

DEMOCRATIC RECORD

Party Has Gloried in Expansion Since Jefferson's Time.

Chided the Republicans in 1884 Because Alaska Only Had Been Acquired.

The democratic party has an expansion record of which it may justly be proud, and sure it the party of Jefferson, Polk and Benton instead of the property of Bryan, it would not stoop to make its platform a political drag-net to view with alarm the present American policy in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. From the day that its first president, Jefferson, began the negotiations for Louisiana, and conjecturing that if the Rocky mountains were a source of a great river flowing eastward, there must be another great river west of the divide, decided to send an expedition to Oregon, to the day that President Cleveland pulled down the flag at Honolulu, the democracy was consistently and persistently for expansion of the national domain. It gloried in every foot of land it added to the "American Empire," as Chief Justice Marshall defined the term "United States" in 1829, and as late as 1884 it taunted the republican party for having stopped its expansion achievements with the acquisition of Alaska. East of the Mississippi the democracy gave the country Florida, and west of the river Louisiana, Texas, Oregon and California. But for the democracy and Jefferson and Benton and its other great men, Texas and California would be Mexican; Oregon, British, and if the Napoleonic wars had not affected territorial rights, Louisiana would have been French, and the western boundary of the United States would be the line designated by the treaty of 1783—the Mississippi river. Here in the west—in Texas, California and Nevada, which were part of Mexico; in Nebraska, which was part of Louisiana; in Oregon, Washington and Idaho, which comprised the Oregon territory—here, where the democracy won its greatest triumphs in territorial acquisition, Bryan is harlequining for votes to reverse the traditional policy of his party and his country.

In reviewing the historical attitude of the democracy towards expansion, it is not necessary to dwell long upon the purchase of Louisiana, as it is a topic of familiar interest. It showed upon Jefferson's head the contumely and condemnation of the federalists who prated then, as the Bryanites are prating now, that constitutional liberty had been destroyed by expansion. Louisiana was acquired, and Oregon and Texas in eight, we find the democratic national convention of 1844 adopting this war-like plank: Resolved, That our title to the whole of the territory of Oregon is clear and unquestionable; and that no portion of the same ought to be ceded to England or any other power; and that the reannexation of Oregon and reannexation of Texas at the earliest practical period are great American measures which this convention recommends to the cordial support of the democracy of the union.

The campaign of 1848 did not catch the democracy unprepared. It was prompt with an endorsement of the Mexican war, which it deliberately provoked, as just and necessary, and a threat of another thrashing to Mexico if she did not come to terms. The platform declared: Resolved, That the war with Mexico is a just and necessary war upon our part, in which every American citizen should have shown himself on the side of his country, and neither morally nor physically, by word or deed, have given aid or comfort to the enemy.

Resolved, . . . that while the ratification of the liberal treaty offered to Mexico remains in doubt, it is the duty of this country to sustain the administration in every measure to provide for the vigorous prosecution of the war, should that treaty be rejected. Having nominated Buchanan, of Ostend conference fame, for President in 1856, the party could not logically denounce his conspiracy against Cuba, so it made this declaration of its policy in the Gulf of Mexico: That the democratic party will expect of the next administration that every proper effort be made to insure the ascendancy in the Gulf of Mexico, and to maintain permanent protection to the great outlets through which are emptied into its waters the products raised out of the soil and the commodities created by the industry of our western valleys, and of the union at large.

Though broken on slavery in 1860, the democracy refused to abandon expansion. The Douglas convention declared: That the democratic party are in favor of the acquisition of the island of Cuba on such terms as shall be honorable to ourselves and just to Spain. And the Breckinridge convention: That the democratic party are in favor of the acquisition of the island of Cuba on such terms as shall be honorable to ourselves and just to Spain, at the earliest practicable moment.

