TODAY'S PRICES
Mexican bank notes (state bills) 12¾@16—Mexican peso 48@50—Mexican gold 49½—Nacionales bills 17¾—Carranza cy. (old) 2⅝, (new) 6—Bar silver (Handy & Harmon quotation) 64¾—Copper 12.10@12.50—Grains lower—Livestock steady—Stocks active.

EL PASO HERALD

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

HOME EDITION
WEATHER FORECAST.
El Paso and west Texas, fair; New Mexico, fair, cooler east; Arizona, fair.

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GERMANY SINKS 10 BRITISH WARSHIPS

20,000 Mex. Troops in Field---Funston DESCRIBES PLACING OF FORCES

Carranza Troops Distributed From Madera, On West, To Ojinaga, On East.

WAR DEPARTMENT IS NOT UNEASY

Mexican Movements Regarded As Part Of Anti-Bandit Campaign.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2.—Maj. Gen. Frederick Funston reported today to the war department that about 20,000 Carranza troops, mobilized in the vicinity of Chihuahua city were being disposed, apparently for an active campaign against bandits, in a territory extending 500 miles from Madera, Chihuahua, to Ojinaga. He feels no uneasiness over their movements, secretary Baker said.

Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commanding the Chihuahua city forces, has given orders that all foreigners be treated with consideration and that any soldiers guilty of molesting an American or other foreigner shall be summarily dealt with.

Distribution of Troops.

The distribution of Carranza forces as given by Gen. Funston as follows:

Four thousand infantry at Chihuahua city; 2600 at Ojinaga; 2000 south of Chihuahua city; 5000 in the vicinity of Madera and the remainder divided into smaller commands, being disposed over the territory described and in the "Big Bend" country.

Secretary Baker said Gen. Funston has secured reliable information concerning the Carranza troops and found no entrenchments or barb wire entanglements constructed.

No Reply Within Week.

A week or more will be taken by administration officials to frame a reply to Gen. Carranza's last note threatening war if American troops are retained in Mexico, it was said today. The usual cabinet meeting was canceled since president Wilson was not to return until late today from Annapolis, where he went to attend commencement exercises at the naval academy.

Army officers today looked for a report from Gen. Pershing on his conference at Colonia Dublan with Gen. Gavira, Carranza military commander in northern Chihuahua. The war department's plans for maintaining Gen. Pershing's column in Mexico were unchanged.

FOUR ARMY AVIATORS ARE ORDERED TO COLUMBUS, N. M.

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Further changes in the army aviation service were announced today by secretary of war Baker.

Capt. Arthur S. Cowan, formerly in charge of the aviation school at San Diego and about whom charges centered, has been transferred to duty in the Philippines. Lieuts. B. M. Atkinson, John B. Brooks, Harold S. Martin and Carl Spatz are ordered from the San Diego school to Columbus, N. M., for duty with the First Aero squadron. Lieut. Herbert A. Dargue, attached to the first squadron, has been ordered to San Diego, and Lieut. Byron Q. Jones, now on temporary duty in Washington, also is ordered to San Diego.

The appointment of Capt. Virginius E. Clark and Lieut. Thomas De W. Milling as permanent members of the board of officers attached to the signal service bureau here also was announced.

200,000 RATIONS SENT TO PERSHING'S FIGHTING MEN

Fourteen carloads of hard bread, tinned beef and other food which makes up the United States army field rations are being sent to Casas Grandes and the front through the Columbus, N. M., base by the quartermaster depot force in El Paso.

The 14 cars compose 200,000 field rations and is the regular monthly issue for the troops in the field in Mexico. The 200,000 rations will feed the troops of Gen. Pershing's command for two weeks, army officers declare. A ration is a day's supply of food.

In addition to the regular shipment of food for the army in the field and cotton khaki for the men, the depot quartermaster here is sending uniforms and other equipment for the New Mexico national guard regiment at Columbus. The Texas militia which is in the Big Bend country is also being supplied from the El Paso depot.

MEXICAN CENTRAL TRAIN IS DERAILED AT VILLA AHUMADA

The southbound Mexican Central passenger train was derailed at Villa Ahumada, Chih., a report received in Juarez Friday morning stated.

Three cars were derailed but no one was injured but the fireman who jumped when the derailment occurred had sprained his ankle. The accident was said to have been due to an open switch.

