JURY ACQUITS LAWYER WEEKS

Takes Them Only Seven Minutes to Decide Against Parral Mexican.

After seven minutes of deliberation, the jury at noon Saturday brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of John F. Weeks, an attorney, charged with the embezzlement of $128 belonging to Victoriano Ramos.

The arguments were short, consuming less than an hour. Prior to the arguments attorneys for the defence asked for an instructed verdict of not guilty, which judge W. D. Howe, sitting as special judge in the 34th district court, denied. It was nearly 12 oclock when the case was given to the jury and seven minutes later they filed in.

Weeks Asked Stiff Fee.

When Weeks went on the stand Friday afternoon in his own defence he testified that he became interested in the case of Ramos and Saenz through a man named Sandoval, whom he had previously represented. Sandoval told him, he stated, that he had some friends who were in trouble with the department of justice and who were being held in the city jail and wanted an attorney. On the representation and solicitation of Sandoval, he went to the jail and talked with Saenz and Ramos. "I told them," he continued, "that in view of the character of the charges again them, I would not represent them without a good stiff fee. I made arrangements for a $500 retainer fee. If I succeeded in in securing their release, the fee would be $1000, but if I didn't the fee would be only $500."

Claims Men Were Satisfied.

Weeks reviewed the conferences held with the men and with military and federal authorities, and told of receiving $1229 from Ramos and giving him a receipt. He also told of securing $1200 of money supposed to belong to Saenz.

After the men had been informed of Gen. Bell's desire that they be deported and they had consented to cross the river, he and I. J. Ayers, of the treasury department, he stated, tikned out what was due the men after withholding the fees. At the bridge, he stated, he turned over all the money to the men with the exception of the $1000 attorney's fee and $29 to pay expenses incurred. Weeks declared that his partner, Charles Owen, had nothing to do with the negotiations with Ramos and Saenz. He declared that the men were willing to go back to Mexico of their own volition and that they were satisfied with all arrangements made.

Pinkney Says Weeks Took Money.

S. L. Pinkney of the United States secret service, went on the stand Friday afternoon. He told of making an investigation of the charges brought against Ramos and Saenz, and of telling Weeks that he had no charges to prefer against him. He had taken charge of $1200.50 belonging to the man and turned it over to them at the police station, taking their receipts for it, he said. After this was done, Weeks took possession of the money, he said.

As they were leaving the police station the witness continued, Weeks said: "I hope they kick the ——— across the river."

"After I got to my office he phoned me, saying he understood that there was $1200 more belonging to those men," the witness said. "I told him I didn't have it. Later he phoned me that they wanted to put the man across the river and wanted to get hold of Mr. Ayers."

Ayers Said Found No Charges.

I. J. Ayers, special inspector of the United States treasury department, told of first hearing of the two men on Friday, and that on Saturday he and Mr. Pinkney made a sort of joint investigation, and he determined they had no charges against them.

"About 4:30 Saturday afternoon Mr. Weeks came to my office and said he had an order for some money I was holding. He said the army had no charges against the men and he wanted to turn the money over to the men. I had $1200 claimed by Saenz. I got it from Mrs. Miller, who runs the Del Rio hotel, and had given her a receipt for it. I wouldn't turn the money over to Mr. Weeks there, but went with him to the police station and there in the presence of the men the money was turned over."

Weeks Went to Bridge.

In the cross examination he stated that Mr. Weeks handed the men a receipt for the money. "Mr. Weeks told them the attorney's fee was $1000 and they agreed to that. Mr. Weeks and I figured that the amount due them was $1429 after the fee had been taken out. Mr. Weeks agreed to go with them to the bridge and said he would turn the balance over to them there."

Capt. J. B. Allison, provost marshal, reviewed the events leading up to the investigation by the federal and military authorities. He told of witnessing the turning over of $1205.50 by Mr. Pinkney. "The Mexicans then seemed to want more money and spoke of $1200," he continued. "Mr. Weeks wrote out an order for $1200 and the Mexicans signed it."

Gen. Bell Decided to Deport Men.

