

# THE COLFAX GAZETTE.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

State Historical Society  
405-6 City Hall

COLFAX, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1900.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

## Each Succeeding Day of the Cash System

brings more forcibly to mind the idea of force of habit. Have you ever noticed that when the thermometer registers 101 degrees in July, a party of persons entering a room gather instinctively around the fireplace? Or when you have no butter on the table, how often the force of habit will cause you to reach for butter?

Every day in the week and every hour in the day finds men and women in Hinchliff's C. O. D. Store who have been under the force of habit of paying Credit prices for goods—throwing down dollars where cents buy the same articles under the C. O. D. system.

Only the other day this was forcibly illustrated when two prominent citizens, one a business man, the other a newspaper man as usual(?) loaded with "dough," each ordering goods. The force of our prices astonished them so that it forced them to remark, "There is a noticeable difference between Cash and Credit buying."

## HINCHLIFF'S

C. O. D. House.

Pioneer Block.

Telephone 73.

## GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

## Remnants and Odds and Ends!

I have just completed my annual inventory and am now ready to clean house.

Remnants of Dress Goods and Staple Dry Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent of their value.

Odds and ends in Clothing, Boots and Shoes at a discount of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Ladies' Jackets and Tailor Suits—all going at a discount.

All departments must be cleaned up before our new Spring Stock arrives.

## JULIUS LIPPITT,

Pioneer Merchant.

Colfax, Washington

## \$10 Crayon or Water Color Portrait Free

\$4.00 FRAME FOR \$2.85.

Only \$5.00 in trade at our store secures a fine enlarged portrait in Crayon, Sepia or Water Color, from any photograph or tintype you may desire.

## THE COLFAX DRUG STORE,

C. F. STUART, Proprietor.

Next door to Postoffice.

Colfax, Washington

## Lands for ..Sale..

### Tracts in all Variety.

Some were taken under mortgage and must be sold.

Farming and Pasture Lands,

Fruit and Gardening Tracts,

Orchards.

Houses and Lots in Colfax, Pullman, Palouse and Moscow.

Also my residence.

Harry Cornwell.

## GEO. H. LENNOX,

## Real Estate, Insurance, and Landlords' Agent

...ALSO AGENT...

Northern Pacific Railway Company,  
and European Steamship Lines.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada, and the continent of Europe. Also furnish prepaid tickets from European points to Colfax.

CALL AND SEE ME.  
OFFICE IN..... COLFAX, WASHINGTON.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Colfax, Washington.

CAPITAL, - - \$60,000.00.

LEVI ANKENY,  
President.

JULIUS LIPPITT,  
Vice President.

EDWIN T. COMAN,  
Cashier.

"The strength of a bank lies in the conservative management of its assets."

OLDEST NATIONAL BANK IN THE PALOUSE COUNTRY.

## J. A. Perkins & Co.

J. A. PERKINS  
W. J. DAVENPORT  
J. A. BYRNS

\$100,000 to loan on improved farms in the Palouse country. No delay in closing loans.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE. Office in BANK OF COLFAX  
GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE AGTS.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF COLFAX

Alfred Coolidge, President.

Aaron Kuhn, Vice President.

Chas. E. Scriber, Cashier.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$120,000.

Does a general banking business

Subscribe for Magazines through The Gazette and save money

## SUMMARY OF NEWS

### Happenings All Over the Union Briefly Told.

### News of Many States Collected and Compiled in Short Form.

#### Wednesday, January 24.

Lieutenant Stockley, of the Twenty-first infantry, has been missing since the 12th inst. He was on reconnoitering duty near Santa Tomas, Luzon, and was evidently captured. A search for him is being prosecuted.

Senator Butler of North Carolina, chairman of the people's party committee, issued a call for a meeting of the national committee at Lincoln, Nebraska, February 13, to name time and place for the national convention.

Senate republican caucus decided upon reorganization of the elective offices of that body and nominated Chas. Bennett of New York for secretary, to succeed W. R. Cox, and Dan M. Ramsdell of Indiana for sergeant at arms in place of R. J. Bright.

General Otis reported that the western coast of the island of Panay is now open for trade and that the coast of Laguna de Bay and neighboring sections of the country will also be opened to unrestricted traffic by the end of the week. He also reports several minor engagements with the Filipinos, in which the American arms met with the usual success. The enemy lost heavily and a large amount of arms and ammunition was captured.

