CARRANZA ATTRIBUTES LONG LIST OF OFFENCES TO UNITED STATES

Defends Mexico's Neutrality in War; Government Conciliatory as to Oil Law; Won't Sacrifice Sovereignty; Does Not Recognize Monroe Doctrine; Able to Protect Foreigners; Not Seeking to Join League.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Sept. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—A defense of Mexico against foreign representations, particularly from the United States, regarding the lives of foreigners and their property, was contained in a message of president Carranza, read at the opening session of congress last night. Particular reference was made in the message to alleged injustices practiced against Mexicans in the United States.

A long list of the alleged offences was given under the section of the address devoted to foreign relations.

The message also defended Mexico's neutrality during the war and protested against charges that the Mexican government was incapable and unwilling to protect foreign lives and property.

In the message president Carranza asserted that Mexico did not ask admission to the league of nations, because, he said, the league did not establish equality for all nations and races. He reiterated that Mexico had not and would not recognize the Monroe doctrine.

Won't Sacrifice Sovereignty.

Regarding oil legislation, the message said the government was willing to conciliate, but would not sacrifice its national sovereignty.

Declaring that in international matters, "the honor of Mexico has been guarded with energy and prudence," the president gave four main causes of international friction: American frontier conditions; damages to foreign property in Mexico; damages resulting from injury and deaths of foreigners and the results of application of law developing from legislation carrying out revolutionary ideals.

Regarding the first, which has been marked by punitive expeditions, president Carranza asserted the belief of the frontier, the causes for unpleasantness would disappear. In connection with the second and third, he stated that new laws providing for the payment of damages up to the present time, including not only damages suffered during the two revolutions, but resulting from isolated cases of revolt now existing in various parts of Mexico, both to lives and property, when the damages were not caused by the fault of foreigners nor the negligence of the government, would remove cause for complaint. Regarding claims filed because of loss of life or damage to property, the president asserted the efficiency with which the government has punished offenders was significant. He declared it would be well if diplomats should cause their nationals to exercise more care and expressed his belief that with an improvement of protective measures, causes for complaint would decrease since foreigners were become sure of sincerity and ability of the Mexican government to fulfill guarantees.

Most Serious Cause Of Friction.

Discussing the fourth cause of friction, the president said that this was most serious since, it involved a limit of national sovereignty. He took up his previous declarations expressing the refusal of Mexico to sacrifice her liberty to govern according to her own necessities and not "simply to satisfy the demands of oil interests."

Statements from various governments which were included in the message were cited by the president to show the country was in a prosperous condition. The deficit of 35,000,000 pesos in 1917, he asserted, had been wiped out until the government is now absolutely solvent with a prospect of soon resuming payments on the foreign debt. He said the army had been reorganized until the discrepancy between the number of men and the number of officers had been removed. He declared that discipline had been improved and that the few outlaw bands still in existence were in the process of being dispersed.

"Elections held throughout the country," he said, "have not impaired the national government's authority. Private property taken over by the government during the revolutions has been returned with the exception of those involved in the uprising in the assassination of president Madero. Foreign investments, as well as foreign trade, are increasing and both Mexican and foreign confidence are being restored. Mexico is advancing despite the vain attempts of reactionaries and rebels."

List of Alleged Indignities.

The list of indignities and the injustice suffered by the Mexicans in the United States, cited in that section of the message dealing with relations between Mexico and the United States, including the crossing of the border by American soldiers and the invasion of Mexico at El Mulato village last year; the shooting of Mexican peasants by American soldiers in the municipality of Villa Acuna, Coah.; the "unjust persecution" of Mexicans in Bartlesville, Okla., as testified to in a memorial sent to the Mexican ambassador at Washington; the invasion of Valle de Piedras, Chih., last April, by American soldiers seeking bandits; the beating and wounding of a Mexican, Jesus Aguirre, working in Rockport, the crossing of the border by American troops following the Villa attack on Juarez; the assaulting and robbing of a Mexican paymaster, M. Palma, south of Marfa, Tex., last July; the killing of a Mexican, Anacleto Salazar, by a policeman in Eureka, Utah; the beating and robbing of a Mexican, Francisco Rosales, during race troubles in the state of Washington; the shooting of Mexicans by an American patrol on the belief that they were deserters, and the injury by mobs in Chicago last August of two Mexicans, Jose Blanco and Eliseodo Gonzales.

