

# The Islander.

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FRIDAY HARBOR, SAN JUAN CO., WASH., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1896.

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## EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

### TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

There was a large increase in Berlin during the past week of deaths from influenza and pneumonia.

The conference for international arbitration held in Washington, which has been a very harmonious one, has just closed.

Russia has ordered seven ironclads and ten cruisers for her Pacific fleet, in view of Japan's extensive naval preparations.

The battleship Massachusetts made 16.15 knots on her trial trip in Boston harbor, and her builders win a bonus of \$100,000.

In Glasgow, Scotland, the steamer Marsden collided with the British bark Firth of Solway, near Kish lightship, causing the latter to sink.

A crap game on Grant avenue in San Francisco was held up by two men. About \$150 was taken. They were captured by the police soon after.

Mrs. Laura White created a sensation in Ardmore, I. T., by publicly horsewhipping Professor Lion, a druggist, because he had charged her with theft.

A Rome dispatch says the cabinet has decided against reopening the campaign in Abyssinia in the autumn, on the ground that such a course would be disastrous to Italy.

It is said in Washington that there is a strong possibility that the delegates from territories who have statehood bills in charge will not attempt to secure congressional action until the next session.

A serious conflict between Christians and Turks has occurred at Episkopi, island of Crete. There were two days' fighting, and fifty persons were killed and wounded. The Cretans have appealed to Greece for aid.

In Houghton, Mich., sixty trammers have struck in Quincy mine to enforce a demand for higher wages. The mine is still in operation, but the trouble will probably extend to the miners of the Quincy and other mines.

The London Chronicle has a dispatch from Brussels, which says that the Baroness Herri, a lady 80 years old, was strangled, her body mutilated and her house robbed at Ixelles, a fashionable suburb. The murderer escaped.

The treasury deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, will be approximately \$25,000,000. This is the opinion of officials and others best qualified to make an intelligent estimate of the result of the fiscal operations of the year.

A Madrid dispatch says the minister of finance, Senor Juan Navarro, has notified the cabinet of the necessity of relief measures on account of the prolonged drought, which has caused a rapid rise in the price of cereals, also injuring livestock.

A \$10,000,000 bicycle trust is being formed in New York. A prominent member says the trust will out the price of high-grade wheels from \$100 to about \$65, eliminating jobbers' profits and advertising expenses, and will make money at that.

Senator Warren, from the committee on claims, has reported the amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill for the payment of the French spoliation claims, which have been allowed by the court of claims. It carries an appropriation of \$1,020,000.

The two associations of manufacturers of wire and cut nails have closed a three days' conference in Chicago. In consequence of the rise in the steel market, it was decided to raise the price of both wire and cut nails 15 cents per hundred weight, to take effect May 1.

A Louisville & Nashville fuel train and the Evansville & Terre Haute passenger train collided at a crossing near Mount Vernon, Ind. Alexander Driscoll, a brakeman, was killed; James Covington, an engineer, and F. R. Thompson, a brakeman, were seriously injured.

A mob of armed men, about fifteen in number, entered the jail at McMinnville, Tenn., dragged the jailer from his bed and forced him to give up the keys. William and Victor Hollis were taken from the jail, carried on horseback five miles from McMinnville and hanged.

Senator McBride has secured a provision appropriating \$50,000 for continuing the work at the Cascades, \$20,000 of which shall be used for extending the walls of the lock, so that it may be opened for commerce. The appropriation is intended to secure the building of another lock.

The port bulletin for the northern part of Idaho indicates that in a general way the wheat crop will be late, and the fruit crop good this year. Cold and unfavorable weather has checked the growth of vegetation. Over the greater portion of the state ice formed nearly every night the past week.

The county board of Outagamie county, Wis., has appropriated \$1,500 to build a workhouse where tramps will be sent to hard labor. The county has been overrun with tramps for several years, and the cost of maintaining them in idleness has been from \$10,000 to \$12,000 yearly. The workhouse plan is expected to correct this.

The ten days' allowed the president or the consideration of the agriculture

bill has expired, and that measure will become a law without his approval. The measure contains some features supposed to be objectionable to the president, but they are not sufficient to cause him to veto the whole bill.

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One million dollars' worth of supplies of all sorts, for Indians under government control, will be bought by the commissioner of Indian affairs at Chicago this week. The articles to be purchased include vast quantities of drugs, medicines, meats, corn, flour and hominy, and cats in large quantities will be needed.

