

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION MEETS IN TACOMA MAY 11

Ellis Morrison, chairman of the Republican state central committee, yesterday issued the formal call for the state convention, which will meet in Tacoma May 11.

presidential election to be held in November, and to cast the vote of the state of Washington in the electoral college for president and vice-president of the United States, and the placing in nomination of three candidates for congress, two candidates for supreme judge, one candidate for supreme judge, one candidate for governor, one candidate for lieutenant-governor, one candidate for state treasurer, one candidate for state auditor, one candidate for attorney general, one candidate for superintendent of public instruction, one candidate for commissioner of public lands, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the said convention.

STATE POINTERS

N. P. Geseen, a mate on board the four-masted schooner Sehome, lying at the Clark-Nickerson mill at Ballard, was arrested on the ship yesterday on a warrant sworn out by the cook of the vessel, James Olsen, charging him with assault.

Scarlet fever has again broken out in the public schools of Seattle. One case has been discovered in the B. F. Day building at Fremont, and another in the Randall building on Eighth avenue west.

The executive committee of district No. 5, Knights of Pythias, in session at Bellingham, has selected Mount Vernon as the place for holding the next district convention. April 14 was named as the date.

Claude Hanks and Claude Smith, of Kirkland, both young boys, are missing from their homes, as well as a horse from each of their fathers' stables. They were missed Thursday morning and have evidently run away. They were last seen going in the direction of Fall City.

The McCandless hotel, formerly of Ocosta, is now located in East Hoquiam. This is the largest building ever moved in Chelan county and it was taken over in two sections, each loaded on four lighters. The main building is 120x42 feet, with a wing 30x80 feet, all three and a half stories high.

Condemned to be torn down to make room for the new Carnegie library building, a portion of the Everett Chamber of Commerce building collapsed yesterday. The building was started in 1890, but was never completed. It is now the property of the library board and was to have been torn down in a few weeks.

CURIOUS FADS AND ODD COLLECTIONS

Commenting upon some of the eccentricities of gift-making, a London paper refers to an American woman insurance agent, who, during the hero worship that attended the tour of Prince Henry, offered a \$3,000 policy covering his sojourn in the United States.

During the celebration of a golden wedding in one of the north counties, the aged couple was pleasantly remembered by their friends and relatives. Among the gifts which pleased the recipients was a tombstone with the names of the couple engraved upon it.

The Paris Muse de l'Armee has received from an unknown donor a collection of military buttons taken from every uniform of France since the days of the first republic. The collections contains 800 buttons, some rare and valuable to a collector.

The Army museum of Austria has 5,000 papier mache models of soldiers of all nations, past and present.

Lilly Langtry, while touring in Texas, was presented at different times with a live tarantula in a filigree box, a tame bear, a 44-caliber "gun" and a pair of wicked looking mules.

BIBLE SOCIETY'S CENTENARY

LONDON, March 5. - Extraordinary plans have been made for the observance tomorrow of what has been designated "Universal Bible Sunday." The day has been set aside for the celebration of the centennial of the British and Foreign Bible society, which was founded March 7, 1804.

The chief celebration is to be held tomorrow morning in St. Paul's cathedral and will be attended by the king and queen and other members of the royal family. The sermon will be delivered by the archbishop of Canterbury. The American Bible society, which is offshoot of the British society, will be represented at the celebration by its secretary, the Rev. Dr. Edward Payson Ingersoll of New York.

The object of the society is to translate the Holy Scriptures into the various languages of the world, and circulate them without note or comment, free of charge in cases of necessity, but otherwise at prices, irrespective of the original cost, which bring them within easy reach of the poor. During the hundred years of its existence the British society has distributed more than 180,000,000 volumes, in about 370 languages, and at a total expenditure of \$70,000,000.

Another discovery was that of a copper mine. It had been timbered a thousand years ago and the timbers today remain in almost as good preservation as if they had been put in 50 years ago.

delegates to the state convention be held at least ten days prior to May 11, 1904. "It is recommended that at the time of selecting delegates to the state convention the county conventions in those counties which are included in judicial or senatorial districts composing two or more counties also select delegates based on the same apportionment as delegates to the state convention are elected, to judicial or senatorial conventions for such districts, to be held at such time and place as may be determined by the Republican county central committees of the counties in such districts.

