

"A new broom sweeps clean"—
but the average janitor always
uses an old one.

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HOME
EDITION

WEATHER
Tacoma: Rain tonight and Sat-
urday, warmer tonight.
Washington: Same.

UNANIMOUS DECISION IS "DRY"

BRYAN AND WILSON ADMINISTRATION LOCK HORNS TODAY

WASHINGTON, DEC. 10.—WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN AND THE WILSON ADMINISTRATION TODAY LOCKED HORNS IN WHAT MAY BE A FINISH FIGHT OVER THE PREPAREDNESS ISSUE.

BRYAN IN A SIGNED STATEMENT DECLARED THAT "THE PRESIDENT HAS BEEN DECEIVED AS TO THE WISHES OF THE PEOPLE."

SECRETARY GARRISON, IN A REPORT TO CONGRESS SAYS THE ATTITUDE OF SUCH MEN AS BRYAN IS NOT "BASED ON FACT OR REASON."

Bryan's Shot At Wilson

BY WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN

Written for The Tacoma Times. Copyrighted, 1915.

Peace voyages like that upon which Mr. Ford and his companions have embarked are an indication of a growing desire that something shall be done. The question is not whether Mr. Ford's plan will meet with immediate success—time only can answer that question. The real question is whether it deserves success, and to this question every one who desires peace must answer "Yes." It can do no harm—it has already done good. It has started people to talking about peace here and in Europe—that is so much gained—and it has exposed to contempt the sordid interests that ridicule all talk of peace.

Then, too, there is an inspiration in the earnestness and unselfishness of a man of large wealth who is controlled by his heart instead of his pocketbook. Health and safety to those who sell; they are in search of something more precious than the golden fleece. Success attend them!

One phase of the subject has not been sufficiently considered, namely, the RIGHT of the neutral nations to bring moral pressure to bear upon the belligerents to state the terms upon which peace can be restored. The Hague convention expressly declares that an offer of mediation shall not be regarded as an unfriendly act. On the contrary, it is specifically encouraged on the ground that humanity, as a whole, is interested in stopping a war.

But the right of the neutral nations to urge peace rests on the ground of material interests as well as on the ground of humanity. They are bearing burdens of taxation which would not be necessary but for the war; domestic questions are being subordinated to issues raised by the war; every neutral nation is in danger of being dragged into the war and some are almost forced into it.

In each nation the financial vultures who live on the woes of their country are using the war as an argument in favor of increased expenditures on preparedness. Why should the nations at war obstruct the highways of the world, interfere with neutral trade and endanger the lives of those who travel? All the neutral nations suffer, and those who suffer have a right to complain.

The president proposed mediation immediately after the war began, but that was 16 months ago. I regret that he does not see his way clear to make the offer again.

The smaller nations wait on this nation and I fear the president has been deceived as to the wishes of the people.

There are big corporations in this country that are financially interested in the continuance of the war—corporations that sell munitions at an enormous profit and corporations that float war loans at a high rate, and these corporations speak through metropolitan newspapers. The masses have no voice except as they speak through officials elected by them or through petitions. They should communicate immediately and frequently with their representatives.

In politics the fear of the people is the beginning of wisdom; the people can easily control congress if they will only speak to congress in sufficient numbers.

Grange Day For Home Exhibit

December 21 will be known as Pierce County Grange day at the Buys-Home exposition in the Afoad building. The grangers are preparing an elaborate program for afternoon and evening.

FORD'S IDEA



STOP THE WAR

Each member of the Ford peace party, now on their way to Europe, wears a button on which is printed this design.

Garrison's Whinger

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—Instead of the stereotyped report such as the war department customarily sends to congress, Secretary Garrison today startled official Washington with a message which in vivid language holds up to ridicule the advocates of non-preparedness.

"There are those who do not feel free to base their conduct upon a consideration of facts or conclusions of reason, because of their interpretation of Divine injunction," says Garrison in his statement of the Wilson Military policy.

"They do not believe in resistance to physical force; and those whose consciences are so convinced surrender life and all that they cherish and love at the behest of the aggressor."

"This attitude concerns the individual and him alone. Since it does not assume to be based upon fact or reason, it cannot be dealt with on this basis. It cannot be made the general rule of conduct."

