

such as this, the sense of justice and compassion of the American people must be appealed to. There can be no doubt of their response."

Campaign for \$3000

In Stevens county an effort will be made to reach every church, Sunday school, public school, grange, fraternal organization, lumber camp, mining camp, and community center in the county.

To this end the following have been asked to gather funds for Armenian relief:

The teachers in our public schools. Pastors of churches and superintendents of Sunday schools.

The secretaries of granges and fraternal organizations.

Besides the above the following have been appointed to serve in their several community centers:

Ardon—The postmaster. Addy—Ernest Mottaz, Ben E. Cottman, Mrs. A. W. Anderson, G. B. Harbison.

Aladdin—Mrs. Luther Connelly, A. C. Deaming.

Bissell—Ethelyn Mason. Bluecreek—Clarissa Remington, Esther Davis.

Boundary—Nellie Artman. Bossburg—Helen Huddleson. Cummins—George Hyatt.

Chevelah—E. H. Brownlow, G. B. Harbison, Nola Davis, Mrs. Joe Lavigne.

Clayton—Mrs. L. Tibbits, Mrs. C. C. Hummerly.

Cedonia—W. J. Fox. Daisy—S. J. Kilgore, L. M. Smith, Rev. J. K. Mumau.

Evans—W. Q. Lee. Echo—Miss Myrtle Donley. Ford—Postmaster.

Fruitland—Mrs. Loretta Long, Mrs. I. C. Stoner.

Gifford—S. C. Sturman. Gray—William Rose.

Hunters—Mrs. Elias Nelson, James Little.

Kettle Falls—L. S. Savage, Rev. Lameraux, Mr. Barger.

Kelley Hall—The grange. Loon Lake—Charles Bahm, C. Fred Arnold.

Leadpoint—Mr. Feulner. Marcus—Mrs. B. E. Gowen.

Middleport—Mrs. Emery Heritage. Marble—Postmaster.

Meyers Falls—Mrs. C. F. Wheeler. Narcisse—The school.

Northport—Charles Allison, Charles Palm, F. C. Hale.

Onion Creek—The public school. Orin—Mrs. Beulah V. Wright.

Orient—Mr. Terry. Boyds—The public school.

Rice—W. L. Biggar, Mrs. Jamieson. Springdale—Lou E. Kilgore.

Summit Valley—August Pearson. Turk—The public school.

Tum Tum—Rena Dorenberger. Threeforks—Mrs. F. Schultz, John Sachs.

Valley—Rev. William Wellington, Pastor of M. E. church.

Wellpinit—The public school. White Lake—Mrs. W. C. Todd.

Williams Valley—Ava C. Joyner, Mrs. J. M. Hodge.

In Colville the work will be cared for as follows: W. L. Sax will issue a call to business and professional men to meet at the court house next Sunday, Feb. 1st, at 3 p. m. to plan the campaign in the business section.

THE SAME IN SPOKANE

Spokane Residents Speak Out for the Welfare of the Public

It is just the same in Spokane as here in Colville; our friends there speak out in the same glad, earnest way as so many grateful Colville men and women have spoken in these columns for years past.

Mrs. Sarah Kirklind, 407 N. Helena St., Spokane, Wash., says: "I was about broken down with a weak back when my kidneys were giving me trouble a few years ago. Most of the time, day and night, I had dull pains over my kidneys, in the small of my back. It was hard for me to do anything about the house, because the weakness and pain in my back made bending over almost impossible. The way my kidneys acted showed how weak they were. Doan's Kidney pills strengthened me and regulated my kidneys and helped me in every way."

Over one year later Mrs. Kirklind said: "Doan's Kidney pills cured me of kidney trouble and since then my health has been good and I have been well and strong. I am always ready to recommend Doan's."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Kirklind had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE. Arrives Spokane, NORTHBOUND, 7:45 a.m., 12:10 p.m., 4:45 p.m. Arrives Colville, SOUTHBOUND, 7:45 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 1:40 p.m. SUNDAY Arrives Spokane, NORTHBOUND, 8:30 a.m., 12:30 p.m. Arrives Colville, SOUTHBOUND, 8:45 p.m., 7:45 p.m.

