

(Continued from another page.)

ers received are young people with sentences to serve, after which time, they again mingle with the same elements of the world's masses, the subject of such reform becomes a vital one. Not only so far as the prisoner himself is concerned, but as a protection to others, the greatest care is taken to grade the prisoners so as to keep the inexperienced criminal from daily contact and association with the more hardened and confirmed graduates in wickedness. We advocate giving each prisoner credit for all the good there may be in him, to lead him to a higher and greater good.

In the treatment of prisoners in institutions of this kind, there has been all over the country a very decided improvement. The tendency has been along the reformatory line. The desire of the state and society at large is that each man and woman, when discharged from the prison, should go out a better man or woman than when they came in. To accomplish this end, it is absolutely necessary that strict prison discipline be enforced, a discipline that is helpful and that elevates, and above all, that is humane and will be recognized by the inmates as being fair. It is sought to place the administration of justice upon a plane which will command the prisoners' respect and confidence, and should he bring punishment upon himself, he cannot deny its justice. Abuse of a prisoner will not be tolerated.

No officer or employee of the state can make any gift or present to a prisoner or receive any from them, unless by the permission of the Board.

All persons convicted or sentenced to imprisonment in the state penitentiary are conveyed to that institution by traveling guards employed for that purpose. Formerly this was done by the sheriffs or their deputies of each county.

When a person is sentenced to the penitentiary, his term of confinement begins on the date of the sentence, unless he appeals to the Supreme Court, when it does not begin until his delivery at the prison.

Every person convicted of a felony or other crime punishable by imprisonment, except treason or murder, shall not serve longer than the maximum nor less than the minimum term as provided by law. The members of the Board of Control and the warden to act as the prison board.

The judge and the county attorney must furnish the prison board all information that they can give in regard to the career of the prisoner before the commitment of the crime, stating whether the person was industrious or not, of good character or not, what his associates were, what his disposition was, and all other facts and circumstances that may tend to throw any light upon the question as to whether such prisoner is capable of becoming a good citizen.

Every person sentenced to the prison is under the protection of the law, and any unauthorized injury to his person shall be punished in the same manner as if he was not a convicted and sentenced man.

The only method of punishment, other than deprivation of privileges, is the solitary confinement, and men are only placed in solitary confinement who have attempted to escape or committed assault in the prison. The dungeons, long a means of punishment, have been done away with under this administration. As we employ resident physician and surgeon at the institution, and have a splendid hospital, it is a fact that a majority of the prisoners are discharged better qualified physically, to face the world than they were at the time admitted.

Capital punishment was abolished in 1913 in this state. From 1901 to 1913, during which time executions were conducted in this prison, fifteen murderers were put to death. The first man to be hanged in the prison was James Champoux who ascended the gallows on May 6, 1904. The last man to be put to death was Fred Wm. Jahns, alias Logan, from Stevens County, on April 21st, 1911.

The first white man who was legally hung in this state or territory was John Thompson who was executed at Renton in October, 1877. He committed a homicide on Sunday, was indicted the following Tuesday, trial began the next day, convicted on Friday, and sentenced to the scaffold on Saturday. He had killed one, Solomon Baxter, and stated to the last that he had done so in self-defense. A strong effort was made to have the sentence commuted, but Governor Ferry declined to interfere.

More prisoners are received for the crime of burglary than for any other charge, but grand larceny is a close second. The third most prevalent crime seems to be forgery which is closely followed by robbery.

Eighty-five persons have been sentenced to life imprisonment during the past twenty-five years, more receiving that sentence in 1915 than in any other one year which was

nearly as many as for any two previous years. This is attributed to the abolishing of capital punishment, life imprisonment now being the severest sentence. On September 30, 1914, there were 40 prisoners in confinement 'doing life.'

Canada furnishes us with the largest number of natives for our penitentiary of any other country, and it is followed in turn by Ireland, Germany and England. Of the other states, New York takes the lead, followed by Illinois, Washington, California, Missouri, Pennsylvania, and Minnesota.

When it comes to occupations, the farmers and laborers run neck and neck in leading the supply of men for our prison, although it is quite evident that many who claim to be farmers never handled a plough. The cooks and waiters are next up in the race for supremacy, and a good many seamen find their way behind the walls. Most of the seamen are a little short on labor, our fish-pond not being large enough to give them full play for their skill.

Seventy per cent of the persons, who have been sentenced to the penitentiary during the past twenty years, have been in temperate in their habits, which would clearly indicate that the state now being free from saloons, the population of this institution is very liable to greatly decrease.

Between sixty and seventy per cent of the men sentenced to prison plead guilty to the charge placed against them and are sentenced without a jury trial. One man thus sentenced had served six former sentences in different prisons. Practically all those who had jury trials and were found guilty still maintain their innocence.

During the past twenty years, the Protestant religion can claim 57 per cent, while those of the Catholic faith number 33 per cent. Of the remaining, eight per cent, claimed that they had no religious faith, and the balance showed 32 to be of the Jewish faith, 37 heathens, 8 Greeks, one a Mormon, and one an atheist.

