

# YOSHIIITO, NEW EMPEROR, SAVES JAPAN FROM RUSSIAN INVASION

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### Coronation Ceremony Held In Kyoto As Yoshihito Bows To Mythical Goddess

#### JAPS SEE EVENT AS HAPPY OMEN

KIOTO, Japan, Nov. 10.—In Kyoto, the ancient capital of Japan, Yoshihito was consecrated emperor today.

For days the weather has been wet and gloomy, but at the moment Yoshihito bowed down before the ancestral sun goddess the rays of the sun flashed over the mountain, dispelling the clouds. According to legend the sun goddess in prophetic signs emerged from her rocky cave and filled the whole universe with glory. The appearance of the sun today is interpreted by the people of Japan as a good omen of an auspicious reign of Yoshihito and of the destiny of the empire.

The first part of the principal ceremonies held this morning consisted of a ritual service to the sun goddess, which struck a note of religious mysticism. This afternoon Yoshihito was crowned. The morning ceremony was addressed by the pope, the archbishop and the other to the people.

Foreigners are impressed.

Foreigners who were in connection with the coronation ceremony were deeply impressed. The American women were particularly interested in the sight of the emperor, who is a young man of noble bearing, in ancient court robes. The American ambassador, George W. Guthrie, expressed his interest in the ceremony of the coronation. Post Wheeler, first secretary of the American embassy, who is studying the mythology of Japan, spoke of the immobility and silence of the people until premier Okuma called "Banzai," when the delirious shout rose to the cry and acclaim the monarch.

It is first public coronation.

It was the first time the coronation of the Japanese nation that the people of Japan and the representatives of foreign nations were permitted to witness the coronation of the emperor.

The story of this special event is the history of old Japan spiritualized. It is the coronation of the sun goddess and Heaven and Earth, of the veneration of the imperial ancestral gods and of the formal accession to sovereignty of the monarch of the Sun Goddess and imperial grand Ancestress, Amaterasu Omikami, who dwelt in the heavenly regions in prehistoric ages.

The ceremony of this morning was a ritual service of ancestor worship and was held in a specially erected hall in the palace grounds. The emperor, Shunshoku, who was enshrined in the sacred mirror brought from Tokio.

The drawing of the veil of seclusion and the admission of foreigners and of the people of Japan to the holy service of accession was the visual evidence of Japan's transition from the early years of her imperial isolation to a time when without abridging her sovereignty she had consented to emerge from her historic isolation. In the olden days the people were not present. Vaguely they heard that the monarch had acceded to his throne but they had no prerogative in the matter.

People ardently awaited.

Today they were actually invited to the ceremonies. Their representatives in parliament were there grouped about the imperial throne symbolizing the new Japan.

The Shunshoku was of plain, unvarnished wood and consisted of an outer hall, inner hall and shrine. It was simply decorated. Indeed simplicity dominates the coronation ceremonies. At the appointed time the two gates "Kofu" and "Kashu" were respectively facing south and east—were opened for the reception of those allowed to attend the coronation ceremony. The guards about the gates were exclusively those in the service of the imperial household. They carried the guards—distinguishable by their civil and military, nobles, the members of house of peers, the diplomatic corps, the house of representatives and the other dignitaries accompanied by their wives, all in full dress or uniform. The foreign women wore the

## SAYS VILLA'S MEN ARE TO BE CRUSHED

### Carranza General Asserts That Villa Is Now Between Two Armies.

Gen. Francisco R. Serrano, chief of staff of the Mexican army of the north-west in town from Douglas and Agua Prieta on his way to join Carranza headquarters in Piedra Negra, arrived Wednesday morning with the declaration that Villa would be exterminated close to the border in upper Sonora.

Gen. Obregon is waiting in Agua Prieta until Gen. Miguel Aleman has concentrated his forces at Hermosillo. Then, leading the movement and directing operations himself, Gen. Obregon will march against Villa's rabble army and crush it between his forces on the north and Gen. Douglas's on the south.