ELEVEN VILLISTAS SURRENDER AT MADERA; NOW IN JUAREZ

Eleven Villista prisoners, who surrendered at Madera, Chihuahua, have

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

TORNADO WRECKS TRAIN; 18 HURT

NEW ALIGNMENT POLITICALLY MAY PUT UP CHAS. BASSET FOR MAYOR

Former Ring Men and Anti-Ring Men May Form a New Party—Kelly Men Anxious to Sidetrack Kelly, Who They Know Can't Win—Jolly, Hudspeth and Primm Also Discussed for Mayoralty.

CHARLES BASSETT will be the next mayor of El Paso if he wants the place.

Recently the name of Bassett has been mentioned by many people and to man, people, and it has met with the unanimous approval of all who have discussed the subject.

For a time, the name of J. F. Primm for mayor was being discussed, but it is said that Primm could not afford to give up his position as manager of the American Bank and Trust company to run for mayor.

Bassett is a business man and a busy man also, but it is admitted that he has his business affairs in such shape that he could serve a term as mayor and not jeopardize them.

Although the election is almost a year off, discussion of candidates has been in progress for some time, as it is quite generally understood that mayor Tom Lea does not care for another term and that former mayor C. E. Kelly would like a chance to "come back."

It is more to head off the Kelly ambitions than for any other reason that candidates are being sought thus early in the game. It is said positively that there will be an entirely new lineup if present plans come to anything, and that there will be a ticket in the field next time backed by many of the present or former Lea supporters working shoulder to shoulder with former Kelly supporters.

Want To Head Off Kelly.

The Kelly supporters will have been away from the public trough two full years by the time of the next city election and this is long enough to make them seriously want to get back. They know that the one thing which rankles hardest in the breast of their former leader is his defeat two years ago and that his greatest ambition is a desire to "come back." They do not believe that he can do this and they fear that he will only "jim the whole thing" as one of them recently expressed it, by forcing himself onto the head of the ticket.

As a consequence, it is said they are even more anxious than the anti-ring men to look around for a strong candidate and get him into the field before Kelly can actively get into the race. By joining hands with some of the anti-ring leaders who are not exactly pleased at some of the things the anti-ring has done—and there are several of these—the old ring men, former Kelly lieutenants, hope to get their organization going soon enough to bring about an entire new order of things—in fact an entire new political organization, composed neither of all anti-ring nor all ring men, but some of both.

Bassett Or Jolly.

Bassett is the first choice of these if they can induce him to run and if he is brought into the race, there is little likelihood of serious opposition. Bassett is popular, he is capable, he is a trained and experienced business man, and, altogether, he is being pointed to as an ideal man for the position of mayor.

W. G. Jolly is being talked of as candidate for mayor in anti-ring circles if Bassett and Tom Lea should not run; in fact there are some anti-ring men who think Jolly would make one of the best races of any man they could put up. As an alderman he has made a good record and he has been most active and has made many friends.

Hudspeth May Run.

There is some talk that Claud Hudspeth would not refuse the "ring" nomination for mayor if it were tendered him and that the former Kelly supporters, if they fail to make the alliance they are dickering for with some of the anti-ring men, will make an effort to get Hudspeth to announce before Kelly can do so, in the hope of keeping Kelly out of the race.

Even the closest friends of Kelly—and he still has lots of them and loyal ones, too—do not believe he can ever be elected again himself, but the old "ring" crowd has an idea that it will come back into power with a candidate of its own. For the present, some of them are willing to divide power by taking some of the antis in with them on the Bassett nomination if Bassett can be induced to run.

Antis May Run Bassett.

Bassett was first thought of by the anti-ring crowd, however, and it may be that Bassett will be put out as an anti-ring candidate, in which event he would have to beat Kelly, Hudspeth or some member of the old "ring" crowd, which his friends say would be a very simple task.

It is generally conceded that there is no man in El Paso who could beat Bassett if he would run.

STATE TREASURY HAS $5,973,609

Cash on Hand in Texas Treasury May 31 Shows Gain of $3,639,620.

Austin, Texas, June 2.—Cash on hand to the credit of all state funds, at the close of business on May 31, amounted to $5,973,609 according to a statement issued today by the treasury department. This is an increase of $3,639,-639 over the same period last year.

The total amount of bonds on hand is $21,212,120. Of the cash on hand, $4,266,530 is to the credit of the general revenue fund; $498,330 is to the credit of the available school fund; $187,027 is to the credit of the permanent school fund.

