TODAY'S PRICES
Mexican bank notes, state bills, 10@18; pesos, 59½c; Mexican gold, 54½c; nacionales, 20½c; bar silver, H. & H. quotation, 78½c; copper, $33@34; grains, higher; livestock, steady; stocks, firm.

EL PASO HERALD

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

HOME EDITION
WEATHER FORECAST.
El Paso and West Texas, generally fair; New Mexico, fair, cooler; Arizona, fair.

LATEST NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. DELIVERED ANYWHERE 60C A MONTH. EL PASO, TEXAS, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1917. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS. 28 PAGES, 3 SECTIONS, TODAY.

U. S. SHIP'S FIRE SINKS GERMAN U-BOAT

RUSSIA OPPOSES PEACE WITH GERMANY, SPECIAL ENVOY TELLS CONGRESS

"Triumph of the German Autocracy Would Render Lasting Peace Impossible," Says Bakhmetieff, While Senators and Representatives Cheer Wildly; Champ Clark Says United States Is Republic Maker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—Ambassador Bakhmetieff, head of the Russian mission, emphatically declared in his address today before congress, assembled in the hall of the house, that the Russian people themselves oppose a separate peace with Germany. The ambassador's declaration came at the end of the most remarkable and demonstrative reception yet given any of the foreign missions in either house of congress. Shouts and cheers came from the floor and galleries. Members of congress who, on previous visits of missions, have applauded or remained quietly in their seats, cheered loudly. Men, women and children in the galleries caught the sweeping wave of patriotism, shouting and waving handkerchiefs.

Says Russia Will Not Fail.

The applause and cheering were renewed when the ambassador added: "Rumors of a separate peace are without foundation in fact. Russia's endeavor is for a lasting peace between democratic nations. Triumph of the German autocracy would render such peace impossible. Russia will not fail to be a worthy partner in the league of honor."

U. S. Is Republic Maker.

...o less enthusiastic than the reception given the Russian leader was that accorded speaker Clark when he welcomed the mission. He was constantly interrupted as he told how, at the time of the declaration of independence, Switzerland was the only republic, while now there are 27, largely due to the efforts of the United States.

"In a larger sense," he said, "we make them, not by conquering armies, not by the mailed fist, but by the wholesomeness of our example, by teaching all creation the glorious fact that men can govern themselves."

Russians Are Struggling Hard.

Several minutes cheering greeted ambassador Bakhmetieff. Speaking in English, he told of the acts of the old government which led up to its overthrow, is words were listened to in intense silence, but when he began to relate how the Russian people were standing by the new government and how anxious they were to take their place among the free nations of the world, the wildest applause interrupted him.

"There is now being firmly established and deeply embedded in the minds of the nation the principle that power is reposed in and springs from and must flow from the people," he said. "To perpetuate these principles and to enact appropriate fundamental laws is going to be the main function of the constitutional assembly which is to be convoked as completely as possible.

Laws Must Be Upheld.

"Reposing confidence in such a rule, the Russian people are rendering to the new authorities their support. The people are realizing more and more that for the sake of further freedom law must be maintained and manifestations of anarchy suppressed.

Unity Is Being Created.

"The last resolutions which have been framed by the council of workingmen, the congress of peasants and other democratic organizations render the best proof of the general understanding of the necessity of creating strong power. The coalitionary character of the new cabinet, which

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 3.)

EL PASO PLEDGES ALL THE U. S. ASKS, TO GET ENCAMPMENT HERE

Promises to Clean Up City From Social Evil, Establish Recreation Place for Soldiers and to Erect Cantonments on Time; Contractors and Union Men Are Willing to Drop Everything Else If Necessary.

PLEDGES have been given the United States army that El Paso will establish a recreation center here for troops, for clean amusements, if a cantonment or any other large encampment of soldiers is located here. The pledge was given in response to a query on this subject from the war department.

For several days, different civilian representatives of the war department have been in the city investigating conditions.

One agent came to investigate the vice of the city and look into the thoroughness of the work of "cleaning up," to ascertain if the conditions will be such as to warrant the department in locating a large body of men here.