Secretary Carlisle has issued an order to the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia to coin \$50,000 in pennies, nickels and dimes for distribution on the Pacific coast. The object is to introduce these smaller coins in California. The present order was made at the request of the treasury at San Francisco.

A case of leprosy has been discovered in California. The afflicted person is a girl of 15.

Henry Gotthard von Treitschke, the German historian, died in Berlin. He was born in 1844.

Lord Dunraven denies the report that Mr. H. McCalmont is now the sole owner of Valkyrie III.

Rev. C. O. Brown has given up the fight and resigned his pastorate of the First Congregational church of San Francisco.

A German force defeated a large body of Hottentot rebels in Damarand, on April 5, killing forty-six of them. The German loss was small.

During a fete at the town of Les Sanier, France, an anarchist stabbed and killed the mayor. The motive for the crime was political hatred.

A general strike on the lines of the Union Traction Company has been ordered to take effect at once. The national board has given its consent.

John Heinetz, aged about 28, and James Davis, aged about 71, prospectors, mining near Delta, Cal., were drowned while crossing the river in a boat.

A dispatch from Athens says another conflict has occurred in the Hagion Vasileon district of Crete. It is alleged twenty Turks were killed and thirty wounded.

Altot Rionff blew out the brains of his wife, Julia, while she slept at his side, in their room at the Peace lodging-house, Seattle, and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

Sir William Robinson, governor of Hong Kong, telegraphs that there has been seventy-five new cases of bubonic plague and seventy-five deaths from the disease in Hong Kong the past week.

Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army, while out slumming in New York, was arrested and taken to the Elizabeth-street police station. Bail was fixed at \$1,000, which was furnished by Steve Brodie.

A Pretoria, South Africa, dispatch says: The sentences of death imposed upon John Hays Hammond, the American engineer, Colonel Francis Rhodes, brother of the former premier of Cape Colony; Lionel Phillips, president of the chamber of mines, Johannesburg, and George Farrar, proprietor of Country Life, of Johannesburg, have been commuted.

The announcement is made that M. Meline had succeeded in forming his cabinet as follows: M. Meline, premier and minister of agriculture; M. Farthou, minister of foreign affairs; M. Cochery, finance; M. Lebon, colonies; M. Valle, commerce; General Billel, war; M. Darlan, justice; Admiral Bernard, marine; M. Lacombe, public works; M. Rambau, public instruction.

The Old Dominion seamer Wyanoke, when making for New Port News pier near Norfolk, Va., struck the prow of the United States steamer Columbia, lying at anchor, and had a hole out in the forward part of the starboard side. She sank in sixty feet of water. All the Wyanoke's passengers and crew were saved, but their baggage, and probably the cargo, was lost. Two firemen were badly scalded.

Cripple Creek, Colo., was again visited by fire, and now from 3,000 to 4,000 people are homeless in a city of desolation, with no homes to offer and no food to supply the daily wants. One life was lost. The business portion of the city left standing is less than would cover a block. The residence section is confined to what were formerly the suburbs. Relief parties are being organized in Denver and Colorado Springs.

A special to the Denver Times from El Paso, Tex., says the governor of Chihuahua has sent a regiment of troops to Mina Viejo to compel the peons to open the mine and rescue the miners. He had the police gather all the unemployed men in the city streets and march them to the mine to work. Of the sixty-one entombed miners fifty were taken out dead. The disaster was caused by the encroaching fire on the pillars supporting the roof.

The Spanish gunboat Mensagera has captured and brought into Havana the American schooner Competitor, of Key West, loaded with arms and ammunition. In command of her were Alford Laroche, Dr. Bedia and three newspaper correspondents, who are held as prisoners. Some of the filibusters are said to have succeeded in jumping overboard and swimming ashore. Others who jumped into the sea were drowned. The insurgent general Monson, was a member of the expedition.

## THE EXTREME PENALTY

Hammond and Coadjutors Sentenced to Death.

### COMMUTATION STILL EXPECTED

Chamberlain Regarded as Having Made Matters Worse by His Dictatorial Officiousness.

London, April 30.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, announced in the house of commons today that five leaders of the reform committee, at Johannesburg, J. H. Hammond, Francis Rhodes, George Ferrar, Lionel Phillips and Charles Leonard, had been condemned to death.

Chamberlain added that upon hearing the news he had cabled to the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, to communicate the following to President Kruger: "This government has just learned that the sentence of death has been passed upon five leaders of the reform committee. It feels no doubt that your honor will commutate the sentence, and has assured parliament of its conviction that this is your honor's intention."