"The state central committee recommends that all voters who believe in the principles of the Republican party and endorse its policies and will support the nominee of the party at the November election, are cordially invited to participate in the primaries."

"OPHIR" REDISCOVERED

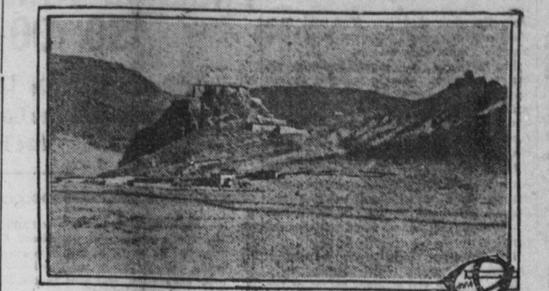
LONDON, March 5.—Away on the El-bair desert in southern Egypt G. James, mining engineer, has made what is believed to be a remarkable discovery of gold.

A tract of land, 60 miles by 30, was acquired, James reports that no fewer than 20 mines have been discovered, the minerals ranging from gold and emeralds to copper and hematite iron.

The story of some of these mines is interesting. At the gold mine called the Hangolia there are evidences of workings 1,000 years old.

It was this region that scientists declare was the Land of Ophir of the Bible. Here it was that King Solomon sent his ships for gold and precious stones. I firmly believe that in Egypt we have one of the great gold-producing countries of the future.

IN THE LAND OF TIBET



Fort at Khamba-Jong. This is one of the forts which England is building in Tibet, and which military authorities believe are a menace to Russia.

HOMESEEEKERS ARE BEGINNING TO COME

The first party of homeseekers reached Tacoma last night. They arrived on train No. 3, which was several hours late, owing to the heavy snows and blizzards encountered east of the mountains.

The excursion tickets were placed on sale March 1, and when the train left St. Paul about 700 passengers filled the nine regular and six extra coaches. By the time the train pulled into the yards at this city about one-half of the passengers remained on the cars, some of them having stopped off at other points in the Northwest.

The reports from St. Paul state that every subsequent train leaving that city since Tuesday is loaded with an increased number of homeseekers.

CHEAP SANITARIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES

LONDON, March 5.—A meeting has been held at Davos in favor of the scheme for the erection of a sanitarium for English consumptives with limited means. The sanitarium is to be named after Queen Alexandra, and will be commenced as soon as sufficient money is forthcoming, but though the queen is heartily supporting the movement funds are still low.

Advertisement for 'The Leader' newspaper. Text: 'Here is Something You For Watch This Space Closely We're going to spring a surprise on YOU next week . . . Something entirely new. The Store That Pays No Rent The Leader Munter & Johnson 1115-1117 Tacoma Ave.'