Another was investigating the social and recreation facilities and ascertaining if proper wholesome recreation would be provided. The leading citizens, in a meeting with these representatives of the war department, assured them the city would be kept clean and that recreation facilities would be provided and plans are now on foot to secure the new Aronstein-Stevens building on the corner of San Francisco and Santa Fe streets for this purpose. Shower baths, pool and billiard tables, card rooms, bowling alleys and other things would be installed and operated for the benefit of the soldiers.

El Pasoans Offer Guarantee.

El Pasoans are showing every disposition to cooperate with the war department in all that it requires of a city, to secure the encampment of a large number of troops.

Acting on statements of contractors of the city, secretary George H. Clements, of the chamber of commerce, has wired Washington under instructions from the board of directors, that El Paso is willing, even at this late date, to pledge itself to construct all necessary buildings for a cantonment, by the time they are needed on September 1. It is stated in dispatches that many of the cantonments over the country will not be completed. The contractors of the city agree to drop everything else they are engaged upon, if necessary, and put all their men and efforts upon the construction of cantonments.

Union Men Willing To Aid.

The contractors have received pledges from several unions that the union men may be depended upon to lend their assistance and they feel that they will have the united support of all union workmen in the city in this matter, even if it should be necessary to suspend temporarily the eight hour day to do it.

Further than this, the lumber dealers of the city have offered, and this offer has been telegraphed the war department, to let the government have any lumber it needs, at its own price. It is said that there is enough lumber now stored at Fort Bliss or in shacks erected for the national guard last summer and not yet torn down, to construct almost all the buildings required for a cantonment.

El Pasoans Confident.

It is believed confidently by the El Pasoans who are "on the inside" in these matters, that the hearty willingness of the city to cooperate with the war department and its officials, is going to bring results of a most certain character in a very short time.

Investigation has established the fact that the government is not, as reported, abandoning all its plans here for an encampment of men. While it is true that the wooden truck repair shops erected at Fort Bliss are being demolished, as reported, secretary Clements has learned that they are being replaced by sheet iron buildings of a more permanent and stable character and that the frame shop is being wrecked merely for securing the lumber for temporary barracks for cantonments.

Base Hospital Not Needed.

The base hospital here is to be abandoned, according to the general understanding, simply for the reason that the cause which originated it has now been removed. The base hospital was created for the purpose of caring for men from the Pershing expedition in Mexico. This expedition having been withdrawn and most of the patients sent back to the base hospital having recovered, it is not now necessary to maintain such a large hospital. The supplies and nurses are needed elsewhere—possibly in France—and for this reason, the base hospital is to be closed, since the necessity that caused its creation, no longer exists.

FIRE IN WASTE PILE.

Fire at 1:45 oclock Saturday afternoon in a pile of waste in the E. P. & S. W. railroad yards at Bassett street, did no damage and was extinguished before the fire department arrived.

"Battlefields of Today" Get One; Inform Yourself

THE El Paso Herald has just received a big supply of Rand McNally's Atlas, "Battlefields of Today."

An intelligent understanding of the war regions cannot be had from merely reading about them. These things must be seen on a map to be fully understood and followed.

There is also descriptive matter explaining the status of each of the belligerent nations and a chronological list of the chief events of the great conflict.

This atlas will be sold at The Herald office for 25c. Out of town readers of The Herald will send their order for the atlas direct to The Herald by mail.

COCCHI ADMITS KILLING RUTH CRUGER

Man Who Fled To Italy Says He Murdered Girl In Fury Of Jealousy.

JUDGE'S INQUIRY BRINGS TRUTH

Cocchi Tells Court He Is Ready Now To Suffer Any Penalty Imposed.

BOLOGNA, Italy, June 22.—Alfredo Cocchi, the fugitive New York motorcycle dealer, abandoned today his pretense of innocence of the murder of Ruth Cruger and confessed his guilt. Jealousy was his motive. He was unable, he declared, to win her love and became furious when she rebuffed his persistent attentions.