John Hays Hammond, one of the reform committee members condemned to death, is a Californian.

The sentence of the reform committee to death has produced a great sensation in London. In well-informed circles, however, the sentence has caused little surprise. It has been long understood that very severe sentence would be passed, in order that the clemency that which President Kruger is certain to exercise might appear greater.

It is thought probable that the sentence of death will be commuted to a short term of imprisonment and a big fine, unless Mr. Chamberlain's dispatch to President Kruger, read in the house of commons should irritate the chief magistrate of the Transvaal into greater severity than he would otherwise exercise. Mr. Chamberlain's telegram is regarded here as being precipitate, and as leaving President Kruger no time to act on his own account, and as having moreover the ring of dictation.

In conclusion, President Kruger says: "Under existing circumstances the South African republic will not at present press a reconsideration of the London convention and a substitution for it of a treaty of amity and commerce, but will rest satisfied with pecuniary compensation and with the assurance that no violation of its territory will be repeated."

SELECTIONS RATIFIED.

Four Land Lists of State of Washington Approved.

Washington, April 30.—Four clear lists of lands selected by Washington in part satisfaction of certain grants thereto for several purposes, under the act of February 22, 1889, have been approved by the secretary of the interior.

List No. 6 is for state normal schools in the North Yakima land district, embracing 1,693 58 acres. The grant to the state for state normal schools, under section 17, of the act, is 100,000 acres, of which there has been heretofore certified to the state 56,421.73 acres, which, with the quantity embraced in this list, aggregates 58,120 acres.

List No. 7, for the benefit of the scientific school, in the Olympia land district, embraces 5,583.19 acres. The quantity of land granted the state for this purpose is 100,000 acres, of which former certifications reach 48,916 acres. With this list the aggregate is 54,498 acres.

List No. 8, in the Seattle district, for public buildings, embraces 8,844 37 acres. The amount for the purpose granted in all to the state is 100,000. The aggregate now certified is 54,448.57 acres. List No. 10, in the Olympia district, for educational, charitable, penal and reformatory institutions, embraces 3,387.41 acres. The total granted was 200,000. Former certifications reached 144,066 acres, making the aggregate now 147,448.57.

Mayor Imprisoned by Women.

St. Joseph, Mich., April 30.—Forty women, who are leading members of local clubs and church societies, have made a captive of Mayor John V. Sterr. They caught him on the street, and, dragging him into a private residence, demanded that he co-operate with them in a movement of reform.

The women cried that the laws were not being enforced; that the sale of cigarettes was carried on with impunity; that young girls were being enticed away, and that the saloon relations were loose, and boys of all ages were given liquor upon asking. For two hours the mayor was kept a prisoner, and not until he promised to submit and use the executive power of the city was he allowed to escape. The women demanded the adoption of a curfew bell, upon ringing of which children of certain ages must retire from the streets. The city is considerably torn up over the determined stand taken by the women, and the effect of their interview with the mayor is freely discussed.

A Failed Suicide.

Los Angeles, April 30.—Clark Anderson, a young musician of this city, made a desperate attempt to commit suicide this morning at West Lake park. A constable prevented the act just as the young fellow was putting a razor to his throat. He has been addicted to the cigarette habit, and his inability to quit the habit is his reason for the attempt. Young Anderson lives with his mother on South Spring street. He will be tried for insanity.

## CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Condensed Record of the Doings of the Nation's Lawmakers—Senate.

Washington, April 29.—Chandler presented a supplemental report concerning alleged election frauds in Alabama, and the naval appropriation bill was then taken up. [The main features of the bill are the items for four seagoing coast-line battle-ships, designed to carry the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance, and to cost \$3,750,000 each; three torpedo-boats having a speed of thirty knots, and to cost \$800,000; and ten torpedo-boats to cost \$500,000. Quay offered an amendment increasing the appropriation for reserve guns for auxiliary cruisers from \$250,000 to \$400,000. Goram commented on the delay in furnishing guns at the Washington navy-yard. Stewart remarked that there was \$280,000,000 cash balance in the treasury. "Yes, and considerable silver also," said Goram. After further debate, Quay's amendment was agreed to.