Later, he said, Gen. Bell called him over the telephone and said he had decided to have the Mexicans deported. He saw Mr. Berkshire of the immigration service, he said, and he had some doubt about it. He then saw city detective Varela, he said, and told him to inform Ramos and Saenz that Gen. Bell considered them undesirables and wanted them deported; that it would take 10 days to get an order from Washington for their deportation, but that if they were willing to go of their own accord, they would be put across at once. To this they agreed.

The witness told of Mr. Ayers coming to the station and of turning $1200 over to the Mexicans. This money, he said, finally passed into Weeks' hands.

When the men had secured their baggage at the hotel and were ready to go across, Capt. Allison said that he was told to get the two envelopes in which the money had been placed and bring them along. He gave them to Weeks at the police station and Weeks handed the envelopes to the men at the bridge.

"Had these envelopes anything in them," asked assistant district attorney Del Harrington.

"They had something in them," the witness replied.

"What did Mr. Weeks do towards obtaining the release of the men?"

"Nothing."

LAWYER WEEKS, UNDER TRIAL HIMSELF; CLIENTS' CASE DELAYED

Delay in trying the cases of W. C. Wilson and Jack Russell, held to United States commissioner George B. Oliver's department under charge of conspiracy to ship intoxicating liquors into "dry" territory, which were called for hearing Saturday, was said to be due to the liability of J. F. Weeks, attorney for the defendants, to appear. Weeks was under trial in the 34th district court during the day.

TROOPERS OF EIGHTH TO RETURN TO POST SUNDAY

The two troops of the Eighth cavalry, sent to the Big Bend country from Fort Bliss two weeks ago, commanded by Maj. G. T. Langhorpe, are expected to return to the post Sunday over the G. H. & S. A. railroad. All the Eighth regiment will then be quartered at Fort Bliss, except F and G troops, now on patrol duty at Fabens and Valeta, in the valley.

SALAZAR TO ARRIVE SUNDAY.

Jose Inez Salazar and his "army" of three disabled men will be brought to Juarez Sunday morning on a North Western train from Guzman, it was announced at Gen. Gavira's headquarters Saturday. Salazar has surrendered and has been given amnesty.

KIMMONS GIVEN LIBERTY BY JURY

Corona Man is Acquitted of Murder in His Trial at Carrizozo.

Carrizozo, N. M., May 27.—John T. Kimmons is not guilty of the murder of Napoleon B. Brown, according to the verdict which was returned by the jury last night at 7:30. The case had been on trial here in the district court since Monday morning, brought to Lincoln county from Torrance county, under the defendant's motion for a change of venue.

The killing of N. B. Brown, for which Kimmons was tried, occurred opposite the Varney siding, on the El Paso & Southwestern system, about 56 miles north of Carrizozo. The killing of Brown by Kimmons was not denied by the defence, the plea and theory of the defendant being self defence. The killing was on the afternoon of April 13, 1915, and the indictment was returned at Estancia on November 15, 1915. The preliminary hearing was conducted by this court, instead of the justice of the peace, and the defendant admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000. He had been under bond until last night, when the jury acquitted him and he walked out of the court room a free man. His wife was one of the two eye witnesses to the killing, was one of the witnesses for the defence and was sitting inside the rail with the defendant when the jury brought in the verdict.

Case of Great Interest.

The case has been one of the greatest interest to the citizens of this section, quite a large number of people of Corona attending the sessions regularly. Judge W. W. Gatewood, of Roswell, was retained by Mrs. Georgia Brown, widow of the deceased, to assist H. B. Hamilton, district attorney, in the prosecution of the case. The defence was conducted by Col. George W. Prichard, of Santa Fe. The trial was commenced Monday morning, judge Edward L. Medler presiding. The jury was selected from the regular panel, the state using only one of its six peremptory challenges, the defence four of its 12.

The state rested its case in chief on Tuesday morning, and all the evidence was concluded Wednesday night. The session of Tuesday night was the only night session held. Thursday was devoted to arguments and the instructions of the court. Hamilton and Prichard spoke Thursday morning, Gatewood closing for the state in the afternoon.

Goes to Jury Thursday.