The admissions of the young Italian whose escape the New York police failed to prevent, were made in tears after a searching interrogation by judge Zucconi broke down Cocchi's reserve. Prior to this examination Cocchi had coolly and insistently maintained he had known Miss Cruger only two days before her disappearance in February, when she went to his shop to have her skates sharpened and had declared his conduct toward her was entirely correct.

Cocchi Finally Breaks Down.

Under judge Zucconi's searching questions today, however, Cocchi finally burst into tears. He became agitated as his confession fell haltingly from his lips that the persons surrounding him believed he was about to have an epileptic fit.

He was granted time to recover and then resumed the story of how the 18 year old Wadleigh high school graduate met death at his hands in the building where her body was recently unearthed from the cellar.

Signs His Confession.

After making up his mind to tell the truth, Cocchi talked freely and without reserve and gave full details of his crime, including the burial of Miss Cruger's body. After the confession had been completed, the judge directed the clerk to read to Cocchi the written report of his deposition. The prisoner said it was correct and later signed it.

Ready For Any Penalty.

On returning to his cell, Cocchi said to the prison attendants:

"At last I feel relieved. I have freed myself from a nightmare which tortured my conscience. Now, I have told everything and I am ready to suffer any penalty."—(By A. P.)

U. S. Will Seek Extradition.

New York, June 22.—With the announcement from Italy that Alfredo Cocchi had confessed to the murder of Ruth Cruger, police efforts here turned today to the problem of having the motorcycle dealer brought back to New York to face trial.

District attorney Swann announced that he was assured the United States would exert every energy to have Cocchi returned to this country.

The authorities are working on the theory that Cocchi had accomplices in the commission of the crime and in his escape.

Alfredo Cocchi went to Bologna from New York in February after the disappearance of Ruth Cruger, a girl 18 years old. When the girl's body was discovered in the basement of Cocchi's motorcycle shop in New York, the American authorities cabled to Italy asking for the man's arrest on a charge of murder. Cocchi was caught on June 20 but at first protested his innocence. Later he broke down after being plied in solitary confinement.

500 Other Girls Missing.

Cocchi has a wife in New York city who, however, has protested her belief in his innocence of the murder. She said she believed him too cowardly to carry through such a crime. It was disclosed that Cocchi had had affairs with other girls and women. The police department at once began an investigation into the disappearance of about 500 girls in New York in the past 12 months and it was believed the Cocchi case might result in disclosing a widespread white slave traffic.

CALL FOR BANK STATEMENTS COMING WITHIN 48 HOURS

Washington, D. C., June 22.—The controler of the currency announced today that a call for reports on condition of national banks will be issued within 48 hours. These are the last reports to be made by computing reserves under the federal reserve act before its recent amendment.

War At A Glance

HEAVY attacks by the Germans are continuing along the Aisne front, with the fighting at times assuming almost the proportions of a general engagement.

No substantial successes have attended the crown prince's efforts. The latest bulletins from the front, indeed, indicate the fighting to be turning more favorably for the French, whose artillery is proving that it has lost none of its effectiveness in breaking up attacks.

The crown prince's primary purpose apparently is to forestall the renewal of the French offensive movement which was expected in this important sector, southwest and south of the fortress of Laon, the German key position.

The plan of the Germans seems to be to launch heavy forces on comparatively narrow fronts in the area under attack. They penetrated a salient in the French line yesterday on the Chemindes-Dames in the neighborhood of Epine-de-Chevregny on one such attack. Last night they tried to debauch from the ground thus gained, but found all their efforts broken up by the French fire.

70,000 URGED TO JOIN REGULARS TEXAS ENGINEERS ARE CALLED IN

Unmarried Men Between 18 and 40 Years of Age, Without Dependents and Not Engaged in Vital Pursuits Are Urged to Enlist at Once to Fill up the Regular Army to Quota of 300,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 22.—A nation wide drive of one week to recruit 70,000 men to bring the regular army up to its authorized war strength of 300,000 men began today in accordance with president Wilson's proclamation calling for volunteers.

This is the first step in the war organization of America's army. Next is the task of completing the full strength of the national guard; then comes the selection of men for the national army from the millions who registered here on June 5.

Men Between 18 and 40.