In 1884 the party prided itself on its expansion record and chided the republicans for the little territory they had acquired through the Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Arthur administrations. The platform of that year, perhaps the strongest and best balanced platform upon which any party has ever gone before the country, contains this important declaration: The country has never had a well-defined and executed foreign policy, save under democratic administration. That policy has ever been in regard to foreign nations, so long as they do not act detrimental to the interests of the country, or hurtful to our citizens, to let them alone. As the result of this policy, we recall the acquisition of Louisiana, Florida, California and the adjacent Mexican territory by purchase alone, and contrast these grand acquisitions of democratic statesmanship with the purchase of Alaska, the sole fruit of a republican administration of nearly a quarter of a century.

Such is the expansion record of the party which seeks to make the straw man imperialism the paramount issue of this year's campaign, and proposes to vest a motley collection of thieving and cut-throat Filipino tribes with the sovereign function of self government. It is a record full of grand achievements, but its present leader and representative is a mighty small chap.

Had it not been for the expansion policy of democracy, maintained by populism and democracy, there would not be a single happy American home in the Palouse country, the state of Washington or west of the Mississippi river. Prompt and courteous attention to all orders for groceries, at Armstrong & Co.'s. Phone, black 174.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Joseph Sessions of Davenport made a short visit with Colfax friends last week. Miss Effie Elliott of Almota visited friends in Colfax this week. Herbert Warner went to Spokane Monday morning on a combined business and pleasure trip. Alfred Coolidge went to Tacoma Friday, representing as a delegate the Second National Bank at the convention of the Washington State Bankers' Association. He returned Sunday. Miss Dora Wiseman is visiting in Harrison, Idaho, where she went to attend the wedding of Miss Mae Warren, which took place Wednesday. State Treasurer C. W. Young, who was elected to his office from Whitman county, has purchased a farm at Lisabuela, Wash., and will shortly remove his family there for residence. Mrs. Reed of Denver, Col., who has been the guest of Mrs. Julia Hungate for the past two weeks, left Thursday for Pullman to visit her brother, Mr. Hungate of that place.

Wm. McCoy of Oakesdale was in the city Friday on a business trip. The Nome News of June 23 notes the arrival at the gold fields of ex-Congressman and Mrs. W. H. Doolittle, Judge Pritchard and P. C. Sullivan, all former well-known Colfax residents. C. H. Erwin, formerly of Colfax, has left Walla Walla and gone to Baker City, Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Howe and Mr. and Mrs. B. Burgunder and families left Wednesday for the upper St. Maries river, Idaho, for an outing until September. Mr. and Mrs. John B. Harris of Eugene, Oregon, arrived at Colfax Monday and will spend several weeks with Mr. Harris' sister, Mrs. Felix Barger. Mr. Harris is a prominent banker and property owner at Eugene. W. S. Thompson of Fossil, Oregon, is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. W. J. Davenport. J. S. and C. T. McDonald leave today for north Idaho points on a combined business and pleasure tour.

Miss Leola L. West of Walla Walla is in the city visiting friends and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Perkins. Mrs. O. L. Walker of Pullman was a guest of Mrs. W. W. Waite Friday last. J. D. Hagan, John Mahalan, Perry Langdon and Ed Weaver returned Sunday from a few days' outing on the St. Joe river. Miss Linna Powell of Brownsville, Oregon, is spending the summer with the family of her uncle, J. R. Cunningham, near Palouse. Mayor and Mrs. Bayard Byrnes of Moscow spent Wednesday in the city, guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Byrns.

Will Send Big Army.

Washington, July 16.—Sixty thousand men for the march to Pekin and 20,000 more to keep the line of communication open, and if necessary to defend the bases of operation at Tientsin and Taku, is the estimate of the number of troops that will be required for the Chinese campaign. Upon the basis of these figures, which, it is said, are those furnished by the commanders of the allied forces in China, this government will furnish between 10,000 and 12,000 soldiers. Today's orders also contemplate the sending of a siege battery now at Fort Riley, Kan., for the Chinese service.