"There are others concerning whose charity of vision we are not advised, and concerning whose soundness of reason we are not informed, because the attitude which they take is admittedly not based upon either vision or reason. They are those who predict that war will never come to this country, and assert that

therefore precautions with respect thereto are unwise and needless. "There are others among us who are too intelligent and clear-sighted not to see the facts and to realize their significance, but who counsel inaction because they mistrust themselves and the nation."

Garrison goes on to assert that a reasonable preparedness is really a preventive of militarism, and that it is in keeping, and not counter to, the national traditions.

Following a detailed argument to back up these statements, he outlines the army plan recommended by President Wilson in his annual message.

If the Continental army plan does not succeed, he adds, some form of compulsory service will be made necessary.

One division of troops and a brigade of cavalry is urged for the Puget Sound district.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The war college's special defense report submitted today to Secretary Garrison designates Puget Sound, California and the Atlantic coast as the three "critical areas."

One division of troops and a brigade of cavalry is urged for the Puget Sound district.

U. S. NOTE HUNGARY REALLY A READY TO DEMAND!

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—It was learned authoritatively today that the American note to Austria, protesting against the destruction of the liner Ancon with the loss of American life, is practically an ultimatum.

It is stated that America placed herself in a position of threatening to sever diplomatic relations unless Austria accedes to the demands made.

BOOM TOWN WIPED OUT!

PETERSBURG, Va., Dec. 10.—Automobilists today brought word that the work of rebuilding Hopewell, Va., already had begun.

Practically the entire town was wiped out by yesterday's fire. Thousands of homeless are being brought here. Practically every business house has been destroyed. The militia is in control.

The boom town, started by the Dupont powder people, owes its disaster to the overturning of an oil stove in a boarding house.

An unknown negro was lynched for looting and considerable disorder followed the fire.

The fire was controlled before it reached the powder plant. Authorities scout the idea that the fire was the result of anti-American sentiment.

What's Doing Today
Margaret Illington in "The Lie," Tacoma theater; 8:15.
"Sylvia," high school operetta, Stadium students in high school auditorium.
"Festival of Months," pupils of Grant school auditorium.
St. Cecilia's "at home" in Y. W. C. A. rooms.
Tomorrow
"Battle Cry of Peace," master movie play; Tacoma theater.

JUDGES BRUSH ASIDE EVERY TECHNICALITY

OLYMPIA, Dec. 10.—Washington goes dry Jan. 1. In a 53-page decision handed down at 11 o'clock today, six judges of the supreme court affirmed the decision of the Thurston county superior court upholding the state-wide prohibition law.

The two remaining judges wrote short separate opinions concurring with their colleagues.

The main opinion, wiping off the slate a mass of technicalities raised by the attorneys for M. & K. Gottstein to prevent the law from going into effect, was written by Justice Parker and signed by Justices Morris, Ellis, Holcomb, Main and Mount.

Justices Chadwick and Fullerton wrote short opinions, agreeing with the general conclusions, but disagreeing with some of the reasonings.

Of the nine judges of the supreme bench Justice Bausman, recently appointed, was the only one whose name did not appear in the decision. He was appointed after the case had been argued before the court.

Leaders in the prohibition movement are jubilant over this, their final victory, in the long fight for a dry state and are predicting a new era in the industrial and economic growth of the state.

Six judges declared they could not take judicial notice of defective publication of notice of election on the prohibition measure, which was one of the chief technicalities raised by the attorneys for the liquor men.

"We must presume that all necessary steps had been taken when the law was adopted by the people," the decision said.

The constitutionality of the law which was attacked by the Hotelmen's association as intervenors was fully upheld under the Webb-Kenyon act, the federal law which prohibits the interstate transportation of liquor into a dry state.

Constitutional? Sure! Disposing of the argument that the measure was unconstitutional because it was not made to go into effect until Jan. 1, 1916, whereas the state constitution says a law is to go into effect 30 days after its passage, the court said:

"The law is constitutional on the face of it. It became effective at the time state in the constitution, even though it did not become operative until Jan. 1, 1916."

The mass of technical objections raised by Attorney James B. Howe of Seattle, representing the liquor men, were ruled out in their entirety. The court determined to stand by the will of the people expressed in their vote insofar as it did not conflict with the state and federal constitution.

Howe's Objections Trivial. "Objections of this kind are not entitled to be raised in this form of action," said the decision.