The president calls upon "unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 40 years who have no dependents and who are not engaged in pursuits vitally necessary to the prosecution of the war."

This means that those between the ages of 18 and 21 and 31 and 40, as well as the recent registrants, will be given an opportunity for immediate training and the prospects of early active service.

Must Fill Up The Ranks.

The urgency of filling the ranks of the regular army is emphasized by army officers who declare it will be necessary within the next six months to take many of the regulars as instructors for the new selective army. It is planned to incorporate in the new regiments of the regular army portions of already established and trained units as a framework to assure rapid development.

No Delay In Cantonments.

There will be no serious delay in construction of the 16 cantonments for the national army, secretary Baker said yesterday, and all of the establishments will be ready probably about September 1, the tentative date considered for summoning to the colors the first 625,000 men. The process of selecting the men, the secretary indicated probably will be set in motion early in July. Regulations for the exemption and selection processes have been prepared and will be made public next week. President Wilson is understood to have approved the general scheme worked out by the war department to secure fair and unselfish application of the law through local officials.

Engineers Called Into Service.

Most of the contracts have been let for the construction of the 16 cantonments, army officers have been detailed to oversee construction and under an order published yesterday the engineer units of the national guard of 15 states will be mustered into federal service immediately to aid in technical features of the work.

At each cantonment, it was announced, all construction operations will be under direction of a constructing quartermaster, who, as the responsible representative of the government will check up all the figures of the contractors to see that their cost plus percentage contracts are fairly executed.

May Recolate Des Moines Cantonment

The only question as to cantonment sites that is not finally settled, Mr. Baker said, involves a possible relocation of the cantonment now assigned to Des Moines.

Building of the cantonments, the secretary said, would proceed on the

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 4.)

HUNGARY SENDS PEACE 'FEELER'

Premier Says Country is Ready to Make Peace Acceptable To Foes.

London, Eng., June 22.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says:

"The new Hungarian premier, count Moritz Esterhazy, and his cabinet met the Hungarian diet in Budapest for the first time officially yesterday. In a temperately worded speech count Esterhazy declared that the government's foremost desire was reform in the suffrage and in the event of the present majority in the diet failing to cooperate in effecting this reform, the diet would be dissolved and new elections held.

"The premier added that the Hungarian government would remain faithful to its alliance with Germany, Bulgaria and Turkey.

"'Our military situation is favorable,' said count Esterhazy, 'and the knowledge of our military and economic strength permits us without any appearance of weakness to reaffirm our willingness and readiness to conclude a peace which will be acceptable to our adversaries.'"

RUSSIANS HAVE STORMING UNITS

Battalions of Men Who Will Fight Are Decorated With Arm Bands.

Petrograd, Russia, June 22.—One of the most favorable features of the situation on the front is the formation of "storming battalions" which are newly created army units composed of soldiers who favor a policy of active fighting. Soldiers who wish to fight are transferred to battalions composed entirely of men holding this view. The men receive red and black arm bands to distinguish them from shirkers. Their function is to lead in attacks.

The movement started in the extreme south wing of the army but now there are storming battalions every where. Dr. Eugene Hurd, of Seattle, who has been with the central army since the beginning of the war and is now in Petrograd, says the idea is spreading like wildfire.

Before starting for this city, Dr. Hurd saw two splendid new divisions composed of storming battalions. He also met several trains of soldiers on the way to the front, all wearing the red and black bands and in excellent fighting mood. Dr. Hurd predicts that nearly all the soldiers will join the storming battalions and regards the movement as a signal for regeneration of Russia's fighting forces.

U. S. FORESTER STUDIES THE FORESTS OF FRANCE

Paris, France, Junes 23.—Among the latest reinforcements to the American military mission is Maj. Harry Solon Graves, chief forester of the United States, who was commissioned a major in the reserves when he volunteered to investigate forestry conditions in France

DON'T fail to read the remarkable personal narrative of experiences on the battle front in France, which appears in the color section today. It is as graphic and thrilling as anything that has been written about the war, and will interest every American soon to go to the front.

