

TREACHERY OF ROGERS.

The following letter is genuine and was used in the Seattle convention. It explains the action of John R. Rogers in trying to destroy the people's party in this state and every populist voter should remember this traitor who sold his principles to build up a corrupting ring in office.

Thomas Maloney, Esq., Secretary, Etc., Tacoma. Puyallup, August 19th, 1896. My Dear Sir—Yours of 17th duly received. In reply will state that my name is John Rankin Rogers, that I am an editor by profession and that my residence is Puyallup, Wash.

Duty to Your Family. It is a remarkable fact that while Bryan is cavorting over the country endeavoring to procure assistance from the voters in his attempt to destroy the prosperity and the progress of the country and to convince them that there is no prosperity, the gold in the treasury of the United States should increase to over \$451,000,000, something unprecedented in the history of the world, says the Walla Walla Union.

The man who has a family and a home should not overlook this. He should not permit prejudice to interfere with the material welfare of his wife and children; he should not stand out against the best interests of his wife and children and vote for Bryan just because he was unfortunate enough four years ago to ally himself on the wrong side and perhaps stake his reputation as a man of affairs on the correctness of his judgment.

Horse and cattle stealing have become unpopular pursuits among the rustlers since Joseph Canutt was elected sheriff. Some of the rustlers are in the penitentiary, and more of them would be, if the judge of the superior court had not been peculiarly susceptible to certain arguments and influences.

Democratic orators have spent a good deal of more or less valuable time talking to Palouse farmers about the low price of wheat in order to sustain their arguments that there has been no prosperity. But they have said nothing about hay, hogs, horses, cattle, sheep and other products of the farm sold at high prices.

If we can place three ounces of flour a day in each family in Hong Kong and Shanghai, it will raise the price of Washington wheat by creating a great demand. Hence practical expansion means a market for the west. It means better prices. It means a new market for their produce.

The people of the state enter emphatic protest against having to pay for anti-convention confidences exchanged by wire between Governor Rogers and his lieutenants, chief whom in Whitman county is Wm. Goodyear. Telegrams sent to Mr. Goodyear and many others throughout the state by the governor August 23, when the state convention of August 27 was being fixed, were charged to the state and paid for by the state. It was simply petty larceny.

The official ballot is nearly as big as the republican majority will be. Save labor by placing your X opposite "Republican Ticket" at the head, and let it go at that. There never was a better time or greater call for every republican to do his duty and teach the croaking calamity howlers a lesson.

You Should Remember that winter is coming and that by buying your fuel in large quantities you can get better rates.

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"Great is Tammany, and Croker is its prophet." These are the words of William J. Bryan in a speech at Cooper Union hall, New York City, October 16, 1900. Do the people approve of an alliance between Bryan and the notorious Tammany, which fattens upon \$4,150,000 annual tribute laid upon the vice of New York? Do the American people want Tammany methods introduced at Washington?

Every voter in the state of Washington should contribute the influence of his vote to indorse and maintain the expansion policy which President McKinley's administration has adopted, but which Mr. Bryan stands pledged to abandon in the event of his election. A vote for the republican ticket this fall is a vote for the prosperity of the farmers and the growth of the commerce of the state.

The governor of Washington who makes a corrupt compact with a Turner, who has a Hazard to go out on a hold-up; whose chief defender is a Blethen and whose stock in trade is the boast of an economy that did not economize—a reformation that failed to reform—deserves sound rebuke at the polls.

John R. Rogers has been governor of Washington for nearly a full term, and whatever "his pallid lips may say" the naked truth is that he has been a spoilsman; that he has turned every institution of the state into an instrument for his own and Geo. Turner's advancement.

Lucius Cassius Crow, the great "reformer" of Four Mile, will pay for his party treachery by a vote so small that he will never be known in politics again. He will hardly be made acquainted with the fact that he ran for the legislature on the democratic ticket.

Time is short for the democrats to make any more lightning changes in paramount issues, but they have hold of a few "burning" ones now and are likely to drop them at any moment to grab a new one. They are mighty hard to satisfy on paramountcy.

The democratic state central committee is sending out articles to the democratic press attacking Congress Cushman, and another defending Browne and his batch of school books which parents are forced to buy. The articles are ridiculously false.

Do not forget in your enthusiasm for the national and state tickets that the election of the republican county ticket is important also. A better, more competent or more deserving body of men were never named for these places. Everyone deserves election.

A MATTER OF POLITICS. The Seattle Times is the chief fusion and democratic organ in the state of Washington. It is just now engaged in dire predictions as to how this country will go to smash if the republican ticket is triumphant; but listen to what it said in election day, November 6, 1896, and say whether or not it has more credence as a prophet than Bryan has. Here is its silly prediction of November 6, 1896: "McKinley's election means the complete overthrow of the American people—the absolute impoverishment of 60,000,000 of our population, the destruction of the republic and the establishment of monarchy."

"A government by injunction" is even worse than a monarchy, and therefore the latter would be more acceptable to the masses.