Secretary Root said that he had not received any word from the military officers in China regarding the reported disaster to the Ninth regiment. Admiral Remy's dispatch, which covers the report of the disaster, was about the only word that came to the navy department up to a late hour.

Washington, July 16.—The following cablegram was received at the war department today from General MacArthur: "Transport Indiana sailed yesterday for China with 21 officers, including two medical, 847 men of Fourteenth regiment U. S. infantry, one officer and 30 men Ninth U. S. infantry; William Croser, ordnance officer; one ordnance sergeant, one chaplain, 16 hospital corpsmen. Flintshire with seven officers and 271 men of Remy's battery, two medical officers, five hospital corpsmen, fully equipped."

Sailed out of Tientsin. Tientsin, July 9, via Chefoo, July 12, and Shanghai, July 15.—A force of 2000 Chinese—Japanese supported by British and Russians—captured the Chinese fortified arsenal, two miles west of the city, making a night attack. They charged under a heavy fire, following the Chinamen and killing 200. The foreign loss was heavy, the exact number not having been reported. The Chinese have been bombarding Tientsin heavily for three days. Several Frenchmen and other foreigners are mounting heavy guns from the fleet. Four 12-pounders and four 4-inch guns have been placed in position and an attempt will be made to locate and silence the Chinese guns.

A Good Cough Medicine. Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years, have yielded to this remedy and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that the climate of famous health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use. For sale by all druggists.

For Rent. 400 acres of bunchgrass pasture on Steptoe butte; plenty of water. Inquire of W. A. Davis, Steptoe P. O., or Ed. Davis, Colfax.

For Sale. A 14-H. P. Threshing Machine outfit, complete, 32 5/8 Separator. Call on or write D. S. Waskey, Colfax, Wash.

For Sale. A King harvester, 12-foot cut, and 800 lbs. binding twine. Apply to Edwin T. Coman.

Call on H. W. GOFF for INSURANCE.

A NEW SCIENCE.

Dr. Lillabelle Patterson, formerly of Minneapolis and a graduate of the Northern Institute of Osteopathy at that place, has been in Colfax for several days looking the city over with the view of opening an office here for the practice of her profession. Being favorably impressed with her inspection of the city, Dr. Patterson has concluded to locate here and has opened offices in the Hollingsworth cottage on Mill street, opposite the court house.

As there are many who do not yet understand the term "Osteopathy," or what can be accomplished by this method of treatment, Dr. Patterson gives the following brief explanation together with a partial list of ailments in which the therapeutic system she represents has been particularly successful.

Osteopathy is the new science of curing disease without the aid of drugs, knife or stimulants. Although Osteopathy is a drugless science, there is nothing miraculous or supernatural about it. Its apparently marvelous cures are effected by the scientific methods and an advanced understanding of the laws of life. The Osteopath views the human body as a highly organized and perfectly constructed machine. Being equipped with a thorough and minute knowledge of anatomy and physiology, the Osteopath is enabled to trace the origin of all the ills of mankind to some abnormality of bone, muscle, tendon, artery, vein or nerve, and by the intelligent adjustment of the parts, to restore harmony to the entire machine and thus enable nature to reestablish perfect health. In brief, Osteopathy is nothing more or less than an adjustment of the abnormal conditions of the human body. With all the members and parts of the body in their proper position, and performing their proper functions, we have a case of perfect health.