Of the bonds on hand, $19,871,596 is to the credit of the permanent school fund.

Disbursements for the quarter ending May 31, amounted to $7,278,909 in cash and $474,100 in bonds. Of the general revenue fund, was paid $4,157,661 in cash.

COMMITTEE REPORTS SHOULD BE SEPARATE IN SENATE RACE

Austin, Tex., June 2.—In construing the law pertaining to the election of United States senators, the attorney general's department today in an opinion to the secretary of state, held that candidates for United States senator must make separate showings of the disbursements made individually and the party committee, or personal campaign committee, of each candidate shall make a separate report showing disbursements made by it.

It is further held that a candidate who has no personal campaign committee is authorized to make the disbursements which would be made by such committee: that the law does not apply to clerks at campaign headquarters, nor to stationers, printers or postmasters, from whom postage stamps are purchased, but only applies to those working in the personal interest of a candidate, such as in electioneering.

GIRL DEAD, MAN IS HELD; SUICIDE PACT, POLICE SAY

Providence, R. I., June 2.—James O'Brien, a one-armed factory worker, was formally charged today with the murder of Miss Beatrice Walter, his 19 year old friend. He pleaded not guilty and was held without bail for a hearing June 15.

O'Brien has insisted that the girl, whose body was found in a vacant lot near her home early Thursday, shot herself accidentally.

BRANDEIS TO BE SWORN IN SOON

Takes Oath of Office of Supreme Court, Probably on June 12.

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Louis D. Brandeis, a Boston lawyer, will be sworn in as a member of the supreme court, probably June 12. The senate Thursday confirmed Mr. Brandeis's nomination by a vote of 45 to 22. Senate Democrats voted solidly for the confirmation with the exception of senator Newlands, of Nevada, who said his action was on the ground that he did not regard Mr. Brandeis as a man of "judicial temperament." Three Republicans, senators Lafollette, Norris and Poindexter, voted for confirmation.

Mr. Brandeis is the first Jew to be elevated to the highest tribunal in the land. He succeeds the late associate justice Lamar, of Georgia. The fight over his confirmation was one of the bitterest in the senate's history.

Senators who voted for confirmation were:

Democrats: Ashurst, Bankhead, Beckham, Broussard, Chamberlain, Chilton, Culberson, Fletcher, Gore, Hardwick, Hitchcock, Hollis, Hughes, Hustling, James, Kern, Lane, Lea of Tennessee, Lee of Maryland, Lewis, Myers, O'Gorman, Overman, Owen, Phelan, Pittman, Randsdell, Reed, Salisbury, Shafroth, Sheppard, Shields, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Stone, Taggart, Thomas, Thompson, Underwood, Vardaman and Walsh. Total 44.

Republicans: LaFollette, Norris and Poindexter. Total three.

Against Confirmation.

Voting against confirmation were:

Republicans: Brady, Brandegee, Clark of Wyoming, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingham, Dupont, Fall, Gallinger, Harding, Lippitt, Lodge, Nelson, Oliver, Page, Smith of Michigan; Sterling, Sutherland, Nelson, Warren and Works. Total 21.

Democrat: Newlands. Total one.

The following pairs were announced: Senators named first being for confirmation and those named second against: Johnson, Maine, with Wadsworth; Swanson with Jones; Martine with Smoot, Clapp with Kenyon, Gronna with Borah, Bryan with Catron, Pomerene with Weeks, Johnson, South Dakota, with Colt; Martin with McCumber, Williams with Penrose, Tillman with Goff, Robinson with Burleigh. Total 21.

Senators who were not paired and who did not vote were:

Clarke, Democrat; Sherman and McLean, Republicans. Total 3.

Nomination is Protested.

The nomination of Brandeis was sent to the senate January 28. It was referred to the judiciary committee and immediately a flood of protests against confirmation and memorials in favor thereof began to pour in.

A sub committee consisting of senators Chilton, Fletcher, Walsh, Cummins and Works was appointed to report on the nomination. It adopted the unusual course of holding public hearings.

47 Witnesses Examined.

In all, 47 witnesses were heard and 1500 pages of testimony taken. Wm. H. Taft, Simeon E. Baldwin, Francis Rawle, Joseph H. Choate, Elihu Root, Moorfield Storey and Peter W. Meldrim, all former presidents of the American Bar association, wrote protest to the committee against confirmation, and Charles W. Eliot, president-emeritus of Harvard, and many others wrote in favor of confirmation.

