GERMANS REFUSE TO SIGN PEACE PACT GIVING DANZIG TO POLAND

President Ebert Also Asserts Germany Cannot Yield West Prussia or Part of Upper Silesia; Would Make Danzig Free Port; Eduard Bernstein Reveals Independent Socialist Alliance With the Bolsheviki.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, March 24.—Germany cannot and will not sign a peace which involves the annexation of Danzig by Poland, president Ebert declared in a speech Sunday, a dispatch from Berlin says.

The German president added that Germany could not give up west Prussia or part of upper Silesia.

Ebert spoke at a meeting called to protest against the annexation of Danzig by Poland. He declared that Germany was prepared to agree to the neutralization of Vistula, which would include Danzig as a free port.

Quits Independent Socialists.

Berlin, Germany, March 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Eduard Bernstein, the veteran Independent Socialist, has definitely abandoned that party and has returned to the Majority Socialists. In a "parting greeting to the Independent Socialists," he administers a sharp castigation to that party and discloses the further details of its close alliance with the Russian Bolsheviki.

"In the spring of 1918," herr Bernstein writes, "a social gathering was held in the rooms of the Bolsheviki Russian embassy, members of this embassy and of the Independent Socialist party being present. I was invited, although I never concealed my opposition to the Bolsheviki policy. Matters discussed at the meeting included the question as to the reason why the Independent Socialists did not proceed in a revolutionary manner, and George Ledebour declared that the party was constituted in a different manner than the Bolsheviki."

Herr Bernstein's defection from the Independent Socialists, although nominally due to the party's recent decision forbidding members to maintain relations with any other parties, is one of many indications that a large number of intellectuals among the Independent Socialists have been moved to resign from that party because of attacks made upon it by Gustax Noske, the German minister of war, and other national leaders and by disclosures of intimate relationships between at least a portion of the party and the German Bolsheviki.

Bavaria Withholds Troops.

Zurich, Switzerland, March 24.—The Bavarian minister of foreign affairs has notified the German foreign office that Bavaria will use her soldiers and henceforth will not furnish troops for the empire.

Germany Drifts to Bolshevism.

Paris, France, March 24.—Oswald Garrison Villard, of New York, editor of the Nation, has just returned to Paris from Germany and made a report to the American peace congress and the British prime minister.

"The drift toward Bolshevism is rapid in Germany," said Mr. Villard, "and it can be stayed only by prompt food relief and the lifting of the blockade so that trade may begin again and the idle German factories may receive raw materials as fast as arrangements can be made to pay for them."

Shout "Down With England."

Amsterdam, Holland, March 24.—A demonstration "against the violation of German territory under the peace treaty," was held in Berlin Sunday in front of the residence of president Ebert. After the meeting the crowd went to the Hotel Adlon, where most of the entente commissions in Berlin are quartered. Seeing American officers, they mistook them for British and shouted:

"Down with England!"

Call at Nations and see White Crest, a beautiful soft wheat pastry and biscuit flour demonstrated. Good things to eat; 10 to 12 a. m.; 2:30 to 5 p. m., all week.—Adv.

Curtiss & Co., buy Liberty Bonds.-Adv

ROOF PAINT
FENCE PAINT
BARN PAINT

We can make any color or grade you wish in our Paint Factory.

The Tuttle Paint & Glass Co.

League Plan Is To Be Altered As To Details

No Nation Is Wholly Satisfied With It; Regard It Merely As A Basis.

(Continued from page 1.)

because it didn't limit the size of armaments.

Must Set up Machinery.

For France, he believed this a practical question of security, and he insisted also that it was not sufficient to provide for the combination of nations to oppose an aggressive nation, but that the machinery for concentrated action must be set up so that the armies and navies of the signatory powers would be in a position to act at once without the delay which would ensue if left for discussion in the various parliaments. His idea was that while in most cases the threat of combined resistance would be sufficient to deter an aggressive nation, there must be a safeguard against the contingency in which one country, believing it could win an advantage by a quick thrust across the border, acting as did Germany through Belgium. M. Bourgeois admitted there might be constitutional difficulties in the way, but wanted to see some joint military and naval action provided for in some way. Then would France feel secure.