The following is a partial list of diseases, the causes of which are almost invariably discovered and removed by Osteopathy, thus ridding the patient of the ailment: Cystitis, Neurasthenia, Lumbago, Female Trouble, Constipation, Necrosis, Prolapsus of Uterus, Incipient Consumption, Tumors, Asthma, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Obesity, Heart Trouble, Dyspepsia, Enlarged Glands, Diabetes, Cancer, Hemorrhoids, Catarrh, Dementia, Hip Joint Disease, Gastritis, Myopia, Neuralgia, Bed Wetting, Impotence, Deafness, Curvature of Spine, Typhoid Fever, Conjunctivitis, Epilepsy, Gout, Strabismus, Hernia, Bunions, Dislocated Joint, Sprained Joint, Astigmatism, Strabismus, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Appendicitis, Polyposis of Nose, Gout, Bronchitis, Varicocele, Leucorrhea, Chorea, Atrophy of Limbs, "Growing Pains," Varicose Veins, Lack of Assimilation, Eczema, Enlarged Tonsils, Tonsillitis, Gut Stones, Flux, Milk Legs, Insomnia, Pterygium, Granulated Eyelids, La Grippe.

Dr. Patterson makes no charge for consultation or examination, and will be pleased to explain more fully her system of treatment to any who care to investigate.

C. T. McDonald has sold his interest in the mercantile business of McDonald Bros., to A. W. Armstrong, of Colfax. The business will be continued under the firm name of Armstrong & Co. The old firm will keep a first-class line of staple and fancy groceries. The old line of dry goods will be closed out as quickly as possible and a full line of shoes added.

Second-Hand Threshing Outfits. I have for sale in Colfax: 1 "Pride of Washington" 32-inch separator; 1 J. L. Case 32-inch agitator; 2 cook houses; 2 tanks and stackers and feeders. Any part of the said property will be sold for cash, or part cash and approved security. Any one wishing to examine this property, call at sheriff's office, Colfax.

Card of Thanks. We desire to express our fullest appreciation and hearty thanks to the numerous friends who so kindly gave their aid during the sickness and death of our beloved son.

Horses for Sale. We have for sale at prices to suit everybody, 50 head of grade Clyde work horses, ranging from 1200 to 1600 pounds, 4 and 7 years old. Mansfield Bros., 3 1/2 miles south of Winona.

Physicians are the friends of the family. HARPER Whiskey is the friend of the physician. A most valuable assistant and tonic can be trusted. Sold by W. J. Hamilton, Colfax, Wash.

H. W. GOFF writes reliable INSURANCE.

Some Reasons Why You Should Insist on Having EUREKA HARNESS OIL. Eureka Harness Oil is the best for the purpose of conditioning harnesses, boots, shoes, and other leather goods. It keeps water off, keeps up water, and is a heavy bodied oil. It is sold in all Localities. Manufactured by Standard Oil Company.

Notice of Sale of School Bonds. Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of August, 1899, at 1 o'clock p. m., the board of directors of school district No. 153, in Whitman county, state of Washington, and the responsible bidder, at the office of the county treasurer of said Whitman county, in Colfax, Washington, will sell to the highest bidder, for the purpose of building a school house, said bonds to be issued in two bonds of \$500 each, payable five years from date. Interest to be payable annually, and shall be at a rate not exceeding six per cent per annum. The directors reserve the option of taking up one bond of \$500.00 at the end of three years. One principal and interest to be payable at the end of six years. Bidders are requested to name price and rate of interest at which they will purchase said bonds, and to file their bids, sealed, with said county treasurer. The directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids. W. J. WINDUS, County Treasurer.