#### Thursday, January 26

Transport Grant reached Manila with the Forty-eighth infantry.

Senator Clay introduced a bill in the senate to repeal the war revenue stamp tax.

Hon. Augustus O. Hyde, formerly superintendent of the poor of Calhoun county, Michigan, stole \$5000 of the funds and is arrested.

Henry Miller of the firm of Miller & Lux, California cattle kings, is near death from concussion of the brain. He was thrown from a buggy.

Helen Gould gave \$125,000 to the naval branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, and also secured a site for a new five-story building.

State democratic committee of Pennsylvania set the pace for the democracy of other states by making Colonel Wm. J. Bryan its choice for the presidency in the coming campaign.

Collier Miami, from Seattle to San Francisco with 4000 tons of coal, struck a reef off coast of Vancouver island. When the tide receded the vessel broke into and went to the bottom. Loss, \$35,000.

Bodies of 12 dead of the Washington regiment arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines; also 10 of the Idaho regiment. The bodies, where claimed, will be sent to relatives at government expense. Where not claimed they will go to the national cemetery at Arlington.

The case of Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, which has occupied so much of the attention of the house since the assembling of congress, was decided today by the adoption of a resolution to exclude him by a vote of 268 to 50. The vote to exclude was as follows: Republicans, 168; democrats, 95; populists, 4. The vote to seat was: Republicans, none; democrats, 47; silver republicans, 2; populists, 1.

Representative Jones of Washington introduced a bill in the house to repay settlers who had purchased lands within the limits of railroad land grants subsequently forfeited \$1.25 per acre. This is similar to the bill just passed through the senate by McBride of Oregon. Also a bill establishing 12 lighthouses and fog signals on the Alaskan coast, at a cost not exceeding \$300,000, and a bill prohibiting the establishment or extension of forest reserves in the state of Washington except by act of congress.

#### Friday, January 26.

Promoters of the flour trust say it will soon be in working order.

General Otis shipped 1096 released Spanish prisoners from the Philippines to Spain.

Henry Mohrbacher was shot and killed in the suburbs of Seattle. Chas. Shomo, a saloon keeper, is under arrest with some hard evidence against him.

James E. Muse, charged with having embezzled \$620 from the Title Guaranty and Trust Co., of Portland, Oregon, nearly a year ago, was arrested at Kansas City.

The house committee on military affairs agreed to proceed with the investigation of the Idaho labor troubles on February 14, and it was arranged that the governor and auditor of the state and General Merriam should be asked to appear at that time. Mr. Sulzer of New York and Mr. Lantz of Ohio, who have been urging the inquiry, are to furnish the names of additional witnesses to be examined.

#### Saturday, January 27.

By an almost unanimous vote of the old Tippecanoe Club of Chicago, Senator Mason was requested to at once resign his seat in the United States senate, and the secretary of the club was instructed to strike his name from the roll of honorary members of the organization.

The American Anti-Imperialistic League, which was organized at the anti-imperialistic conference at Chicago in September, claims to have an effective organization in 38 states, Oklahoma and the District of Columbia. The officers of the league, while uncommunicative as to methods, admit that it aims to make itself felt in close congressional districts everywhere for the election of congressmen this year who will be against the retention of the Philippines.

The New York Herald publishes a story, for which, however, it does not vouch, which purports to be the secret of the Maine. It is given in an affidavit made by Edward Jose de Martinez, who claims he was a secret agent of Spain and directly concerned in the plot. He was sent from Madrid to Havana with plans for mines for the harbor, and that

a certain captain and a lieutenant were detailed to lay the mines. The lieutenant deliberately planned to blow the Maine up; that a large mine capable of explosion either by contact or battery was placed near the Maine's buoy and that attempts were made to explode it prior to the night the deadly work was done. He says that an innocent sentry instructed to telegraph notice of the movement of a tug that was preparing for, was unconscious of the actual explosion. De Martinez swears that he spent the night with the lieutenant in question, was present when the cable that buoyed the mine was taken up and avows that he was a witness to most of the stirring incidents of the night.

#### Sunday, January 28.

South and central Texas visited by a severe blizzard.

Major General J. P. Brander, a noted Confederate leader, died at Richmond.