Japan Expected Changes.

The head of the Japanese delegation did not mention the changes which Japan expected to make but that he held the covenant to be incomplete and subject to important amendments, appears from this portion of his speech:

"I beg to add another voice to echo the congratulatory speeches that have been made on the presentation of a document which is perhaps the most important document that has been compiled by the hand of man. As I understand there is to be no discussion today of the project before us, I will limit myself to these few remarks, observing that at a later stage in the discussion of this project, I shall have the privilege of addressing certain propositions which I hope will receive earnest and favorable consideration from the distinguished men who represent the nations assembled here."

M. Ventzelos, of Greece, declared that "no doubt the plan before us can be discussed and criticized," but he emphasized while he hoped some provision might be made for an international force, nevertheless he did not think the public opinion of the world should get the impression that on this account the league would be powerless. He argued that a would-be aggressor should always know what could be done by the combination of nations. He added that this being known from the beginning an aggressive nation would know that whatever success might be attained at the beginning, the effort would be doomed to eventual failure.

Finally, premier Hughes of Australia, asked M. Clemenceau, who was in the chair at the plenary peace conference, whether there would be further opportunity for discussion, and the French premier replied that there would be, as there probably would be "amendments and observations by each one of the powers." So the sessions this week are a direct consequence of these speeches and promises. It may be truly said so far as the league of nations is concerned, consideration of the plan has now been formally resumed after a lapse of five weeks, due to the absence of president Wilson, premier Lloyd George, and other principals. Other nations plan to offer amendments.

U. S. Course Depends on Wilson.

Whether the United States will do so depends upon the head of the American mission. Certainly it would not be considered proper in diplomatic etiquet for amendments concerning the Monroe doctrine to come from European powers. American suggestions must come from American sources. President Wilson has given a number of these. The next few days will tell whether he intends to press them on behalf of the United States government.—Copyright, 1919, by New York Evening Post, Inc.

MAJ. KNOX SUPPORTS FOSTER CHARGES AGAINST MR. BAKER

Manchester, N. H., March 24.—Maj. Frank Knox, recently returned to his position as editor of the Manchester Union, after his release from army service, in a signed statement said that he was "prepared in general terms to support the accusation brought against secretary of war Baker by Maj. Dick B. Foster that orders were issued to commanding officers of mobilization camps in the United States, which practically forbade effective handling of fake conscientious objectors, who were inducted into the national army under the draft law."

Y. M. C. A. SPEAKER WILL GIVE LECTURE SERIES

Wentworth Stewart, who is giving a series of lectures under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. to soldiers in southern department camps, arrived in El Paso Monday to fill a three day engagement in this district. Stewart is especially interested in social, political and economical questions and his lectures are a feature of the reconstruction program of the army Y. M. C. A., designed to prepare men for their return to the occupations of civilian life under changed conditions resulting from the world war.

If you want to know anything of Federal Oil Refining Co. stock, call E. J. Broad. Phone 761, or call 307 South Santa Fe street.—Adv.

Hotel Laughlin rooms best furnished in El Paso, every hotel convenience, half the price other first class hotels.—Adv.

Curtiss & Co. buy Liberty Bonds.—Adv.

HUNGARY REVOLT SCARES EUROPE

Entente Sees Need For Military Steps To Save the Situation.

(Continued from page 1)

correspondent to the failure of the peace conference at Paris to recognize the seriousness of the situation and occupy Budapest with entente troops. He says the only way to have the situation is to send American or British forces there, but adds:

"Where a battalion would have sufficed formerly, a brigade will be necessary."

Not Result of Entente Act?

Berlin, Germany, March 24.—(by the Associated Press).—Recent events at Budapest were not the result of the entente note, outlining the new boundary between Hungary and Rumania, according to the Vossische Zeitung, which says that the situation there was hopeless before the note was delivered. Communists were unemployed and have been ignored by the Socialist ministers, according to the newspapers.

Mass demonstrations began last Wednesday, when demands were made that every unemployed person receive a sum of 500 crowns for relief, besides payment of house rent and a reduction of food prices by one half.