Notice of Publication. Land Office at Spokane Falls, Wash., July 16, 1900.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Wm. A. Inman, U. S. commissioner for Washington, at Colfax, Washington, on September 7, 1900, viz: Robert B. Ewing, who made H. D. entry No. 9783, for the e. 1/2, and s. 1/2 of Sec. 25, T. 17 N., R. 44 E., W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land: Henry S. Hunt, and Robert Evans of Elberton, Wash.; Francis H. Brown and Henry C. Hunt, of Colfax, Wash.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, bankrupts. No. 416. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, were duly adjudged bankrupt, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, his wife, bankrupts. No. 414. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, his wife, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account. In the superior court of the state of Washington, in and for Whitman county. In the matter of the estate of Henry Sayer, deceased. S. J. Abbott, plaintiff vs. Ernest Chase and J. T. Aramstith, and Della Aramstith, defendants. Decree of foreclosure and order of sale. By virtue of a decree and order of sale made and entered in the above entitled cause and which is a full, true and correct copy of an order made and entered of record upon the minutes of the said superior court, the minutes of which are on file and open for public inspection in the office of the sheriff of Whitman county, state of Washington, on the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock p. m., of said day, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the court house, in Colfax, Washington, county, state of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: North-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township seven (7), north of range forty-four (44), E. W. M., together with all and singular the tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Said property is taken and sold as the property of Ernest Chase, et al, defendants.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account. In the superior court of Whitman county, state of Washington. In the matter of the estate of William Sweeney, deceased. Notice is hereby given that Harry Cronwell, administrator of the estate of Mr. Sweeney, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and filed in said court, his account of his administration of said estate, and that Saturday, the 15th day of August, 1900, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court room of said court, in the city of Colfax, Whitman county, state of Washington, has been appointed by the said court, for the settlement of said account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said account and contest the same. Dated July 12th, 1900. W. W. RENNFW, Clerk. (Seal.) By O. L. KENNEDY, Deputy. H. W. Canfield, Attorney for Estate.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

DIED.

Colfax, July 15, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. DeGoller, aged five months. Prairie City, Oregon, July 8, Dr. Richard S. Partlow, aged 75 years. Deceased came to The Dalles from Illinois in 1851, then spent about six years in California, and has since lived in Oregon. His wife and one brother, W. B. Partlow of Oregon City, survive him.

Paris Fair. The American exhibit at the Paris Exposition will be an open volume, whose lessons of skillfully directed endeavor, unflinching energy and consummate performance may be read by all of every age. The United States Government Building is about completed, and no court has been spared to make it worthy to represent our nation. It was by the same American perseverance, industry and unflinching energy, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the famous dyspepsia cure, was first produced. Since that time, it has never failed to perform its duty—the cure of constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever and ague, liver and kidney troubles. It is an excellent tonic for the general health. All druggists sell it. There is nothing to equal it.

Stone's Pain-Not Liniment is becoming the favorite household remedy. Cures all pains. Sold only at The Elk Drug Store.

Cash is king and prices the lowest at Armstrong & Co.'s, successors to McDonald Bros.

INSURE WITH H. W. GOFF.

From Washington

How a Little Boy Was Saved. Washington, D. C.—"When our boy was about 16 months old he broke out with a rash which was thought to be measles. In a few days he had a swelling on the left side of his neck and it was decided to be mumps. He was given medical attendance for about three weeks when the doctor said it was scrofula and ordered a salve. He wanted to lance the sore, but I would not let him and continued giving him medicine for about four months when the bunch broke in two places and became a running sore. Three doctors said it was scrofula and each ordered a blood medicine. A neighbor told me of a case somewhat like our baby's which was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I decided to give it to my boy and in a short while his health improved and his neck healed so nicely that I stopped giving him the medicine. The sore broke out again, however, whereupon I again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla and its persistent use has accomplished a complete cure. I do not think there will be even a scar left. I cannot speak too highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla and recommend it everywhere I get a chance."

Like Magic. "A complication of troubles, dyspepsia, chronic catarrh and inflammation of the stomach, rheumatism, etc., made me miserable. Had no appetite until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acted like magic. I am thoroughly cured." N. B. SEELY, 1874 West 14th Ave., Denver, Col.

\$500 REWARD! We will pay the above reward for any case of Ocular, Epileptic, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness of the bowels, with Liveritis, the Up-To-Date and Little Liver Pills, which are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and contain 100 Pills to give satisfaction. 25c boxes and 50c boxes. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVY MFG. CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill.