Mention was made of the fact that the Mexican embassy in Washington had made representations to the United States government, but it was declared that "Not in all cases have assurances been given that the offenders will be punished." Reference was also made to numerous crossing of the border by American airplanes.

In connection with the recent punitive expedition to find bandits who were holding two American aviators for ransom, the message said:

"This invasion constitutes a violation of our rights. Serious and without motive was this violation that has deeply wounded Mexican patriotic feeling."

The message referred further to a request by the United States for the punishment of bandits and cites numerous cases showing that the government has prosecuted guilty parties and has met with a great measure of success in dealing with bandits.

Speaking of the charge of alleged unneutrality by Mexico during the war, the message said:

Defends Mexico's Neutrality.

"The republic of Mexico observed the conduct of absolute neutrality, but certain governments have expressed the opinion that the government of Mexico had not been strictly neutral, although they were not able to affirm or specify any act or mission on the part of the government of Mexico which would imply the least violation of neutrality, judging in accordance with the most exigent principles of international law, treaties now in force and universally established practices. On the other hand, the rights of Mexico as a neutral were not always respected as they were entitled to because various units of the American navy remained in certain exceptional cases more than 24 hours in our waters while there were kept at anchor at Tampico vessels of war under the pretext of protecting their fellow nations."

Referring to the fact that Mexico had not been asked to join the league of nations, the president wrote:

"The Mexican government has done nothing, nor has it made any request whatever, to be admitted into this international society because the bases that sustain it does not establish, either with respect to organization or with respect to performance of its functions, perfect equality for all nations and for all races and the government of Mexico has proclaimed as the leading principle of its international policy that all states ought to have the same rights and the same obligations, so that no individual within a state should have the power to invoke privileged protection by reason of being a foreigner or for any other cause.

Regarding the Monroe doctrine the message said Mexico did not recognize it, "inasmuch as it establishes without the volition of all the peoples of America a criterion to which they were not consulted and because that doctrine smacked of sovereignty over Mexico and constituted forcible guardianship over all the nations on the Americhemisphere."

"The Mexican government has in due time established a method of indemnifying losses occasioned during the revolution," said the message, "and has given an example thereof of a more liberal spirit than any other government in an analogous situation."

President Carranza discussed the formation of an advisory reclamation commission which will handle claims. These claims up to the present total 13,663,196 pesos.

"Mexico continues in good relations with all friendly nations of the world with the exception of Great Britain," the message declared.

Summarizes Notes to U. S.

President Carranza then summarized two notes sent by the American government, December 24, 1918, one of which answered the Mexican note claiming the right to legislate on petroleum. Mention was also made of the American protest against the treasury department's circular regarding the collection of royalties from oil companies and gave the Mexican reply. After protesting against the demand for intervention for the purpose of making our laws accord with personal interests," president Carranza declared the oil campaign was disguised under the plea for intervention "because the lack of guarantees they pretend exists in our territory."

Citing the case of the Richardson Construction company's protest against the increase in land taxes, the message said:

"Unfortunately the Mexican government has received suggestions from the United States government when it has tried to make reforms that may injure American citizens. These suggestions destroy deliberately our liberty for legislation and nullify the right we have to progress in accordance with our own ideas. The argument used by the American state department, as well as by the American press, has been that our duties are confiscatory. The Mexican government hopes the northern republic will respect the sovereignty and independence of Mexico. To violate them, claiming the lack of guarantees for its citizens or inconvenient legislation for its interests, would constitute a transgression of international right and would demonstrate that the worst misfortune for a nation is to be weak and unable to protect itself by force against stronger nations."

Oil Legislation Gives Preference.

Included in the message is the following paragraph regarding petroleum legislation:

"The revolution has implanted reforms making for the welfare and progress of the Mexican people. The government is endeavoring to respect and consolidate existing rights, but absolutely cannot accept the principle that the liberty of Mexicans to govern according to their necessities should be limited. Our willingness to conciliate in an effort to conquer difficulties that arise will continue, but our sovereignty will be maintained unharmed."

Petroleum legislation has been given a preferential place on the legislative program.

MEN!
When your Barber says "Something on your hair"? say, "Yes, NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE"
Take nothing else
Sold at all Drug & Dept Stores
Kelly & Pollard, Special Agent.

IF you are looking for a large office location in the downtown business district, we have just what you want in the Raynolds building. This building is being equipped with fast elevator and will have all modern conveniences. We can give you large loft rooms or cut them up to suit you.
JAMES L. MARR & COMPANY
Phone 4350. 304 San Antonio St.