All other objections and questions of interstate commerce were disposed of with the board statement that the new law does not interfere insofar as the transportation of liquor for business purposes is concerned.

Justice Chadwick, in his four-page opinion, said he did not believe the court should refuse to take judicial notice of defective publications, but expressed satisfaction with the general verdict.

Justice Fullerton signed his name to a half page concurring decision.

What Law Provides. The voters of Washington adopted the prohibition law, by a majority of 18,632, the law to take effect Jan. 1, 1916.

It prohibits sale, manufacture, giving away or otherwise furnishing or disposing of all intoxicating liquor, or having in possession any intoxicating liquor, or any drug or medicine, containing alcohol, capable of being used as a beverage.

The law allows the importation of liquor for individual use, in quantity not exceeding two quarts of liquor other than beer, or 12 quarts or 24 pints of beer, as often as once every 30 days, under a very strict regulation, which requires the importer to secure a permit from the county auditor, the permit good for only one shipment, and for only 30 days, and shipments of liquor cannot be accepted at the state line by transportation companies except with this permit attached, cancelled, and not in larger quantity than allowed by law.

Began Suit a Year Ago. The M. & K. Gottstein suit filed Nov. 30 of last year and was argued in June before the Thurston county superior court.

On July 27 Judge Wright handed down a decision upholding the law and against the suit which was argued before the supreme court Oct. 25. Since that time the court has had the matter under advisement.

E-N-T-E-R-P-R-I-S-E

Less than 10 minutes after the prohibition decision became public property at Olympia this forenoon The Times had an edition on the street giving a half-column account of what had happened.

Twenty-five minutes later the News came forth with an "extra" giving ONE SENTENCE of the big story of the day.

TEN MINUTES LATER yet the Tribune put out a paper containing four sentences on the decision.

This latter paper, just to prove that it had been on the job, concluded its article with this statement:

"Throughout the state prohibition leaders express great satisfaction. The editor had held up the news, you see, until he could have his remarkable wire services reach all the widely scattered state leaders."

Harold Preston, Dudley G. Wood-en, George W. Donworth and James B. Howe, all of Seattle. The attorneys for the drys are Attorney General Tanner, Assistant Attorney General Thompson and John H. Powell of Seattle, attorney for the Anti-Saloon league.

The liquor people have initiated a license law which will come before the people on Nov. 7, 1916, which allows the sale of liquor in hotels of 50 rooms or more.

BREWERS PLAN TO VAMOOS

When acquainted with the decision today of the supreme court A. C. C. Games, manager of the Tacoma branch of the Olympia Brewing Co., said that the stock on hand would be disposed of and the concern would make its exit from Tacoma "in as graceful a manner as possible." Ten men will be thrown out of employment.

Will Move. Officials of the Pacific Brewing and Malting Co. said today that it was impossible to make any statement as to the immediate future until word could be received from Anton Huth who is investigating the new plant of the company in San Francisco.

Mr. Huth, accompanied by Brewmaster Otto, has been preparing the southern brewery for operation for several days, it is said.

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The principal attorneys representing the wet interests are

DUMBA ACTIVE STILL!

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 10.—Charges that Constantia Dumba, former ambassador of Austria, is still directing munitions plots and strikes in this country, through instructions to Acting Ambassador Zweideneck, are printed today in the Providence Journal.

It further declares that a report of anti-ally activities sent abroad by Austrian Consul Nubar of New York, had been confiscated in London.

CANNOT SUFFER BY LAWS

"This is great news," said the Rev. Frank Dyer, pastor of the First Congregational church, when told of the decision. "And it is news that was fully expected."

"The state in the long run cannot suffer by the decision. Some business interests, of course, will feel the brunt of it, but all of them have known the state would go dry long enough to make the proper adjustments."

"I find that the citizens of the state are fully determined to uphold the law."

Other Tacoma prohibition leaders expressed much the same sentiment.

New Illington Play Finds Warm Welcome

They applauded Margaret Illington in a polite sort of way at the end of the first act of "The Lie" at the Tacoma theater last night.

The conclusion of the second act saw the audience sitting up quite alertly and commenting on the plot. The following day the play was a success.

The end of all these weeks with a crash of general feeling, and the final curtain brought a wild outburst of admiration and applause.

The play will be

Only 12 shopping days until CHRISTMAS