BRAZIL STANDS WITH AMERICA

Upholds Monroe Doctrine in Revocation of Neutrality in Warfare.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—Diplomatic exchanges by which Brazil notified the United States of the revocation of her decree of neutrality and the United States acknowledged Brazil's action in the interest of pan-American solidarity were published yesterday by the state department.

Ambassador da Gama explained that he was instructed by president Braz to say that his government "recognized the fact that one of the belligerents is a constituent portion of the American continent and that we are bound to that belligerent by traditional friendship and the same sentiments in the defence of the vital interests of America and the accepted principles of law."

The Monroe doctrine, it was added, had until now been divested of its true character because of a comparative lack of reciprocity, but the present events have resulted in a greater solidarity among American nations.

RUSSIA SHOWS IMPROVEMENT

Steady Growth of Sentiment To Carry on the War Encouraging.

Petrograd, Russia, June 22.—In spite of the disorders at Sebastopol and anarchist threats here, there are indications of a marked improvement in the situation with a growing support of the government and a growing animosity against the forces which make for disintegration in the army.

The resolution passed on Thursday by the pan-Russian congress of councils of deputies is regarded as a signal defeat for the extremists and pacifists, the motion supporting the provisional government being passed by a majority of more than four to one. A further significant resolution admits that the transfer of all power to the democracy would weaken the revolution. This is the democracy's own admission that it needs the knowledge and experience of the educated classes.

Separate Peace Repudiated.

By declaring for the speedy attainment of "a general peace" and at the same time for an increase in the fighting strength of the army," the congress repudiated the program of a separate peace.

Vote Expulsion of Grimm.

Equally important was the unanimous vote of the peasant congress, representing 150,000,000, approving the expulsion of the German pacifist agent Robert Grimm and inviting volunteers to enter the army and strengthen it by their example.

Cossacks Are For War.

Speeches of similar tenor in the Cossack congress were still more emphatic, so much so that the extremist anarchist organs today speak of "the resurrection of the nagaika" the Cossack whip formerly used for suppressing disturbances. A representative of the Amur Cossacks declared that 8,000,000 Cossacks were ready to fight in support of the revolution. A representative of the Kuban Cossacks added: "We shall support the provisional government if necessary with rifles and swords."

TUCSON OFFICIAL HERE.

J. W. Fitzgerald, superintendent of the Tucson division of the Southern Pacific railroad, was in El Paso on business Saturday.

American Business Breaks All Records In Past 12 Months

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—American business has broken all records for the year ending in May.

American imports in May of $281,000,000 reached the highest total of any month in the history of American commerce. Exports of $551,000,000 showed a gain of $21,000,000 over April.

Both imports and exports for the 12 months ending with May set new yearly records, imports being valued at $2,500,000,000 and exports at $6,152,000,000.

Seventy one per cent of the merchandise entering in May came free of duty. For the 12 month period the percentage was 62.3.

Gold exports in May valued at $58,000,000 were $6,000,000 greater than imports. Net gold imports for the 12 months were valued at $776,000,000.

GERMANS STRIKE FRENCH FRONT

Claim Ground Gained, But French Deny Any Advantage to Enemy.

Paris, France, June 23.—Continuing their offensive on the Aisne front, the Germans last night made repeated attacks in the region of Vauxaillon and southeast of Filaine. They also multiplied their efforts against the French positions north of Froidmont, where they failed yesterday. Today's official statement says the Germans made considerable sacrifices without gaining the slightest advantage.

Germans Claim Capture.

Berlin, Germany, June 23.—A French position southeast of Filaine, on a front of 100 kilometers and 500 meters deep was captured yesterday by German troops, army headquarters announced today. Prisoners to the number of 300 were taken.

Save the Old Tin Cans For Preserving Wartime Food, Plea To Women

Austin, Texas, June 23.—Housewives of Texas were today advised by Mrs. J. L. Landrum, head of the women's economic division of the department of agriculture, not to throw away any cans, but to keep the cans for canning purposes.

Not only cans are to be preserved and utilized, Mrs. Landrum says, but also cross jars and any other receptacle now going to waste. This is urged as a war measure.