Revolt Already Impending.

The newspaper declares that the revolution was impending when the entente note arrived and count Michael Karolyi, the premier, seized the opportunity, in his farewell proclamation, to represent himself as a friend of the proletariat.

A special dispatch to the Freiheit announces the disarmament of entente troops at Budapest. It is not confirmed, however, and appears questionable.

Is "Red" Missionary Work.

That the seizure of power by the Hungarian communists is the result of Russian Bolshevik missionary work and financing seems apparent from the history of the movement. Bela Kun (or Kuhn), the new foreign minister, who probably was the man who formulated the communistic proclamation, spent a long time in Russia as a prisoner and there made the acquaintance of Nikolai Lenine and Leon Trotzky. He was originally chosen to organize the Spartacan-Bolshevik movement in Germany, but went, instead, to Hungary.

The Hungarian Socialists would have nothing to do with Kun, and he thereupon founded the communist party.

The Berlin press, from the extremely radical to the most decidedly conservative, sees in the events which are occurring in Hungary a terrible warning to the entente. This is the view taken, for instance, by the two extreme examples of Die Freiheit and the Tages Zeitung.

"Entente imperialism," says the latter newspaper, "assisted Bolshevism into the saddle in Russia by the frustration of Kerensky's peace plans. It now has raised Bolshevism in Hungary out of the depts of its impotence. If these two lessons should not suffice, a third would carry terrible consequences in the entente lands."

Will Use Force of Arms.

Basel, Switzerland, March 24.—In concluding its proclamation announcing the proletariat dictatorship there, the new Hungarian government said:

"The Czecho-Slovaks, bourgeoisie, Rumanians and annexionist classes wish to overthrow the Hungarian workers' revolution by force of arms. We are determined, however, to defend ourselves to the last drop of blood against all attacks. With our determination to defend the republic goes the wish to conclude speedily a peace, which will assure means of existence for the Hungarian working classes and make it possible for them to live at peace with all the peoples of the world."

Budapest Calm Saturday.

Budapest was calm on Saturday, according to advices from that city. Business was, for the most part suspended, but the streets were animated and posters were displayed everywhere, appealing to the people to continue work.

The food commissioner has issued a proclamation saying:

"As a result of the manner in which the entente acted, we have applied ourselves to the soviet republic and have placed ourselves under the protection of the soviet's troops. We have advised them of our decision by airplane."

The revolutionary government has appointed commissioners for Budapest, it is said. Officers of the municipality have tendered their resignations, but have been asked to remain at their posts.

Proletariat Seizes Power.

Copenhagen, Denmark, March 24.—Reports of wireless exchanges between Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier of Russia, and the foreign representative of the new Hungarian communistic government, are received in advices from Budapest. Lenine was told that the Hungarian proletriat had seized power and had introduced a proletariat dictatorship. Greetings were sent to Lenine as "leader of the international proletariat."

In greeting the Russian proletriat the new Hungarian government expressed solidarity with the revolutionary movement.

In his reply, Lenine stated that he had submitted the Hungarian greeting to the Bolshevist congress at Moscow, which had received it with great enthusiasm. He added:

Sends Communist Greetings.

"In order to communicate between Moscow and Budapest a report on the military situation, it is necessary to maintain permanent wireless communication between the two cities."

He concluded by extending "communist greetings and a handshake."

The communists of Vienna held a meeting of sympathy with the proletariat dictatorship in Hungary Sunday morning, according to a Vienna dispatch today. The demonstration developed into a manifestation against the entente. There was no disturbance, however, the message declared.

Vienna Leaders Fear Outcome.

Vienna, Austria, March 24.—Asked what effect Hungarian events would have on the political situation in German-Austria, herr Deutsche, secretary for military affairs, today said:

"If the entente treats us as it treated Hungary, no one can guarantee what will happen. A people driven to dispair loses self control. The entente, by a thoughtless decision might lose the bulwark against Bolshevism, which German-Austria really constitutes."

Washington, Concerned.