Washington, April 30.—The senate was plunged into an exciting financial debate today after several weeks of serene and formal procedure on appropriation bills. The naval appropriation bill was under consideration and the item for four battleships, to cost \$15,000,000, served as a text for a speech by Gorman, pointing out that the revenue of the government are less than the receipts. Gorman's statement brought out an animated controversy, in which Sherman, Hale and Chandler joined issues with the Maryland senator as to the responsibility for the failure of tariff legislation in the present congress. Gorman's speech and the frequent heated party colloquies it developed, attracted great interest. The battleship item was not completed when the senate adjourned.

Washington, May 1.—Two notable speeches by Senator Teller and Senator Sherman, representing opposing elements on the financial question, were heard in the senate today. Teller addressed himself particularly to the Ohio senator, for controverting the views held by him and maintaining that no honest effort had been made in the present congress to pass a tariff bill. The senator referred to the McKinley candidacy, saying that the motto of the "advance agent of prosperity" was elusive, as no prosperity could come until financial conditions were reformed. The climax of Teller's speech was reached when he announced that he would vote as he spoke, and that he would not hesitate to separate himself from the great party with which he had been allied for forty years, if it pronounced for the gold standard.

House.

Washington, April 29.—This was District of Columbia day in the house, and the general pension bill was sidetracked under an arrangement to give the district the first two hours. Several district bills were passed. Henderson, chairman of the committee on judiciary, gave notice that he would call up the bankruptcy bill tomorrow as soon as the pension bill was disposed of. Henderson, from the committee on rules, then, at 1:30 P. M. brought in a special order for the consideration of the Pickler pension bill for one and one-half hours this afternoon, under the five-minute rule, the previous question then to be considered as ordered on the bill and pending amendments, with a provision for a final vote tomorrow, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Washington, April 30.—The house today passed the Pickler pension bill by a vote of 187 to 54. The Republicans and Populists voted solidly in favor of the measure, and the Democrats, with six exceptions, solidly against it. The section to which the bulk of the opposition was directed provides that veterans otherwise entitled to pensions shall not be disqualified on account of prior service in the Confederate army, provided they joined the Union forces ninety days before Lee's surrender. The bankruptcy bill was taken up under a special order providing for a vote Saturday at 4 o'clock. Quite a number of minor bills were passed before the regular order was demanded—among them a bill to restore the lands embraced in the Fort Lewis military reservation, Colorado, to the public domain.

Washington, May 1.—The house spent the day in further discussion of the bankruptcy bill. Connelly spoke in favor of the measure, and Stone, Newlands and Broderick in opposition to it. Connelly predicted, in the event of the enactment of a free-coinage law, a universal demand for a bankruptcy law. Before the bankruptcy bill was taken up, there was some discussion of the treasury situation in connection with the appropriations for this session. Dockery declared that the liabilities created by this congress (including \$93,000,000 for contracts) would reach \$605,000,000. Dingley, the leader of the majority on the floor, defended the appropriations, calling attention to the fact that the house had passed a bill to increase the revenues.

Celebration Certainly in Order.

Managua, April 30.—The government is celebrating a victory over the insurgents, having captured La Paz, Faebio, Neuvo, Fital, Motombo and Casca from the rebels. The government now controls the eastern part of the Leon river. Three officers and some men were killed on the government side, while twenty officers and 500 men among the rebels were slaughtered. President Zelaya and General Paiz led the government forces. Two thousand rebels are surrounded in Motombo, and unless they escape in twenty-four hours they will be killed. Five thousand rifles and a Krupp gun, with ammunition, arrived at Greytown on a special steamer from New York for the government.

## PACIFIC NORTHWEST

Items of General Interest From All Sections.

### DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS

All the Cities and Towns of the Pacific States and Territories—Washington.

The first number of the Cheney Free Press has been issued.

A hat manufactory is to be started up at Spokane, employing 16 men.

Harry F. Rudd, a paper hanger, dropped dead in Seattle last week from heart disease.

The town of Ritzville is advertising for bids for its funding bonds, in the sum of \$5,700 on May 19, 1896.

Young & Chandler shipped 500 hogs from Dayton to Nebraska, and five carloads of cattle to Tacoma last week.

The Sunset Telephone Company is surveying the right of way for a new line between Montesano and Tacoma.

A house belonging to Charles Bolt burned near North Yakima. It was worth about \$1,200 and was insured for \$500.

T. G. Williams, of Kelso, has received a contract from the Northern Pacific to supply that road with 5,000 cedar fence posts.

Troop A, of North Yakima, is canvassing the project of purchasing apparatus for a gymnasium, to be located in the army in that city.

The Meeker hayrack, at Puyallup, on the west side of Ackerson street, south of the electric line, is being plowed up and will be sowed to grain.