MRS. BESANT INCITES REVOLT IN INDIA BUT IS RESTRAINED

London, Eng., June 23.—Telegrams from Bombay say the restrictions placed by the government on Mrs. Annie Besant and her colleagues are the sequel to a violent home rule agitation which was distinguished by a villification of everything British and western. The restrictive measures evoked a storm of adverse comment in the native press and protest meetings were organized.

Mrs. Besant has been forbidden by the Indian government to participate in any meetings, deliver lectures or publish her writings. She and her associates are also prohibited from residing in Madras City and ordered to remain within certain areas. Their correspondence also has been placed under censorship.

Mrs. Besant is head of the Theosophical society and was expelled from the presidency of Bombay last year for preaching revolt in India.

U. S. MAY COMMANDEER OIL AND COAL SUPPLIES

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Secretary of the navy Daniels told the senate lands committee today that within a short time the government must commandeer oil and coal supplies unless it can otherwise insure its supply and fix prices.

Mr. Daniels urged legislation to develop new oil fields but protested against the opening of the naval reserves in California and Wyoming.

"Whatever you do, if this naval reserve land must be opened, have it opened by the government or some other agency, but not by men who hold title to it by fraud," he declared.

VON BUELOW WANTS PEACE WIT INDEMNITY FOR GERMANY

Paris, France, June 23.—The Zurich correspondent of the Petit Parisien quotes prince von Buelow, former German chancelor, as saying in reply to birthday greetings from the city of Bromberg, Prussia, that he hoped this year would bring to the German people the longed for peace, a peace with compensation for their sufferings and sacrifices and an indemnity which would permit Germany immediately to resume the position she occupied before the war. This is the first time prince von Buelow has expressed himself on the subject of Germany's war aims.

Army Band To Play For Red Cross Tonight

Through the courtesy of Brig. Gen. George Bell, jr., the crack 24th U. S. infantry band will play down town tonight from 7:30 to 8:30 as a part of the Red Cross campaign.

The band will be in charge of Winchester Cooley's team, No. 4, which is known as "the doughhounds." The concert will begin at the Pioneer plaza side of the Sheldon and will be continued through the business district.

Arrangements for the military band concert for the Red Cross war fund was made by Capt. V. W. Cooper, the district adjutant.

EXPLOSION WRECKS AUSTRIAN PLANTS; 1000 ARE VICTIMS

SUBMARINE'S TORPEDO MISSES AND ARMED SHIP WINS FIGHT

Second Shot Throws Periscope High in Air and Last Shot Hits Spot Where Submarine Went Under; Austria Can Ill Afford Loss of Life and of Plants and Munitions as Result of Blast.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, June 23.—More than 1000 persons were killed or are missing in consequence of an explosion in munition factories at Blosweg, according to an announcement made in the lower house of the Austrian parliament by the minister of defence, as forwarded in a dispatch from Vienna.

136 Known Dead.

The casualties, so far as known, were given by the minister as follows: Dead 136; missing 170; wounded 625. Of the wounded, 520 received only slight injuries.

The minister said the explosion probably was due to lack of caution on the part of men employed in a trench mortar workshop.

One of Major Tragedies.

This is one of the greatest explosion tragedies of the war and will be the subject of a rigid investigation to ascertain its probable cause.

Can't Afford to Lose Supply.

The loss is severe, not only in dead and injured, but also in military supplies. It is known neither of the Teutonic governments have as much munitions as either would like, and the loss of plants and munitions is especially severe now when both Germany and Austria are being subjected to enemy offensives on a grand scale.

Supply Austrian Front.

The Blosweg plants are believed to have been one of the chief sources of supply for the Austrian army operating on the Italian front, where count Cadorna is striking hard blows with the aim of capturing Trieste.

Details of the explosion have not yet been disclosed in the advices received.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 22.—A fight between an American freight steamship and a German submarine, which took place June 6, one day out from Genoa, Italy, and resulted in the navy gunners on the American vessel scoring at least one hit, was reported by the captain of the steamer on his arrival today.