The expected anarchical demonstration did not take place at Chicago at the funeral of Edward A. O'Connor, who was killed during an altercation with a non-union man. Five hundred followed the remains to Waldheim cemetery. A red flag was carried in the procession, but it was furled and was preceded by the Stars and Stripes in the hands of a policeman, as ordered by the chief of police.

The populists of Texas publicly announce that W. J. Bryan will accept the nomination of that party for the presidency if it is tendered him. In a circular letter sent out by the Texas chairman he says: "A plan has been suggested and is being discussed all over the nation. The details of this plan are, in part: That when our national convention assembles that it reaffirm the Omaha platform with direct legislation as the paramount issue, nominate W. J. Bryan, and the assurance has been given by Mr. Bryan's friends that he will accept the nomination, and some southern populists, that the free silver republicans will endorse the platform and its candidates; that Mr. Bryan's friends will go before the national democratic convention with the endorsement of the populist convention and it is argued they will not refuse. In the event that they do, Mr. Bryan may refuse the nomination at the hands of the democracy. This action of itself will, by the democrats, signal their utter defeat and also that of the populists, but defeat will lay at the door of the democrats."

#### Monday, January 29.

A mammoth pro-Boer mass meeting was held at New York.

All grades of refined sugar were advanced one-twentieth of a pound.

The California legislature, which failed at the regular session to elect a senator, convened in special session for that purpose.

Wheat market at Chicago opened strong and active and January went up to 67½; May, 69½; Portland, cash, 52; Tacoma, 52.

The senate, in executive session, decided by a vote of 21 to 38 not to reconsider the vote by which the Samoan treaty was ratified.

The directors of the American Steel and Wire Company declared a dividend of 7 per cent on the common stock, payable in four quarterly payments. The statement issued shows that the company had made a net profit of \$12,162,530 in 1899.

#### HEMP PORTS OPENED.

American Troops Occupying the Principal Shipping Points.

Manila, Jan. 26.—A dispatch from Sorsogon, dated Thursday, January 25, says:

"Brigadier General Kobbe's expedition has occupied Sorsogon, Donsol, Bullan, Legaspi and Virac, on Caldanus island. The only resistance was at Legaspi, where five Americans were wounded and 45 dead and wounded Filipinos were found. It is estimated that there are 125,000 bales of hemp in these provinces, and 75,000 bales in the ports of Sorsogon and Legaspi. The United States gunboat Nashville's shrapnel burned 8000 bales in Legaspi. The expedition arrived off Sorsogon January 20, and the town displayed a white flag. General Kobbe and Colonel Howe, with a battalion of the Forty-seventh infantry, landed and raised the United States flag. The insurgent force, numbering 300 men, evacuated the place. The natives were passive. During the morning of January 23 the Nashville and Venus, with four companies of the Forty-seventh infantry regiment, under Major Shtipon approached Legaspi. Filipino flags were flying and the trenches were crowded. A detachment of 150 picked men, led by Major Shtipon, landed on the beach, about a mile north of town, the Nashville bombarding the trenches, and the enemy retreated to Albany, whence they were easily dispersed to the hills.

About 300 insurgents, armed with rifles, forced, armed with bows and arrows, to serve in the trenches and in the close range of the fighting the enemy fled. The Filipino dead were mostly villagers, who were attempting to flee.

"At Leyte the Forty-third infantry and a battalion of the Third artillery will be distributed.

The natives complain of lack of food, resulting from the blockade."

Lieutenant Colonel Hayes has defeated an entrenched force of the enemy at Sariaga. One man was killed and five wounded on the American side. A record of eleven prisoners was found.

Captain Casteel, while scouting near Baras with his company, encountered 300 insurgents. He was reinforced by Captain Grace and the enemy was driven to Tanay. One American was killed and one wounded.

#### Routing the Insurgents.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Otis' report of yesterday's movement in the campaign in Luzon follows:

"Manila, Jan. 26.—Hayes' cavalry reported at Santa Cruz that he drove the enemy out of Luzena, Tayabas and adjacent towns, rescued 20 Spanish prisoners and five women. Other Spanish prisoners moved back in small detachments into the mountains. The enemy dispersed and are believed to be seeking homes at Tayabas. He found a record dated the 15th inst., saying that 11 American prisoners leave tomorrow; however, he does not know to what place. Casualties were one killed, three mortally wounded, two slightly wounded."