NO WORMS In A Healthy Child
All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance.
Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic
contains just what the blood needs, Iron and Quinine in a form acceptable to the most delicate stomach and if given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion and act as a general strengthening tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. It is pleasant to take. Price 60c.
PERFECTLY HARMLESS. CONTAINS NO NUX-VOMICA OR OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS.
When A General Strengthening Tonic is Needed in the Home For The Child, For the Mother or the Father, Take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

Juarez Gets The Packing House Operating There

Government Forfeits It From Villa's Wife and Gives It to the City.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Sept. 2.—The C. Juarez packing house, established by American citizens and bought (?) nominally, by Juana Torres, alleged to be Villa's wife, in 1914, has been turned over by the federal government to the Juarez authorities, who are going to handle directly the business or rent the plant to private parties.

The scarcity of cattle is assuming such proportions all over Chihuahua, that the Cusihuiriachic local authorities have decreed that no cows under ten years of age are to be slaughtered in the local market. The Cusihuiriachic aldermen hope with that decree to stop the destruction of all the cattle in the one that a few years ago was one of the richest in Chihuahua and where cattle were counted by the thousands over the beautiful plains of the rich farms of the neighborhood.

MEXICO SOLONS HEAR CARRANZA

President Defends Government Against Foreign Representations.

BANKING AND INVESTMENT CO. IN JUAREZ ELECTS OFFICERS

Directors of the Juarez Banking and Investment company, a new financial house, which will open in Juarez October 1, met Monday afternoon and elected officers for the new bank, they are as follows: Raymundo S. Garcia, president; Miguel Tinoco, vice president; Ignacio Bodarte, general manager; Isauro Carreno, assistant manager; Miguel Rascon, cashier; Jose L. Torres, assistant cashier; Ulises Irigoyen, secretary; F. G. Cuellar, auditor and W. O. Zuniga, assistant auditor.

The new bank will operate in quarters just opposite the Aduana Fronteres and Commercio street. Correspondents will be maintained in New York, San Francisco, Mexico City, and other cities of importance may be added.

SUNDAY SALES PERMITTED BY CHIHUAHUA MERCHANTS

Chihuahua, Mexico, Sept. 2.—Beginning tomorrow by special decree, the merchants of Chihuahua are free to open or close their shops on Sunday. They are only forbidden to make their clerks work that day, because, according to the constitution, every salaried man has the right to rest a day a week. The new ruling was given to satisfy the demands of hundreds of small traders who have no clerks and who were obliged to close their doors on Sunday, according to a legal ruling given two years ago, on demand of the big merchants who desired that no mercantile business operate on Sunday, since the larger places employing clerks all had to close.

MEXICO WILL STOP BRAN EXPORTS FROM C. JUAREZ

Chihuahua, Mexico, Sept. 2.—As bran is now scarce in Chihuahua, the state government has asked Mexico City to forbid new shipments of bran from C. Juarez to El Paso, Texas. In the last week there has been exported to the United States several thousand tons. The El Paso Trading company was trying to get special permit for exportation of bran.

URGE INTERNATIONAL FENCE TO STOP CATTLE RUSTLING

(Continued from page 1.)

the Arizona livestock sanitary board, for the purpose of putting a stop to the "reciprocal rustling" of cattle that is continually going on in the border district.

MEXICAN BRANCH RAILROAD WILL BE OPENED TODAY.

Travelers from Chihuahua and Santa Rosalia, Chihuahua, say that the Parral branch of the Mexican Central railroad from Jimenez on the main line will be opened for traffic today.

Twenty five or 30 kilometers of the road was destroyed by Pancho Villa and his bands nearly four months ago after he had captured Parral.

MAKING PICTURES OF JUAREZ.

Plans have been completed by the Juarez chamber of commerce whereby motion pictures of the town are to be taken and exhibited in various cities as an advertisement of the city. Sabino Villegas, a local picture machine operator, has begun work of making pictures of Juarez.