JUVENILE COURT AN INVESTMENT

COUNTY PROBATION OFFICER FOR 1919 MAKES REPORT SHOWING WORK OF DEPARTMENT

Money Saved to Taxpayers by Taking Care of Children Before They Drift Into Criminality

According to a summary of the annual report of James Petty, county probation officer for the year 1919, it is shown that during last year there were 83 cases of alleged delinquency formally and informally heard and disposed of by the juvenile court and the probation officer of Stevens county.

Twenty-six of these cases were formally heard and disposed of by the court; of this number there were 15 boys and 11 girls brought before the court. The remaining 57 cases were investigated and informally disposed of by the probation officer.

According to the report, there was set aside in the court expense budget the sum of \$900 for juvenile court expenses. This included the salary of the probation officer and his traveling expenses. Of this amount there was expended during the year the sum of \$840.

In reply to an inquiry as to whether juvenile delinquency was on the increase, Mr. Petty stated:

"According to reports from the various juvenile courts and probation officers throughout the state, it would appear that juvenile delinquency is on the increase, but in my opinion this is not true to any appreciable degree for the reason that juvenile delinquency is now receiving a great deal more attention than has been given the subject in former years. The juvenile court, in fact, is a department in our court procedure of a very recent formation and according to our juvenile court judges, probation officers and other child welfare workers, the juvenile court has become one of our most important departments of our superior court work."

"In the larger counties throughout the state, where there are several judges, it has been the practice to select one of their number to take care of the juvenile court work for a period of one year, but for the year 1920 it was agreed that the judge should be selected for his ability and fitness for this department and where he would remain continuously in charge of that department."

"In many of the smaller counties, however, there is no probation officer in charge of the work, and the prosecuting attorney and sheriff are delegated to look after the juvenile work."

"It appears that while Stevens county with a probation officer has 83 cases of alleged delinquency in a year, the adjoining counties of Pend Oreille, Ferry, Okanogan and Lincoln combined do not have more than half that number of cases."

In response to a question put to the probation officer, "Does it pay to spend \$900 for juvenile work in Stevens county?" Mr. Petty replied:

"I think it does, and in my opinion it would be a good investment for this county to spend double this amount. It is true that there are many well-meaning men and women, together with our county commissioners and other county officials, who contend that this is a useless expenditure of county funds, but it is evident that there are more juvenile offenders who are being assisted by the sheriff and the prosecuting attorney and various other agencies to eliminate juvenile delinquency by throwing a mantle of protection and correction around our girls and boys, than ever before, and if by the co-ordinated efforts of all these agencies, we can save one boy out of every one hundred from going to the penitentiary, it is money well spent. For example, during the past year it has cost Stevens county about \$10 per capita to take care of our juvenile delinquents, and if through these efforts one of these boys has been saved from the penitentiary it is money well spent, for our court records show that it costs the county at least \$1000 to send one man to the penitentiary. As it is, it now costs the people of Stevens county about three cents per capita annually to take care of our juvenile delinquents, and I believe there are few who would not be willing to double this amount in order to have better protection and a better safe-guard around the children and our so-called delinquent boys and girls."

"I notice that we spend over \$4000 a year in Stevens county for the care and protection of game and fish, and this is considered a good investment by the anglers and sportsmen. I believe it would be an equally good investment to spend at least half this amount each year for the

care and protection of our delinquent boys and girls.

"In fact, it was recommended by a committee of representative men and women who were selected and appointed by the court from the jury that was called in May, 1919, that more funds be set aside for the juvenile court expenses."

Mr. Petty went on to say: "I have been asked by old men why it is that we have juvenile courts and probation officers now, for when they were boys there were no such things as juvenile courts and probation officers, and it seemed as though there was no necessity of such courts and officers. It is true that forty or fifty years ago we had no juvenile courts, but in my opinion delinquency existed then as it does now, from the fact that in those days our jails and penitentiaries were filled with criminals as much so, or more, than they are now. These criminals were evidently at some time juvenile delinquents and if the proper protection had been given them, as it is now, there would probably have been a great deal less use for the penal institutions. I find many boys in this county charged with theft, burglary, forgery and other offenses, who have been apprehended and dealt with through the juvenile court, and in my opinion 90% of these boys will never steal as much as a pin as long as they live. If this same protection had been given boys forty years ago, it would have been money, time and energy well spent."