It was 4 oclock Thursday afternoon when the court concluded instructions and the jury retired for deliberation. When court was convened Friday morning no agreement had been reached by the jury, but the foreman reported he believed it would be possible to agree, later, upon a verdict. At 5:30 in the afternoon no verdict had been agreed upon and judge Medler summoned the jury into court and delivered then the instructions known as "shot-gun" instructions, in which he directed that the minority should go over to the opinion of the majority, returning the verdict represented by the opinion of the majority. This is a form of instruction but little used in New Mexico, though it has been upheld by the state supreme court. It originated in Massachusetts and has been upheld by the United States supreme court. It is unofficially reported that on the first few ballots the vote was seven to five, later nine to three and then finally an agreement.

The Jurors.

The jury was composed of the following men: M. Palmer, foreman, R. E. Berry, Jose Torres, Y Chavez, Pablo Salas, J. C. Robinson, B. F. Goff, Gregonio Wilson, B. J. Bonnell, Manuel Gonzales, D. B. Humphrey, Peter N. Skow, C. T. McQuillen. Mrs. Georgia Brown was in the court room when the jury brought in the verdict.

The state, in its case in chief, introduced R. A. Marble, T. W. Allen, C. M. Bruno, Mrs. Georgia Brown. Allen was an eye witness to the killing.

The defence then introduced George Clemens, A. W. Colbaw, J. L. Jones, S. B. Everett, L. E. Kiser, A. J. Imhoff, in an effort to impeach the testimony of T. W. Allen. J. M. Kimmons, a brother of the defendant, testified as to the land line, which is said to have been the basis of the controversy out of which the killing grew. J. T. Kimmons and his wife both testified. A. J. Imhoff and C. W. Groves testified as to maps of the ground where the killing occurred, and which were drawn by R. A. Marble, surveyor of Torrance.

Defence Has Many Witnesses.

The defence introduced also the following witnesses: George Clements, T. E. Kelly, C. L. Fletcher, S. B. Everett, J. L. Jones, J. W. Oliver, J. B. Greenhaw, T. H. Haggard, B. F. Adams, Walter Beaver. The last three named testified as to the bad character of the deceased.

The state then introduced the following who testified in rebuttal: D. B. Mills, Joe Melugin, Joe Willingham, Mrs. Georgia Brown, J. R. Glenn, Mrs. Allen, Jesse Rice, George Spence, R. L. Willinkham, R. A. Marble. The following testified as to the good character of the deceased: John Gist, Joe Melugin, Juan Gallegos, Pedro Lucero, Will Crabtree, Joe Simpson, Frank Maxwell, R. E. P. Warden. In surrebuttal the following testified: Messrs. Groves, Oliver, Imhoff, Haggard, Beaver.

Contempt Case Filed.

A case of contempt has grown out of this trial of Kimmons. Joe Melugin and Mrs. Elva K. Melugin, both witnesses for the state, have filed an affidavit setting forth that Benjamin F. Adams, a witness for the defence, tried to talk to them with reference to the case, in the corridor of the court house at Carrizozo, about 4 oclock in in the afternoon of May 22, when all three persons were here as witnesses and under the directions of the court not to discuss the case at all, with anyone. The court has cited Adams to appear in court on Saturday, June 3, and show cause why he should not be fined for contempt of court.

MAJ. W. C. BENNETT IS NEW DISTRICT ADJUTANT

Maj. W. C. Bennett, of the adjutant general's corps, Fifth brigade, relieved Capt. W. F. H. Godson, Eighth cavalry, as adjutant of the west Texas border patrol district, under command of Gen. George Bell, jr., at Fort Bliss Saturday.

Capt. Godson returns to his duties as adjutant of the post. He is recovering rapidly from injuries received when he was knocked down by an automobile at the corner of West Missouri and North El Paso streets a few days ago.