"If McKinley is elected today the United States is just as surely drifting to its doom as was ancient Rome, when it began the system whereby 5 per cent of the people were deprived of their property rights through manipulation of the money power. If McKinley be elected this is the last vote that will ever be permitted the masses in this country, for it will be cheap to disfranchise them than to carry on such a campaign as this one in 1896 has been."

"The campaign stands the trusts and the money power at least \$2,000,000. It would not take \$2,000,000 to obtain all legal rights necessary to disfranchise 6,000,000 of voters, and the balance could be directed how to vote, and not bought in any form."

"The picture is a dark one, but no nation has ever survived the lawful influences of money power and this republic will determine today whether she can do it. As the answer shall be today, so shall it be with the republic."

"On the one side is a future filled with bright hopes and opportunities for the people, and upon the other is a picture of despair—a nation lost—a movement backward toward barbarism, with all its horrors."

Seattle staff correspondence of the Oregonian: Chairman Schively thinks the republican majority in Washington will be at least 10,000 for the national ticket, and reports from all over the state encourage him to feel sure that the majority for the state ticket will be quite as large. These are the figures the chairman gives out for publication. In private conversation he does not hesitate to raise his estimates. He has kept his finger on the political pulse of the state for so long that he is entitled to be considered an accurate judge of the rise and fall of the public temper. Two years ago, when the republican light seemed hopeless, in view of the overwhelming defeat of 1896, Mr. Schively, then as now manager of the campaign, never lost his nerve or his head; and declared that the fusionists would be routed. The fight was made with an empty treasury, too, and it was no easy task to hold the strictly volunteer organization together and keep up the spirits and courage of everybody. But he did it. This year the whole complexion of things is changed. There is very little money, but there is vast enthusiasm and unlimited confidence, so that the only question that confronts him is, he thinks, as to majorities. Of course, he is sparing no effort to make the triumph complete, but all the same he believes success is certain. Mr. Schively will



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Alum is used in making cheap baking powders. If you want to know the effect of alum upon the tender things of the stomach, touch a piece to your tongue. You can raise biscuit with alum baking powder, but at what a cost to health!

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give out no detailed estimates as to majorities, but a great landslide is not only hoped for but expected.

New York Evening Post, anti-McKinley paper. The dominant impression produced by Bryan's appearance in this city, as by his course during the last few weeks, is that of lack of sincerity. He often gives utterance to the most excellent sentiments, particularly on the subject of imperialism; but the listener cannot help wondering whether he means anything more by them than he did four months ago, when he declared, over and over again, that the currency, trusts and imperialism are the three great issues before the people this year, one as important as another, while now he will not tell how he stands on the currency question. Wherever Bryan appeared last night, he seemed the actor in his bearing; and he seems the actor, too, in his treatment of public questions, taking up one part and then another as one or other promises to draw well. It is not such a candidate that appeals to the independent voter, at best. Least of all, does he command respect, and he does not result in a metropolitan cursed by the domination of the worst political machine that ever afflicted a civilized city, under the patronage of its odious boss, and exclaims, "Great is Tammany, and Croker is its prophet."

From the day of election in 1896 there has been a gradual but steady disintegration of the Bryan forces in this state, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. This was evidenced in the redemption of the state by the republicans only two years after Mr. Bryan's defeat.

The issue upon which his great strength was declared four years ago has been thrown aside and the party leaders have been able to substitute nothing which appeals to the people of this section of the country. They believe in expansion in the Pacific northwest, and the vote of the state will be recorded in favor of the administration that advocates it. As a matter of fact, most of the fusion candidates were strong expansionists up to the time of the Kansas City convention, and publicly declared their opposition to the fusion and denunciation at the dictation of the party managers who were in need of a paramount issue will have little effect upon the people at large who have favored expansion from the first because they believed it would result in the more rapid upbuilding of this part of the country.

Really, the talk of the politicians who are expressing fears about "anti-imperialism," "militarism" and the "imperial liberties of the country," is not entitled to respectful attention. It is silly; it is mere babble; it is old stuff, drooled and droned at intervals ever since the republic was founded. It was loud during the war of 1812; louder in time of the Mexican war and louder still of all during the war for the union and years afterwards. What is heard now is but a feeble imitation of those old tones. It is ridiculous; and in fact it is excusable to treat it with contempt. Some of these prophets may be sincere enough, but it is impossible to respect their judgment. The American people have a habit of standing by the flag, and are not to be scared by twaddle about "militarism" and "imperial liberty."

Oregonian: Within a month after his defeat in 1896 William Chinnings Bryan made the following prediction: "Before the year 1900 arrives the evil effects of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now, and the people, then ready to demand an American financial policy, will be ready to join with us in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1."

The present query is whether Bryan knows anything more on any subject connected with "militarism," "imperialism," or "anti-imperialism" than he did four years ago. Dr. William Everett of Boston is an anti-imperialist who sets forth the most serious objections to Bryan in this truthful paragraph: "He (Bryan) has tried to set section against section, state against state, class against class, and nation against nation. There never was a man whose utterances and whose measures breathed more of a spirit of rivalry and antagonism, and of that kind of civil war, the war of classes and sections, which is worse for us than any external war."