On April 3, the sub committee, by a strict party vote, recommended confirmation, and on May 24 the full committee agreed to a favorable report by another strict party division.

WILL INVESTIGATE RISE IN PRICE OF GASOLINE

Washington, D. C., June 2.—The federal trade commission today announced that it would hold hearings June 12 and 13 to give the interests concerned an opportunity to explain the rise in the price of gasoline.

Before Leaving For California.

Just before you leave for your summer vacation to California, notify the Herald to forward your paper to your new address. Surely you want to keep in touch with El Paso and the great Southwest. The subscription rates by the month are 60c.

HIGH WIND LIFTS CARS FROM THE TRACK

Woman Is Blown 20 Feet Through Car Window; Is Uninjured.

ANOTHER TRAIN BREAKS BRIDGE

Two Women Are Killed In Iowa Wreck and Seven Are Missing.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 2.—A tornado blew the Wabash Chicago St. Louis fast mail train No. 17 from the track near Saunemin, Ill., early today, injuring 18 persons, one probably fatally. The accident occurred in a deep cut, which kept the cars from overturning and probably prevented heavy loss of life.

The combination, baggage and smoking car and four coaches were lifted from the rails. A pullman sleeper crashed through the smoking car, tearing it to pieces. It was in the smoking car that most injuries to passengers occurred. The other pullmans remained on the track. One woman was thrown through a car window a distance of 20 feet and received no further injuries than a few scratches. A huge deluge of rain followed the accident.

A special train made up at Decatur and carrying doctors and nurses was rushed to the scene. The injured were taken to Forest later.

Bridge Collapses; Two Dead.

Packard, Ia., June 2.—Two women are dead and a half a score of persons are injured as the result of the collapse of the bridge over Col. water creek, near here, under northbound passenger train No. 19 on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad. In addition to the two dead, seven persons are missing and believed to be dead, either by drowning or as the result of their injuries. The wreck occurred at 2.30 a. m. today.

High Water Causes Collapse.

The bodies of two women were taken from the wreck at 9 oclock. One was identified as Mrs. Emma Von Vliet, of Traer, Iowa. The other was not immediately identified.

The wreck was due to high water, which had so undermined the bridge supports that when the train struck the bridge the entire structure collapsed. The engine plunged into the creek, carrying with it the baggage car, smoker and day coach. The bodies were recovered from the day coach and the missing were riding in the smoker and, it is feared, were drowned.

When the train turned over many of the passengers succeeded in breaking the windows of the coaches and crawling on to the sides of the cars. They were taken off by rescuers in boats. Several are under the care of physicians, due to exposure. The storm, which reached the proportions of a cloudburst, nearly paralyzed wire communication and it was long after daylight before the first rescue train dispatched from Waterloo reached the scene.

The War At a Glance

WITH all the power of tremendous masses of men and metal, the Germans have been delivering what may prove to be their decisive stroke against the main defences of Verdun.

The German attack of Thursday northeast of the fortress which gained them first line French trenches in the crucial sector between Fort Douaumont and Vaux has been followed by fighting of extreme violence. This afternoon's Paris bulletin from Paris reports the continuance of the struggle, the implication being that the result so far is indecisive.

West of the Meuse the French have been endeavoring to regain some of the ground recently lost in the southwestward drive of the Germans there and they made progress last night south of Caurettes wood in the vicinity of Cumieres.

POPE WANTS TO END WORLD WAR

Rome, Italy, June 2.—Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, declared that the pope was influenced in his peace efforts solely by a desire to stop the "suicide of Europe."

"The holy father," said the cardinal, "in his most ardent desire for peace has no particular interest in view. If peace is concluded through the friendly influences of the president of the great American republic or through his Catholic majesty, the king of Spain, his holiness will equally thank the Almighty that an end should at last have been put to the butchery which is the suicide of Europe."

KITCHENER IS QUIZZED ON CONDUCT OF WAR

London, Eng., June 2.—In response to complaints of members of the house of commons that they had not had opportunity to question the secretary of war, Earl Kitchener, accompanied by members of his staff, today entered one of the committee rooms of the house prepared to submit to queries on the conduct of the war.