Washington, D. C., March 24.—Grave concern was evident today in official and diplomatic quarters here over the news of the seizure of government in Hungary by a Bolshevik regime, which has inaugurated in its advent by declaring a state of war with the entente powers and seeking an alliance with the Russian Bolsheviki.

No one in authority would attempt to forecast the result or to discuss what measures might be adopted by the associated powers, chiefly because the state department, so far, is without official advices on the subject. With president Wilson and secretary Lansing in Paris, the attitude of the American government toward any measures that may be proposed will be determined and announced there.

Italian General, Tried On Charge Of Fleeing In Face Of Foe, Acquitted

Rome, Italy, March 24.—Gen. Bosea, who was in command of a part of the Italian line along the Isonzo river in October, 1917, when the great German-Austrian attack was launched, has been acquitted by a courtmartial of the charge of having abandoned his position too soon before the enemy attack. This was the first trial arising from the Caporetto disaster.

EXSOLDIERS ENTITLED TO ARMY MEDICAL ATTENTION

A ruling was received at military headquarters Saturday morning stating that though discharged soldiers are civilians under the law and the matter of hospital treatment is governed by paragraph 1459 of the army regulations, yet any soldier who has been honorably discharged since October 6, 1917, for disability incurred in the line of duty, and whose present condition is a reactivation of that disability, or is consequent upon it, is entitled to hospital or sanitarium care either at a military hospital, if there be room for him, or in a civilian institution.

POLICE URGE NAMING OF BURNETT AS PROVOST HEAD

No orders have been issued making an appointment of provost marshal by the United States military authorities, but it is the opinion at district headquarters that Maj. T. R. Burnett will be detailed to this office.

The police department has petitioned mayor Charles Davis and the city council, to request the military headquarters to retain Maj. Burnett at the head of the provost guard in El Paso.

TWO WOUNDED EL PASOANS ARE NEW YORK ARRIVALS

New York, March 24.—Two wounded El Pasoans have arrived here from overseas. One is Pvt. Florencio Martinez, company M, 360th infantry, whose sister is housekeeper at Hotel Sheldon, El Paso; another is Joaquin Morales, company B, Fifth American troop, whose mother is Mrs. M. Morales, of 309 South Campbell street, El Paso, Texas.

19TH INFANTRY DETACHMENTS TO GUARD ARIZONA MINES

Globe, Ariz., March 24.—Guard work around the Aritona mines has been taken up by detachments of the 19th infantry. The third infantry detachment here, 124 men, has left by special train for Del Rio, Texas, picking up at Bowie 22 men from Bowie and 24 from Jerome.

The local guard posts have been taken over by 17 men of the 19th, under charge of Maj. Elson. Capt. Bradley will command the Old Dominion camp and Lieut. Backus that at Miami. Detachments have been sent also to Ray, Roosevelt, Jerome and Clarkdale.

MORE JOIN U. S. NAVY.

Enlistments were received at the naval recruiting station Monday morning from Melquiades C. Flores, of Dona Ana, N. M., apprentice seaman; Lawrence B. Fitch, Las Cruces, N. M., apprentice seaman, and Farrel F. Earles, 6107 Cambridge street, and Samuel E. Millican, 1221 East Boulevard, as fireman third class for machinist's mate. All four recruits will be sent to naval training stations this evening, the former two going to San Francisco and the latter to Charleston, S. C.

IS GIVEN FOREIGN ORDER.

According to information just received in El Paso from Trevea, Germany, Col. Walter H. Johnson has been awarded the highest class of the Order of Leopold, a representative of King Albert of Belgium presenting the medal in the presence of the 254th infantry. Col. Johnson received his promotion from major a year ago. He is a cousin of Mrs. Arthur C. Wheatley, 611 California street.

GOING TO HONOLULU.

Maj. Robert C. Candee of the Seventh cavalry, and 20 privates and six bandsmen of the Fifth and Seventh cavalry, were transferred Monday morning to the 17th cavalry, which will leave for Honolulu about the first of April.

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Capt. Hugh H. Shannon of the medical corps of the Eighth engineers, left on a five days' leave of absence Monday morning.