ORDINANCE NO. 2038. AN ORDINANCE submitting a proposed amendment to the City Charter of the City of Tacoma to the qualified electors of said City, for their adoption or rejection. WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Tacoma, on the 6th day of January, 1904, deeming it necessary and expedient, did adopt the proposed amendment to the Charter of said City, hereinafter set out, and did pass a resolution declaring its intention to offer the said amendments to the qualified voters of the said City, for their adoption or rejection at the next general city election to be held in the City of Tacoma on the 5th day of April, 1904; and, Whereas, the said City Council did thereupon cause the said proposed amendment to be published in full in the official newspaper of said City, to-wit: the Tacoma Daily Ledger, a daily newspaper published in said City, for thirty consecutive days, to-wit: from January 9th, 1904, to February 8th, 1904, both inclusive; and, Whereas, thereafter and within thirty days from the last date of the said publication, to-wit: on the 10th day of February, 1904, the said City Council did again vote upon the said proposed amendment, and upon said vote at said last named time, two-thirds of all of the members of the said City Council did vote in favor of said amendment hereinafter set out, and said amendment was passed and adopted by a two-thirds vote of all members of said City Council, NOW, THEREFORE, Be it ordained by the City of Tacoma: Section 1: That the proposed amendment to the City Charter of the City of Tacoma hereinafter set out in full in this ordinance, be and the same is hereby ordered to be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of the City of Tacoma, for their approval or rejection, at the next general city election, within the said City, to be held on the 5th day of April, 1904. Section 2: That the same officers of election that conduct and hold the said general city election on the 5th day of April, 1904, shall be and they are hereby authorized and required to receive the ballots, count the votes and make returns of all votes cast and received for or against the said proposed amendment herein, in the same manner and at the same time that the votes cast at said general election for city officers are accepted and returned. Section 3: That in the preparation of the ballots to be used at the said general city election on April 5th, 1904, the City Clerk shall cause to be printed on each of the ballots at the foot of the columns containing the names of the persons to be voted for at said election, the words: "For Amendment No. XLIX," "Against Amendment No. XLIX," and each elector shall designate his choice by marking the sign "X" after the question for which he desires to vote; the City Clerk shall be and he is hereby ordered to provide in the call for the said general city election to be held April 5th, 1904, for the submission of the said proposed amendment herein contained, and shall refer to the same therein, in a proper and intelligible manner. Section 4: That it shall be the duty of the City Clerk and he is hereby ordered and required to post at each of the polling places within the City of Tacoma, on or before the 5th day of April, 1904, so that the same shall be prominently posted upon that day, a full, true and complete certified copy of said proposed amendment to the said City Charter, as contained in this ordinance, for reference by electors and election officers. Section 5: That it shall be the duty of the City Clerk, immediately upon the passage and approval of this ordinance by the Mayor, to cause the same to be published for at least thirty days prior to the said 5th day of April, 1904, in the Tacoma Daily Ledger, and the Tacoma Times, two daily newspapers published in the said City; and said City Clerk shall further give notice of the said amendment at said general election, which notice shall specify the object of calling such election, and shall be given for at least ten days before the day of election, in all election districts of said City. Section 6: That if the amendment hereinafter contained shall receive a majority of all the votes cast by the qualified electors voting upon such amendment at said general city election, April 5th, 1904, it shall be deemed to be carried and the same shall become operative and a part of the City Charter of the City of Tacoma within ten days after said election, to-wit, upon and after the 15th day of April, 1904; the City Council shall canvass the returns of all votes cast for the said amendment on the same day that it canvasses the votes for the officers voted for at said election. Section 7: That the said amendment so, as aforesaid, voted upon and adopted by the City Council of the City of Tacoma, be and it is hereby submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of said City at the general city election to be held in said City on the 5th day of April, 1904, for their adoption or rejection, which said amendment is as follows: AMENDMENT XLIX. To amend Section 216, Article 21 (as amended by amendment No. IX), so as to read as follows: Section 216: All elective officers provided by the charter shall receive in full compensation for all services of whatsoever kind rendered by them the salaries following, which shall be payable in orders on the Salary Fund at the end of each calendar month: Mayor, \$1700 per annum. City Treasurer, \$1700 per annum. City Controller, \$1700 per annum. Each Councilman, \$300 per annum. The City Council shall fix by ordinance the salary of all other officers and employees provided by this charter or that may be created by ordinance; provided, that unless such ordinance shall receive the vote of two-thirds of all members of the City Council said salary shall never exceed the amounts following: Chief Attorney, \$2400.00 per annum. Chief of Fire Department, \$1200.00 per annum. Chief of Police, \$1200.00 per annum. Commissioner of Public Works, \$1700.00 per annum. City Engineer, \$1700 per annum. Any other officer or employee, \$1200.00 per annum. Passed Feb. 24, 1904. JESSE S. JONES, President of City Council. F. B. WOODRUFF, City Clerk. Approved Feb. 26, 1904. LOUIS D. CAMPBELL, Mayor. Pub. Mar 1 to Apr 4, 1904, inclusive.