Change Bliss Street To Pershing Drive

Pershing Drive is the new name of Bliss street. The name was decided upon by the city council at the Tuesday meeting. Pershing Drive, which runs from Magholia street eastward to the city limits near Fort Bliss, will be officially named in an ordinance which will be presented to the council Thursday.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE WILL BE RESUMED THIS MONTH

"El Universal," a Mexico City newspaper, carries a statement to the effect that steamship service of the National Navigation Company of the Pacific will be resumed during this month, after having been suspended since July, 1914. A translation of the statement adds:

"These ships will conduct both a freight and passenger coastwise business and will call at Manzanillo, Santa Rosalia, Las Peinas, La Paz, Mazatlan, Sinaloa, and San Blas. The Bonita and the Sonora, which are at present undergoing repairs in the dry dock of Guaymas, will be ready for service immediately and these will inaugurate the service between the ports above mentioned."

RAILROAD MAN AND FAMILY VISITING IN EL PASO

C. T. Carson, for many years auditor of the Chihuahua and Pacific railroad and of the Mexico Northwestern railway system after the former became a part of the latter, is in El Paso with his family visiting Mrs. Carson's mother, Mrs. S. J. Rice at 804 West Missouri street.

Mr. Carson is auditor of the Missouri and Gulf railroad and his headquarters are at Muskogee, Okla. H. C. Ferris, who was general manager years ago of the Chihuahua and Pacific and then of the Mexico Northwestern system, is general superintendent of the Oklahoma railroad mentioned.

LEMON JUICE FOR FRECKLES
Girls! Make beauty lotion for a few cents—Try it!
Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.
Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Message this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and rosy-white the skin becomes. Try! It is harmless and never irritates.—Adv.

TIME TO GET MEXICO'S TRADE

Consul Declares Time for Action Is Now at Hand.

The American consulate in Juarez has received from vice consul Charles H. Cunningham of Mexico City, an interesting statement regarding the novelty button industry in Mexico. The statement declares that there is a remarkably good market in Mexico for buttons of all descriptions, while only one importer at present is giving much attention to the industry. This importer reports far more orders than he can fill, he having only the more common types of buttons, such as horn, shell and bone products.

"The Mexican consumers are discriminating, according to Cunningham, but are ready and willing to pay a good price when their wants are satisfied. The consul urges that samples be sent by American firms into Mexico and that an effort be made to stimulate the trade in this production. He declares that now is an opportune time for stimulation of trade in all lines and that unless American industry realizes the present opportunities, that foreign trade eventually will monopolize the country.

WANT LIST OF TOYS.

American consulates throughout Mexico, including the one at Juarez, recently have received numerous inquiries from Mexican merchants regarding American made toys. They have requested that toy manufacturers in the United States shall obtain the names of Mexican importers and furnish them with catalogues and price lists.

Repupblicans Of Texas Invile Col. Roosevelt To Speak In Oklahoma

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 2.—The Texas Republican council, through its chairman, C. C. Littleton, has arrived an invitation to Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt to attend the Republican barbecue which will be held here September 5 and make an address.

Col. Roosevelt will speak in Lawton, Okla., on September 8. It is expected that he will also visit Texas while in this section of the country.

Elder Woodrow Wilson Endorses New Era Move

Lake Geneva, Wis., Sept. 2.—In a message read to the Presbyterian New Era conference today, president Wilson, an elder in the church, declared himself "deeply interested" in the character and purposes of the New Era movement, which is designed to formulate a five year program to meet new conditions and problems.

"That the church should devote itself to these great purposes of service and enlightenment is an evidence, it seems to me, of the true interpretation of the spirit of the gospel, and of its vitality as an instrument of high public service in the nation," the message said.

Council Gives Police A 10 Percent Raise

Members of the El Paso police department were given a ten percent increase in salary, effective September 1, by the city council Tuesday. Councilman William T. Griffith, in charge of the police department, stated Tuesday that a gradual reduction of the police force is being made.

CATTLE COMPANY PRESIDENT SHIPS 1500 STEERS TO RANCH

Dr. G. T. Veal, of Moctezuma, Sonora, Mex., president of the Slaughter Land and Cattle company, with cattle ranches in Sonora, Arizona and Texas, has arrived in El Paso and unloaded 1500 steers here to be sent out to one of the Slaughter ranches 40 miles east of El Paso. He is one of the executive committee of the Panhandle and Southwestern Stockmen's association and is in attendance at the semiannual meeting of that board in El Paso today, Tuesday.

Dr. Veal will visit the Slaughter ranch west of Lubbock, Texas, and expects to be back at Moctezuma about Sept. 10. He expects to make other shipments from the ranch near the latter place if Taqui Indians do not interfere.