Summons. In the superior court of the state of Washington, in and for the county of Whitman. Correct—Attorney: Aaron Kuhn, Alfred Coolidge, Edward Johnson, Directors.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, bankrupts. No. 416. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, were duly adjudged bankrupt, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, his wife, bankrupts. No. 414. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Richard S. Yeo and Esther Yeo, his wife, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors. In the district court of the United States, for the southern division, district of Washington. In the matter of Fred C. Young, bankrupt. No. 415. In bankruptcy. To the creditors of Fred C. Young, of Pullman, in the county of Whitman, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given, that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, the said Fred C. Young was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, in Colfax, Washington, on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

COLFAX MARKETS.

DEALERS PAY. GRAIN—Wheat, Club, per bu, sacked, 40c in warehouse, 42c on board. Flour, 12c. Oats, per cwt, 85c, Barley, per cwt, 57c. HAY—Timothy, baled, per ton, \$10; loose, \$8; grain, baled, \$8; loose, \$7. FRUITS—Apples, per bu, 1 1/2; dried fruits, per lb, 4c@5c. BUTTER—Creamery, cash, per lb, 22c; ranch, cash, 20c. Cheese, per lb, 14c. VEGETABLES—Potatoes, per cwt, 35c; Onions, per cwt, 65c. Cabbage, per cwt, \$2.50. Beans, per lb, 4c. POULTRY—Chickens, live, per lb., 8c. Turkeys, live, per lb., 9c. EGGS—Per dozen, cash, 12c. RETAIL PRICES. GROCERIES—Granulated sugar, per 100 lb sack, \$6.25. BUTTER—Creamery, 25c; ranch, 25c. Cheese, per lb, 20c. EGGS—Per dozen, 15c. MEATS—Beef, fresh, per lb., 7c@15c; pork, fresh, 10c@12c; mutton, fresh, 12c@15c. Bacon, breakfast, 14c; salt, 10c; hams, 12c; shoulders, 10c. Lard, 3 lb. bucket, 40c; 5 lb. bucket, 60c; 10 lb. bucket, \$1.15. MILK FEEDS.—Bran, per ton, \$9; shorts, per ton, \$11. Chopped barley, per ton, \$20. Chicken feed, per cwt., \$1. FLOUR—Wholesale, per bbl., \$2.60; retail, per 50 lb sack, 75c.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Colfax, At Colfax, in the State of Washington, at the close of business, June 29th, 1900. RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$104,439.41. Overdrafts secured and unsecured, 172.76. U. S. bonds to secure circulation, 25,000.00. Stocks, securities, etc., 1,983.50. National bank furniture and fixtures, 10,830.25. Other real estate owned, 4,459.44. Due from Nat'l Banks (not Reserve Apts) 9,449.16. Due from State banks and bankers, 2,658.20. Due from approved reserve agents, 2,658.20. Internal revenue stamps, 309.42. U. S. currency, notes and coin, 341.78. Notes of other National Banks, 32.00. Fractional currency, nickels and cts, 135.35. Legal tender notes, 17,000.00. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation), 1,250.00. Total, \$239,296.76.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$60,000.00. Surplus fund, 7,200.00. Undivided profits less exp and taxes pd, 9,151.42. Profits and losses outstanding, 25,000.00. Due to other National Banks, 1,757.28. Due to State banks and bankers, 476.50. Demand certificates of deposit, 134,636.36. Demand certificates of deposit, 21,065.20. Total, \$239,296.76.

Second National Bank of Colfax, At Colfax in the State of Washington, at the close of business, June 29th, 1900. RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$41,091.57. U. S. bonds to secure circulation, 15,000.00. Premiums on U. S. bonds, 400.00. U. S. currency, notes and coin, 11,807.25. Banking house, furniture and fixtures, 11,087.82. Other real estate owned, 40,306.97. Due from Nat'l Banks (not Reserve Apts) 12,575.21. Due from State banks and bankers, 14,429.13. Due from approved reserve agents, 14,688.25. Due from other National Banks, 3,298.91. Notes of other National Banks, 170.00. Fractional currency, nickels and cts, 374.45. Legal tender notes, 10,000.00. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of