of the service at the grave, Mrs. Gurney having been a member of that order at Carrizozo, N. M. Mrs Gurney was a native of El Paso, having been born here in 1884. She is survived by her husband, a 4-year old son, her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilbanks, a brother and a sister, all of whom live in El Paso. Mrs. G. J. Frick, another sister, from Marion, Ill., was here during her illness. The burial was in Evergreen cemetery.

WILL SEEK REASON FOR WATER TROUBLE

Prof. Fayette A. Jones, president of the New Mexico School of Mines at Socorro, N. M., passed through El Paso Wednesday morning en route to Columbus, N. M., where he will make a geological reconnaissance of the lower Mimbres valley, with a view to determining why irrigation water is harder to secure there than in the upper valley around Deming, N. M.

Farmers in the lower portion of the valley have complained that they have much greater difficulty in finding water than do their neighbors in the upper valley. Prof. Jones has been asked to study the problem and report on it. He expects to complete his reconnaissance by next Saturday, when he will report his findings in a public address to the farmers at Columbus.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS HELD FOR DELIVERY

Mexico City, Mex., Jan. 21.—The appointment of Gen. Jose Inez Salazar to be governor of Sonora and Gen. Marcelo Caraveo to govern Durango state were confirmed by the senate just before the news reached here of the evacuation of Ojinaga. President Huerta had announced these appointments as a New Year's present to both officers.

Gen. Carlos Garcia Hidalgo also had been named to succeed Gen. Salvador Mercado as military commander in Chihuahua. Gen. Pascual Orozco was being considered as civil governor of the state of Chihuahua.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

Weak and unhealthy kidneys cause so much sickness and suffering and when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results may be expected.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys should have attention first because their work is most important.

If you feel that your kidneys are the cause of your sickness or run down condition commence taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because if it proves to be the remedy you need and your kidneys begin to improve they will help all the other organs to health.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are among the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patients, **who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects,** while the **original disease** constantly undermines the system.

A Trial Will Convince Anyone.

Thousands of people have testified that the mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized and that it stands the highest for its remarkable results in the most distressing cases.

Symptoms of Kidney Trouble.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you suffer from annoying bladder troubles, frequently passing water night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh or sallow complexion, kidney trouble in its worst form may be stealing upon you.

Swamp-Root Is Pleasant to Take.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

Sample Size Bottle.

SPECIAL NOTE—You may obtain a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. This gives you the opportunity to prove the remarkable merit of this medicine. They will also send you a book of valuable information, containing many of the thousands of grateful letters received from men and women who say they found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy needed in kidney, liver and bladder troubles. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample size bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Be sure to say you read this offer in the El Paso Daily Herald.—Advertisement.

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You can always depend upon K C not to disappoint you. The double raise makes doubly certain—nothing is left to "luck." If the batter is a little thin, K C will raise it light and feathery and it will be all the better. Jarring the stove or turning the pan around makes no difference—K C *sustains the raise* until baked.

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"GILT EDGE," the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains **Oil.** Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, **shines without rubbing,** 25c. "FRENCH GLOSS," 10c.

"STAR" combination for **cleaning and polishing** all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 10c. "BANDY" size, 25c.

"QUICK WHITE" (in liquid form with sponge) **quickly cleans and whitens** dirty canvas shoes. 10c. & 25c.

"BABY ELITE" combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A 1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 10 cents. "ELITE" size, 25 cents.

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Used also for **rheumatism** and **sciatica.**

Mrs. James A. Loughlin, 2223 Davidson Ave., New York, N. Y., writes: "My two daughters and son were attacked with severe pains in the back and legs which kept them from work for many months. We used many different liniments, but none did any good. Advised to try Sloan's Liniment, we did, and none of my children have had a pain since."

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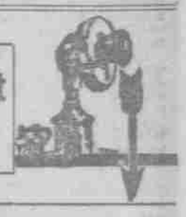

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