To Cure Habitual Constipation Take "LAX-FOOS WITH PEPSIN" regularly for 14 to 21 days. A Syrup Tonic-Laxative. Pleasant to Take. 50c. It Regulates.—Adv.

Housekeepers!

Visit the White Crest Flour demonstration at Nations all week—Good things to eat.—Adv.

Hayes' Healing Honey.

Stops the Tickle, Heals the Throat and Cures the Cough. Price 25c. A free box of OPEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle.—Adv.

War Insurance Bureau Is Given Expense Money

Financial Stringency Met By Allotment From The Emergency War Fund.

Washington, D. C., March 24.—Financial stringency of the war risk insurance bureau was relieved today by a message from president Wilson to secretary Glass, saying the president had made an allotment from his emergency war fund to pay expenses of the bureau until congress appropriates at the next session.

The amount alloted was not specified.

SOUTHWESTERN TROOPS RETURN

Former Texas Guardsmen Reach Newport News; Western Men Arrive.

New York, March 24.—More than 2400 troops, of the 40th division, comprising former national guard units of California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, arrived here today on the steamship Matsonia from Bordeaux.

The arrivals comprised 82 officers and 2318 men of the 160th infantry field and staff, machine gun battalion, headquarters company, supply company, medical detachment and companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M for 12 camps throughout the country; and four detachments of the 159th infantry, totaling 32 officers and 822 men for camps Upton, Grant, Lewis and Sherman.

422 Engineers Return.

Also on the Matsonia were seven officers and 415 men, comprising six detachments of the 24th engineers, for camps Kearney, Pike, Devens, Grant, Lewis and Meade, and a number of casuals. Six officers and 171 men returned sick or wounded.

The steamship Antigone, also from Bordeaux, brought home 2614 troops, of whom 102 officers and 2322 men were sick and wounded.

The others were casuals, including casual company No. 42, Iowa, and a company of marines.

One Texas Casual Company.

The cruiser North Carolina arrived from Brest with 1147 troops. Units included the 139th aero squadron, three officers and 146 men; and casual companies Nos. 976, Washington state, and 719, Nebraska.

The cruiser Montana, also from Brest, brought 1477 troops, including casual companies Nos. 737, Texas, and 738, California, and 732, New York.

Manchuria Brings 4294.

The steamship Manchuria arrived from St. Nazaire with 4294 troops. Units included the 56th, 89th, 142nd, 148th, 182nd and 24ist aero squadrons; 272rd aero pursuit squadron; 436th aero supply squadron; supply and medical detachments, and companies A, B, and C of the 312th field signal battalion and casual company No. 195, Washington state. There were 53 officers and 972 men sick or wounded.

Texans Go to Camp Bowie.

Newport News, Va., March 24.—The battleships Vermont, Connecticut and New Hampshire and the transport Kroonland, bearing a total of 2501 officers and men, including parts of the old Ohio and Texas national guards, arrived here today from France.

On the Kroonland, which sailed from St. Nazaire March 12, were 1942 officers and men, including the 122nd field artillery, complete, a part of the Texas guard, which will demobilize at Camp Bowie.

Former Emperor Charles Is Fugitive; Goes With Family To Switzerland

Copenhagen, Denmark, March 24.—Former emperor Charles, of Austria-Hungary, and his family left Ekartsau castle Sunday evening on a special train for Switzerland, a dispatch from Vienna says.

GREGORY THINKS MONROE DOCTRINE IS SAFEGUARDED

Paris, France, March 24 (by the Associated Press).—Thomas W. Gregory, former United States attorney general, who is advising the peace conference commission on the league of nations with reference to legal phases to proposed amendments to the league, thinks that it is not necessary to introduce a specific amendment affirming the Monroe doctrine. He holds that the doctrine is sufficiently protected by the instrument as it stands, but as a matter of expediency, he sees no objection to introducing a general proviso, which would safeguard the doctrine without specifically mentioning it.

An amendment proposed affirms in substance that coercive measures of the united powers, as provided in the covenant, shall not operate against nations of the western hemisphere unless the United States and other western countries shall approve.

Another amendment before the commission is the Japanese measure for just racial treatment.