## WAR ON IN KENTUCKY

### Senator Goebel Shot Down By an Assassin.

### Martial Law Declared, Especially in the City of Frankfort, the Capital.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—Hon. Wm. Goebel, democratic contestant for the governorship of Kentucky, was shot, probably fatally, while walking through the capitol grounds on his way to the capitol building at 1:10 this morning. The shot was fired from a third story window of a building 50 feet east of the capitol, in which the state offices are located, the governor's office being on the ground floor. The ball struck Goebel in the right breast one-third of the way down from the arm pit to the hip and plowed through his body, coming out under the left shoulder blade, touching the right lung, which was the only vital organ struck. Physicians pronounce it probably fatal, but Goebel says he will not die. Republicans denounce the cowardly deed.

Harland Whittaker, a farmer from Butler county, is under arrest, but he was caught running toward the scene instead of away, and there is evidence showing he could not have done it. There is great excitement and thousands of men are pouring in from all over the state and the state troops have been called out.

#### Under Martial Law.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—Governor Taylor this morning issued a proclamation to the legislature in which he declares a state of insurrection to exist in Kentucky, and especially in Frankfort, the capital. He adjourns the legislature to meet again at London, Laurel county, February 6.

The democratic members of the legislature declined to accept the adjournment. Being refused permission to meet at the state house, they started for the opera house, and the militia and the latter won. Then they started for the court house and were again headed off by the soldiers.

The democrats refuse to go to London, on the plea that it is in the heart of the republican stronghold and that their lives would not be safe there.

#### Got Two Governors.

Frankfort, Feb. 1.—Goebel was still alive at 1:10 this morning, but is considered dying. The legislature declared him elected governor and he was sworn in last night. Goebel went at once to Adjutant General Collier and appointed John B. Castleman of Louisville, Governor Taylor is still exercising the duties of governor.

#### AROUND THE COUNTY.

The Pullman Tribune reports a number of cases of mumps at that town.

J. E. Brown has taken the contract to carry the mail between Garfield and Princeton.

The Pullman Tribune says the west wall of the new ferry hall at the Agricultural College has settled and caused a bad crack.

Frank Siler, aged 14, had a leg broken last week by a horse falling with him near Uniontown.

Chas. Reilly of Uniontown, who has recently returned from a visit to Iowa, says the winter is open and mild there.

Pullman's school rooms are overcrowded and a room is being fitted up for the overflow in the school auditorium, over which Miss Mary Priest will preside.

Pullman Herald: It is announced by old timers that "the winter of '77 and '78 was just such another season as this one, and that breaking plows were run all winter."

The Garfield Enterprise reports two new cases of smallpox emanating from the Brownlee ranch three miles north of Palouse. The Cedar creek school has been closed.

Garfield Enterprise: Chas. Daily lost the thumb from his left hand by the explosion of a shotgun while charivaring Harry Esper at the home of the bride's father, Frank Gifford, Monday night. Drs. Clark and Dix were called and the thumb amputated at the joint near the wrist.

The Uniontown Gazette is laboring manfully for a roller mill and crumery and cheese factory for that town. The Gazette says the thrifty German farmers of that locality are alive to their own interests and will in future feed more of their grain to livestock and not follow the ruinous policy of all wheat.

John Kerr of Pullman exhibited his brown Leghorn chickens at the Spokane poultry show and walked away with nearly the whole thing, according to the Herald. His birds scored from 92½ to 95 points. Press Campbell's dark Brahmas took second prize on a score of 90½, and Prof. Waller, with White Leghorns, won the bulk of prizes in their class.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by all druggists.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Brown's in town! What Brown? Brown the plumber.

## THE BOER WAR.

January 24.—General Buller reports British loss for the day at 24 killed, 154 wounded and 31 missing.

January 25.—According to General Buller's dispatch, the small garrison of Boers on Spion kop, captured January 23, was surprised, although he admits the British loss was considerable. In his letter to the troops Buller said: "Our generals will only give one order, namely, 'advance.'" General Woodgate, wounded in the Spion kop attack, died.