More pardons were granted in 1912 than in any other year, the number being 41. The fewest pardons granted during any one year was in 1906, when five prisoners were thus favored. From 1892 to 1914, 353 pardons were granted.

More men were released from the prison during the year 1910 than during any other one year, the number being 556. Since the prison has been established at Walla Walla, and up to September 30, 1914, there have been released 6298 prisoners. More prisoners were received during 1907-8 than any other biennium, and during the last biennium, fewer prisoners were received than any other biennium since 1902.

The state reformatory has transferred since its establishment, 183 men to the penitentiary who were not amenable to its rules for reform, and on the other hand, during that time, 27 young men have been transferred from this institution to the reformatory who were felt as more properly belonging there.

During the past five years, about sixty to seventy men have been paroled for deportation to other countries.

Escapes from the penitentiary are not numerous, running from two to five each year, and these are generally recaptured. Most of the escapes noted as being charged to the prison are escapes of men while out on a parole.

Up to September 30, 1914, there had been 136 deaths of inmates at this institution, the biennium of 1909-10 having the most with 23. The last biennium was the lowest in point of deaths except one since in 1900.

The largest average population of the prison was during the biennium of 1907-8. There had been a gain steadily up to this time, but since then there has been a decrease.

Of the 445 prisoners sent to this institution during the last fiscal year King County sent the most, 128. Spokane county sent 71; Pierce, 39; Snohomish, 21; Lewis, 16; Clarke, 13; Yakima, 13; Kittitas, 12; Lincoln, 12; Whitman, 10; Chehalis, 9; Skagit, 9; Franklin, 8; Okanogan, 5; Adams, 4; Ferry, 4; Pacific, 4; Clallam, 3; Cowlitz, 3; Island, 3; Kitsap, 2; Klickitat, 2; Mason, 2; Pend Orielle, 1; and Benton, Douglas, Garfield, Grant, Jefferson, San Juan, Skamania and Wahkiakum all failed to increase the population.

Since 1895, the farm and garden products raised at the institution have amounted in value to \$107,334.51. When Warden Drum took charge of this institution in 1913, he found the prison farm stocked with a small and mixed herd of cows, among them a few good Holsteins. A few months later he purchased twenty-seven head of pure-bred Holsteins. By slaughtering for beef all the old cows which were unfit for dairy purposes, the quality of the herd has been materially improved. Now the Holsteins here are well known all through the country and breeders come here looking for breeding stock

to improve their herds. One cow in one month produced 2146 pounds of milk, nearly nine gallons per day. Another, a three year old heifer, produced 2047 lbs. or a little over eight gallons per day, and it must be taken into consideration that these cows have no pasture. Two years ago, the herd of hogs was a joke. Today there are 600 hogs kept clean and dry, sleeping in commodious quarters, fed on concrete floors and in clean concrete troughs.

Since the establishment of this institution, it has cost the state for maintenance the sum of \$2,149,189.84. The total value of the state property at this institution is placed at \$761,575.73.

**SLOAN'S LINIMENT FOR NEURALGIA ACHES**

The dull throbbing of neuralgia is quickly relieved by Sloan's Liniment, the universal remedy for pain. Easy to apply; it quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes the sore muscles. Cleaner and more promptly effective than musky plasters or ointments; does not stain the skin or clog the pores. For stiff muscles, chronic rheumatism, gout, lumbago, sprains and strains it gives quick relief. Sloan's Liniment reduces the pain and inflammation in insect bites, bruises, bumps and other minor injuries to children. Get a bottle today at your druggist, 25c.—Adv.

Only on Approval. At the Wednesday evening service in the church parlors in a certain New York parish the minister chose honesty for the subject of his brief discourse. In less than a quarter of an hour he found time to lambaste nearly everybody who had ever deviated from the narrow path, but he was particularly hard on those persons who order things on approval. After the sermon everybody enjoyed himself socially. There were some big guns there from other parishes, and the parlor had been done up especially for the evening. There were two lovely new red velvet chairs that the minister found particularly comfortable. He complimented the head of the furnishing committee on her thrift and taste.

On Friday evening there was another meeting in the parlors. The minister looked around first thing for those velvet chairs.

"What have you done with them, Mrs. Blank?" he said to the head of the committee.

"Oh," said she serenely, "they went back yesterday! The furniture store just sent them up for Wednesday night on approval."

**OUR JITNEY OFFER—This and 5c.** Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c and mail it to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills, for pain in sides and back; rheumatism, backache, kidney and bladder ailments; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic, for constipation, biliousness, headache and sluggish bowels.—Carroll's Drug Store.—Adv.