Advertisement for 'Today' gas. Text: 'our lightning hot-water heaters can delight 100 families, why can't one of them do something for you. There's such sense and simpleness about their work they can't help but satisfy. Then they're easy to get; \$2 cash, and \$1 a month. Price, complete, \$10. Gas Co. 1001 A'

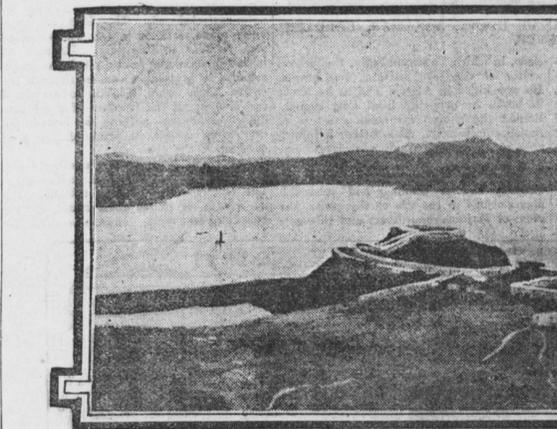
Advertisement for 'Empire Theater'. Text: '1114 Pacific Avenue. Afternoon and Evening. Week beginning Matinee, Monday, March 7. Neff & Miller, Mason & Filburn. George Wells. Moving Pictures. Only exclusive 10c theater in the city.'

Advertisement for 'Edison Theater'. Text: 'North, South and Dixey. Mr. Frank Fay. Pictures and War Bulletins. Parrott, Rafferty & Dale. Greenleaf Quartette. Matinee 2:30 p. m. Admission 10 and 20c. Evening 8 to 11.'

Advertisement for 'Steamer Greyhound'. Text: 'The fast steamer Greyhound is now on the run from Tacoma to Olympia. Boat Leaves N. P. Wharf, Tacoma, 9:35 a. m. and 4:35 p. m. Leaves Olympia, 7 a. m. and 1:50 p. m. INTERURBAN TIME CARD. Trains leave Tacoma (corner Eighth and A streets)—6:10 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 9:15 a. m. (limited, no stops), 10:10 a. m., 11:10 a. m., 12:10 p. m., 1:10 p. m., 2:10 p. m., 3:10 p. m., 4:15 p. m. (limited, no stops), 5:10 p. m., 6:10 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 8:10 p. m., 11:00 p. m. Leave Seattle (First avenue south and Jackson street)—7:00 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:15 a. m. (limited, no stops), 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 12:00 p. m., 1:00 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 3:00 p. m., 4:15 p. m. (limited, no stops), 5:00 p. m., 6:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 11:15 p. m. FLY ON THE FLYER. Leaves Seattle—7:30 and 11:15 a. m.; 2:45 and 6:15 p. m. Leaves Tacoma—9:25 a. m. and 1:00, 4:30 and 8:00 p. m. Friday—Steamer Flyer or Athlon. Leaves Tacoma—9:25 a. m.; 3:00 and 8:00 p. m. Leaves Seattle—7:30 a. m.; 12:00 p. m.; 6:15 p. m.'

Advertisement for 'MALSTROM BROS. PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL'. Text: 'GUNS AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES! Send for Complete Sporting Goods Catalog which quotes ROCK BOTTOM PRICES on Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition, Cutlery, Fishing Tackle, Sporting & Athletic Goods. Save Time, Money & High Express Charges. E. A. KIMBALL, Wholesale and Retail 1903 PACIFIC AVENUE, TACOMA, WA., U. S. A.'

SCENES IN KOREA



Elbow Fort on the Hau River, Guarding the Approach to Seoul.

THE NEW YORK FASHION LETTER

NEW YORK, March 5.—Although the weather is still wintry, or, at least, uncertain, there is more than a gentle suggestion of the coming spring in the styles of Lenten costumes. The reason for that phenomenon may be sought in the desire of fashionable women to be the first in the field, to be leaders of fashion rather than followers. For the sake of gratifying their ambition in that direction fashionable women will gladly submit to little inconveniences, even to big ones if that should be necessary. They will not let the risk of catching cold stand in their way, when the aim of their ambition can be reached. Some of the leaders are well aware of the risk of wearing spring costumes in winter weather and compromise by wearing furs and heavy underwear in combination with spring gowns and waists. The effect of those combinations is rather peculiar, but it is sensible under the circumstances, and what means a great deal more, sanctioned by fashion.

Among the importations from Paris suitable for early spring wear are some handsome little shawls of black voile in various fanciful forms and shapes. They are mostly of black voile and are ornamented with embroideries in black and colors and fringes. These shawls are quite ornamental and also practical, as they are warm enough to protect the wearer from raw spring breezes. The shawls for evening wear are not in black, but in various delicate shades and more richly ornamented. There is every reason to believe that these shawls, particularly those for evening wear, will become quite a fad and will be worn all summer as a protection on cool evenings.