January 26.—General Warren retreated from Spion kop, with heavy loss. The Boer report says they left 1500 dead on the hill. General Warren's troops, who took Spion kop, found it too hot to hold and retreated back across the Tugela river. They are beaten and checked in the effort to relieve Ladysmith. The Boers claim to have repeated Spion kop, driving the British out. The position was which opened a terribly destructive fire at dawn, after showing that the ranges had been measured and the guns planted and the English then enticed into the trap. Sixteen shells a minute were thrown into the trenches.

Boers say the British tried to rush with bayonets, but their infantry went down before the Boer rifle fire as grass before a scythe. The terrible effect of artillery fire is said to be shown on the kop. Boers claim 150 British surrendered.

January 27.—Berlin papers claim to have a Pretoria telegram saying the Boers enticed General Warren to Spion kop, where they fell upon him; that 17 of his cannon were captured, and his loss in men 800 killed and 1500 wounded.

January 29.—The British war office gave out a list of casualties among officers in the recent disastrous battle. Killed, 23; wounded 19, one of whom Colonel Blomfield, was taken prisoner; missing, 5.

January 30.—A special dispatch from Durban says that a refugee who has arrived there from Johannesburg says that the destruction of the Boer shell factory at that place on January 20 was accomplished. The loss, it is added, is irreparable. The Boers sent 380 shells into all parts of Kimberly. There were several casualties, including a woman and child. It is feared in England that Buller's army is in danger of being cut off. Lord Roberts seems to think so. England is preparing to guard her coast strongly with the navy and strip the islands bare of soldiers to send to Africa. Buller, in a speech to his troops, told them that they ought not to think because they had retired from their position that all their work was of no avail. On the contrary, in his opinion, they had gained the key to the road to Ladysmith, in which he hoped to be within a week.

January 31.—General Buller reports British losses at Spion kop at more than 2000, 40 per cent of the force engaged. The Boer official report gives their loss as 53 killed and 120 wounded.

## NORTHWEST NEWS.

A tree cut in Snohomish county was nine feet in diameter at the butt and yielded five logs each 34 feet long.

Six thousand tons of sugar beets were worked by the factory at Waverly, producing about 6000 sacks of sugar.

A Chehalis lumber dealer has been offered \$27 per thousand for all the lumber he could furnish to an Eastern firm.

The Northern Pacific telegraph operator at Sprague was held up by two masked men last Monday night and \$27 taken from the till.

The smallpox scare at Moscow is abating, though there are still a number of cases there. There have been about 40 cases altogether.

Joseph R. Willard, in jail at Salem, Oregon, for the murder of T. D. Perry three months ago, suicided Saturday by hanging with a window cord.

The Great Northern railroad is putting Japanese at work in the shops and yards at Hillary and employees fear that they will be crowded out.

Mrs. J. E. Fenton, an Olympia widow, cashed her pension check at Olympia a few days ago and thugs took it away from her before she got home. She lost \$19.

William Cruikshank, of Hartford, had placed some frozen dynamite in an oven to thaw out, and then sat down to wait for it. His remains were gathered up in a basket.

## Rope Walking at Niagara

The man who wanted to walk across Niagara Falls on a rope was wisely restrained by the authorities. Probably he is thankful that such was the case. Death comes soon enough. Take the roads of disease for example. Common ailments like constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria and nervousness, do much to shorten life. There is a medicine that will cure these, if taken faithfully, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Set the stomach right, and good health is sure to follow. This peerless remedy has a record of over fifty years of cures to back it up. When in need of a medicine of this kind, get the old reliable Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with a Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

## Bought Right-of-Way.

Under the settlement of the trace between the Northern Pacific and the O. R. & N. companies, as it is telegraphed from New York, the Oregon railroad will build 77 miles of track between Riparia and Clarkston, Vineland, opposite Lewiston. From present indications Clarkston is going to be the center of a good deal of railroad activity. A short time ago the O. R. & N. Co. paid \$15,000 in cash for a right-of-way through Vineland, its depot grounds for Lewiston-Clarkston being in Clarkston just at the end of the Lewiston bridge, and central to the entire valley. The right-of-way is five miles long and sixty feet wide. The purchase seems to confirm the report that the road is to build up the west bank of the Snake river to the mouth of the Salmon, thence to meet the Pacific and Idaho Northern from Weiser, forming a complete line for the Union Pacific to the coast, and probably making a junction with the Northern Pacific in Clarkston.