The officer was asked, "What do you think of our state training schools for boys and girls?" In answering this question, Mr. Petty said: "Of course it is necessary that these institutions be maintained, but after my experience of a year in these institutions, I do not approve of committing boys or girls to these schools without first giving them every chance to make good. I find that these institutions in many cases are officered by men and women who are chosen to fill these important positions through some political pull or patronage, rather than their fitness and ability to train delinquent boys and girls. Hence, from the hundreds of boys and girls that I have come in contact with in Stevens county for the past five years, I have only recommended six to be sent to the state training school and these recommendations were not made with the point of view that the delinquent would be reclaimed and made better, but as a last resort, realizing that these delinquents were moral degenerates, with a sub-normal mind, and could not be handled through any other agencies. By committing them to the state institutions it would eliminate contaminating influence on other boys and girls in the community, and possibly do the boys some good. I know of two boys from Stevens county who after being under the care, custody and control of the juvenile court for a period of two years, were finally committed to the state training school. I have been receiving letters from and writing to these boys each month for the past year, and according to the reports from the institution and their letters, these boys will soon be entitled to a parole and in all probability will return to their homes in the county, and if given a chance by the people of their community and encouragement from the court and juvenile officers they will still have a chance to make good citizens and become a credit to the community in which they live. But such cases are an exception to the general rule."

"I am glad to say, however, that there is a marked improvement in the state training school for the boys at Chehalis under the management of Thomas P. Horn, as well as the state training school for girls at Grand Mound, under the direction of Miss Mary Campbell."

Mothers' Pensions

According to the officer's report on mothers' pensions, it is shown that the fund set aside for this purpose for the year 1919 was \$4000 and that there remained in that fund on Dec. 31, 1919, \$605. The budget for 1920 for mothers' pensions was increased to \$4500, but on account of the increase of applications for mothers' pensions there will be a deficit in this fund on Dec. 31, 1920.

There are now 16 mothers on the pension roll with 54 children who are receiving benefits. There are 15 indigent persons, some of whom have families, that are receiving \$159 per month through the county commissioners.

Mr. Petty says that the money, time and energy spent on delinquent and dependent children is like "casting bread upon the waters," or like "the seed that fell on good ground and brought forth fruit, some thirty, some sixty and some an hundred fold."

Why?

Small Brother—"Mr. Jaggs, are you a baseball player?"

Called—"No, Willie."

Small Brother—"Then why did Sia tell Ma that you were such a good catch?"

INFORMATION OF INTEREST TO THE MOTORING PUBLIC

The secretary of state advises that the necessary supplies have been forwarded to all county auditors and they are now in position to accept motor vehicle applications for the year beginning March 1, 1920, from all persons now holding a motor vehicle license.

County Auditor Will C. Spedden says that all should be apprised of the fact that the renewal system was done away with by the last legislature and applicants will be furnished with an entire new number plate bearing the number assigned to applications in the order in which they are received at the department of state.

It is the policy of the department to accept applications for licenses from those who are holding a license for the current year at this early date so that state plates may be delivered prior to March 1st and thus avoid the annoyance of issuing temporary card number plates.

The black and yellow plate now in use having been selected to be used for a period of two or more years, much care was exercised in the selection of a durable and most feasible combination of colors and for this reason the black letters and numeral on the yellow back ground was adopted. The system of continuous number plate having been done away with by the last session of the legislature, new plates with a distinctive color are to be furnished annually in the future. The color selected for the year beginning March 1, 1920, is of a striking green back ground with white letters and numerals; is considered by all who have inspected the plate to be a handsome combination of colors and with a very handsome plate. There are 140,000 pairs of these plates now in the basement of the capitol building and delivery to the applicant will be made with the least possible delay upon receipt of a properly executed application.

In this connection the motoring public's attention is directed to the necessity of performing their duty in furnishing the county auditors the necessary information and answer all questions on the application so that prompt delivery of licenses and plates may be made by the department.

WILL YOU PLANT TREES ON NEXT ARBOR DAY?

The forestry department of the state college of Washington is this year offering to the farmers in the treeless districts of the state the opportunity to purchase trees at cost price. These trees are small and entirely suitable for transplanting. The species are those that have proven to be best adapted to the lighter rainfall sections, and if properly planted and cared for will do a great deal to relieve the barren appearance around many of the farm homes in your section.

It is desired to make this work of service and value to the treeless sections of the state and to encourage in every way the ornamental plantings about the homes and the planting of trees for the improvement of the property and the greater enjoyment of the people living there.

AUTOMOBILES BENEFIT THE NATION AND THE FARM

"One of the automobile's most valuable services to the nation is the manner in which it has made farm life more attractive," says Geo. Rieth of the Columbia Garage, local dealer in Chevrolet passenger and commercial cars.