Gen. Obregon yesterday received word from Gen. Diaz, as that he had entered Hermosillo on the railroad line, and is making ready for the final move against the dwindling Villista mob. Villa cannot make successfully for the west coast, for there is nothing to support his men on their way, and Gen. Diaz is plotting to cut him off if he heads in that direction.

Villa Men Desert Fast.

"Villa's officers, to say nothing of his so-called soldiers, are deserting fast, disconsolate and discouraged with the progress of events. I had a conference with Villa's acting governor of Sonora, Carlos Randall, with Dr. Ramon Puente, acting as intermediary. Dr. Puente, along with Jose Maria Maytorrena, acknowledged that Villa was nothing but a bandit. Maytorrena's men are for Obregon on the Carranza government. It is planned to have Maytorrena's forces turn over to the recognized government, eight before last there was a meeting in Nogales, Sonora, and there were many cries of 'Viva Carranza' in face of the near presence of Villa himself, at Naco.

"Villa has no chance at all in Sonora or anywhere else. If he essays to leave the border for the coast or anywhere else, he will have no base of supplies. He is on his last legs, with his troops disorganized and demoralized. He is a lost cause. He is in Sonora, but he is not even a small factor in Mexico within a very short span of time. Nearly a hundred Villista officers have already deserted and accepted Carranza's amnesty. That alone shows the conditions surrounding Villa. He is all gone."

## VILLA'S MEN ARE DESERTING FAST

### Carranza General Grants Amnesty to 85 Officers at Agua Prieta.

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 10.—Eighty-six former Villa officers, recently deserted, accepted amnesty from Gen. Obregon and left last night for Piedra Negra, through the United States. Each was given transportation and \$10 by Obregon to defray the expenses of the trip.

Carranza officials claim that fully 500 Villa officers and men have entered Agua Prieta during the last week, accepting amnesty.

Mexican Consul H. Garduno alleges that circulars and manifests calling upon Villa's soldiers to desert and accept amnesty are being circulated in Villa camps. One such document is said to be signed by 41 commissioner officers who deserted Villa.

The alleged deserter who crossed the line at Naco yesterday afternoon and arrived in automobiles early last night, having been permitted by the United States military authorities to cross American territory for the purpose of surrendering.

Gen. Obregon at Agua Prieta, consul Garduno declared that if Villa remained inactive, the Carranza authorities would be able to secure the surrender of most of his army.

## 800 MEN HAVE CLOSE RACE FOR LEE

### Mere Spark Is Followed By Flash Of Flame; Floors Collapse Rapidly.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 10.—Fire early today almost completely destroyed the No. 4 machine shop of the Bethlehem Steel company. Only the skeleton of the big building is standing. Machinery and material in the building was said to be worth millions of dollars.

How the fire started is not definitely known. It was discovered in the boiler room and is said to have resulted from a spark from an electric lamp which caused the boiler to catch fire. The fire spread rapidly.

Gen. Alvin Worth Millions.

The value of the goods stored in the shop is said to be several million dollars. There were about 1000 machines of different kinds in the building, running from lathes, shapers, drills, and down to boring machines. These machines were worth from \$400 to several thousand dollars each, and it is estimated that the value of machinery was several million dollars.

Men Escape by Rope.

About 80 men were at work when the fire started and so rapidly did it spread that some employees had to make their escape by means of ropes.

Flames Flash High.

From workmen it was learned that the fire started in an oil near the entrance to the plant. There was only a spark of fire at first when some workmen started to put it out by throwing water. There followed a mighty flash and it leaped a flame as high as the structure.

Floors Collapse.

Floor after floor loaded down with machinery collapsed and to the first floor where it lay in a jumbled mass. As far as known there was no loss of life. The fire probably will burn all day.

Recently the burned building was rebuilt and expanded and equipped at a cost of \$1,000,000. It was given over to the manufacture of guns of various caliber for the United States army and navy. Some of the guns of these guns were in process of manufacture when the fire broke out.

New York, Nov. 10.—A short circuit of electric wires which ignited oil in one of the smaller boiler mills caused the fire in one of the shops of the Bethlehem Steel company today, according to a statement telephoned to the local office here by A. E. Mitchell, vice president of the company.