He faced some 200 members, including the "ginger groups," who demand more vigorous prosecution of the war.

The public was excluded rigorously.

HOUSE APPROVES ARMOR FACTORY

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Voting on the naval bill began today in the house, with the adoption, by a vote of 235 to 126, of an amendment proposed in committee of the whole to appropriate $11,-000,000 for a government armor plate plant.

A motion to recommit the bill with instructions to amend it by adding two battleships, two scout cruisers and ten destroyers, was beaten, 183 to 182, and the way cleared for a vote on the measure as framed in committee of the whole.

BURNING OF FLAGS IS PROBED AS AN OUTRAGE

New York, June 2.—Police commissioner Woods today ordered an investigation of the burning Thursday night of the national flag and emblems of other nations in a "melting pot" in the rear of Bouck White's Church of the Social Revolution. The affair was described by White as "the birth of internationalism." It is alleged that the American flag was thrown to the flames by Albert Henkel, described as an artist.

The police commissioner said today that if the facts were as reported it was "an outrage and should not be tolerated."

DEMOCRATS TO ELECT A TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN

St. Louis, Mo., June 2.—The subcommittee on arrangements of the Democratic national committee met here today to elect a temporary chairman for the convention and to apportion tickets and assign delegates seats.

No meeting of the national committee proper is scheduled until June 12, when the contests among delegates will be taken up. Contests are reported from Hawaii, Porto Rico and the District of Columbia.

JUSTICE HUGHES DENIES HITCHCOCK REPRESENTS HIM

When inquiry was made of justice Hughes today whether Frank H. Hitchcock was representing him at Chicago, the justice's secretary, Lawrence H. Green, made the following authorized statement:

"It is perfectly well understood that justice Hughes has no representative."

SELECTION OF PERMANENT CHAIRMAN IS CONSIDERED

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Selection of the permanent chairman of the Democratic national convention at St. Louis was expected late today at a conference between president Wilson and Fred B. Lynch, chairman of the executive committee of the national organization. Senator James is said to be most prominently considered. Senator Kern of Indiana and senator Stone of Missouri, are under consideration.

BRITONS KILLED

TWO GERMAN WARSHIPS ARE SUNK; MANY OTHER SHIPS ARE MISSING

Only Two Men Are Rescued From Wreck of the Battle Cruiser Indefatigable, Says German Report; Battle Begins May 31 and Lasts All Night; The German Fleet Then Leaves Scene in the North Sea.

LONDON and Berlin dispatches today indicate that the greatest naval battle in the history of the world occurred in the eastern waters of the North sea, probably off the coast of Denmark, on the day and night of May 31. The battle was not fought to a finish, but the Germans appear to have gained a decisive advantage.

The number of ships sunk has not been positively determined. The German admiralty report says the British ships sunk were the battleship Warspite, battle cruisers Queen Mary and Indefatigable, two armored cruisers of the Achilles type, one small cruiser, a flagship of destroyers, the ships Turbulent, Nestor and Alcaster, one submarine and a large number of torpedo boat destroyers.

Germany's admitted losses are the small cruiser Wiesbaden and his majesty's ship Pommern. His majesty's ship Frauenlobe is missing and the fate of some torpedo boats is unknown.

Great Britain admits the losses of the battleship Invincible, the battle cruisers Queen Mary and Indefatigable, the cruisers Defence and Black Prince, and the destroyers Tipperary, Turbulent, Fortune, Sparrowhawk and Ardent. Six others have not been accounted for.

LOSS OF LIFE NOT YET KNOWN.

The British admiralty statement adds that two German battle cruisers were sunk and two light cruisers disabled and probably sunk.

The German statement says a large number of British battleships and other craft, notably the battleship Marlborough, were seriously damaged by shell fire. The British report says the German fleet suffered heavy damage.

Losses of life have not yet been made public.

Never before have two naval forces of such magnitude as the British and German high sea fleets engaged in combat. The losses, serious as they are reported to have been, will not impair the strength of either fleet to a vital extent.

900 MEN ON INDEFATIGABLE.

The loss in the engagement must have been extremely heavy. The battle cruiser Indefatigable, for instance, from which the German admiralty reports only two men saved, probably had more than 900 men on board and others of the vessels sunk, carried complements of men equally or nearly as large.