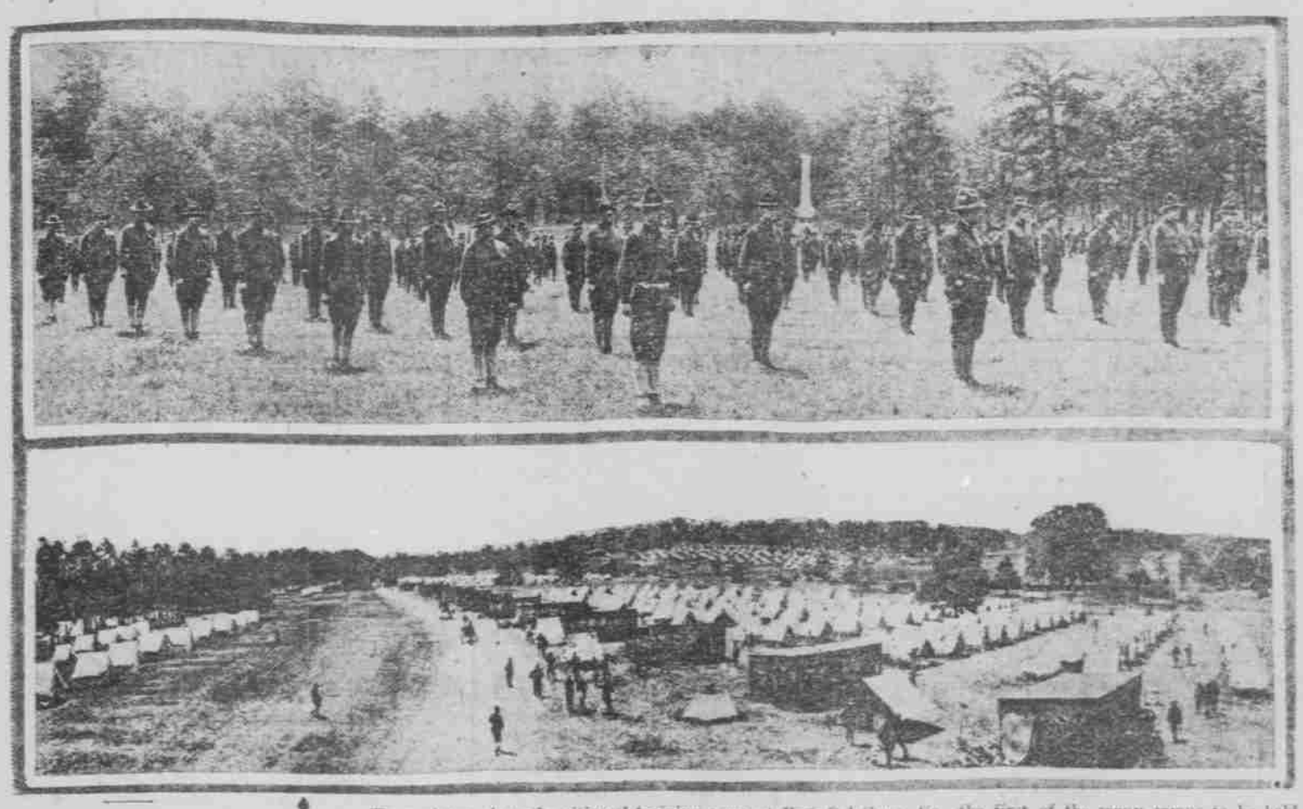
RIFLES, SWORD AND PISTOLS GO BACK TO PAWNSHOP OWNER

Four rifles, a sword and several pistols which were taken in charge by police and city detectives several weeks ago, were returned to their owner at 104 Seventh street early Saturday morning by police chief Don Johnson. When the rifles and other munitions were taken, it was agreed that they would be returned later. The goods were placed in the storage room at the central station and kept until returned to the owner, who is the proprietor of a small pawnshop.

THREE ARE ARRESTED ON THEFT CHARGES SATURDAY

C. Alvarado and C. Piedroza were arrested Saturday morning by city detectives on a charge of theft, following the robbery of the home of M. Chavez, on Seventh street. R. Vasquez, was also arrested and is being held until an investigation of the alleged theft of a coat from the store of J. M. Cherin is made.

55,000 ARE IN TRAINING FOR DEFENCE



These photos show the citizens' training camp at Fort Oglethorp, Ga., the first of the many camps to be held this summer for the purpose of giving business and professional men a month's intensive instruction in the making of a soldier.

Above, the "rookies" are seen at their regular morning setting up exercises. Below is a general view of the camp, showing the sleeping tents, the mess tents, and other fixtures.