Official request of the Belgian delegation that Brussels be selected as the capital of the league of nations is the first offer of the kind formally to be made to the peace conference.

PRESIDENT MASARYK, OF CZECHO-SLOVAKIA, RESIGNS

Copenhagen, Denmark, March 24.—T. G. Masaryk, the president of Czecho-Slovakia, has resigned, according to a report received here from Berlin.

GERMAN CREW WILLING TO TAKE IMPERATOR TO SEA

Berlin, Germany, March 24.—(By the Associated Press).—The crew of the Imperator, the largest vessel which the Germans will hand over to the United States, has expressed willingness to take the ship to sea. The wages of the seamen on the Imperator are 400 marks a month.

ASKS CHAMBERS TO HELP.

Washington, D. C., March 24.—Commercial organizations of the country were called on today by the chamber of commerce of the United States to assist in placing in employment returning soldiers and sailors.

Kodak Finishing? See Gandara.

We operate the largest and most complete developing plant in the southwest. 10c for developing any size roll of film. Prompt mail order service.

J. F. Gandara Photo Supply Co.
109 E. San Antonio St., El Paso.—Adv.

See the beautiful cakes made of **White Crest Flour** and baked on a **Domestic Science Fireless Cooker** at Nations all week.—Adv.

Jno. F. Grochel, contractor, Ph. 4262.—Adv.

YOU SHOULD KNOW

LAMARINE WAFERS.

After many months of investigation and research, there has been found a laxative that gives perfect results without harming the delicate organs of the stomach. It is a known fact that strong pills, salts, oils, etc., besides being awful to take, are too strong for the majority of people.

Lamarine Wafers are made for the purpose of furnishing every one a medicine that is nice to take, and one that is guaranteed to act thoroughly but so gently that the stomach is left healthy. They will not nauseate you. Try them. All druggists sell them for 50c per box.

Write Desk 47, Lamarine Laboratories, Atlanta, Ga., for free sample package.—Adv.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TRIAL IS BEGUN

Texan Pleads Not Guilty To Charges of Scandalous Conduct and Falsehood.

London, Eng., March 24.—The courtmartial in the case of Capt. Edmund G. Chamberlain, of San Antonio, Tex., of the United States marine corps, the story of whose exploit in bringing down a number of German machines in air battles while he was on a visit to the British front last year, and who has been under investigation for some time, was begun at American naval headquarters here this morning. Capt. Chamberlain was formally charged with "scandalous conduct, tending to the destruction of good morals" and with "falsehood."

Capt. Chamberlain pleaded not guilty. The defendant officer was represented by a civilian lawyer, D. Harper, and assisted by Maj. S. William, of the marine corps.

NAVY PREPARES SEAPLANES FOR FLIGHT ACROSS OCEAN

Washington, D. C., March 24.—Several seaplanes of the NC type are being prepared for the trans-Atlantic flight to be undertaken soon by the navy department, although no decision has been reached as to the number that will make the start. Four of these big craft have been completed and it may be that two and possibly even three will be sent out on the theory that the greater the number the greater the chances of success.

The navy department is not now contemplating a trans-Atlantic flight with a lighter than air machine. Acting secretary Roosevelt said today the navy had no dirigible capable of making such a voyage.

COL. RHINEHART HURT.

Austin, Tex., March 24.—Col. Claude Rhinehart, commanding officer of Kelly field, San Antonio, was seriously hurt here Saturday in a fall of the plane, in which he was riding at Penn field. His head was badly injured, according to hospital attendants.

Dr. B. F. Clatter, physician and surgeon; office 417-18-19 Martin Bldg. Tel. 1612.—Adv.

COLDS
Head or chest—are best treated "externally" with
VICK'S VAPORUB
"YOUR BODYGUARD"—30¢, 60¢, $1.20

Why Make a WILL NOW?

"For the living know that they shall die, but the dead know not anything, neither have they any more a portion forever of anything that is done under the sun." It is better, however, to make one's Will than to merely reflect on the uncertainty of life. Every person of property has the choice of distributing it himself or letting the law do it. They are rare cases where the letter of the law will make wiser distribution than the judgment of the owner of an estate, aided by experienced counsel.