CITY WILL BUY PARK SITE; JAY WALKING MUST STOP

Purchase of a park site bounded by Alta street, Bliss street and Stevens avenue was officially authorized by the city council Tuesday and steps will be taken in a short time to beautify this property for park purposes. The purchase price of the new property was $3400.

Jay walking in El Paso will be tabooed absolutely and the police have been instructed to enforce the ordinance to the letter.

Councilman William T. Griffith announced the measures being taken to enforce the ordinance prohibiting reckless walking of pedestrians upon the streets of El Paso are designed primarily for the protection of school children from automobile accidents, he said.

PATROLMAN AND JAILER RESIGN FROM DEPARTMENT

Policeman Guy Wilson and jailor F. D. Scotten have resigned from the police department. Scotten had been on the force for about four years. Wilson had been on only a short time.

E. H. Florence, a patrolman, has been granted a year's leave of absence, during which time he will go to California.

SIX RECRUITING PARTIES TO LEAVE HERE WEDNESDAY

Six recruiting parties will leave army recruiting headquarters Wednesday for tours through west Texas and New Mexico.

The officers who will head the parties and the territories they will cover are as follows: First Lieut. H. Kotzebue, Plainview, Panhandle and Lypscomb, Tex.; Second Lieut. W. Voorhees, Santa Rosa and Clayton, N. M. and Dalhart, Tex.; First Lieut. A. Turner, Roswell, Clovis and Mescalero, N. M.; First Lieut. P. B. Jackson, Las Vegas, Roy and Raton, N. M.; First Lieut. J. M. Reynolds, Santa Fe, Shiprock and Taos, N. M.; First Lieut. W. Shafer, New Mexico points.

ACCUSED OF SELLING CLOTHES GIVEN BY ASSOCIATED CHARITIES

Alleged to have attempted to sell a coat and several shirts that were given him by the Associated Charities to cover his own back, Anastacio Garcia was arrested Monday by policeman N. V. Nixon.

BOY ARRESTED PENDING INQUIRY

Felix Ramirez, 12 years old, was arrested Monday by policeman J. E. Beck and R. E. McKnight for investigation in connection with a burglary case.

ACCUSED OF THEFT.

Ramon Enriquez is charged by complaint in county criminal court with theft of property valued at under $50. The case was filed Monday afternoon.

Of the 54 who graduated to become doctors in Japan during the July examination, 24 were women.

Villa's Power Is Now Broken As a Leader

Chief of Staff Gen. Francisco Gonzalez Says Banditry Near End.

Francisco Villa's power reached the turning point when he was defeated by Gen. Francisco Gonzalez at Juarez in June, according to Col. Guillermo Valle, chief of staff to Gen. M. M. Diguez, commander in chief of the armies of northern Mexico, who arrived in Juarez Monday on official business.

"Five days ago Villa, with 500 men, crossed a place in the mountains near San Salvador," Valle said. "Gen. Diegues' cavalry, 1000 strong, was in hot pursuit of the bandit leader and expected at any time to engage him in battle. Gen. Miguel Acosta is in direct command of the cavalry.

"The state of Chihuahua is now virtually cleaned of bandits with the exception of Zimantal and 20 men, whose activities are not serious. They confine their efforts to petty thefts and little raids which are not really military manouvers. Of course there are many bandits in the state yet, but they are not together.

Battle Expected Soon.

"General Miguel Acosta's troops probably will meet the rebels during the coming week, although the traveling is hard and the bandits scatter at the slightest provocation. Villa seems to have lost his hold on his own men and to have become a broken man."

MEXICO TO SPEND $100,000 ON PRESENT BED OF RIVER

The Mexican government has appropriated $100,000 for the continuation of the work of confining the Rio Grande within its banks near Juarez, according to information received by Mexican officials. The work consists of an effort to confine the river to its present bed, although it has been steadily encroaching upon Mexican territory at some points on the local bends. Jesus N. Gonzales, of Juarez, a congressman from the Bravos and Galeno districts, is sponsor of the successful appropriation plan.

PLACED ON TRIAL ON CHARGE OF THEFT OF RUBY RING

Jesus Terre was placed on trial before judge Ed R. McClintock in county criminal court, Tuesday, on a charge of theft under $50. It is alleged that Terre stole an imitation ruby ring valued at $475. The case will probably go to the jury late this afternoon.

RETURNS FROM VACATION.

Alfred H. Johnson, city purchasing agent, returned Tuesday from a two weeks' vacation at Van Horn. He was accompanied on the trip by Mrs. Johnson, his son, Alfred Hill, jr., and two daughters, Bessie Oliver and Virginia Jennson. Mr. Johnson reported that conditions around Van Horn were excellent.