Business Men in All Portions of the Country To Give One Month.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The great preparedness parade, when 132,000 New Yorkers marched in a demonstration for national defence, gave an immense impulse to enlistment for the citizen training camps this summer.

The "Plattsburg idea" has swept the country.

City after city is following New York in getting together its patriotic citizens for a great showing of aggressive loyalty to the Stars and Stripes.

It is now estimated by army officers that 55,000 "business men," (meaning by that civilians and including bankers, lawyers, clergymen and men of leisure) will put in a perspiring month's work for Uncle Sam this summer.

Not only will these men give a month's time (involving salary sacrifices in some cases) to their country, but each man must spend at least $60 and many will pay out a good deal more. The 55,000 at $60 each will spend $3,300,000.

The Mexican troubles, calling almost all the mobile army of the United States to the border, came near wrecking the training camp plans. For instance, in the eastern department Gen. Leonard Wood found it necessary to call upon seven officers attached to the army garrisons in the Canal zone for service at Plattsburg.

It is estimated here that the registration for the Plattsburg camp alone will be about 22,000. The estimates have been raised since the New York city parade.

The department of the east, besides Plattsburg, also has charge of the Fort Oglethorpe (Ga.) camp, where the first session began May 2. There will be three sessions at Oglethorpe, each of a month's duration. Probably 2500 men will take the intensive course here.

The western department of the army will hold a camp at Monterey, Calif., July 10 to August 5; another at Salt Lake City, Utah, August 21 to September 18; and a third at American Lake, Washington, August 14 to September 8. About 12,000 men will attend these three camps and in addition at Salt Lake City 2000 students have been instructed regularly by army officers for several weeks.

Patriotic business men in Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago and other large cities are forming voluntary recruiting committees and the fruits of the labors will be about 8500 men working for preparedness at Fort Benjamin Harrison this summer.

The number to attend the San Antonio (Texas) camp, in the department of the southwest, from June 12 to July 8 is put at 4500, but the unsettled conditions along the border and the consequent interest taken in military affairs may add another 500.

Plattsburg, N. Y., the original home of the business men's training camp, will be the greatest scene of activity of all. The first camp will open June 2 and the last will close October 2.

One of the camps at Plattsburg, called the junior camp, will be for young men of 18 to 21, principally college graduates.

There came such an insistent demand to join this camp from youths not yet 18 years of age that a subjunior camp is to be opened for boys between 15 and 18 years.

This camp will be held at Fort Terry, Plum Island, near Greenpoint, L. I. It will be a subdivision of the Plattsburg camp and will be run under the supervision of regular army officers along the same lines.

Every man attending one or the citizens' training camps will deposit $20 on arrival, but $5 of this is returned to him if he does not destroy or lose any government property. The rest pays for his board and lodging. His uniform, besides shoes, which he buys himself, costs $11.50.

These are about the only expenses outside of transportation, which, of course, varies in expense according to where the "rookie" lives. The necessary expense averages about $60 a man, but those who indulge in social activities evenings may spend $100 or a little more.

While the army officers admit they can turn no man into a soldier in a month, the results of a course at a training camp are astonishingly good.

Next year, by terms of the army bill which is expected to receive the president's signature, all necessary camp expenses will be borne by the government. It is hard to predict how many men will come out, but 100,000 is certainly a low estimate.

FILE BANKRUPTCY PETITION AGAINST F. S. GRONENDYKE

A suppena has been issued by deputy clerk George B. Oliver of the United States district court for Forest S. Gronendyke, a retail saloon man on San Jacinto street, in connection with a petition of involuntary bankruptcy filed against Gronendyke by attorneys McKenzie & Loomis, representing eastern distilling companies. In the petition it is alleged that the saloon man has allowed the Houston Ice & Brewing company to acquire a preference over his other creditors, who claim he is indebted to them in the sum of $500.

BOYS STONE HORSES; POLICE CALLED TO DISPERSE BAND

Police officers received a call to the 1100 bolck on Magoffin avenue Saturday morning, where it was stated a number of boys were throwing rocks at a horse in a corral. The boys fled before the arrival of the officers, however, but efforts are being made to locate them. A number of complaints concerning the boys have been made to the police within the past week.

There are 22,000 people in the United States over 90 years of age.