## AMERICAN SHIP FORCIBLY HELD AND SEARCHED BY BRITISH CREW

### While Lying in Mexican Waters at the Port of Progreso, the Ship is Seized and Searched by British War Vessel; Neutrality of Mexico Violated and the Rights of the United States Infringed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—American officials were surprised and chagrined today by receipt of a dispatch from Mexico to the effect that a British cruiser had forcibly held up and searched the American steamer Zealanbia, in the harbor of Progreso, Mexico. The advice to the state department asserted that the American steamer is still in the harbor of Progreso, Mexico, but that the British cruiser is lying outside, pressuring the American steamer to leave. In committing this act, the British cruiser violated the neutrality of Mexico and of the United States as well.

The alleged seizure, and forcible search is called by the American consul at Progreso.

It is supposed that the British officers had suspected that the boat was being fitted out in the interests of Germany.

Ship on Mysterious Mission.

The Zealanbia figured south of late in reports of the investigations of ships supposed to be fitting out in the United States for attacking on carrying ships from Mexico, where the British navy draws a great proportion of its supply of fuel oil.

On October 7, the Zealanbia, formerly a Hawaiian ship, mysteriously left Pensacola, Fla., at night for Tampico, Mex., carrying a large stock of provisions and munitions, principally by Germans. An American flag painted on her hull had been painted over and it was reported that while at sea, she flew the German colors, although this was denied flatly by her owners.

Carried Havin For Stragnel.

The ship moved from Tampico, to Progreso, where British agents located her, and reported that she bore a large quantity of munitions for which there was no ostensible use in Mexico, although it is used largely for making munitions. They also reported their suspicions that she bore a large quantity of copper and the British view was that the ship was waiting for an opportunity to slip out with the cargo for some port where it would find its way to Great Britain's coast.

Consulates Serious Issue.

The forcible searching of an American ship in a neutral port probably would constitute one of the most serious issues to arise between United States and Great Britain in the controversy now in the channels in diplomacy over the British navy's conduct toward American shipping. While awaiting further details, the American consul at Progreso is making a thorough investigation will be made.

## ITALIAN SUPPLY COUNCIL IS IN FLAMES OF WAR PLANNED

### London, Eng., Nov. 10.—Premier Asquith in the house of commons today forecasted the establishment of an Anglo-French war council in London, and British ministers would act. He expressed the hope that Russia and Italy would join in the council.

London, Eng., Nov. 10.—The Italian supply council of 1700 tons leaving from Port Arthur Tuesday for Buenos Aires with a cargo of case oil, is in flames about the issue of sailing under the flag of a neutral nation.

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## ONE MISSING WOMAN AND INFANT ITALIAN-AMERICANS, SAYS U. S. CONSUL.

### ANCONA TRIED ESCAPE, REPORT SURVIVORS OF PASSENGERS AND CREW LAND AT VARIOUS MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.

BERLIN, Germany, Nov. 10.—(By wire)—Less to Sayville, L. I.—"Information from a reliable source is that the Italian steamer Ancona was sunk by an Austro-Hungarian submarine," says the Overseas News Agency. "She attempted to escape and this caused the submarine to use her guns."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—Two Italian-Americans sailed from Ancona, according to a dispatch to the state department today from Gen. White. One of them was Mrs. Frances Marocco Lammara. Consul White said that 270 persons had been lost.

Consul White's dispatch said the other 270 American citizens was an infant child.

The United States may make a formal inquiry of Austria, as was done with Germany in similar cases, demanding disavowal and reparation.

LONDON, Eng., Nov. 10.—A dispatch to Lloyd's of London says that 200 persons on the Ancona, torpedoed Tuesday night in the Mediterranean by an Austrian submarine, were rescued. It said there were some American aboard.

Most of the lost, the message says, were women and children, and survivors have thus far reached Bizerta.

Injured Men Are Landed.

The first reports from Rome said 270 survivors had been landed in Bizerta, instead of 130, as given out today. A message from Cape Town, Funch, says two of the Ancona's boats, with 14 members of the crew landed there. Some of the boats were damaged.