The number of Spokane ladies who remove their hats when attending the theater is estimated to be three times as great as it was three years ago.

It is claimed that over 1,000 head of cattle have been bought by Montana stockmen from Big Bend farmers, for shipment from Davenport this spring.

The names of Bender and Barnes, two stations on the line of the Northern Pacific, below Prosser, have been changed respectively to Gibbon and Chandler.

At a meeting of the Spokane Bar Association, the proposition for holding two terms of the United States circuit court of appeals each year at some place outside of San Francisco was endorsed.

The city council of Spokane has voted not to allow the claim of Huber & Riblet, for \$19,400, for services as consulting engineers on the new water works and a lawsuit will in all probability follow.

The receipts of the Aberdeen post-office for the fiscal year ending March 30 were \$8,060, an increase of 20 per cent over last year. This will entitle Postmaster Clark to an increase in salary to \$1,400.

Louis Kluckow, a young rancher accused of assault with intent to kill on Alfred Conrad, was found guilty in the superior court at Tacoma. The penalty is from two to fourteen years in the penitentiary.

Three sober citizens are reported to have seen a reptile, in Silver lake, near Medical lake, with a head and face of a monkey, large eyes that shone like balls of fire, and with a row of fins on its back webbed together.

The city physician of New Whatcom thinks that diphtheria was brought to that city by dogs. There are several dogs going back and forth every day between Whatcom and Lummi, where there has been diphtheria.

The United States civil service commission has ordered that an examination be held by its local board in Walla Walla Saturday, June 6, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m. for the grades of clerk and carrier in the postoffice service.

Robert McRae, of Harrington, has made a record, of which he says: "Be jabbers, I defy any man in Lincoln county to bate it." He is 54 years old, and, with three horses, aged 25, 20 and 17 years, respectively, put in 70 acres of wheat in 14 days, sowing it by hand.

Klikitak county presents a prosperous appearance. A vast acreage of grain has been sown this season, and all bids fair to produce an abundant yield. One observer estimates that the wheat crop of Klikitak county will this year be somewhere near 1,000,000 bushels.

William Green, an engineer on the Great Northern, while passing a little way station near Wilson creek, unconsciously put his hand out of the cab window, when the hand came in violent contact with the mail catcher on the depot platform, breaking several bones, besides tearing the flesh badly.

The Spokane Chronicle says: "Imagine a line of squirrels ranged side by side as closely as they could be placed, extending from the corner of Howard and Riverside to the old Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern tracks a mile beyond the mouth of Hangman creek—imagine that kind of an invading army, and you have a pretty good idea of the 92,000 squirrels for which Spokane county commissioners have already paid a bounty this spring. And yet there are plenty left."

Oregon.

Sheep-shearing has begun in Morrow county.

Sheep buyers have begun to arrive in Crook county.

The gypsum plant near Huntington is in operation soon.

Benton county is calling in warrants issued prior to July 23, 1890.

A little child of German parents fell into a pond of water, near Middle

ton, in Yamhill county, recently and drowned.

The name of Willows Junction has been changed to Heppner Junction.

The Queen City concert band, organized in Baker City, has begun blowing with a will.

Carry county is advertising for bids from nonresidents to expert the books of the county.

Crook county's liabilities are \$87,805.05, and her estimated resources \$51,226.81.

Brownville Presbyterians are asking bids for the construction of a new church building.

Lane county's indebtedness is now about \$17,000, while three or four years ago it was about \$45,000.

Superintendent R. Recknagel arrived in Baker City, with a \$6,000 gold brick, the product of two weeks' run at the North Pole mine.

The owners of the Peacock and other properties in the Seven Devils country are letting contracts for the hauling of 1,600 tons of copper ore to the nearest railroad point.

Recently a lot of tobacco, two bolts of outing flannel, candy, and a number of pocket knives, in all about the value of \$50, were stolen from the store of J. T. Mayes, in Riddle.

There will be dozens of new dwelling houses required in Cottage Grove and Lemati to accommodate the great flow of immigration to South Lane this year, says the Leader.

Ed. Joy's right leg and shoulder were broken and he was injured internally by being struck by a falling tree while at work logging on Lake creek, in Harney county recently.

The gang of tramps along the O. R. & N. east of the mountains struck The Dalles and made nuisances of themselves. There are now three in the city jail locked up for vicious conduct.