Plums and Watermelons Arrive

Clyde, Texas, Sends the Melons to Tempt El Paso's Appetite; Plums Are Small, But Sweet and Red.

PLUMS and watermelons are added delicacies for El Pasoans that have arrived on the market during the past week. The plums are the small sweet, red variety and come from Clyde, Texas. The watermelons are big and tempting in appearance and sell at 4 cents a pound, the melons averaging 10 pounds and up. There are a few changes in market prices for the week. Vegetables and fruits are generally cheaper, but meats are a little higher.

Fruits.

Watermelons	4c a lb
Plums	15c a basket
Limes	15 cents a dozen
Cherries	20 cents a lb
Blackberries	10c a basket
Oranges	20c to 45c doz
Bananas	50c and 75c per dozen
Strawberries	15c per qt
Grape fruit, large	10c each, 3 for 25c
Lemons	15c per doz
Winesaps	3 lbs. 25c, $2.00 box
Dates	15c per lb
Figs	15c per lb
Canteloupes	5c and 10c each
Apricots	30c per lb

Valley Vegetables.

Squash	2 lbs. for 15c
Egg plant	20c per lb
Cucumbers	5c and 10c each
Colo. Greeley Irish potatoes	7 lbs 25c
East Texas new potatoes	4 lbs. 25c
Spanish Bermuda onions	5c lb
Radishes	2 bunches for 5c, 6 for 25c
Mountain Park cabbage	5c per lb
Lettuce	2 for 15c
Dried onions	5c lb, 6 lbs. for 25c
Carrots, 2 bunches	5c
New Valley beets	2 bunches for 15c
Fresh turnips	2 bunches for 5c
Mexican beans	10c lb., 14 lbs. $1.00
Wholesale	7c per lb
East Texas string or snap beans	18c lb
Florida tomatoes	15c per lb
Valley Spinach	10c per lb. 2 for 15c
Celery	15c per stalk
Rhubarb	2 lbs. 15c
Asparagus	3 lbs. for 25c
Bell peppers	4lbs. per lb
Calif. green peas	10c lb, 2 lbs. for 15c

Dried Fruits.

California prunes	15 and 20c per lb.
Dried peaches	2 lbs. for 25c
Dried apricots	20c per lb.
Dried apples	3 lbs. for 25c
Citron	20c per lb
Candied fruits for fruit cakes	45c per lb
Turkish figs	15c per lb
California cluster raisins	20c per lb

Shelled Fresh Nuts.

Shelled walnuts	75c per lb
Shelled almonds	75c per lb
Shelled pecans	75c per lb
Shelled Jordan almonds	80c per lb

Fresh Nuts.

Pecans	25c per lb
Brazil nuts	25c per lb
Filberts	25c per lb
California almonds	25c per lb
Walnuts	25c per lb
Roasted peanuts	20c lb.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter, fancy grade	40c per lb
Cooking butter	25c per lb
Mesilla Park eggs	35c per doz
El Paso yard eggs	35c per doz
Kansas eggs	30c per doz

Cheese.

Walnut cheese	15c glass
McLaren's Imperial	20c to 25c a jar
Pimienta cheese	20c a glass
German breakfast cheese	2 for 15c
Imperial cheese	15 to 25c each
Holland cream cheese	40c per ½ lb
Camembert, 35c; imported	50c per can
New York cream dairy	30c per lb.
Wisconsin Long Horne cheese	25c per lb
Edam, small	$1.25 each
Neufchatel	10c each, 2 for 15c
Roquefort	80c per lb
Swiss, imported	60c per lb
Limburger	20c per lb.
Dutch Girl	40c per can
Brick cheese	30c per lb

Beef.

Sirloin steak	30c per lb
T-bone steak	25c per lb
Round steak	25c per lb
Chuck steak	20c per lb
Chuck roast	17½c per lb
Prime rib roast	25c per lb
Rump roast	30c per lb
Beef livers	15c per lb.

Mutton.

Leg of lamb	25c per lb
Leg	20c per lb
Shoulders	15c per lb.
Chops	35c per lb
Lamb chop	35c per lb
Breast piece	10c per lb.

Pork.