Forty-one members of the crew and four passengers have been landed at Malta.

Carried 482 Passengers.

A dispatch from Rome says the Ancona carried 482 passengers, including first-class and 69 second-class passengers. The crew numbered 60.

Few For Three Other Ships.

In view of the sinking of the Ancona and the reported activity of German and Austrian submarines in the Mediterranean and adjacent waters, considerable interest was expressed in marine circles here today concerning three steamers that sailed from American ports and are now nearing Italy.

The Europa of the La Voce line sailed from New York on Oct. 21 and is due at Naples today, but has not been reported as arriving. The Europa carried 1122 passengers, a large portion of them being Americans.

The steamer Caserta of the Lloyd Italian line sailed from here Nov. 1 for Genoa with 1200 passengers, nearly all of them being Italian residents. The White Star Celtic which sailed from Boston for Mediterranean ports on Oct. 26, is due at Gibraltar today with 1083 passengers.

Censorship Delays News.

New York, Nov. 10.—No word concerning the sinking of the Ancona had been received early today by Hartford, Solari & Co., local agents, because of their being thought in steamship circles that the rigid Italian censorship had caused numerous private and press dispatches to be held back.

Meager dispatches indicate that the Ancona was sunk within a comparatively small triangle, the points of which are the southern end of Sardinia, the western end of Sicily and Bizerta, Tunis.

Not Used as a Transport.

The Ancona had not been used as a transport during the present war, the agent said, nor has the vessel carried any munitions. She has been a passenger steamer for opera singers, musicians, and others coming to this country.

## GEN. FUNSTON THINKS BORDER SITUATION IS NORMAL AGAIN

Gen. Frederick Funston arrived in El Paso at 8:29 Wednesday morning on the S. P. from Tucson, where he went there to inspect the border situation through for San Antonio. His stop-over of 15 minutes here was preventative and continued through to his headquarters.

"I have nothing new to report," declared Gen. Funston. "The border situation has returned to normal conditions, and a reasonable period. No unusual attributes about the situation now, and everything seems well in hand, have been covered pretty thoroughly it appears, while I have been at the border in Arizona, and I guess the news in me is a minus quantity by this time. No, there is nothing to cause concern. The situation along the border has been handled well, and no cause for discussion presents itself to me at this time. The United States-Mexico international line."

## FALSE REPORT OF A VILLA ADVANCE ON AGUA PRIETA

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 10.—Col. Lazaro Cardenas, at the head of 2000 Carranza troops, returned last night from a scouting expedition toward Naco.

He said that the report of an advancing Villa column received here the evening was circulated when his army was seen returning. He declared that when his troops were sighted, the Villa army retreated into Naco. Cardenas brought back a cannon and a machine gun, which he found in Anastasio's camp. One of them was fired by his men, he said.

## CLERGY DENIES AIDING HUERTA

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 10.—In a statement issued here by the Mexican clergy, signed by Jose Mora y Lo, archbishop of Mexico, and seven other prelates, it is emphatically denied that the clergy aided Huerta in a new uprising in Mexico, as claimed in the purported confession ascribed to Jose Orozco under custody of the United States army.

"Neither don Venustiano Carranza nor other persons need have a fear that Mexican bishops and clergy may be an obstacle to the restoration of peace in Mexico, since such restoration has been the aim of all our works, writings, prayers and exhortations to the faithful during the last years of civil war in our unhappy country."

Would Work for Peace.

"We are longing to work among our people in behalf of the great task of assisting the misfortune of our country and of operating through our apostolic ministry for the cementing of national unity and prosperity."

"We can assure that we never contributed, either by our sermons or by our writings, either secretly or publicly, and far less financially, to overthrow Francisco Madero's government."

"Our behavior toward Huerta's government cannot be blamed as criminal or delinquent, because it was a merely passive attitude, avoiding any interference in political affairs."

## CONSUL GARCIA CAN COLLECT CARRANZA MINE TAXES HERE

Advices to Mexican consul Andres G. Garcia in El Paso Wednesday noon, from Mexico city, department of finance, dated November 9, were that the consul here is authorized to collect taxes on mining property in Chihuahua state or any other part of Mexico, from those who wish to make taxation payments in this city, according to the decree of August 11, while stamp offices are not open. Owners are asked to show papers, when the last payment has been recorded. The necessary data on the claims will be taken.

## SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS TEXAS CAR SHED MEASURE

Austin, Tex., Nov. 10.—In reversing and remanding the case of the state of Texas against the International and Great Northern railway company from Harris county, the supreme court today upheld the constitutionality of the so-called car shed law, in an opinion written by associate justice J. E. Kant.

"This is the law which requires the maintenance by railroad companies of suitable sheds for employees when repairing cars or engines."

## DELEVAL LOSES HIS POST; IS DISLIKED BY GERMANY

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—M. Deleval, a Belgian employed by the United States as a counselor to the legation at Brussels, has been notified that he will not return to his post because Germany has given notice that he is persona non grata.

The state department will not admit that Deleval has been removed but announced that he had left Belgium and will not return.

Whether Deleval's unacceptability to Germany came about through the activities of the American legation staff in the case of Edith Cavell, the British nurse executed by German military authorities, is not made clear by the state department, although there are some intimations that it might have been.

Under international law Germany is not called upon to give the reasons for objecting to Deleval.

## THE "FORD" NOW CLASSIFIED AS POULTRY

Editor El Paso Herald:

On yesterday I advertised a Ford touring car for sale, and in looking over the columns of your paper I find it listed in the Poultry column. I never knew before that a Ford was of this species, but I reckon it gets its title to such owing to the fact that they are "Roosters." At any rate, no matter what its genealogy or in what location it was placed, it is sold, and therefore I have no kick coming. I simply want to know if a Ford is a fowl, what is a fowl? Does anything that flies, wings or no wings, take that classification?

George R. Kilms.

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Today they were actually invited to the ceremonies. Their representatives in parliament were there grouped about the imperial throne symbolizing the new Japan.

The Shunshoku was of plain, unvarnished wood and consisted of an outer hall, inner hall and shrine. It was simply decorated. Indeed simplicity dominates the coronation ceremonies. At the appointed time the two gates "Kofu" and "Kashu" were respectively facing south and east—were opened for the reception of those allowed to attend the coronation ceremony. The guards about the gates were exclusively those in the service of the imperial household. They carried the guards—distinguishable by their civil and military, nobles, the members of house of peers, the diplomatic corps, the house of representatives and the other dignitaries accompanied by their wives, all in full dress or uniform. The foreign women wore the

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13th juror is chosen in trial of Schmidt.

Los Angeles, Calif., Nov. 10.—The 13th or alternate juror was obtained today in the trial of Matthew A. Schmidt, charged with murder for his alleged implication in the destruction of the Los Angeles Times building Oct. 1, 1915.

E. S. Rowley, a local realty dealer, was the final juror chosen. He will serve only if the trial of the juror is inconclusive but will sit with the jury through the trial.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTION RESTRAINS BIG SHOE FIRM

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 10.—A temporary injunction restraining the United Shoe Machinery company from enforcing seven clauses in its contract with shoe makers was issued in the federal district court here today.

Two British ships sunk.

London, Eng., Nov. 10.—Two British ships, the Californian and the Moor-ma, have been sunk.

NATIONS VS. MILLER CASE SET FOR SUBMISSION DECEMBER 1

Austin, Texas, Nov. 10.—The case of J. H. Nations et al against P. P. Miller et al, from El Paso county, was to be set for submission on December 1, in state supreme court.

Poland, \$750,000 a year.

London, Eng., Nov. 10.—Warsaw, Poland, has been ordered to pay the German government an annual tax of \$750,000 against the city for the maintenance of the military government there.

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To Classified Advertisers

FROM the recently completed Audit of newspaper circulations in El Paso it is established that THE HERALD has 56 percent greater City and Suburban circulation than any other paper in this field. This helps to explain why RESULTS from Want Advertisements in The Herald always exceed many times the return from similar advertisements in any other local paper.

Sinking the Ancona, Austria Has Tipped Over Another Avalanche of Notes