THREE INDICTMENTS RETURNED.

Three indictments were returned by the grand jury at noon Tuesday. The persons indicted have not been placed under arrest and their names were not given out for publication. The grand jury was in session again Tuesday afternoon.

MOTORCYCLE POLICEMAN ILL.

Motorcycle policeman W. S. Tepler is in Hotel Dieu seriously ill. He was taken ill immediately after taking part in the Labor day parade. He was operated on Tuesday morning.

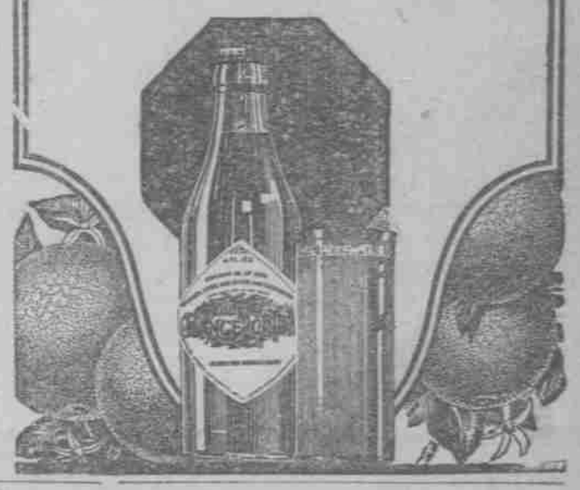
YOU CAN Park a Pact With the President or Park a Parley in Paris. BUT— Where'll you PARK YOUR CARES?
WAIT 'TIL THE R- O-

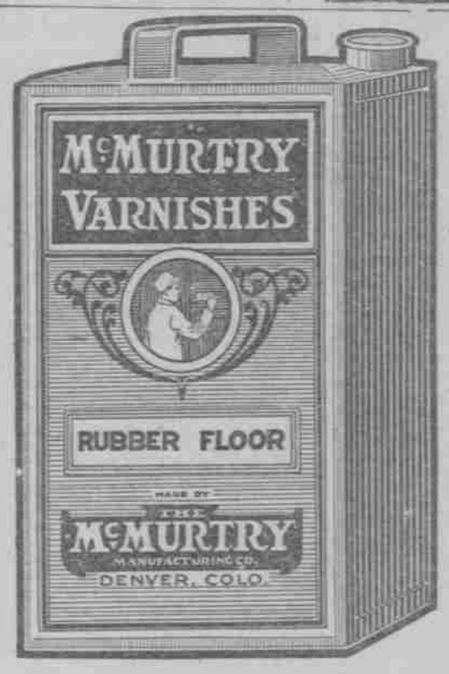
PUEBLO ALLEGED SLYER KILLED.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 2.—City detective Charles Baty shot and killed Orillio Carrillo, this morning. Carrillo was wanted for the murder of Benifacio Retunez at a Mexican dance, August 16. He attempted to take the officer's gun and was shot through the head by Baty.

Young Ladies, Gentlemen and Children Wanted to Join The EL PASO RIDING CLUB
Fine Saddle Horses.
Rates Reasonable. Phone 5862.
Marion Maguire, Chaperone.
504 E. Overland St.

Ward's ORANGE-CRUSH
ZESTFUL and sparkling, *Orange-Crush* completely refreshes you.
Orange-Crush is made from the fruit oil pressed from the fresh ripe oranges, and such other wholesome ingredients as pure granulated sugar, carbonated water and citric acid, which is a natural acid found in oranges, lemons and grapefruit.
Try an ice-cold bottle of *Orange-Crush* today. Then order a case for the home.
TRI-STATE BEVERAGE CO.
Phone 4800. El Paso, Texas.





McMURTRY Rubber Floor Varnish
(Eight Colors and Clear)
Floors Must Be Beautiful—
but, equally important —they must be *durable*.
McMURTRY RUBBER FLOOR VARNISH makes floors beautiful, and—best of all—it keeps them that way. Tough and elastic, it will not show heel marks; neither will it scratch nor mar white. In a word, *it is made to walk on.* It is easily applied over old floors or new, and it dries hard over night.
Sold by All Leading Dealers.
Write for literature on Rubber Floor Varnish
THE McMURTRY MFG. CO.
Paint and Varnish Makers
DENVER, COLORADO