The dreadnought Warspite was a sister ship of the Queen Elizabeth, both of which played a prominent part in the attempt of the British Mediterranean fleet to force the Dardanelles. The Warspite was 650 long and displaced 27,500 tons. She was built in 1914 at a cost of $12,500,000. The Warspite is reported to have carried eight 16-inch guns in place of the 15-inch guns carried by the Queen Elizabeth. She also was equipped with 12 or 16 6-inch guns, 12 4-inch guns, four 3-pounders, and was fitted with four 21-inch torpedo tubes. Her complement was 750.

The Queen Mary and the Indefatigable were both British battle cruisers of 27,000 and 18,750 tons displacement respectively. The Queen Mary was 720 feet, 87 feet beam and drew 30 feet of water.

BERLIN, Germany, June 2, (By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The German admiralty announced today that the German high seas fleet on May 31 encountered a British fighting fleet in the North sea. The engagement which developed, the admiralty says, was favorable to the Germans. The battle continued all night.

The German admiralty announces that the large British battleship Warspite, the battle cruisers Queen Mary and Indefatigable, and two armored cruisers were destroyed.

Other British Ships Sunk.

It is also reported that a small British cruiser, a number of torpedo boat destroyers and torpedo boats were sunk.

The German admiralty statement adds that by observation it was established that a large number of British battleships suffered damage from the fire of the big German ships and the attacks of the torpedo boat fleet.

Marlborough Torpedoed.

The admiralty statement also declares that the British battleship Marlborough was hit by a torpedo, this being confirmed by the prisoners rescued. Several of the German ships rescued parts of the crews of the British ships which were sunk, they including, it is said, two men from the Indefatigable, the only survivors from that ship.

Two German Cruisers Sunk.

On the German side, the small cruiser Wiesbaden was sunk by gunfire and the Pommern was sent to the bottom by a torpedo. The fate of the Frauenlobe is not known and some torpedo boats did not return. The German high sea fleet, the statement adds, returned to port June 1.

German Official Version.

The text of the German admiralty report, which is dated June 1, says:

"During an enterprise of our high sea fleet directed to the northward on May 31, our fleet encountered the main part

(Continued on Page 13, Column 1.)

LONDON, Eng., June 2.—The British admiralty announced today that a battle had occurred in the North sea between the British and German fleets, in the course of which a number of German warships were sunk.

The British battle cruisers Queen Mary and Indefatigable and the battleship Invincible were sunk. (The German report gives the battleship's name as Warspite.)

Two German Cruisers Sunk.

The cruisers Defence and Black Prince also were sunk and the cruiser Warrior disabled. The German losses are described as "serious."

The announcement says two German battle cruisers were sunk and two German light cruisers were disabled and probably sunk.

Five Destroyers Sunk.

The British destroyers Tipperary, Turbulent, Fortune, Sparrowhawk and Ardent were lost and six others have not yet been accounted for. The admiralty announcement says no other British battleships or light cruisers were sunk.

The Indefatigable was 578 feet long, 79½ feet beam and 27¾ feet deep. This battle cruiser was equipped with eight 12 inch guns, 16 four inch guns, and had three 21 inch torpedo tubes. The Queen Mary and the Indefatigable carried complements of between 900 and 999 men. The Queen Mary cost about $10,000,000, while the Indefatigable cost nearly $8,000,000.

The German battleship Pommern, which was sunk by a British torpedo, displaced 12,997 tons. She was 398 feet long, 72 feet beam and 25 feet deep. The Pommern was built in 1907 at a cost of about $6,000,000. She carried 725 officers and men. Her armament consisted of four 11 inch guns, 14 6.7 inch guns, a number of pieces of smaller caliber and six 17.7 inch torpedo tubes.

The Frauenlob, which did not return to the German base after the naval engagement, was a small German cruiser displacing [illegible] tons.

The British Narrative.

The text of the admiralty announcement follows:

"On the afternoon of Wednesday, May 31, a naval engagement took place

(Continued on Page 13, Column 2.)

Herald's Political News

From Roswell (N. M.) News

GUTHRIE SMITH, now special correspondent of the El Paso Herald, is in the city for a few days, while preparing a series of political articles for his paper. Mr. Smith is one of the best known writers in the state, having lived for many years at Alamogordo, and is writing a really absorbing series of letters on conditions as they are in the baby state.

Roosevelt Will Not Go To Chicago, But Maybe Chicago Will Come To Him