The captain said the U-boat suddenly appeared at a distance of about 500 yards and launched a torpedo. Its wake was clearly discernible and it was possible to maneuver the vessel so that it missed the ship by about 20 feet. Fire was immediately opened on the U-boat from a stern gun and four shots were discharged in rapid succession as the submarine submerged. The second shot, the captain said, struck the periscope, throwing it high into the air, and the last shot fired hit the water on the exact spot where the U-boat disappeared. The American vessel suffered no damage.

This is the second encounter reported within two days in which an American ship successfully defended herself against submarine attack.

U-BOAT SUNK OR BADLY DAMAGED BY GUNNERS

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Confirmation of the sinking of a German submarine by the navy gunner crew of an armed American merchantman, mentioned in yesterday's dispatches, was received today by the Navy department in a report from chief boatswain's mate J. J. Gullickson, commanding the gunners.

"Apparently the submarine was either sunk or badly damaged," his report says, "as nothing further was seen of it."

DUDLEY'S AUTO BILL ATTACKED

Validity of Auto Repair Shop Bill Assailed in Austin Case.

Austin, Tex., June 23.—A case that is of interest to every automobile repairman and garage owner in Texas was tried in the county court here today. It involved the Dudley law which was passed at the recent regular session of the legislature, and which went into effect on June 20, requiring every automobile repair shop to keep a record of all repairs to cars.

Complaint was filed by county attorney John W. Hornsby against Fowler & Atkins, owners of a local repair shop and garage, of their alleged failure to keep such records. The trial resulted in the defendants being found guilty and a fine of $25 assessed against them. R. B. Humphrey, who represented defendants, gave notice of appeal of the case and a special effort will be made to get a decision from the court of criminal appeals before that court adjourns for the summer.

Claim Law Invalid.

It is the contention of the defendants that the law is invalid because it is not intelligible in some of its provisions, particularly in the clause which places the penalty for its violation against the "garage" instead of an individual.

Representative R. M. Dudley of El Paso is the author of this law.

SIOUX CITY IS DAMAGED BY A NINETY MILE GALE

Sioux City, Ia., June 23.—Thousands of dollars damage was done in this section by a 90 mile an hour gale early this morning. Hundreds of outbuildings were wrecked. In Sioux City scores of plate glass windows were blown in and great damage was done to trees. Wire service was completely tied up for several hours, hundreds of poles being blown down.

INCOME TAXES BREAK RECORDS

Total Tax Receipts for Government From Ordinary Revenue, $1,079,238,995.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Income tax payments have surpassed the highest figure, $325,000,000, upon which officials based their estimates when the law was amended last September. Receipts today show a total of $337,283,777 for the fiscal year. Indications are that the total receipts for the year will reach $345,000,000.

With a week to go before the fiscal year closes, receipts from that source are pouring into the treasury at the rate of nearly $2,000,000 a day. The bulk of the income tax, however, was paid during the last month.

These receipts and other increased revenues have advanced the total receipts from ordinary taxation for the fiscal year up to $1,079,238,995, a new record and more than $400,000,000 over the amount received this time last year.

LIBERTY BONDS ARE SOLD AT PAR; THEN GO ABOVE

New York, June 23.—Heavy dealings in Liberty bonds, all at par, were the feature of today's trading on the stock exchange. Blocks of $100,000 to $600,000 changed hands in the early part of the session. Later a block of $5000 sold at 101.50 and another block of the same amount at 102.50.

UKRAINE PROVINCE MAY SECEDE FROM RUSSIA

London, Eng., June 23.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent reports that the Ukraine military conference has called on the Ukraine national assembly to cease its relations with the Russian provincial government and proceed immediately to effect an independent organization of the Ukraine.

The Herald and the Liberty Loan

Dallas, Texas, June 19.

Editor El Paso Herald:

Doubtless you have read our message of thanks published in the press of the district. However, we cannot allow this happy occasion of the oversubscription of the Liberty loan to pass without sending you a special word of thanks for the active part which you have taken.

Without your cooperation we could not have succeeded as we have. The officials of this bank thank you from their hearts.

With best wishes and regards,

Very truly yours,
J. W. Hoopes, Deputy Governor.

Fortunately El Paso Has An Infinite Variety Of Resources To Rely Upon