**Somewhat Good.** Oh, yet we trust that somehow good Will be the final goal of ill. To pang of nature, sins of will, Defects of doubt and taints of blood; That nothing walks with aimless feet, That no one life shall be destroyed, Or cast as rubbish to the void, When God hath made the pile complete; That not a worm is cloven in vain, That not a moth with vain desire Is shriveled in a fruitless fire, Or but subserve another's gain. Behold, we know not anything. I can but trust that good shall fall At last faroff—at last to all— And every winter change to spring. So runs my dream. But what am I? An infant crying in the night, An infant crying for the light, And with no language but a cry. —Alfred Tennyson.

**A UNIQUE RECORD**

Very Few Like It in Our Broad Republic

Grateful testimony for Doan's Kidney Pills, published everywhere, is of itself convincing evidence of merit. Confirmed testimony forms still stronger evidence. Years ago a citizen of this locality gratefully acknowledged the benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills. The statement is now confirmed—the proof more convincing. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills—the record is unique.

M. C. Kent, 902 Pine St., Sandpoint, Idaho, says: "For five years I was troubled by my feet and ankles swelling. Frequently I had dizzy spells and my kidneys acted irregularly. I had to get up five or six times at night to pass the kidney secretions. After using Doan's Kidney Pills the swelling in my feet and ankles went down and my kidneys acted regularly."

More than two years later Mr. Kent said: "I gave a statement praising Doan's Kidney Pills some years ago, and I am now glad to confirm all I then said about them."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Kent has twice publicly recommended.—Foster-Milburn Company, Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

**FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS**

FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS

**Notice to Subscribers**

A number of subscriptions expire this month and are so marked on the papers this week. The low rate of \$1 per year for the Examiner is only for paid-in-advance subscriptions, and no other kind is desired. If the paper is desired to be continued, prompt remittance should be made to this office in order that no copies may be missed. In case of any error in notice of expiration, notify the Examiner immediately.

**BARGAIN OFFERS**  
To induce subscribers to remit promptly for subscription, we offer the following exceptional bargain offers:

- For the Colville Examiner 1 year, remit.....\$1.00
- For 1 year subscription to any of the following, add to the above \$1 the sum set opposite the name of the publication:
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- Campbell's Scientific Farmer (Reg. \$1) .....60
- Delineator (Reg. \$1.50).....1.10
- Everybody's (Reg. \$1.50) .....1.10
- 3-a-week N. Y. World (Reg. \$1).....75
- Sunset (Reg. \$1.50) .....70
- Seattle P.-I. (Reg. \$6) .....4.90
- Tacoma Ledger (Reg. \$6) .....4.00
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- The Commoner (Reg. \$1) .....50
- Collier's Weekly (Reg. \$2.50) .....1.50
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Stamps accepted in any amount.

**ESTIMATE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE CITY OF COLVILLE FOR THE YEAR 1917, AND NOTICE OF HEARING.**

At a meeting of the city council held on the 21st day of August, 1916, the following estimate of receipts and expenditures for the year 1917 was made, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 138, session laws of 1909, subject to correction and revision at a meeting to be held by the city council on the first Monday in October, 1916.

**WATER DEPARTMENT.**

Receipts.	Water rent and taps.....\$5,000.00
Disbursements.	Interest on bonds.....\$ 480.00
	Interest on outstanding warrants.....280.00
	Salary of commissioner.....840.00
	Labor.....1,000.00
	Supplies.....1,000.00
	Miscellaneous.....50.00
	Sinking fund.....400.00
	Improvements.....600.00
	Payment on outstanding warrants.....3,260.00
	\$8,000.00

**INDEBTEDNESS FUND.**

Receipts.	Direct taxation.....\$3,283.40
	Licenses and fines.....300.00
	Impounding stock and dog licenses.....150.00
	\$3,733.40
Disbursements.	Interest on outstanding warrants.....\$1,200.00
	Payment on indebtedness.....2,533.40
	\$3,733.40

**CURRENT EXPENSE.**

Receipts.	Direct taxation.....\$6,566.80
	Miscellaneous.....100.00
	Road and bridge fund.....100.00
	\$6,766.80
Disbursements.	Interest on sewer bonds.....\$ 300.00
	Interest on current expense bonds.....1,237.50
	Clerk's office.....180.00
	Treasurer's office.....150.00
	Attorney's office.....300.00
	Police judge.....50.00
	Library.....150.00
	Miscellaneous.....175.30
	Inspection of books.....25.00
	Police.....1,000.00
	Fire department.....300.00
	Health office.....12.00
	Streets and alleys.....200.00
	Labor.....250.00
	Lumber.....125.00
	Electric lights.....1,812.00
	Supplies.....150.00
	Payment on park.....50.00
	Stationery, postage and printing.....150.00
	\$6,766.80

And notice is hereby given that the city council will hold a meeting at the hour of 7:30 o'clock p. m. on Monday, October 2, 1916, at the city hall, in the city of Colville, Washington, for the purpose of making tax levies as stated in and in accordance with said estimates, when and where any taxpayer may appear and be heard in favor of or against any proposed tax levies.

W. L. SAX, Mayor.  
First publications, August 31-September 2, 1916.  
Last, September 7-9, 1916.

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