A large amount of wheat is being received daily at the warehouses in The Dalles. It is part of last year's crop that was held by the farmers who were not satisfied with prices last fall.

R. J. Newman, a sheep herder near Ashland, was found sitting in an out-house on J. J. Murphy's ranch. His head had fallen forward, and life was extinct. Newman suffered from neuralgic troubles.

A. R. Graham has been endeavoring to secure the establishment of a beet-sugar factory in Coos county, and the Mail says that there is a fine prospect that such a factory will be located on Coos bay or the Coquille.

The residence of Mrs. Annie Urquhart, in the pines near The Dalles, burned to the ground, and nothing was saved except an organ and a sewing machine. There was \$1,050 insurance on the house and contents.

An addition is being built to the Eugene sawmill for the purpose of making boxes. A number of boxes of different sizes have already been made at the mill, and it is expected that the local trade will be supplied.

George F. Davis, a wool buyer well known in Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California, died recently in Bakersfield, Cal. Mr. Davis had personally attended to the business of Koshland & Co. at Pendleton during wool seasons.

Idaho.

J. B. Perry, who killed his mother at Wallace with a hatchet, has been bound over without bail for murder in the first degree. He was taken to Murray.

Peabody, who has been connected with the Oregon Steam Navigation and the O. R. & N. companies since their organization, and agent at Lewiston for ten years, died of Bright's disease. He leaves a wife and three grown children.

Ibach, a new mining camp on Indian creek, is attracting considerable attention just now, and already a number of new prospectors have gone into that district. It is reported that two noted experts will visit the camp in the course of a month for capitalists.

The contractor in charge of the grading on the Lewiston Water & Fire Company's ditch, near Lewiston, has imported Italian laborers, who take the place of resident laboring men. Threats have been indulged in, but no demonstrations on the part of the disappointed men have been made. The company is not responsible for the action of the contractor.

Montana.

Nearly 100 tons of ore are treated each day from which bullion valued at from \$1,200 to \$1,500 is realized.

The Iron Mountain Mining Company is asking for bids to run a tunnel 5,600 feet in length on their properties in Missoula county.

The Boston & Montana Company of Butte has for sometime past produced 5,500,000 pounds of copper per month at its Great Falls plant.

Colonel Brown, who has published the Basin Times for the past two years, has decided to remove to Butte and will publish the Butte Times.

All the bodies of the six unfortunate men who were killed by the explosion in the St. Lawrence mine have been recovered, but just how the terrible catastrophe happened will probably never be known.

The Montana Stucco Company, which has recently put in a plant at Kibbey to develop and put to use one of the natural mineral products of the county, is meeting with great encouragement. Their product, consisting of plaster of paris, has been demonstrated to be of such purity and excellence that a St. Louis firm, to whom was assigned a sample, has notified the company that they will purchase regularly a sufficient quantity to keep the plant already erected and another just like it busy day and night to fill the order.

## A FORECLOSURE SALE

Decree in Northern Pacific Case Will Be Signed.

### DIFFERENT INTERESTS AGREED

The Sale Will Take Place at West Superior at a Date Yet to Be Fixed.

Milwaukee, April 29.—The decree of sale of the Northern Pacific railroad under the consolidated mortgage of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, has been decided on, and will be signed by Judge Jenkins, of the United States circuit court, in a few days, as soon as it is printed. Special Master Alfred Carey will conduct the sale and arrange the preliminaries as rapidly as possible. All the different interests have agreed to the decree. The matter was settled in the United States circuit court this evening. The sale is to take place at West Superior, Wis., at such time as shall be fixed by the special master. The Northern Pacific road will be given ten days in which to pay the claims against it, but there is no expectation that this will be done. The property is to be sold in three parcels, for which separate bids are to be made, which must aggregate not less than \$12,500,000.

The Receivership Matter.

Milwaukee, April 29.—A stipulation in the Northern Pacific receivership matter was agreed to late this afternoon and signed by all the parties and approved by the court. It in effect sanctions all the payments that have been made by the receivers. The necessity for an accounting between the receivers of the two courts is done away with, and their disposal of the moneys is not to be further inquired into, beyond the usual inspection of Master Carey. The stipulation states that, owing to the expectancy that a decree of sale is about to be made, it is desirable to avoid the expense and the difficulty attendant upon a separation of the funds, so that all payments made and to be made are approved. The parties to the stipulation, however, may withdraw at any time.

Notwithstanding the apparent unanimity of all the factions, there is a decided objection to the decree at this time, and in place of getting through with it and securing