Among the various materials adapted for spring wear which are used prematurely during the present Lenten season are different qualities of English homespun, Scotch tweeds and suitings and French broadcloths. Velvet is comparatively little used in those dresses, and where it is used it is invariably relieved by needlework. Furs are still extensively used in connection with these costumes, which are not designed for warmth. The consequence is that furs are still in demand and, especially the better grades, bring higher prices than during the winter season.

What emphasizes the previsions of fashion at the present time even more than the combination of furs and dresses of light spring materials is the fact that straw hats are freely worn with fur sets. Most of the hats are imported or made after imported models, and there are some decidedly handsome creations among them. Combinations of black and white, with just a touch of color, to relieve the eye, promise to become great favorites.

Among the many novelties shown in dress materials for early spring wear are faced cloths, that is, cloths showing different colors on the two sides. Of course, they are used in such a way that both sides are shown in the dress. These cloths are shown in charming combinations of colors, one of the handsomest being orchid violet on one side and mushroom white on the other. This kind of cloth can be used to advantage for gowns as well as for jackets, vests and capes, and lends itself to highly artistic effects of a striking character. Silk and chenille passementeries and silk braids in harmonious or contrasting shades are suitable for trimming purposes.

The popularity of tailor-made gowns seems to be on the increase, rather than on the decrease, as they seemed to be during the winter. They are again fashionable and are used not only for street wear, but also for more pretentious occasions. Tailor-made skirts for morning wear are made rather short, not longer than two inches from the ground. Skirts for more formal occasions, however, make up for the shortness of the walking skirts. They must touch the ground all around and some of them are two inches longer than necessary to touch the ground. There is nothing pretty in that style, and besides being awkward, it is to be condemned from a sanitary point of view. However, if there were a thousand objections to that style, it would be worn nevertheless, so long as it is the fashion.

Brown promises to be the most popular and fashionable color this spring and many of the imported goods show a great and unusually handsome variety of shades of that color. Brown mixtures are used in all kinds of materials, from tweeds and suitings to homespun, and among the recent importations solid cloths and crepes in a brown with a reddish tint are particularly attractive. Corresponding to the fashion in dress goods, brown is also used in gloves, belts and veils. If shirt waists of different material are worn with brown skirts the waists will at least show a touch of brown in the trimming.

Hardanger cloth, long known as the favorite material used as the basis for the flat stitch embroideries which are imported in such beautiful and original patterns from Scandinavia, is becoming quite fashionable, and will be extensively used this season. The cloth itself, or imitations of it, will be used in a great many forms. Embroidered strips will be used, not only for flounces and ruffles, but in flat pieces for figured linen suitings. Collars, cuffs and belt sets of that material, embroidered in pleasing and delicately shaded patterns, are shown in the shops, together with Russian embroidery in blue and red. In a few instances embroidered bands of Hardanger cloth are even used for trimming hats.

The opening of the spring season will bring a bewildering array of charming creations in hats, toques, tricorne and other styles of hats, and judging from the samples shown in the shops, they will be handsomer than ever before. Just now the tricorne seems to take the fancy of a great many women, but it is not becoming to all styles of beauty. For that reason there is cause to be thankful that fashion allows such a wide range in the selection of forms. One of the most popular hats is the boat-shaped turban. Among those shown in the shops there are some charming specimens of fine, flexible straw with the crown in white and the closely rolled rim of a dark color. Some of the hats are all white, with the exception of a narrow line of dark color along the rim. Brown, being the popular color of the season, is shown in some exquisitely handsome hats of that description. They go well with a dress in a corresponding shade of brown.

Among the many charming materials exhibited in the shops just now is one which deserves special mention. It is a new kind of flowered silk material, too sheer for China or India silk, too firm for silk gauze, and is prettily decorated with dainty flower sprigs upon a white ground. This material is particularly adapted for young girls, but, of course, is suitable only for the summer season. Embroideries and drawnwork designs promise to be unusually popular this season. Drawnwork effects are particularly plentiful in the shops and are shown in endless varieties. There are even materials of a lacey appearance with fine cotton or linen threads, which give the effect of

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