Salt pork	20c per lb.
Boiled ham	30c per lb
Pork chops	25c per lb
Pigshead	10c per lb.
Spare ribs	17½c per lb.
Shoulders	17½c per lb
Leg	25c per lb
Bacon	40c per lb
Steaks	25c per lb
Sausage	20c per lb
Pure pork sausage	25c per lb

Poultry.

Turkeys	25c per lb
Spring chicken dressed	35c per lb
Hens (dressed)	25c per lb
Hens (alive)	20c per lb

Fresh Fish.

Salmon steaks	25c per lb
Halibut steaks	25c per lb.
Trout	25c per lb

Delicatessen Prices.

Mackeral	15c per lb. 2 for 25 cts
Home cooked tongue	75c per lb.
Home cooked ham	60c per lb.
Home cooked veal	50c per lb.
Home cooked pork	60c per lb.
Jellied tongue	50c per lb.
Alabama sausage, Milwaukee	50c per lb
Cervelat sausage, Milwaukee	60c per lb.
Headcheese, Milwaukee	60c per lb
Liver sausage, Milwaukee	40c per lb.
Ham sausage, Milwaukee	35c per lb.
Blood and tongue sausage, Milwaukee	40c lb
Kosher weinerwurst	25c per lb.
Kosher frankfurters	25c per lb.
Kosher ring sausage	25c per lb
Kosher cooked corn beef	60c lb.
Rolled herring	5c each
Spec herring	3 for 15c
Smoked oysters	5c each
Herring, milchers	5c each
Anchovies	45c per lb.

Wholesale Produce Prices.

Prices wholesale dealers are paying for valley products:

Spinach	3c per lb
Onions, radishes, carrots, beets and turnips, per doz. bunches	25c
Garden peas	3½c per lb

Feed.

Alfalfa, fancy, wholesale	$16 per ton
Alfalfa, fancy, retail	$17 per ton
Alfalfa, No. 1, wholesale	$16 per ton
Alfalfa, No. 1, retail	$17 per ton
Corn, wholesale	$1.90 per cwt
Corn, retail	$1.95 per cwt
Northern white oats, wholesale	$2.00
Northern white oats, retail	$2.10
Texas red clipped oats, wholesale	$1.35
Texas red clipped oats, retail	$1.40
Chops, wholesale	$1.85
Chops, retail	$1.95
Bran, wholesale	$1.55 per cwt
Bran, retail	$1.60 per cwt
Chicken feed, wholesale	$2.00 per cwt.
Chicken feed, retail	$2.05 per cwt.

Staples.

Twelve pounds of sugar are offered for $1 100 lbs. wholesale $3.75

Upon request of valley farmers and fruit growers, The Herald adds to its market report the wholesale prices. It is generally understood that these prices are just 10 per cent more than the produce users pay the farmer for his product.

McQUATTERS PARTY SAFE.

Word was received in El Paso Saturday that the party of American employes of the Alvarado Mining & Milling company, headed by general manager A. J. McQuatters, who left here this week by way of Chihuahua, had arrived at the mines in the Parral district safely. It is not known if actual mining operations will be resumed by them at mine or not.

RETURNS FROM SAN ANTONIO.

Capt. W. D. Greet returned to El Paso from San Antonio where he has been for the past week on business.

It is expected that the holding of the next assembly in the south will greatly help the movement to bring about a merger of the two branches of the church known as the Presbyterian church in the United States of America and the Presbyterian church in the United States.

FARMERS WANT TO KILL DOVES

Arizonans Opposed to Law Protecting These Birds in That State.

Phoenix, Ariz., May 27.—A game law revision measure which has been initiated and which will be voted upon at the fall elections, has created much excitement among the formers of the Salt River valley.

The measure postpones the opening of the dove and whitewing season until July 1 and the farmers claim that its passage would work irreparable injury to their crops. The valley swarms with doves and whitewings every spring and it is claimed that only the activities of sportsmen can keep down the crop damage that would otherwise be done.

On the other hand, it has been urged that the birds nest during the period between May and July and that the destruction of an old bird carries with it the destruction of the nestlings.

MR. BATCH - - - BY JIMMY SWINNERTON

Copyright, 1916, International News Service