The Times says that Cushman threatens among other terrible things to remove "the United States mint, now doing an indifferent business at Boise City, Idaho, to Tacoma, which simply means the annihilation of Seattle's assay office." The Post-Intelligencer says: "As there is not and never was a United States mint at Boise City, we may escape annihilation yet, though we cannot hope to escape the campaign lie until six days more are past."

Colton News-Letter: Governor Rogers began his campaign by advocating the republican policy of commercial expansion, and he is ending it by a vain endeavor to dodge that, as well as the terrible record of his administration in connection with the awful school-book scandals, and his own record of using the funds of the state for the payment of his legitimate campaign expenses while endeavoring to get the renomination for governor.

Seattle Post-Intelligencer: The democratic party has such a high and holy regard for the constitution of the United States that it never attempts to read anything into that instrument unless it is something to the detriment

of the country; something to weaken the powers of the federal government when dealing with new and unforeseen contingencies; something which will work a direct injury to the labor of the country, or something which will tend to the political advantage of the democratic party.

President McKinley, October 29: "American labor and capital, working hand in hand, are of mutual advantage, and in friendly co-operation will secure industrial triumphs as yet unknown. I have no sympathy with those teachings which incite envy and hate among our people and would divide them into hostile camps."

Governor Rogers has so dominated the board of audit and control that it has become a secret body to do his bidding, says the Tacoma Ledger. That which it has done can never be known while it continues in power. That it has done much that the executive would not dare to have known is more than a suspicion. Adherents of Bryanism are trying to get up a scare about Japanese immigration. This is in accord with their usual tactics, and betrays a set of politicians who have been driven into a corner. They do not rely upon facts but set up a charge of language, hoping to frighten where they cannot argue, says the Tacoma Ledger.

Tacoma Ledger: It was not fear that the American army was too large that caused Bryan to leave it.

Brave Explorers Like Stanley and Livingstone, found it harder to overcome malaria, fever and ague, and Typhoid disease germs than savage cannibals; but thousands have found that Electric Bitters is a wonderful cure for all malarial diseases. If you have chills with fever, aches in back of neck and head, and tired, worn-out feeling, a trial will convince you of their merit. W. A. Null of Webb, Ill., writes: "My children suffered for more than a year with chills and fever; then two bottles of Electric Bitters cured them. Only 50 cents. Try them. Guaranteed. Sold by The Elk Drug Store, F. J. Stone, Propy."

Bring your chickens and eggs to the H. W. Goff reliable INSURANCE.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge In the district court of the United States, for the district of Washington, southern division. In the matter of George D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, bankrupts.

To the Honorable Cornelius H. Hanford, judge of the district court of the United States, for the district of Washington, southern division. (Geo. D. Hunter and Fannie B. Hunter, his wife, of near Pullman, in the county of Whitman and state of Washington, in said district, respectfully represent that on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1900, last past, they and each of them duly adjudged bankrupts under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that they and each of them have duly surrendered all their property and rights of property, and have fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching their bankruptcy. Wherefore they and each of them pray that they may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt act, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge. Dated this 30th day of September, A. D. 1900. GEORGE D. HUNTER, FANNIE B. HUNTER, Bankrupts.

W. H. Harvey, H. J. Welby, Attorneys. District of Washington—ss. On this 20th day of October, A. D. 1900, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1900, before H. W. Canfield, referee, at Colfax, in said district, at three o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice therefore be published two times in the Colfax Gazette, a weekly newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause if any they have, why the prayers of said petitioners should not be granted. And it is further ordered by the court that the clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness my Honorable Cornelius H. Hanford, judge of the said court and the seal thereof, at Walla Walla in said district, on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1900.

R. M. HOPKINS, Clerk. Enter: C. H. HANFORD, Judge. (Seal U. S. District Court.)

Notice for Publication. David Power. Land Office at Walla Walla, Wash., October 26, 1900.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Wm. H. Inman, U. S. commissioner, at his office in Colfax, Wash., on Saturday Dec. 8, 1900, viz: David Power, who made H. L. entry No. 3675, for the S. 1/4 SW. 1/4 and S. 1/4 SE. 1/4, Sec. 3, Tp. 14 N., R. 42 E. W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Patrick Manning and Charles B. Miller, both of Pullman, Wash., Frank Dowling and John Keating, both of Colfax, Wash.

JOHN M. HILL, Register.

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WOOD! COEY MERCANTILE CO. ROCKFORD, WASH. Can fill all orders for Wood on short notice. Best Grade \$2.25, Buckskin \$2.00 per cord, by carload.

OFFICIAL NOTICE OF NOMINATIONS. Notice is hereby given that there have been filed with the clerk of the Board of County Commissioners of Whitman county, Washington, nominations of the persons hereinafter named; said persons having been nominated in the manner specified by law, as the candidates of the respective political parties indicated, for the respective offices designated, to be voted for at the general election to be held in the aforesaid county on the sixth day of November, 1900.