Death seldom trumpets his approach, often comes when least expected. Once realizing the importance of making a Will no time should be lost in suiting the action to the word. If any doubt exists in your mind as to the wisdom of such action, let our Trust Officer show you what may happen to your estate if you die intestate.

El Paso Bank & Trust Company
Savings Commercial Trust.
Member Federal Reserve System.

An Urgent Plea

From Across The Sea.

Give Your Old Clothes

Shoes, Blankets, Underwear, Etc.

TO THE

Red Cross Today!

—Clothing that is worth little or nothing to you is needed urgently by sufferers in our allied countries!

Help Those Who Helped Us Win The War!

Phone Any Red Cross Number And Your Clothing Will Be Called For.

—Or you can leave it at any one of the many collection depots.

As usual El Paso is expected to go "Over the Top"—and as usual—El Paso will!

Levy Grocery Company
Undersell All Others
Phone 505 and 506. 415-420 East San Antonio St.

24 lbs. Yukon Flour	$1.70	6 lbs. Extra Quality Meal	25c
3 lbs. Pink Beans	25c	Large can Hominy	15c
3 lbs. Black Eye Peas	25c	Large Can Pumpkin	17c
3 lbs. Navy Beans	27c	Premium Hams, lb.	39c
2 lbs. Lima Beans	30c	Premium Bacon, lb	55c
2 lbs. Best Rice	25c	Plain Bacon, lb	45c
No. 2 Standard Tomatoes	13c	Kansas Eggs, doz	50c
No. 2 Standard Corn	13c	2 Cans Soaked Peas	25c
No. 2 Early June Peas	17c	2 Oats	25c

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

TODAY'S BEST BUY—DUKE OF DUBLIN

OIL STOCKS

TOM B. JOHNSON
The RELIABLE
BROKER

All oil stocks are thoroughly investigated before we agree to handle them. That's one advantage of placing your order through this reliable brokerage firm.

We handle all stocks that an honest firm would sell.

Investigate!
We can tell you about any oil company.

Sheldon Hotel
Lobby.

OIL

It's Different

Burkburnett —NOW

Time was, six months or so ago, when there were lots of GOOD Burkburnett oil propositions on the market that it didn't matter much if you passed one up today, for another would be along tomorrow. But that was six months or so ago, remember. People were quick to buy Good Burkburnett stock and GOOD Burkburnett companies were quick to buy GOOD Burkburnett leases—and today we see

The Beginning of the End

of the small Burkburnett companies—the kind of companies that have become famous the world over for the enormous riches they have earned their stockholders. We could name hundreds of companies with holdings such as ours that have paid hundreds—yes, thousands—of dollars for one. But why repeat the wonderful success of the Marine, Helen-Elizabeth, Horne and a hundred other companies—you know what they've done.

We Can Do the Same

Our holdings are in BLOCK 103, VAN CLEVE FARM LANDS, within a FEW FEET of our property are more BIG oil wells than you would find in some SUCCESSFUL fields in miles. They say there is always a chance of getting a dry hole—but the distinction of bringing in the first "duster" in Van Cleve is yet to be had.

Selling $5000 Worth of Stock a Day

In less than two weeks more than two-thirds of our entire stock issue has been sold. People are realizing that they can't buy stock in these wonder companies every day and are fast in accepting opportunity's last call. We are confident that our stock will all be sold this week. While others are getting RICH in oil, what are you doing?

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D. L. CARTER, Fiscal Agent.
Capital, 650 Shares. Share, $100.00 Par.
Office 3, El Paso Oil Exchange, 206 N. Oregon St., El Paso.
This Coupon Properly Used May Bring You Wealth.

Silver-Burk Oil Co.
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ONLY ACT NOW 245 SHARES LEFT

Enclosed find $.....in full payment for.....

shares of stock in the SILVER-BURK OIL COMPANY. I understand that in case of over-subscription or a raise in price of stock my money will be returned.

Signed.....

Herald-3-24 Liberty Bonds taken at par.