"Not only has it placed all farm products within easy reach of the city markets, it has also put the farm family in touch with centers of social activity and progress."

"The automobile enables the farmer to accomplish greater production in less time and with less effort. It enables him to turn over his products quickly and to better advantage. Therefore it affords him the enjoyment of greater profits."

"His trips to town are more frequent because more convenient. He has more opportunity to grow familiar with modern improvements represented by city life, and with interesting things and people to be found there. His outlook is not limited to his acres."

"The effect of this is reflected in his home. Living comforts and conveniences and even luxuries heretofore associated only with towns are becoming commonplace of the modern farm home."

"Not only do these things make life more pleasant for the farmer himself, they make his home more attractive for others to visit. Here again the automobile does its part by putting farmers within easy reach of their neighbors and interesting friends in the cities."

"At work or at leisure the farmer who is equipped with motor transportation is fully abreast of the times. More and more people have taken to farming as the advantages of the automobile have been realized. The effect has benefited all who depend on the farm for supplies."

I AM GLAD TO ENDORSE PE-RU-NA

Glad to Try Anything "Three years ago my system was in a terribly run down condition and I was broken out all over my body. I began to be worried about my condition and I was glad to try anything which would relieve me. Peruna was recommended to me as a blood remedy and tonic, and I soon found that it was worthy of praise. A few bottles changed my condition materially and in a short time I was all over my trouble. I owe my restoration to health and strength to Peruna. I am glad to endorse it." Sold Everywhere

Was in a Terrible Condition "I was in a terrible condition before the time I began to use Peruna. My system was in a terribly run down condition and I was broken out all over my body. I began to be worried about my condition and I was glad to try anything which would relieve me. Peruna was recommended to me as a blood remedy and tonic, and I soon found that it was worthy of praise. A few bottles changed my condition materially and in a short time I was all over my trouble. I owe my restoration to health and strength to Peruna. I am glad to endorse it." Sold Everywhere

BETTER LAUNDRY SERVICE

For the purpose of improving its already good service, the Ideal Laundry has sacrificed its extensive hotel trade and will confine itself strictly to FAMILY TRADE. Send us your washing by parcel post. We will wash and iron it the Ideal way and return it to you with the postage prepaid and charge you no more than

CITY PRICES We do dry cleaning and dyeing too. Beat the h. c. l. by letting us renew your wearing apparel, draperies, bedding, oriental rugs, gloves, etc.

GIVE US A TRIAL and let us show you why you should make the Ideal your laundry. Wrap and tie bundles securely. Write name and address plainly.

IDEAL LAUNDRY COMPANY Dry Cleaning, Dyers E. 27 Boone Ave., Spokane

PROTECT YOUR STOCK FROM DISEASE

It is cheaper to prevent disease than cure it. One dose of our Blackleg Aggressin protects for life. Can be given at any time. Bloody flux, stockyards fever and hog cholera can be prevented. All our serums and vaccines are made under U. G. government supervision. Write, wire or phone us.

PURITY SERUM COMPANY 821 O. N. B. Building Spokane, Wash.

SHIP YOUR LIVESTOCK TO A. V. OVERMAN & COMPANY Livestock Commission, Union Stock Yards, Spokane We are the oldest commission firm at the Union Stockyards, and guarantee a superior selling service. Write for our MARKET LETTER and quotations.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED Mr. "Grippe" and Miss "Flu" are busily engaged again, but the minute you feel a cold coming on begin to have fever or chills, dull aches or constipation, it may be the Flu or Grippe. Before retiring, bathe your feet in hot salt water, take a good big cup of HOLLISTER'S ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA (warm) and go to bed for the night—it's a 10 to 1 shot you'll feel great the next morning. Without fail try this—but do it quick before the "Flu" or "Grippe" get's a start. Buy a package today, have it in the house and use it at the very first warning—then you're safe.

Marketing Counts Mr. Stockman

Raising good stock is only part of the game. The big thing is to be able to market the stock right after it is raised.

We can help you by saving you freight and shrinkage losses, and by providing a market that is always consistent and steady.

Write for market letter and of community shipments. Spokane Union Stockyards Box 2185, Spokane, Wash.

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You Get ALL FOUR of These Magazines AND Our Newspaper For One Year Each FOR \$2.15

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The Colville Examiner